Evaluation of the Cost Impact of 2015 ICC Prescriptive Code Changes

RINKER-CR-2015-101

Interim Report

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Mo Madani

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TABLE OF CONTENTS	<u>Page</u>
Overview	1
Scope of Work	2
Progress to Date	3
MEP Code Changes Cost Impact	4
NEC Changes Cost Impact	5
Florida Fire Prevention Code (FFPC) Changes Cost Impact	6
Structural Code Changes Cost Impact	7
APPENDIX A - Table 1. 2015 IBC MEP Changes Cost Impact	8
APPENDIX B - Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Impact	13
APPENDIX C - Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Impact	48
APPENDIX D - Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impact	71
APPENDIX E - Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost Impact	91
APPENDIX F - Table 6. IEBC MEP Changes Cost Impact	120
APPENDIX G - Table 7. 2015 NEC Changes Cost Impact	121
APPENDIX H - Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost Impact	207
APPENDIX I - Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost Impact	226
APPENDIX J - Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost Impact	241

Overview

This research provides an assessment of the potential cost impacts of the 2015 I-Code changes to the 2012 I-Code by identifying those code changes/provisions that are prescriptive in nature and have the potential of adding cost to construction and by estimating the costs of the rest of the code changes using good engineering judgment and feedback from general contractors and consulting. A standard set of baseline residential and commercial building designs are modeled using building information modeling (BIM) and are used to produce cost estimates and extract the cost impact of code changes. Figure 1 shows the general process used to conduct this research.

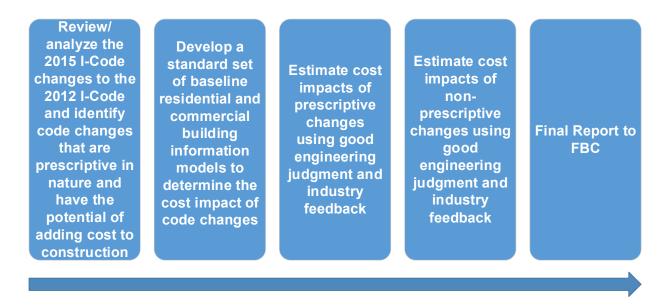


Figure 1. Research Plan

If any of the information gathered is seen as providing clear direction for one or more code recommendations, the recommendation(s) will also be written up and presented to the Commission. Effort will be made to provide a preliminary draft report prior to 15 December 2015.

Scope of Work

- (1) Review/analyze the 2015 I-Code changes to the 2012 I-Code to identify those code changes/provisions that are prescriptive in nature and have the potential of adding cost to construction.
- (2) Review available literature/studies on the subject of estimating the costs of the code changes to the 2012 I-Codes including the ICC code proceedings/code hearings. Information gathered from this task will be used to document potential cost impacts for the code changes as identified in (1) and as applicable.
- (3) Estimating the construction cost impacts of those provisions that are not covered under (2) using good engineering judgment and feedback from general contractors and consulting engineers.
- (4) Use a standard set of baseline residential and commercial building designs for use to determine the cost impact of code changes.
- (5) Building information modeling (BIM) will be used to develop digital sets of the permitready residential (2 houses) and five commercial/institutional buildings models.
- (6) Use BIM tools to produce for each of the prototype buildings for each of the 2012 "as amended via the 5th Edition (2014) FBC" and 2015 I-Codes:
- (7) Use the information in 6(a) and cost databases to produce cost estimates and extract cost impact of changes on the reference houses and commercial buildings.

Progress to Date

Work completed on the project at this point includes contracting subcontractors, background research, soliciting and acquiring plans for 1-story and 2-story houses, middle school, small office building, small hotel and 12-story apartment building. The starting the building information modeling process has started for these plans. Figure 2 highlights research tasks that have been completed or are in progress at the compilation of this interim report.

Review/ analyze the Develop a 2015 I-Code **Estimate cost** standard set **Estimate cost** changes to the impacts of of baseline impacts of 2012 I-Code nonresidential and prescriptive and identify prescriptive commercial changes code changes changes using **Final Report to** building using good **FBC** that are good information engineering prescriptive in engineering models to judgment and nature and judgment and determine the industry have the industry cost impact of feedback potential of feedback code changes adding cost to construction

Figure 2. Research progress to date.

Task1: Review/analyze the 2015 I-Code changes to the 2012 I-Code to identify those code changes/provisions that are prescriptive in nature and have the potential of adding cost to construction.

MEP Code Changes Cost Impact

Affiliated Engineers SE Inc. (AEI) has undertaken a study aimed at evaluating the cost impact that will result from the state of Florida's adoption of the 2015 Edition of the International Building Code (IBC). AEI's primary responsibility resided in evaluating the applicable MEP related changes that have occurred between the 2012 Edition and the 2015 Edition of the IBC.

Preliminary Report of Findings

The results of our study reinforce the following key observations, summarized in succinct fashion as follows:

- 1. Of the 2015 I-Codes reviewed with respect to mechanical, electrical and plumbing (MEP) systems, the majority of impactful changes were observed in the International Energy Conservation Code.
- 2. A significant portion of the International Energy Conservation Code changes have been incorporated in an effort to align the code more closely with ASHRAE 90.1-2013.
- 3. One change in the International Mechanical Code was deemed impactful from a cost perspective. This change is focused entirely supplemental equipment and controls for cooling towers.
- 4. The majority cost-impactful changes to the International Residential Code are related to equipment specific to roof-mounted solar collectors found in Chapter 23, Section M2301 (Thermal Solar Energy Systems) of the Florida Residential Building Code.
- 5. Overall trends in the commercial sector point towards the specification of mechanical and electrical equipment with more superior efficiency ratings, the addition of control points and sequences and additional commissioning requirements.

The supporting appendices (APPENDIX A-F) provide further detail and elaboration on the above-listed key observations.

NEC Changes Cost Impact

UF has undertaken a study aimed at evaluating the cost impact that will result from the state of Florida's adoption of the 2014 Edition of the NEC. $\,$.

Preliminary Report of Findings

There were very few prescriptive changes with cost impact and their cost impact were mostly minimal.

Table 7 (Appendix G) provides further detail and elaboration on the cost impact observations.

Florida Fire Prevention Code (IBC-FPC) Changes Cost Impact

Koffel Associates, Inc. has undertaken a study aimed at evaluating the cost impact that will result from the state of Florida's adoption of the 2015 Edition of the International Building Code (IBC). AEI's primary responsibility resided in evaluating the applicable Fire and Life Safety related changes that have occurred between the 2012 Edition and the 2015 Edition of the IBC. The Florida Fire Prevention Code (FFPC) will also be adopting the 2015 Editions of the NFPA 1 Fire Code and NFPA 101® Life Safety Code®. The review will be limited to non-structural fire protection and life safety requirements in IBC Chapter 3 through Chapter 10.

For the IBC changes that reference other ICC codes or NFPA 1, 70, or 101, a cursory review of the respective ICC Code or the aforementioned NFPA Code or Standard section that is referenced by the IBC change was reviewed for the degree in which it affects the cost impact to the five buildings considered as part of this study. Such referenced code and standard changes imposing a significant cost impact are included in the summary table.

Preliminary Report of Findings

Table 8 (Appendix H) summarizes the key fire and life safety related changes that have occurred between the 2012 and 2015 Editions of the IBC, as they relate to the five sample building types studied. As part of the study, cost impacts, with estimated construction cost amounts, are also provided. Approximately 67% of the code changes identified in the table result in no cost impact. The remaining code changes, identified as a decrease or increase in cost impact, result in 12% and 21% respectively of the total code changes summarized.

Appendix H has the supporting documentation for these conclusions.

Structural Code Changes Cost Impact

UF has undertaken a study aimed at evaluating the cost impact that will result from the state of Florida's adoption of the 2015 Edition of the International Building Code (IBC). UF took primary responsibility in evaluating the applicable Structural Engineering related changes that have occurred between the 2012 Edition and the 2015 Edition of the IBC.

Preliminary Report of Findings

There were very few prescriptive cost impact changes and several were related to seismic requirements

Appendix I and Appendix J provide further detail and elaboration on the above-listed key observations.

APPENDIX A

	Table 1. 2015 IBC MEP Changes Cost	Impact	t		
CODE	2015 IBC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC	MEP COS	ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IBC WEP CHANGE SUMWARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	·			
G8-12	IPC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION		Χ		
Part I	IPC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION. The elevation of the "design				
Section	flood," including wave height, relative to the datum specified on the				
202	community's legally designated flood hazard map. In areas				
	designated as Zone AO, the design flood elevation shall be the				
	elevation of the highest existing grade of the building's perimeter				
	plus the depth number (in feet) specified on the flood hazard map. In				
	areas designated as Zone AO where a depth number is not specified				
	on the map, the depth number shall be taken as being equal to 2				
	feet (610 mm).				
G8-12	Section 202: IMC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION		Х		
Part II	IMC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION. The elevation of the "design				
	flood," including wave height, relative to the datum specified on the				
	community's legally designated flood hazard map. In areas				
	designated as Zone AO, the design flood elevation shall be the				
	elevation of the highest existing grade of the building's perimeter				
	plus the depth number (in feet) specified on the flood hazard map. In				
	areas designated as Zone AO where a depth number is not specified				
	on the map, the depth number shall be taken as being equal to 2				
	feet (610 mm).				
G-8-12	Section 202: IPSDC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION		Х		
Part IV	IMC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION. The elevation of the "design				
	flood," including wave height, relative to the datum specified on the				
	community's legally designated flood hazard map. In areas				
	designated as Zone AO, the design flood elevation shall be the				
	elevation of the highest existing grade of the building's perimeter				
	plus the depth number (in feet) specified on the flood hazard map. In				
	areas designated as Zone AO where a depth number is not specified				
	on the map, the depth number shall be taken as being equal to 2				
	feet (610 mm).				
G40-12	Sections 202, 310.5, 310.5.2, IPC Table 403.1		Х		
	310.5.2 Lodging houses. Owner occupied lodging houses with five or				
	fewer guest rooms shall be permitted to be constructed in				
	accordance with the International Residential Code.				
G59-12	Section 406.3.3.2 Ducts		Χ		
	Part 1 of this code proposal adds a definition for private garage that				
	is needed in the Code that clarifies the differences between a private				
	garage, an open parking garage and an enclosed parking garage.				
	Part 2 of this code proposal is the revision of Section 406.3.1 and the				
	deletion of Section 406.3.2 which were carry-overs from one of the				
	legacy codes				
G71-12	Sections 906.2, Table 906.3(1), Table 906.3(2), 907.2.6, 907.2.10.1		Х		
Part III	The change from "travel distance" to "distance of travel" more				
	clearly distinguishes between "exit access travel distance"				

	Table 1. 2015 IBC MEP Changes Cost	Impact	:		
CODE	2015 IBC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC	MEP COS	ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IBC WEP CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1			
G146-	Section 1203.2 Attic Spaces		Х		
12	1203.2 Attic spaces. 1. The net free cross-ventilation area shall be				
	permitted to be reduced to 1/300 provided that not less than 50				
	percent and not more than 80 percent of the required ventilating				
	area provided by ventilators located in the upper portion of the				
	space to be ventilated at least 3 feet (914 mm) above eave or cornice				
	vents with the balance of the required ventilation provided by eave				
	or cornice vents. Both of the following conditions are met: 1.1. In				
	Climate Zones 6, 7 and 8, a Class I or II vapor retarder is installed on				
	the warm-inwinter side of the ceiling. 1.2 At least 40 percent and not				
	more than 50 percent of the required venting area is provided by				
	ventilators located in the upper portion of the attic or rafter space.				
	<u>Upper ventilators shall be located not more than 3 feet (914 mm)</u>				
	below the ridge or highest point of the space, measured vertically,				
	with the balance of the ventilation provided by eave or cornice				
	vents. Where the location of wall or roof framing members conflicts				
	with the installation of upper ventilators, installation more than 3				
	feet (914 mm) below the ridge or highest point of the space shall be				
	permitted. 2. The net free cross-ventilation area shall be permitted				
	to be reduced to 1/300 where a Class I or II vapor barrier is installed				
	on the warm in winter side of the ceiling. 32. Attic Ventilation of				
	attic spaces under low slope roof assemblies shall not be required				
	when determined not necessary by the building official due to				
C140	atmospheric or climatic conditions.				
G149-	Sections 202, 1203.2, 1203.3, Table 1203.2		Х		
12	Unvented roof assemblies - both attic and cathedral ceiling - are a proven technology. They give the designer significant flexibility in				
	locating mechanical equipment and ductwork inside of conditioned				
	spaces thereby saving energy. They significantly improve the				
	airtightness of the building enclosure thereby saving energy. They				
	reduce wind uplift forces and reduce the risk of wildfire damage.				
	They eliminate the problems associated with wind driven rain				
	entering roof vents during hurricanes. The language in this proposed				
	section is modeled on the existing language in the IRC Section 806.5.				
	The "air-impermeable insulation" definition is the same as in the IRC.				
G153-	Section 1204.1 Equipment and systems		Х		
12	1204.1 Equipment and systems. 2. Group F, H, S or U occupancies.		- •		
G168-	Section(s): Table 1607.1, 3004.2, 3006.1 through 3006.5, 3007.2,		Х		
12 Part I	3007.3.1, 3007.7.3, 3008.3.1, 3008.7.3, 3008.8, 3008.9.1				
	The ASME A17.1 Safety Code for Elevators and Escalators underwent				
	a substantial revision in 2005 to incorporate requirements for				
	Machine Room-Less elevators (MRLs). These provisions are in ASME				
	A17.1-2007/CSA B44-07 with A17.1a- 2008/CSA B44a-08 Addenda				
	that is referenced in Chapter 35 of the 2012 IBC.				
G179-	Section: 3007.9		Χ		
12	3007.9 Electrical power. The following features serving each fire				
	service access elevator shall be supplied by both normal power and			<u> </u>	

Table 1. 2015 IBC MEP Changes Cost Impact CODE 2015 IBC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY CHANGE # 2015 IBC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY CHANGE # Decrease None Increase							
CHANGE #	2015 IBC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	-		Increase	AMOUNT*		
	Sub Code:			I			
	Type 60/Class 2/Level 1 standby power: 1. Elevator equipment. 2.						
	Elevator hoistway lighting. 3. Elevator machine room Ventilation and						
	cooling equipment for elevator machine/control rooms, and						
	machinery/control spaces. 4. Elevator controller cooling equipment						
	car lighting.						
G185-	Section: 3008.9		Х				
12	3008.9 Electrical power. The following features serving each fire						
	service access elevator shall be supplied by both normal power and						
	Type 60/Class 2/Level 1 standby power: 1. Elevator equipment.2.						
	Elevator machine room Ventilation and cooling equipment for						
	elevator machine/control rooms, and machinery/control spaces. 3.						
	Elevator controller cooling equipment car lighting.						
E2-12	CHAPTER 12 INTERIOR ENVIRONMENT		Χ				
Part I	SECTION 1205 LIGHTING						
	The proposal revised the use of 'stair' and 'stairway' throughout the						
	code so that the application matches the defined terms. This will						
	clarify when requirements are intended for a change in elevation						
	(i.e., stair) vs. a change in story (i.e., stairway). There was some						
	concern about the style choice to say 'exit access stairway and ramp'						
	vs. using the specific defined terms 'exit access stairways and exit						
	access ramps'.						
E2-12	IMC CHAPTER 11 REFRIGERATION		Х				
Part II	IMC SECTION 1107 REFRIGERANT PIPING						
	IMC 306.5.1 (IFGC [M] 306.5.1) Sloped roofs. Where appliances,						
	equipment, fans or other components that require service are						
	installed on a roof having a slope of three units vertical in 12 units						
	horizontal (25- percent slope) or greater and having an edge more						
	than 30 inches (762 mm) above grade at such edge, a level platform						
	shall be provided on each side of the appliance or equipment to						
	which access is required for service, repair or maintenance. The						
	platform shall be not less than 30 inches (762 mm) in any dimension						
	and shall be provided with guards. The guards shall extend not less						
	than 42 inches (1067 mm) above the platform, shall be constructed						
	so as to prevent the passage of a 21-inch diameter (533 mm) sphere						
	and shall comply with the loading requirements for guards specified						
	in the International Building Code. Access shall not require walking						
	on roofs having a slope greater than four units vertical in 12 units horizontal (33-percent slope). Where access involves obstructions						
	greater than 30 inches (762 mm) in height, such obstructions shall be provided with ladders installed in accordance with Section 306.5 or						
	stairs stairways installed in accordance with the requirements						
	specified in the International Building Code in the path of travel to						
	and from appliances, fans or equipment requiring service.						
	MC 1107.2 Piping location. Refrigerant piping that crosses an open						
	space that affords passageway in any building shall be not less than 7						
	feet 3 inches (2210 mm) above the floor unless the piping is located						
	against the ceiling of such space. Refrigerant piping shall not be						

CODE	Table 1. 2015 IBC MEP Changes Cost	•		ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
0	Sub Code:			1	
	placed in any elevator, dumbwaiter or other shaft containing a				
	moving object or in any shaft that has openings to living quarters or				
	to means of egress. Refrigerant piping shall not be installed in an				
	enclosed public stairway, stair stairway landing or means of egress.				
E200-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
E201-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S102-12	Section(s): 202 (New), 1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.4, 1612.5, G103.7,		Х		
0101 11	G301.2, G401.2; IPC 309.3; IMC 301.16.1		,,		
	This proposal is to insert the term "coastal A zone" wherever the				
	term "flood hazard area subject to high velocity wave action"				
	appears				
S103-12	Section(s): 202, 1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.3, 1612.5, 1804.4, G103.7,		Х		
Part I	G301.2, G401.2, G601.1; IPC P309.3, IMC M301.16.1				
	This proposal is to simply replace one term with another and edit the				
	definition to be consistent with how the term is defined in ASCE 24.				
	The term "Flood Hazard Area Subject to High-Velocity Wave Action"				
	is descriptive of the flood hazard areas designated Zone V on Flood				
	Insurance Rate Maps. However, the term is not used by the NFIP, nor is it used in the IPC or in ASCE 24, which is referenced by the IPC.				
	is it used in the IRC or in ASCE 24, which is referenced by the IBC (1612.4). The NFIP regulations define "coastal high hazard area" at				
	40 CFR 59.1.				
S103-12	Section(s): 202, 1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.3, 1612.5, 1804.4, G103.7,		Х		
Part II	G301.2, G401.2, G601.1; IPC P309.3, IMC M301.16.1				
	This proposal is to simply replace one term with another and edit the				
	definition to be consistent with how the term is defined in ASCE 24.				
	The term "Flood Hazard Area Subject to High-Velocity Wave Action"				
	is descriptive of the flood hazard areas designated Zone V on Flood				
	Insurance Rate Maps. However, the term is not used by the NFIP, nor				
	is it used in the IRC or in ASCE 24, which is referenced by the IBC				
	(1612.4). The NFIP regulations define "coastal high hazard area" at				
6402.42	40 CFR 59.1.				
S103-12 Part III	Section(s): 202, 1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.3, 1612.5, 1804.4, G103.7,		Х		
Partin	G301.2, G401.2, G601.1; IPC P309.3, IMC M301.16.1 This proposal is to simply replace one term with another and edit the				
	definition to be consistent with how the term is defined in ASCE 24.				
	The term "Flood Hazard Area Subject to High-Velocity Wave Action"				
	is descriptive of the flood hazard areas designated Zone V on Flood				
	Insurance Rate Maps. However, the term is not used by the NFIP, nor				
	is it used in the IRC or in ASCE 24, which is referenced by the IBC				
	(1612.4). The NFIP regulations define "coastal high hazard area" at				
	40 CFR 59.1.				
P26-12	403.1 (IBC [P] 2902.1) Minimum number of fixtures.		Χ		
	403.1 (IBC [P] 2902.1) Minimum number of fixtures. Plumbing				
	fixtures shall be provided for the type of occupancy and in the				
	minimum number as shown in Table 403.1 <u>based upon the actual</u>				
	use of the building or space. Types of occupancies Uses not shown in				
	Table 403.1 shall be considered individually by the code official. The				

	Table 1. 2015 IBC MEP Changes Cost	Impact	;		
CODE	2015 IBC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC	MEP COS	ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2013 IDC WILF CHANGE SOMWART	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	number of occupants shall be determined by the International				
	Building Code. Occupancy classification shall be determined in				
	accordance with the International Building Code.				
P30-12	Section(s): Table 403.1 (IBC [P]2902.1), 410.2 (New) (IBC 2902.6		Х		
	(New))				
	d. The occupant load for seasonal outdoor seating and				
	entertainment areas shall be included when determining the				
	minimum number of facilities required. e. The minimum number of				
	required drinking fountains shall comply with Table 403.1 and				
	Chapter 11 of the International Building Code. f. Drinking fountains				
	are not required for an occupant load of 15 or fewer. e. For business				
	and mercantile occupancies with an occupant load of 15 or fewer,				
	service sinks shall not be required.				
	410.2 (IBC 2902.6)Small occupancies. Drinking fountains shall not be				
	required for an occupant load of 15 or fewer.				
P35-12	403.3 (IBC [P] 2902.3) Required public toilet facilities.		Х		
	Exceptions: Public toilet facilities shall not be required in: 1. Open or				
	enclosed parking garages. Toilet facilities shall not be required in				
	parking garages where there are no parking attendants. 2. Structures				
	and tenant spaces intended for quick transactions, including take				
	out, pick up and drop off, having a public access area less than or				
	equal to 300 square feet.				
M36-	Section(s): 401.2, Table 403.3; 407 (New); Chapter 15, IBC 1203.1		Х		
12, Part	1203.1 General. Buildings shall be provided with natural ventilation				
II	in accordance with Section 1203.4, or mechanical ventilation in				
	accordance with the International Mechanical Code. Where the air				
	infiltration rate in a dwelling unit is less than 5 air changes per hour				
	when tested with a blower door at a pressure 0.2 inch w.c. (50 Pa) in				
	accordance with Section 402.4.1.2 of the International Energy				
	Conservation Code, the dwelling unit shall be ventilated by				
	mechanical means in accordance with Section 403 of the				
	International Mechanical Code. Ambulatory care facilities and Group				
	I-2 occupancies shall be ventilated by mechanical means in				
	accordance with Section 407 of the International Mechanical Code.				

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX B

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IE	C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SOMMAN		None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
CE177-13,	Section(s): C402.4.1.2 (NEW), R402.1.2 (NEW), (IRC N1102.4.1.2 (NEW))		Х		
Part I	C402.4.1.2 Combustion air openings. In climate zones 3 through 8,				
	where open combustion air ducts provide combustion air to open				
	combustion space conditioning fuel burning appliances, the				
	appliances and combustion air openings shall be located outside of				
	the building thermal envelope or enclosed in a room isolated from				
	inside the thermal envelope. Such rooms shall be sealed and				
	insulated in accordance with the envelope requirements of Table				
	C402.1.2 or Table C402.2, where the walls, floors and ceilings shall				
	meet the minimum of the below-grade wall R-value requirement. The				
	door into the room shall be fully gasketed and any water lines and				
	ducts in the room insulated in accordance with Section C403. The				
	combustion air duct shall be insulated where it passes through				
05177.10	conditioned space to a minimum of R-8.				
CE177-13,	Section(s): C402.4.1.2 (NEW), R402.1.2 (NEW), (IRC N1102.4.1.2		Χ		
Part II	(NEW))				
	R402.4.1.2 Combustion air openings. In climate zones 3 through 8,				
	where open combustion air ducts provide combustion air to open				
	combustion, space conditioning fuel burning appliances, the				
	appliances and combustion air openings shall be located outside of				
	the building thermal envelope, or enclosed in a room isolated from inside the thermal envelope. Such rooms shall be sealed and				
	insulated in accordance with the envelope requirements of Table				
	R402.1.1, where the walls, <u>floors and ceilings</u> shall meet the minimum				
	of the below- grade wall R-value requirement. The door into the room				
	shall be fully gasketed and any water lines and ducts in the room				
	insulated in accordance with Section R403. The combustion air duct				
	shall be insulated where it passes through conditioned space to a				
	minimum of R-8.				
	Exceptions:				
	Direct vent appliances with both intake and exhaust pipes installed				
	continuous to the outside.				
	2. Fireplaces and stoves complying with Section 402.4.2 and Section				
	R1006 of the International Residential Code.				
CE186-13	Section(s): C402.4.5.1		Х		
	C402.4.5.1 Stairway and shaft vents. Stairway and shaft vents shall be				
	provided with Class I motorized dampers. <u>Dampers shall have with</u> a				
	maximum leakage rate of 4 cfm/ft2 (20.3 L/s · m2) at 1.0 inch water				
	gauge (w.g.) (249 Pa) and shall be labeled by an approved agency				
	when tested in accordance with AMCA 500D for such purpose.				
	Stairway and shaft vent dampers shall be installed with controls so				
	that they are capable of automatically opening upon:				
	1. The activation of any fire alarm initiating device of the building's				
	fire alarm system; or				
	2. The interruption of power to the damper.				

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IEC	CC COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
	2013 IECC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
CE187-13	Section(s): C402.4.5.2 C402.4.5.2 Outdoor air intakes and exhausts. <i>Outdoor air</i> supply and exhaust openings shall be provided with Class IA I motorized dampers with a maximum leakage rate of 4 cfm/ft2 (20.3 L/s·m2) at 1.0 inch water gauge (w.g.) (249 Pa) when tested in accordance with AMCA 500D. Exceptions: 1. Gravity (nonmotorized) dampers having a maximum leakage rate of 20 cfm/ft2 (101.6 L/s·m2) at 1.0 inch water gauge (w.g.) (249 Pa) when tested in accordance with AMCA 500D are permitted to be used as follows: 1.1. In buildings for exhaust and relief dampers. 1.2. In buildings less than three stories in height above grade. 1.3. For ventilation air intakes and exhaust and relief dampers in buildings of any height located in Climate Zones 1, 2 and 3. 1.4.Where the design <i>outdoor air</i> intake or exhaust capacity does not exceed 300 cfm (141 L/s). Gravity (nonmotorized) dampers for ventilation air intakes shall be protected from direct exposure to wind. 2. Dampers smaller than 24 inches (610 mm) in either dimension shall be permitted to have a leakage of 40 cfm/ft2 (203.2 L/s·m2) at 1.0 inch water gauge (w.g.) (249 Pa) when tested in accordance with		X		
CE193-13	AMCA 500D. Section(s): C402.4.8 C402.4.8 Recessed lighting. Recessed luminaires installed in the building thermal envelope shall be: sealed to limit air leakage between conditioned and unconditioned spaces. All recessed luminaires shall be 1. IC-rated, and 2. Llabeled as having an air leakage rate of not more than 2.0 cfm when tested in accordance with ASTM D E 283 at a 1.57 psf pressure differential, and. All recessed luminaires shall be s 3. Sealed with gasket or caulk between the housing and interior wall or ceiling covering.		X		
CE196-13	Section(s): C403.2.1 C403.2.1 Calculation of heating and cooling loads. Design loads associated with heating, ventilating and air conditioning of the building shall be determined in accordance with ANSI/ASHRAE/ACCA Standard 183 or by an approved equivalent computational procedure using the design parameters specified in Chapter 3. Heating and cooling loads shall be adjusted to account for load reductions that are achieved where energy recovery systems are utilized in the HAVAC system in accordance with the ASHRAE HVAC Systems and Equipment Handbook by an approved equivalent computational procedure. Section(s): C403.2.2		X		

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp	1	C COST	MDACT	ESTIMATED
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			1	
	C403.2.2 Equipment and system sizing. The output capacity of heating				
	and cooling equipment and systems shall not exceed the loads				
	calculated in accordance with Section C403.2.1. A single piece of				
	equipment providing both heating and cooling shall satisfy this				
	provision for one function with the capacity for the other function as				
	small as possible, within available equipment options.				
	Exceptions: 1. Required standby equipment and systems provided				
	with controls and devices that allow such systems or equipment to				
	operate automatically only when the primary equipment is not				
	operating. 2. Multiple units of the same equipment type with				
	combined capacities exceeding the design load and provided with				
	controls that have the capability to sequence the operation of each unit based on load.				
CE200-13	Section(s): Table C403.2.3(1), Table C403.2.3(2), Table C403.2.3(3),			X	
02200 20	Table C403.2.3(8), Chapter 5				
	MINIMUM EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS: ELECTRICALLY OPERATED				
	UNITARY AIR CONDITIONERS AND CONDENSING UNITS				
CE201-13	Section(s): C202 (NEW), Table 403.2.3(9) (NEW), Chapter 5			X	
	MINIMUM EFFICIENCY AIR CONDITIONERS AND CONDENSING UNITS				
	SERVING COMPUTER ROOMS				
CE202-13	Section(s): C403.2.3.1		Х		
	C403.2.3.1 Water-cooled centrifugal chilling packages. Equipment not designed for operation at AHRI Standard 550/590 test conditions of				
	44°F (7°C) leaving chilled-water temperature and 85°F (29°C) entering				
	condenser water temperature with 3 gpm/ton (0.054 l/s · kW)				
	condenser water flow shall have maximum full-load kW/ton and NPLV				
	ratings adjusted using Equations 4-3 and 4-4.				
CE203-13	Section(s): C403.2.3.1, C403.2.3.2, Table C403.2.3(7)			Х	
	Water Chilling Packages – Efficiency Requirements				
CE204-13	Section(s): C403.2.4.1.2, C403.2.4.1.3 (NEW)		Х		
CL204-13	C403.2.4.1.2 C403.2.4.2 Set point overlap restriction—Deadband.		^		
	Where used to control both heating and cooling, <i>zone</i> thermostatic				
	controls shall be capable of providing provide a temperature range or				
	deadband of at least 5°F (2.8°C) within which the supply of heating				
	and cooling energy to the zone is capable of being shut off or reduced				
	to a minimum.				
	Exceptions:				
	1. Thermostats requiring manual changeover between heating and				
	cooling modes.				
	2. Occupancies or applications requiring precision in indoor				
	temperature control as approved by the code official.				
	C403.2.4.1.3 Setpoint overlap restriction. Where a <i>zone</i> has a				
	separate heating and a separate cooling thermostatic control located within the zone, a limit switch, mechanical stop, or direct digital				
	control system with software programming shall be provided with the				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	МРАСТ	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	capability to prevent the heating setpoint from exceeding the cooling				
	setpoint and to maintain a deadband in accordance with Section				
	C403.2.4.1.2.				
CE205-13	Section(s): C403.2.4.5 (NEW)			Х	
	C403.2.4.5 Zone isolation. HVAC systems serving zones that are over				
	25,000 square feet in floor area or that span more than one floor and				
	designed to operate or be occupied non-simultaneously shall be				
	divided into isolation areas. Each isolation area shall be equipped with				
	isolation devices and controls configured to automatically shut off the				
	supply of conditioned air and outdoor air to and exhaust air from the				
	isolation area. Each isolation area shall be controlled independently				
	by a device meeting the requirements of Section C403.2.4.3.2. Central				
	systems and plants shall be provided with controls and devices that				
	will allow system and equipment operation for any length of time				
	while serving only the smallest isolation area served by the system or				
	plant.			1	
CE212-13	Section(s): C403.2.6			X	
	C403.2.6 Energy recovery ventilation systems. Where the supply				
	airflow rate of a fan system exceeds the values specified in Table				
	C403.2.6, the system shall include an energy recovery system. The				
	energy recovery system shall have the capability to provide a change				
	in the enthalpy of the outdoor air supply of not less than 50 percent				
	of the difference between the outdoor air and return air enthalpies,				
	at design conditions. Where an air economizer is required, the energy				
	recovery system shall include a bypass or controls which permit operation of the economizer as required by Section C403.4				
	Exceptions: An energy recovery ventilation system shall not be				
	required in any of the following conditions: 1. Where energy recovery				
	systems are prohibited by the International Mechanical Code. 2.				
	Laboratory fume hood systems that include at least one of the				
	following features: 2.1 Variable-air-volume hood exhaust and room				
	supply systems capable of reducing exhaust and makeup air volume				
	to 50 percent of less of design values except when higher volumes are				
	required to maintain safe operating conditions. 2.2 Direct makeup				
	(auxiliary) air supply equal to at least 75 percent of the exhaust rate,				
	heated no warmer than 2°F (1.1°C) above room setpoint, cooled to no				
	cooler than 3°F (1.7°C) below room setpoint, no humidification				
	added, and no simultaneous heating and cooling used for				
	dehumidification control. 3. Systems serving spaces that are heated				
	to less than 60°F (15.5°C) and are not cooled. 4. Where more than 60				
	percent of the outdoor eating energy is provided from site-recovered				
	or site solar energy. 5. Heating energy recovery in Climate Zones 1				
	and 2. 6. Cooling energy recovery in Climate Zones 3C, 4C, 5B, 5C, 6B,				
	7 and 8. 7. Systems requiring dehumidification that employ energy				
	recovery in series with the cooling coil. 8. Where the largest source of				
	air exhausted at a single location at the building exterior is less than				
	75 percent of the design outdoor air flow rate. 9. Systems expected to				

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IEC	C COST	MPACT	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	operate less than 20 hours per week at the outdoor air percentage				
	covered by Table C403.2.6 10. Systems exhausting toxic, flammable,				
	paint, or corrosive fumes or dust. 11. Commercial kitchen hoods used				
	for collecting and removing grease vapors and smoke.				
CE214-13	Section(s): Table C403.2.6		Χ		
	These categories allow for cost effective application of energy				
	recovery and should be included in the requirement.				
CE217-13	Section(s): C403.2.7		Χ		
	C403.2.7 Duct and plenum insulation and sealing. All supply and				
	return air ducts and plenums shall be insulated with a minimum of R-				
	6 insulation where located in unconditioned spaces and a minimum of				
	R-8 insulation where located outside the building with a minimum of				
	R-8 insulation in climate zones 1 through 4 and a minimum of R-12				
	insulation in climate zones 5 through 8. Where located within a				
	building envelope assembly, the duct or plenum shall be separated				
	from the building exterior or unconditioned or exempt spaces by a				
	minimum of R-8 insulation in climate zones 1 through 4 and a				
	minimum of R-12 insulation in climate zones 5 through 8.				
CE220-13	Section(s): C403.2.7 (NEW), Table C403.2.7 (NEW)		Χ		
	C403.2.7 Kitchen exhaust systems. Replacement air introduced				
	directly into the exhaust hood cavity shall not exceed 10 percent of				
	the hood exhaust airflow rate. Conditioned supply air delivered to any				
	space containing a kitchen hood shall not exceed the greater of the				
	ventilation rate required to meet the space heating or cooling load or				
	the hood exhaust flow minus the available transfer air from adjacent				
	space where available transfer air is considered that portion of				
	outdoor ventilation air not required to satisfy other exhaust needs,				
	such as restrooms, and not required to maintain pressurization of				
	adjacent spaces.				
CE222-13	C403.2.7.1.1 Low-pressure duct systems. All longitudinal and		Х		
01222 13	transverse joints, seams and connections of supply and return ducts		^		
	operating at a static pressure less than or equal to 2 inches water				
	gauge (w.g.) (500 Pa) shall be securely fastened and sealed with				
	welds, gaskets, mastics (adhesives), mastic-plus embedded- fabric				
	systems or tapes installed in accordance with the manufacturer's				
	installation instructions. Pressure classifications specific to the duct				
	system shall be clearly indicated on the construction documents in				
	accordance with the International Mechanical Code. Section(s):				
	C403.2.7.1.1 Exception: Continuously welded and locking type				
	longitudinal joints and seams on ducts operating at static pressures				
	less than 2 inches water gauge (w.g.) (500 Pa) pressure classification.				
	For ducts having a static pressure classification of less than 2 inches of				
	water column (500 Pa), additional closure systems shall not be				
	required for continuously welded joints and seams and locking-type				
	joints and seams of other than the snap-lock and button-lock types.				
CE225-13	Section(s): C403.2.7.1.3	1	Х	+	

CODE CHANGE # 2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY 2015 IECC COST IMPACT ESTIMATE Decrease None Increase AMOU									
					AMOUNT*				
	Sub Code:								
	C403.2.7.1.3 High-pressure duct systems. Ducts and plenums								
	designed to operate at static pressures in excess of greater than 3								
	inches water gauge shall be insulated and sealed in accordance with								
	Section C403.2.7. In addition, ducts and plenums shall be leak tested								
	in accordance with the SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual								
	with the and shown to have a rate of air leakage (CL) less than or								
	equal to 6.0 as determined in accordance with Equation 4-5.								
CE226-13	Section(s): 403.2.7.1.3		Х						
	C403.2.7.1.3 High-pressure duct systems. All ducts and plenums								
	designed to operate at static pressures in excess of 3 inches water								
	gauge (750 Pa) shall be insulated and sealed in accordance with								
	Section C403.2.7. In addition, ducts and plenums shall be leak tested								
	in accordance with the SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual								
	with the rate of air leakage (CL) less than or equal to 6.0-4.0 as								
	determined in accordance with Equation 4-5.								
CE229-13	Section(s): Table C403.2.8		Х						
	C403.2.8: ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2010, which is adopted by								
	reference as an alternative to the IECC Commercial Provisions, has a								
	different mean rating temperature for evaluating the thermal								
	properties of insulation on piping serving fluids below 40°F. The								
	change ensures continued consistency between the IECC and								
	standard 90.1-2010.								
CE234-13	Section(s): C202 (NEW), C403.2.10, C403.2.10.3 (NEW), Chapter 5		Χ						
	C403.2.10 Air system design and control. Each HVAC system having a								
	total fan system motor nameplate horsepower (hp) exceeding 5								
	horsepower (hp) (3.7 kW) shall meet the provisions of Sections								
	C403.2.10.1 through C403.2.10.2 C403.2.10.3.								
	C403.2.10.3 Fan efficiency. Fans shall have a fan efficiency grade								
	(FEG) of at least 67 when determined in accordance with AMCA 205								
	by an approved, independent testing laboratory and labeled by the								
	manufacturer. The total efficiency of the fan at the design point of								
	operation shall be within 15 percentage points of the maximum total								
	efficiency of the fan.								
	Exceptions: The following fans are not required to have a fan								
	efficiency grade: 1. Fans of 5 hp or less as follows: 1.1 Single fan with								
	a motor nameplate horsepower of 5 hp or less, unless Exception 1.2								
	applies. 1.2 Multiple fans in series or parallel that have a combined								
	motor nameplate horsepower of 5 hp or less and are operated as the								
	functional equivalent of a single fan. 2. Fans that are part of								
	equipment covered under Section C403.2.3. 3. Fans included in an								
	equipment package certified by an approved agency for air or energy								
	performance. 4. Powered wall/roof ventilators. 5. Fans outside the								
	scope of AMCA 205. 6. Fans that are intended to operate only during								
CE22E 42	emergency conditions		· · ·						
CE235-13	Section(s): C403.2.10.1		Х						
	C403.2.10.1 Allowable fan floor horsepower. Each HVAC system at fan system design conditions shall not exceed the allowable fan system								

Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Impact 2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY Decrease None Increase AMOUNT										
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	Sub Code:	Decircuse		Intercuse						
	motor nameplate hp (Option 1) or fan system bhp (Option 2) as									
	shown in Table C403.2.10.1(1). This includes supply fans, exhaust									
	fans, return/relief fans, and fanpowered terminal units associated									
	with systems providing heating or cooling capability. Single zone									
	variable-air-volume systems shall comply with the constant volume									
	fan power limitation.									
	Exceptions: The following fan systems are exempt from allowable fan									
	floor horsepower requirement. 1. Hospital, vivarium and laboratory									
	systems that utilize flow control devices on exhaust and/or return to									
	maintain space pressure relationships necessary for occupant health									
	and safety or environmental control shall be permitted to use variable									
	volume fan power limitation. 2. Individual exhaust fans with motor									
	nameplate horsepower of 1 hp or less2. Individual exhaust fans with									
	motor nameplate horsepower of 1 hp or less are exempt from the									
05000.40	allowable fan horsepower requirement.									
CE236-13	Section(s): Table C403.2.10.1(2)		Χ							
	Table C403.2.10.1(2):									
	Clarifies the use of sound attenuation in the pressure drop									
CE227 42	adjustment.									
CE237-13	Section(s): C403.2.10.2 C403.2.10.2 Motor nameplate horsepower. For each fan, the fan		Х							
	brake horse power shall be indicated on the construction documents									
	and the selected motor shall be no larger than the first available									
	motor size greater than the <u>following</u> : brake horsepower. The fan									
	brake horse power shall be indicated on the design documents to									
	allow for compliance verification by the code official. 1. For fans less									
	than 6 bhp (4413 W), where the first available motor larger than the									
	brake horsepower has a nameplate rating within 50 percent of the									
	bhp, selection of the next larger nameplate motor size is allowed. 1.5									
	times the fan brake horsepower 2. For fans 6 bhp (4413 W) and									
	larger, where the first available motor larger than the bhp has a									
	nameplate rating within 30 percent of the bhp, selection of the next									
	larger nameplate motor size is allowed. 1.3 times the fan brake									
	horsepower.									
CE241-13	Section(s): C403.1, C403.3, C403.3.1.1 (New), C403.1.1.1,		Χ							
	C403.3.3.1.1.2, C403.3.1.2 (New),									
	C403.3.1.1.3, Table C403.3.1.1(1), Table C403.3.1.1.3(2), C403.3.1.1.4,									
	C403.3.1.4 (New), C403.3.1.4.1									
	(New), C403.3.1.4.2 (New), C403.3.2, C403.4 through C403.4.3.5									
	While the committee saw the value in reorganizing these provisions									
	and making their application clearer, the proposal needed to better									
05040 10	address chilled water.									
CE243-13	Section(s): C403.3.1, Table C403.3.1(1)		Х							
	C403.3 Simple HVAC systems and equipment (Prescriptive). This									
	section applies to buildings served by unitary or packaged HVAC									
	equipment listed in Tables C403.2.3(1) through C403.2.3(8), each serving one zone and controlled by a single thermostat in the zone									

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		C COCT I	NADACT	ECTINA A TER
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	CC COST I	Increase	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	increase	
				T	
	served. It also applies to two-pipe heating systems serving one or more zones, where no cooling system is installed. C403.3.1 Economizers. Each cooling system that has a fan shall include either an air or water economizer meeting the requirements of Sections C403.3.1.1 through C403.3.1.1.4 Exception: Economizers are not required for the systems listed below- 1. Individual fan cooling units with a supply capacity less than the minimum listed in Table C403.3.1(1). 1. In cooling systems for buildings located in climate zones 1A and 1B. 2. In climate zones other than 1A and 1B, where individual cooling units have a capacity of less than 33,000 Btu/h. The total supply capacity of all fan-cooling units				
	not provide with economizers shall not exceed 20 percent of the total supply capacity of all fan-cooling units in the building nor 300,000				
CE244-13	Btu/h, whichever is greater. Section(s): C403.3.1, Table C403.3.1(1) C403.3.1 Economizers. Each cooling system that has a fan shall include either an air or water economizer meeting the requirements of Sections C403.3.1.1 through C403.3.1.1.4. Exception: Economizers are not required for the systems listed below 7. Systems under 110,000 Btu/h total cooling capacity that utilize multiple stage cooling capacity control and multiple speed fan control.		X		
CE245-13	Section(s): C403.3.1, Table C403.3.1(1), C403.3.1.4, C403.1.1.5 (NEW), Table C403.3.1.1.3(2), C403.3.1.2 (NEW), C403.3.1.2.1 (NEW) C403.3.1 Economizers. Each cooling system that has a fan shall include either an air or water economizer meeting the requirements of Sections C403.3.1.1 through C403.3.1.1.4. C403.3.1.1.5. Economizers are not required for the systems listed below 7. Systems that include a heat recovery system in accordance with Section C403.4.6. 8. Systems that serve spaces whose sensible cooling load at design conditions, excluding transmission and infiltration loads, is not more than the transmission and infiltration losses at an outdoor temperature of 60°F. C403.3.1.1.4 Dampers. Return, exhaust/relief, and outdoor air dampers shall in accordance with Section C402.4.5.2 C403.3.1.1.5 Relief of excess outdoor air. Systems shall be capable of relieving excess outdoor air during air economizer operation to prevent overpressurizing the building. The relief air outlet shall be located to avoid recirculation into the building. C403.3.1.2 Water economizers. Water economizers shall comply with Sections C403.3.1.2.1 through C403.3.1.2.2. C403.3.1.2.1 Design capacity. Water economizer systems shall be capable of cooling supply air by indirect evaporation and providing up to 100 percent of the expected system cooling load at outdoor air temperatures not greater than 50°F dry bulb/45°F wet bulb.		X		

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		CC COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				L
	C403.3.1.2.2 Maximum pressure drop. Precooling coils and water-to-				
	water heat exchangers used as part of a water economizer system				
	shall either have a water-side pressure drop of less than 15 feet of				
	water (45 kPa) or a secondary loop shall be created so that the coil or				
	heat exchanger pressure drop is not seen by the circulating pumps				
	when the system is in the normal cooling (non-economizer) mode.				
CE246-13	Section(s): C202 (NEW), Table C403.3.1.1.3(1)		Х		
	Table C403.3.1.1.3(1): Electronic enthalpy controllers are devices that				
	use a combination of humidity and dry-bulb temperature in their				
	switching algorithm.				
CE249-13	Section(s): C403.4.1, Table C403.4.1 (NEW)			Х	
	C403.4.1 Economizers. Economizers shall comply with each cooling				
	system shall include either an air economizer in compliance with				
	Section C403.3.1.1 or water economizer in compliance with Sections				
	C403.4.1.1 through C403.4.1.4.				
	Exceptions: Economizers are not required for the systems listed				
	below. 1. Individual fan-cooling units with a supply capacity less than				
	the minimum listed in Table C403.3.1(1) that either: 1.1. Have direct				
	expansion cooling coils, or 1.2. Where the total chilled water system				
	capacity less the capacity of fan units with air economizers is less than				
	the minimum listed in Table C403.4.1. 2. Chilled-water cooling				
	systems that are passive (without a fan) or use induction where the				
	total chilled water system capacity less the capacity of fan units with				
	air economizers is less than the minimum listed in Table C403.4.1. 3.				
	Individual cooling units that are in compliance with exceptions 2				
	through 6 to economizers under Section C403.3.1.				
CE251-13	Section(s): C403.4.2.1, C403.4.2.2			Х	
	C403.4.2.1 Static pressure sensor location. Static pressure sensors				
	used to control VAV fans shall be placed in a position located such				
	that the controller setpoint is no greater than one-third the total				
	design fan static pressure, except for systems with zone reset control				
	complying with Section C403.4.2.2 1.2 inches w.c. For sensors Where				
	this results in one or more sensors being installed located down-				
	stream of major duct splits, at least one sensor shall be located on				
	each major branch to ensure that static pressure can be maintained in				
	each branch.				
	C403.4.2.2 Set points for direct digital control. For systems with direct				
	digital control of individual zone boxes zones reporting to the central				
	control panel, the static pressure set point shall be reset based on the				
	zone requiring the most pressure, i.e., the set point is reset lower				
	until one zone damper is nearly wide open. The direct digital controls				
	shall be capable of monitoring zone damper positions; or shall have				
	an alternative method of indicating the need for static pressure which				
	is capable of all of the following:				
	1. Automatically detecting any zone which excessively drives the reset				
	logic;				
	2. Generating an alarm to the system operational location; and				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATE
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			1	
	3. Allowing an operator to readily remove one or more zones from				
	the reset algorithm.				
CF253-13				X	
CE253-13	Section(s): C403.4.3.4 C403.4.3.4 Part load controls. Hydronic systems greater than or equal to 300,000 500,000 Btu/h (87 930W) in design output capacity supplying heated or chilled water to comfort conditioning systems shall include controls that have the capability to: 1. Automatically reset the supply-water temperatures in response to varying building heating and cooling demand using: coil valve position, zone-return water temperature, building return water temperature, or out-side air temperature as an indicator of building heating or cooling demand. The temperature shall be capable of being reset by at least 25 percent of the design supply-to-return water temperature difference; or and 2. Automatically vary fluid flow for hydronic systems with a combined motor capacity of 10 hp (7.5 kW) or larger with three or more Reduce systems pump flow by at least 50 percent of design flow rate utilizing adjustable speed drive(s) on pump(s), or multiple staged pumps where at least one half of the total pump horsepower is capable of being automatically turned off or control valves or other devices by reducing the system design flow rate by at least 50 percent by designed valves that modulate or step open down, and close, or pumps that modulate or turn on and off as a function of load or other approved means; and 3. Automatically vary pump flow on chilled water systems and heat rejection loops serving water cooled unitary air-conditioners with a combined motor capacity of 10 hp (7.5 kW) or larger by reducing system pump design flow by at least 50 percent of design flow rate utilizing adjustable speed drive(s) on pump(s), or multiple-staged pumps where at least one-half of the total pump horsepower is capable of being automatically turned off or control valves designed to modulate or step down, and close, as a function of load, or other approved means. Pump flow shall be controlled to maintain one control valve nearly wide open or to satisfy the minimum differential pressure. Exceptions: 1. Supply-water temperature rese			X	
	requirements required by the equipment manufacturer for proper operation of equipment,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
CE254-13	Section(s): C202 (NEW), C403.4.3.5 (NEW), Table C403.4.3.5 (NEW)			Х	
	C403.4.3.5 Boiler Turndown. <i>Boiler systems</i> with design input of greater than 1,000,000 Btu/h shall comply with the turndown ratio specified in Table 403.4.3.5.				

ODE CHANGE #			C COST I	IMPACT	ESTIMATE
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
	Sub Code:			1	
	The system turndown requirement shall be met through the use of				
	multiple single input boilers, one or more modulating boilers or a				
	combination of single input and modulating boilers.				
CE255-13	Section(s): C403.4.4, C403.4.4.1 (NEW), C403.4.4.2 (NEW),			Х	
	C403.4.4.2.1 (NEW), C403.4.4.2.2 (NEW), C403.4.4.3, C403.4.4.4				
	(NEW)				
	C403.4.4 Heat rejection equipment fan speed control . Each fan				
	powered by a motor of 7.5 hp (5.6 kW) or larger shall have the				
	capability to operate that fan at two-thirds of full speed or less, and				
	shall have controls that automatically change the fan speed to control				
	the leaving fluid temperature or condensing temperature/pressure of				
	the heat rejection device. Exception: Factory-installed heat rejection				
	devices within HVAC equipment tested and rated in accordance with				
	Tables C403.2.3(6) and C403.2.3(7). C403.4.4.1				
	General. Heat rejection equipment such as air-cooled condensers, dry				
	coolers, open-circuit cooling towers, closed-circuit cooling towers,				
	and evaporative condensers used for comfort cooling applications				
	shall comply with this section. Exception: Heat rejection devices				
	whose energy usage is included in the equipment efficiency ratings				
	listed in Tables C403.2.3 (6) and C403.2.3 (7). C403.4.4.2 Fan speed				
	control. The fan speed shall be controlled as follows: C403.4.4.2.1 Fan				
	motors at least 7.5 hp. Each fan powered by a motor of 7.5 hp (5.6				
	kW) or larger shall have the capability to operate that fan at two-				
	thirds of full speed or less, and shall have controls that automatically				
	change the fan speed to control the leaving fluid temperature or				
	condensing temperature/pressure of the heat rejection device.				
	Exceptions: The following fan motors over 7.5 hp are exempt: 1.				
	Condenser fans serving multiple refrigerant circuits. 2. Condenser				
	fans serving flooded condensers. 3. Installations located in climate				
	zones 1 and 2. C403.4.4.2.2 Multiple cell heat rejection equipment.				
	Multiple cell heat rejection equipment with variable speed fan drives				
	shall: 1. Be controlled to operate the maximum number of fans				
	allowed that comply with the manufacturer's requirements for all				
	system components, and 2. Be controlled so all fans can operate at				
	the same fan speed required for the instantaneous cooling duty as				
	opposed to staged (on/off) operation. Minimum fan speed shall be				
	the minimum allowable speed of the fan drive system in accordance				
	with the manufacturer's recommendations.				
	C403.4.4.3 Limitation on centrifugal fan open-circuit cooling towers.				
	Centrifugal fan open-circuit cooling towers with a combined rated				
	capacity of 1100 gpm or greater at 95°F condenser water return, 85°F				1
	condenser water supply, and 75°F outdoor air wet-bulb temperature				1
	shall meet the energy efficiency requirement for axial fan open-circuit				
	cooling towers listed in Table C403.2.3(8). Exception: Centrifugal				1
	open-circuit cooling towers that designed with inlet or discharge				1
	ducts or require external sound attenuation. C403.4.4.4 Tower flow				1
	turndown. Open circuit cooling towers used on water cooled chiller				

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY		CC COST	MPACT	ESTIMATED
	2013 IECC CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	systems that are configured with multiple or variable speed				
	condenser water pumps shall be designed so that all open circuit				
	cooling tower cells can be run in parallel with the larger of the flow				
	that is produced by the smallest pump at its minimum expected flow				
CE257-13	rate or at 50 percent of the design flow for the cell. Section(s): C403.4.5		Х		
CL237-13	• •		^		
	C403.4.5 Requirements for complex mechanical systems serving				
	multiple zones. Sections C403.4.5.1 through C403.4.5.3 shall apply to				
	complex mechanical systems serving multiple zones. Supply air				
	systems serving multiple zones shall be VAV systems which, during				
	periods of occupancy, are designed and capable of being controlled to				
	reduce primary air supply to each zone to one of the following before				
	reheating, recooling or mixing takes place:				
	1. Thirty percent of the maximum supply air to each zone. 2. Three				
	hundred cfm (142 L/s) or less where the maximum flow rate is less				
	than 10 percent of the total fan system supply airflow rate. 3. The				
	minimum ventilation requirements of Chapter 4 of the International				
	Mechanical Code. 4. Any higher rate that can be demonstrated to				
	reduce overall system annual energy use by offsetting reheat/recool				
	energy losses through a reduction in outdoor air intake for the				
	system, as approved by the code official. 5. The air flow rate required				
	to comply with applicable codes or accreditation standards, such as				
	<u>pressure relationships or minimum air change rates</u> . Exception: The				
	following define where individual zones or where entire air				
	distribution systems are exempted from the requirement for VAV				
	control: 1. Zones where special pressurization relationships or cross-				
	contamination requirements are such that VAV systems are				
	impractical.				
CE258-13	Section(s): C403.4.5.4 (NEW)			Х	
	C403.4.5.4 Fractional HP fan motors. Motors for fans that are 1/12 HP				
	or greater and less than 1 HP shall be electronically-commutated				
	motors or shall have a minimum motor efficiency of 70 percent rated				
	in accordance with DOE 10 CFR 431 . These motors shall also have the				
	means to adjust motor speed for either balancing or remote control.				
	The use of belt-driven fans to sheave adjustments for airflow				
CE259-13	balancing in lieu of a varying motor speed shall be permitted. Section(s): C403.4.5.5 (NEW)			X	
CL233-13	C403.4.5.5 Multiple-zone VAV system ventilation optimization			^	
	control. Multiple-zone VAV systems with direct digital control of				
	individual zone boxes reporting to a central control panel shall have				
	automatic controls configured to reduce outdoor air intake flow				
	below design rates in response to changes in system ventilation				
	efficiency (Ev) as defined by the International Mechanical Code.				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		C COST	МРАСТ	ESTIMATED
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	200.0000	- I TOILE	inier cuse	<u> </u>
CE262-13	Section(s): Table C404.2, C404.2.1 (New)			Х	
	MINIMUM PERFORMANCE OF WATER-HEATING EQUIPMENT				
CE263-13	Section(s): Table C404.2		Х		
CL203-13	` '		^		
	C404.2: Per federal Department of Energy requirements, the				
	minimum efficiency level for pool gas heaters went from 78% to 82%,				
	effective April 2013. This change ensures consistency with federal				
	requirements.				
CE264-13	Section(s): C404.2			Х	
	C404.2 Service water-heating equipment performance. Water-heating				
	equipment and hot water storage tanks shall meet the requirements				
	of Table C404.2. The efficiency shall be verified through data				
	furnished by the manufacturer of the equipment or through				
	certification under an <i>approved</i> certification program. <u>Water heating</u>				
	equipment also intended to be used to provide space heating shall				
05074.40	meet the applicable provisions of Table C404.2.				
CE271-13,	Section(s): C202 (NEW), C404.5, C404.5.1 (NEW), Table C404.5.1		Χ		
Part I	(NEW), C404.5.2 (NEW), C404.5.3 (NEW), IPC [E]607.5				
	The existing section language is much simpler. There is no justification				
	for adding such a complex set of rules for insulating piping.				
CE274-13	Section(s): C202 (New), C404.5 (New), C404.5.1 (New), C404.5.1		Х		
CL27 4 13	(New), Table C404.5.1 (New),		,		
	C404.5.2 (New), C404.5.2.1 (New)				
	C404.5 Efficient heated water supply piping. Heated water supply				
	piping shall be in accordance with Section C404.5.1 or Section				
	C404.5.2. The flow rate through ¼ inch piping shall not exceed 0.5				
	gpm (1.9 Lpm). The flow rate through 5/16 inch piping shall not				
	exceed 1 gpm (3.8 Lpm). The flow rate through 3/8 inch piping shall				
	not exceed 1.5 gpm (5.7 Lpm). C404.5.1 Maximum allowable pipe				
	length method. The maximum allowable piping length from the				
	nearest source of heated water to the termination of the fixture				
	supply pipe for plumbing fixtures and plumbing appliances shall be in				
	accordance with the maximum piping length column in Table				
	C404.5.1. Where the piping contains more than one size of pipe, the largest size of pipe within the piping shall be used for determining the				
	maximum allowable length of the piping in Table C404.5.1.				
	C404.5.2 Maximum allowable pipe volume method. The water				
	volume in the piping shall be calculated in accordance with Section				
	C404.5.2.1. The maximum volume from the nearest source of heated				
	water to the termination of the fixture supply pipe for a plumbing				
	fixture or plumbing appliance shall be 0.5 gallon (1.89 L) where the				
	source of heated water is a water heater; and 0.19 gallon (0.7 L)				
	where the source of heated water is a recirculating system or heat-				
	traced piping.				
	C404.5.2.1 Water volume determination. The volume shall be the				
	sum of the internal volumes of pipe, fittings, valves, meters and				

Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Impact DDE CHANGE # 2015 IECC COST IMPACT ESTIMATED 2015 IECC COST IMPACT ESTIMATED									
ODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY		Decrease None Increa		A NACHINIT*				
	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	increase					
	manifolds between the nearest source of heated water and the			T	Ī				
	termination of the fixture supply pipe. The volume in the piping shall								
	be determined from the volume column in Table C404.5.1. The								
	volume contained within fixture shut off valves, within flexible water								
	supply connectors to a fixture fitting and within a fixture fitting shall								
	not be included in the water volume determination. Where heated								
	water is supplied by a recirculating system or heat-traced piping, the								
	volume shall include the portion of the fitting on the branch pipe that								
	supplies water to the fixture.								
CE275-13	Section(s): C202 (NEW), C404.5 (NEW), C404.5.1 (NEW), Table		Х						
CL275-13	C404.5.1 (NEW), C404.5.2 (NEW), C404.5.2.1 (NEW)		^						
	C404.5.1 (NEW), C404.5.2 (NEW), C404.5.2.1 (NEW) C404.5.Efficient heated water supply piping. Heated water supply								
	piping shall be in accordance with Section C404.5.1 or Section								
	C404.5.2. The flow rate through ¼ inch piping shall not exceed 0.5								
	gpm (1.9 Lpm). The flow rate through 5/16 inch piping shall not								
	exceed 1 gpm (3.8 Lpm). The flow rate through 3/8 inch piping shall								
	not exceed 1.5 gpm (5.7 Lpm). C404.5.1 Maximum allowable pipe								
	length method. The maximum piping length from the nearest source								
	of heated water to the termination of the fixture supply pipe for a								
	public lavatory faucet shall be in accordance with the maximum								
	piping length column in Table C404.5.1. Where the piping contains								
	more than one size of pipe, the largest size of pipe within the piping								
	shall be used for determining the maximum allowable length of the								
	piping in Table C404.5.1.								
	C404.5.2 Maximum allowable pipe volume method. The maximum								
	piping volume from the nearest source of heated water to the								
	termination of the fixture supply pipe for a public lavatory faucet shall								
	be 2 ounces (0.06 L). The water volume in the piping shall be								
	calculated in accordance with Section C404.5.2.1.								
	C404.5.2.1 Water volume determination. The volume shall be the								
	sum of the internal volumes of pipe, fittings, valves, meters and								
	manifolds between the nearest source of heated water and the								
	termination of the fixture supply pipe. The volume in the piping shall								
	be determined from the volume column in Table C404.5.1. The								
	volume contained within fixture shut off valves, within flexible water								
	supply connectors to a fixture fitting and within a fixture fitting shall								
	not be included in the water volume determination. Where heated								
	water is supplied by a recirculating system or heat-traced piping, the								
	volume shall include the portion of the fitting on the branch pipe that								
	supplies water to the fixture.								
CE278-13,	Section(s): C404.6, C404.7 (NEW), IPC [E] 607.2.1, IPC [E] 607.2.1.1		Х						
	(NEW)		^						
Part I	C404.6 Hot water temperature maintenance system controls. For hot								
	water distribution system circulating hot water system pumps or and								
	heat trace, the pumps and heat trace shall be arranged to be turned								
	off either automatically or manually when there is limited not hot								
	water demand. Operating controls shall be readily accessible.								

CODE CHANGE # 2015 IECC CHANGE SLIMMARY 2015 IECC COST IMPACT ESTIMA									
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*				
	Sub Code:								
	C404.7.1 Storage tank hot water circulation systems. Circulating			1					
	pumps intended to maintain storage tank water temperature shall								
	have controls that will limit operation of the pump from heating cycle								
	start up to not greater than 5 minutes after the end of the cycle.								
	Ready access shall be provided to the operating controls.								
CE278-13,	Section(s): C404.6, C404.7 (NEW), IPC [E] 607.2.1, IPC [E] 607.2.1.1		Х						
Part II	(NEW)								
raren	[E] 607.2.1 Hot water temperature maintenance system controls.								
	Automatic For hot water distribution system circulating hot water								
	system pumps or and heat trace, the pumps and heat trace shall be								
	arranged to be c onveniently turned off either automatically or								
	manually when there hot water system is not in operation. is limited								
	not hot water demand. Ready access shall be provided to the								
	operating controls. This section and Section 607.2.1.1 shall not apply								
	to hot water temperature maintenance system controls in Group R2,								
	R3 and R4 occupancies that are 3 stories or less in height above grade								
	plane. Hot water temperature maintenance system controls in Group								
	R2, R3 and R4 occupancies that are 3 stories or less in height above								
	grade plane shall be in accordance with Section R403.4.1 of the								
	International Energy Conservation Code.								
	607.2.1.1 Storage tank hot water circulation systems. Circulating								
	pumps intended to maintain storage tank water temperature shall								
	have controls that will limit operation of the pump from heating cycle								
	start up to not greater than 5 minutes after the end of the cycle.								
	Ready access shall be provided to the operating controls.								
CE282-13,	Section(s): C404.7 (New), IPC Chapter 2, IPC [E]607.2.1.1 (New)		Х						
Part I	C404.7 Demand recirculation controls. A water distribution system								
raiti	having one or more recirculation pumps that pump water from a								
	heated water supply pipe back to the heated water source through a								
	cold water supply pipe shall be a demand recirculation water system.								
	Pumps shall have controls that comply with both of the following: 1.								
	The control shall start the pump upon receiving a signal from the								
	action of a user of a fixture or appliance, sensing the presence of a								
	user of a fixture or sensing the flow of hot or tempered water to a								
	fixture fitting or appliance. 2. The control shall limit the water								
	temperature increase in the cold water piping to not more than 10°F								
	(5.6 °C) greater than the initial temperature of the water in the piping								
	and limits the temperature entering the cold water piping to 102°F								
	(38.9 °C).								
CE282-13,	Section(s): C404.7 (New), IPC Chapter 2, IPC [E]607.2.1.1 (New)		Х						
Part II	[E] 607.2.1.1 Demand recirculation controls. A water distribution								
	system having one or more recirculation pumps that pump water								
	from a heated water supply pipe back to the heated water source								
	through a cold water supply pipe shall be a demand recirculation								
	water system. Pumps shall have controls that comply with both of the								
	following: 1. The control shall start the pump upon receiving a signal								
	from the action of a user of a fixture or appliance, sensing the								

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		CC COST	MPACT	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				L
	presence of a user of a fixture or sensing the flow of hot or tempered				
	water to a fixture fitting or appliance. 2. The control shall limit the				
	water temperature increase in the cold water piping to not more than				
	10°F (5.6 °C) greater than the initial temperature of the water in the				
	piping and limits the temperature entering the cold water piping to				
	102ºF (38.9 ºC).				
CE283-13,	Section(s): C404.7 (NEW), Table C407.5.1(1), Chapter 5, R403.4.3		Х		
Part I	(NEW) (N1103.5 (NEW)), Chapter 5, IRC P2903.11 (NEW)				
Parti	C404.7 Drain water heat recovery units. Drain water heat recovery				
	units shall comply with CSA 55.2. Potable water-side pressure loss				
	shall be less than 10 psi at maximum design flow. For Group R				
	occupancies, the efficiency of drain water heat recovery unit				
	efficiency shall be in accordance with CSA 55.1.				
	CSA 55.1-2012 Test method for measuring efficiency and pressure				
	loss of drain water heat recovery units CSA 55.2-2012 Drain water				
	heat recovery units				
CE283-13,	Section(s): C404.7 (NEW), Table C407.5.1(1), Chapter 5, R403.4.3		Х		
•	(NEW) (N1103.5 (NEW)), Chapter 5, IRC P2903.11 (NEW)		^		
Part II	R403.4.3 (N1103.4.3) Drain water heat recovery units. Drain water				
	heat recovery units shall comply with CSA 55.2. Drain water heat				
	recovery units shall be in accordance with CSA 55.1. Potable water-				
	side pressure loss of drain water heat recovery units shall be less than				
	3 psi (20.7 kPa) for individual units connected to one or two showers.				
	Potable water-side pressure loss of drain water heat recovery units				
	shall be less than 2 psi (13.8 kPa) for individual units connected to				
	three or more showers.				
	CSA 55.1-2012 Test method for measuring efficiency and pressure				
	loss of drain water heat recovery units CSA 55.2-2012 Drain water				
05000.10	heat recovery units				
CE283-13,	Section(s): C404.7 (NEW), Table C407.5.1(1), Chapter 5, R403.4.3		Χ		
Part III	(NEW) (N1103.5 (NEW)),				
	Chapter 5, IRC P2903.11 (NEW)				
	P2903.11 Drain water heat recovery units. Drain water heat recovery				
	units shall be in accordance with Section N1103.4.3			.,	
CE284-13	Section(s): C404.8 (NEW), C408.1, C408.2, C408.2.3.2, C408.2.4,			X	
	C408.2.4.1, C408.2.5.2, C408.2.5.4				
	C404.8 Service water heating systems commissioning and completion				
	requirements. Service water heating systems, swimming pool water				
	heating systems, spa water heating systems and the controls for				
	those systems shall be commissioned and completed in accordance				
	with Section C408.2.				
	C408.2 Mechanical systems and <u>service water heating systems</u>				
	commissioning and completion requirements. Prior to passing the				
	final mechanical <u>and plumbing</u> inspections, the registered design				
	professional shall provide evidence of mechanical systems and service				
	water heating systems commissioning and completion in accordance				
	with the provisions of this section. Construction document notes shall				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	200.000		1	
	clearly indicate provisions for commissioning and completion				
	requirements in accordance with this section and are permitted to				
	refer to specifications for further requirements. Copies of all				
	documentation shall be given to the owner and made available to the				
	code official upon request in accordance with Sections C408.2.4 and				
	C408.2.5.				
	C408.2.3.2 Controls. HVAC and service water heating control systems				
	shall be tested to document that control devices, components,				
	equipment, and systems are calibrated, adjusted and operate in				
	accordance with approved plans and specifications. Sequences of				
	operation shall be functionally tested to document they operate in				
	accordance with approved plans and specifications.				
	C408.2.4 Preliminary commissioning report. A preliminary report of				
	commissioning test procedures and results shall be completed and				
	certified by the registered design professional or approved agency				
	and provided to the building owner. The report shall be organized				
	with mechanical and service hot water findings in separate sections to				
	allow independent review. The report shall be identified as				
	"Preliminary Commissioning Report" and shall identify: 1. Itemization				
	of deficiencies found during testing required by this section that have				
	not been corrected at the time of report preparation. 2. Deferred				
	tests that cannot be performed at the time of report preparation				
	because of climatic conditions. 3. Climatic conditions required for				
	performance of the deferred tests.				
	C408.2.4.1 Acceptance of report. Buildings, or portions thereof, shall				
	not pass the final mechanical and plumbing inspections, until such				
	time as the code official has received a letter of transmittal from the				
	building owner acknowledging that the building owner has received				
	the Preliminary Commissioning Report. C408.2.5.2 Manuals. An				
	operating and maintenance manual shall be provided and include all of the following: 1. Submittal data stating equipment size and				
	selected options for each piece of equipment requiring maintenance.				
	Manufacturer's operation manuals and maintenance manuals for				
	each piece of equipment requiring maintenance, except equipment				
	not furnished as part of the project. Required routine maintenance				
	actions shall be clearly identified. 3. Name and address of at least one				
	service agency. 4. HVAC and service hot water controls system				
	maintenance and calibration information, including wiring diagrams,				
	schematics, and control sequence descriptions. Desired or field				
	determined setpoints shall be permanently recorded on control				
	drawings at control devices or, for digital control systems, in system				
	programming instructions. 5. A narrative of how each system is				
	intended to operate, including recommended setpoints.				
	C408.2.5.4 Final commissioning report. A report of test procedures				
	and results identified as "Final Commissioning Report" shall be				
	delivered to the building owner and shall include. The report shall be				
	organized with mechanical system and service hot water system				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			1	
	findings in separate sections to allow independent review. The report				
	shall include the following: 1. Results of functional performance tests.				
	2. Disposition of deficiencies found during testing, including details of				
	corrective measures used or proposed. 3. Functional performance				
	test procedures used during the commissioning process including				
	measurable criteria for test acceptance, provided herein for				
	repeatability.				
CE285-13,	Section(s): C202, C405.1, R202 (IRC N1109.1) R404.1 (IRC N1104.1)		Х		
Part I	C405.1 General (Mandatory). This section covers lighting system				
raiti	controls, the connection of ballasts, the maximum lighting power for				
	interior applications, electrical energy consumption, and minimum				
	acceptable lighting equipment for exterior applications.				
	Exception: Dwelling units within commercial buildings shall not be				
	required to comply with Sections C405.2 through C405.5 provided				
	that they comply with Section R404.1. not less than 75 percent of the				
	permanently installed light fixtures, other than low voltage lighting,				
	shall be fitted for, and contain only, high efficacy lamps.				
CE287-13	Section(s): C202 (New), C405.2, C405.2.1, C405.2.1.1, C405.2.2,		Х		
	C405.2.2.1, C405.2.1.1, C405.2.1.2,				
	C405.2.2, C405.2.2.1, C405.2.2.3, C405.2.2.3.1, C405.2.2.3.2,				
	C405.2.2.3.3, C405.2.3, C405.2.4				
	The lighting control section needed to be reorganized into a more				
	logical format. The rearrangement will eliminate much confusion.				
CE290-13	Section(s): C405.2.2				
	C405.2.2 Additional lighting controls. Each area that is required to				
	have a manual control shall also have controls that meet the		Х		
	requirements of Sections C405.2.2.1, C405.2.2.2 and C405.2.2.3.		^		
	Exception: Additional lighting controls need not be provided in the				
	following spaces: 1. Sleeping units. 2. Spaces where patient care is				
	directly provided. 3. Spaces where an automatic shutoff would				
	endanger occupant safety or security. 4. Lighting intended for				
	continuous operation 5. Shop and laboratory classrooms.				
CE292-13	Section(s): C405.2.2.2			*X	*Not
	C405.2.2.2 Occupancy sensors. Occupancy sensors shall be installed in				applica
	all classrooms,				ble to
	conference/meeting rooms, employee lunch and break rooms,				
	private offices, restrooms, warehouse spaces, storage rooms and				the
	janitorial closets, and other spaces 300 square feet (28 m2) or less				building
	enclosed by floor-to-ceiling height partitions. These automatic control				types in
	devices shall be installed to automatically turn off lights within 30				this
	minutes of all occupants leaving the space, and shall either be manual				study
	on or shall be controlled to automatically turn the lighting on to not				
	more than 50 percent power.				
CE294-13	Section(s): C202, Figure C405.1 (NEW), Figure C405.2 (NEW),			Х	
	C405.2.2.3, C405.2.2.3.1 (NEW),				
	C405.2.2.3.2 (NEW), C405.2.2.3.3 (NEW), Figure C405.3 (NEW), Figure				
	C405.4 (NEW)				

Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Impact								
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY Sub Code:	2015 IECC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*			
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	C405.2.2.3 Daylight zone control. Daylight zones shall be designed							
	such that lights in the daylight zone are controlled independently of							
	general area lighting and are controlled in accordance with either Section C405.2.2.3.1 or Section C405.2.2.3.2. Each daylight control							
	zone shall not exceed 2,500 square feet (232 m2). Contiguous							
	daylight zones adjacent to vertical fenestration are allowed to be							
	controlled by a single controlling device provided that they do not							
	include zones facing more than two adjacent cardinal orientations							
	(i.e., north, east, south, west). Daylight zones under skylights more							
	than 15 feet (4572 mm) from the perimeter shall be controlled							
	separately from daylight zones adjacent to vertical fenestration.							
	C405.2.2.3 Daylight responsive controls. Daylight responsive controls							
	complying with Section C405.2.2.3.1 shall be provided to control the							
	electric lights within daylight zones in the following spaces: 1. Spaces							
	with a total of more than 150 watts of general lighting within sidelight							
	daylight zones complying with Section C405.2.2.3.2. General lighting							
	does not include lighting that is required to have specific application							
	control in accordance with Section C405.2.3. 2. Spaces with a total of							
	more than 150 watts of general lighting within toplight daylight zones							
	complying with Section C405.2.2.3.3. Exceptions: Daylight responsive							
	controls are not required for the following: 1. Spaces in health care							
	facilities where patient care is directly provided. 2. Dwelling units and							
	sleeping units. 3. Lighting that is required to have specific application							
	control in accordance with Section C405.2.3. C405.2.2.3.1 Daylight							
	responsive control function. Where required, daylight responsive							
	controls shall be provided within each space for control of lights in							
	that space and shall comply with all of the following: 1. Lights in							
	toplight daylight zones in accordance with Section C405.2.2.3.3 shall							
	be controlled independently of lights in sidelight daylight zones in							
	accordance with Section C405.2.2.3.2; 2. Daylight responsive controls							
	within each space shall be configured so that they can be calibrated							
	from within that space by authorized personnel; 3. Calibration							
	mechanisms shall be readily accessible; 4. When located in offices,							
	classrooms, laboratories, and library reading rooms, daylight							
	responsive controls shall dim lights continuously from full light output							
	to 10 percent of full light output or lower; 5. Daylight responsive							
	controls shall be capable of a complete shut off of all controlled lights;							
	and 6. Lights in sidelight daylight zones in accordance with Section							
	C405.2.2.3.2 facing different cardinal orientations (i.e. within 45							
	degrees of due north, east, south, west) shall be controlled							
	independently of each other. Exception: Up to 150 watts of lighting in							
	each space is permitted to be controlled together with lighting in a							
	daylight zone facing a different cardinal orientation. C405.2.2.3.2							
	Sidelight daylight zone. The sidelight daylight zone is the floor area							
	adjacent to vertical fenestration which complies with all of the							
	following: 1. Where the fenestration is located in a wall, the daylight							
	zone shall extend laterally to the nearest full height wall, or up to 1.0							

Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Impact							
CODE CHANGE #	<u> </u>	2015 IECC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED		
		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*		
	Sub Code:						
	times the height from the floor to the top of the fenestration, and						
	longitudinally from the edge of the fenestration to the nearest full						
	height wall, or up to 2 feet (610 mm), whichever is less, as indicated						
	in Figure C405.1; 2. Where the fenestration is located in a rooftop						
	monitor, the daylight zone shall extend laterally to the nearest						
	obstruction that is taller than 0.7 times the ceiling height, or up to 1.0						
	times the height from the floor to the bottom of the fenestration,						
	whichever is less, and longitudinally from the edge of the fenestration						
	to the nearest obstruction that is taller than 0.7 times the ceiling						
	height, or up to 0.25 times the height from the floor to the bottom of						
	the fenestration, whichever is less, as indicated in Figures C405.2 and						
	C405.3; 3. The area of the fenestration is at least 24 square feet; 4.						
	The distance from the fenestration to any building or geological						
	formation which would block access to daylight is greater than the						
	height from the bottom of the fenestration to the top of the building						
	or geologic formation; and 5. Where located in existing buildings, the						
	visible transmittance of the fenestration is no less than 0.25.						
	C405.2.2.3.3 Toplight daylight zone. The toplight daylight zone is the						
	floor area underneath a roof fenestration assembly which complies						
	with all of the following: 1. The daylight zone shall extend laterally						
	and longitudinally beyond the edge of the roof fenestration assembly						
	to the nearest obstruction that is taller than 0.7 times the ceiling						
	height, or up to 0.7 times the ceiling height, whichever is less, as						
	indicated in Figure C405.4; 2. No building or geological formation						
	blocks direct sunlight from hitting the roof fenestration assembly at						
	the peak solar angle on the summer solstice; and 3. Where located in						
	existing buildings, the product of the visible transmittance of the roof						
	fenestration assembly and the area of the rough opening of the roof						
	fenestration assembly, divided by the area of the daylight zone is no						
	less than 0.008.						
CE299-13	Section(s): C405.2.3			Х	*Applic		
	C405.2.3 Specific application controls. Specific application controls				able		
	shall be provided for the following:						
	Display and accent light shall be controlled by a dedicated control				only to		
	which is independent of the				hotel		
	controls for other lighting within the room or space				building		
	2. Lighting in cases used for display case purposes shall be controlled				S		
	by a dedicated control which is independent of the controls for other						
	lighting within the room or space.						
	3. Hotel and motel sleeping units and guest suites shall have a master						
	control device at the main						
	room entry that controls all permanently installed luminaires and						
	switched receptacles that is capable of switching off all installed						
	luminaires and switched receptacles within 20 minutes after all						
	occupants leave the room.						
CE303-13	Section(s): C405.2.4		Х				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp				ESTIMATED
		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				L
	C405.2.4 Exterior lighting controls. Lighting not designated for dusk-				
	to-dawn operation shall be controlled by either a combination of a				
	photosensor and a time switch, or an astronomical time switch.				
	Lighting designated for dusk-to-dawn operation shall be controlled by				
	an astronomical time switch or photosensor. All time switches shall				
	be capable of retaining programming and the time setting during loss				
	of power for a period of at least 10 hours.				
	C405.2.4 Exterior lighting controls. Exterior lighting shall be controlled				
	by either an astronomical time switch or a photo sensor and a time				
	switch. Time switches shall be capable of retaining programming and				
	the time setting for at least 10 hours without power.				
CE304-13	Section(s): C405.2.4		Χ		
	C405.2.4 Exterior lighting controls. Lighting not designated for dusk-				
	to-dawn operation shall be controlled by either a combination of a				
	photosensor and a time switch, or an astronomical time switch.				
	Lighting designated for dusk-to-dawn operation shall be controlled by				
	an astronomical time switch or photosensor. All time switches shall				
	be capable of retaining programming and the time setting during loss				
	of power for a period of at least 10 hours				
	C405.2.4 Exterior lighting controls. Lighting for exterior applications				
	other than emergency lighting that is intended to be automatically off				
	during building operation, lighting specifically required to meet health				
	and life safety requirements or decorative gas lighting systems shall:				
	1. Be provided with a control that automatically turns off the lighting				
	as a function of available daylight. 2. Where lighting the building				
	façade or landscape the lighting shall have controls that automatically				
	shut off the lighting as a function of dawn/dusk and a set opening and				
	closing time. 3. Where not covered in Item 2 the lighting shall have				
	controls configured to automatically reduce the connected lighting				
	power by at least 30 percent from no later than 12 midnight to 6 a.m.				
	or from one hour after business closing to one hour before business				
	opening or during any period when no activity has been detected for				
	a time of no longer than 15 minutes. All time switches shall be able to				
	retain programming and the time setting during loss of power for a				
	period of at least ten hours				
CE308-13	Section(s): C405.3		Х		
	C405.3 Tandem wiring (Mandatory). The following luminaires located				
	within the same area shall be tandem wired: 1. Fluorescent				
	luminaires equipped with one, three or odd-numbered lamp				
	configurations, that are recess-mounted within 10 feet (3048 mm)				
	center-to-center of each other. 2. Fluorescent luminaires equipped				
	with one, three or any odd-numbered lamp configuration that are				
	pendant- or surface-mounted within 1 foot (305 mm) edge-to-edge of				
	each other.				
CE309-13	Section(s): C405.5.1		Х		
	C405.5.1 Total connected interior lighting power. The total connected				
	interior lighting power (watts) shall be the sum of the watts of all				

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IEC	CC COST I		ESTIMATED
		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	interior lighting equipment as determined in accordance with Sections C405.5.1.1 through C405.5.1.4 determined in accordance				
	with Equation 4-6.				
CE310-13	Section(s): C405.5.1, C405.5.3 (NEW), Table C405.5.2(1), Table C405.5.2(2) C405.5.1 Total connected interior lighting power. The total connected		Х		
	interior lighting power (watts) shall be the sum of the watts of all interior lighting equipment as determined in accordance with Sections C405.5.1.1 through C405.5.1.4.				
	C405.5.3 Additional interior lighting power. Where using the Space- by-Space Method, an increase in the interior lighting power allowance is permitted for specific lighting functions. Additional power shall be				
	permitted only where the specified lighting is installed and automatically controlled, separately from the general lighting, to be turned off during nonbusiness hours. This additional power shall be used only for the specified luminaires and shall not be used for any				
	other purpose.				
CE312-13	Section(s): C405.5.1 This proposal simplifies the exception to the interior lighting power in sleeping units. The definition of sleeping unit is such that there is no further need to delineate the building type in which the sleeping unit		Х		
	is located.				
CE314-13	Section(s): C405.5.1		Х		
	C405.5.1 Total connected interior lighting power. The total connected				
	interior lighting power (watts) shall be the sum of the watts of all				
	interior lighting equipment as determined in accordance with				
	Sections C405.5.1.1 through C405.5.1.4.				
	Exceptions: 11. Lighting approved because of safety or emergency				
CE24C 42	considerations, inclusive of exit lights. 15. Exit signs.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
CE316-13	Section(s): C405.5.2.1 (NEW), C405.5.2.2 (NEW), Table C405.5.2(2) The proposal does 3 things: 1. It moves the retail lighting exception from being a footnote at the end of a long table to a more prominent position in the text of the code directing the code users to the tables.		Х		
	2. It reformats the provision into a series of items which more clearly specify the requirements and limits of the exception. It allows the				
	equation to be numbered as all equations in the IECC are numbered. 3. It replaces the 'exception within the exception' to being a portion of the criteria – and properly identifies the code official as the person				
	who will approve the additional display lighting				
CE317-13	Section(s): C405.5.3 (New), Table C405.5.2(2)		Х		
	C405.5.3 Additional interior lighting power. Where using the Space-				
	by-Space Method, an increase in the interior lighting power allowance				
	is permitted for specific lighting functions. Additional power shall be permitted only where the specified lighting is installed and				
	automatically controlled, separately from the general lighting, to be				
	turned off during nonbusiness hours. This additional power shall be				

CODE CHANGE #		2015 IECC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	used only for the specified luminaires and shall not be used for any				
	other purpose.				
CE319-13	Section(s): C405.6, C405.6.1, C405.6.2		Х		
	C405.6 Exterior lighting (Mandatory). Where the power for exterior				
	lighting is supplied through the energy service to the building, all				
	exterior lighting, other than low-voltage landscape lighting, shall				
	comply with Sections C405.6.1 and C405.6.2				
	C405.6.1 Exterior building grounds lighting. All exterior building				
	grounds luminaires that operate at greater than 100 watts shall				
	contain lamps having a minimum efficacy of 60 lumens per watt				
	unless the luminaire is controlled by a motion sensor or qualifies for				
	one of the exceptions under Section C405.6.2.				
	C405.6.2 Exterior building lighting power. The total exterior lighting				
	power allowance for all exterior building applications is the sum of				
	the base site allowance plus the individual allowances for areas that are to be illuminated and are permitted in Table C405.6.2(2) for the				
	applicable lighting zone. Tradeoffs are allowed only among exterior				
	lighting applications listed in Table C405.6.2(2), Tradable Surfaces				
	section. The lighting zone for the building exterior is deter- mined				
	from Table C405.6.2(1) unless otherwise specified by the local				
	jurisdiction.				
CE320-13	Section(s): Table C405.6.2(1)		Х		
	The proposal clarifies the text in this cell of the table.				
CE322-13	Section(s): C405.7		Х		
	C405.7 Electrical energy consumption (mandatory). In buildings				
	having individual Every dwelling units, provisions shall be made to				
	determine the electrical energy consumed by each tenant by				
	separately metering individual dwelling units in Use Group R-2				
	buildings shall have a separate electrical meter.				
CE329-13	Section(s): C405.8 (NEW), Table C405.8 (NEW)			Х	
	C405.8 Electrical transformers (Mandatory). Electric transformers				
	shall meet the minimum efficiency requirements of Table C405.8 as				
	tested and rated in accordance with the test procedure listed in DOE				
	10 CFR 431. The efficiency shall be verified through certification under				
	an approved certification program or, where no certification program				
	exists, the equipment efficiency ratings shall be supported by data				
	<u>furnished by the transformer manufacturer.</u>				
CE331-13	Section(s): C405.8 (NEW), Table C405.8(1) (NEW), Table C405.8(2)			X	
	(NEW), C405.8(3) (NEW), Table C405.8(4) (NEW), Chapter 5				
	C405.8 Electrical motors (Mandatory). Electric motors shall meet the				
	minimum efficiency requirements of Tables C405.8 (1) through				
	C405.8 (4) when tested and rated in accordance with the DOE 10 CFR				
	431. The efficiency shall be verified through certification under an				
	approved certification program or, where no certification program exists, the equipment efficiency ratings shall be supported by data				
	furnished by the motor manufacturer.				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			1	
CE333-13	Section(s): C405 (NEW), C405.1 (NEW), C405.2 (NEW), Chapter 5			Х	
	C405 Vertical and horizontal transportation systems and equipment.				
	Vertical and horizontal transportation systems and equipment shall				
	comply with this section.				
	C405.1 Elevator cabs. For the luminaires in each elevator cab, not				
	including signals and displays, the sum of the lumens divided by the				
	sum of the watts shall be no less than 35 lumens per watt. Ventilation				
	fans in elevators that do not have their own air conditioning system				
	shall not consume more than 0.33 watts/cfm at the maximum rated				
	speed of the fan. Controls shall be provided that will de-energize				
	ventilation fans and lighting systems when the elevator is stopped,				
	unoccupied and with its doors closed for over 15 minutes.				
	C405.2 Escalators and moving walks. Escalators and moving walks				
	shall comply with ASME				
	A17.1/CSA B44 and shall have automatic controls configured to				
	reduce speed to the minimum permitted speed in accordance with				
	ASME A17.1/CSA B44 or applicable local code when not conveying				
	passengers.				
CE336-13	Section(s): C406.1.1 (NEW)		Х		
	C406.1 Requirements. Buildings shall comply with at least one of the				
	following: 1. Efficient HVAC Performance in accordance with Section				
	C406.2. 2. Efficient Lighting System in accordance with Section				
	C406.3. 3. On-Site Supply of Renewable Energy in accordance with				
	Section C406.4. C406.1.1. Tenant spaces. Except where an entire				
	building is in compliance with Section C406.4, individual tenant				
	spaces shall comply with either Section C406.2 or Section C406.3-				
	unless documentation can be provided that demonstrates compliance				
	with Section C406.4 for the entire building				
CE337-13	Section(s): C202 (New), C406.1, C406.2, Table C406.2(1), Table		Х		
	C406.2(2), Table C406.2(3), Table				
	C406.2(4), Table C406.2(5), Table C406.2(6), Table C406.2(7), C406.3,				
	C406.4, C406.5 (New), C406.6(New), C406.8 (New), C406.8.1 (New)				
	C406.1 Requirements. Buildings shall comply with at least one of the				
	following: 1. More efficient HVAC equipment performance in				
	accordance with Section C406.2. 2. Reduced efficient lighting power				
	density system in accordance with Section C406.3. 3. Enhanced				
	lighting controls in accordance with Section C406.4 4. On-site supply				
	of renewable energy in accordance with Section C406.5. <u>5. Provision</u>				
	of a dedicated outdoor air system for certain HVAC equipment in				
	accordance with Section C406.6. 6. High efficiency service water				
	heating in accordance with Section C406.8.				
	C406.2. More efficient HVAC equipment performance. Equipment				
	shall exceed the minimum efficiency requirements listed in Tables				
	C403.2.3(1) through 403.2.3(7) by 10 percent in addition to the				
	requirements of Section C403. Where multiple performance				
	requirements are provided, the equipment shall exceed all				
	requirements by 10 percent. Variable refrigerant flow systems shall				1

ODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp				ESTIMATE
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			1	
	exceed the energy efficiency provisions of ANSI/ASHRAE/IES 90.1 by				
	10 percent. Equipment not listed in Tables C403.2.3(1) through				
	403.2.3(7) shall be limited to 10 percent of the total building system				
	capacity.				
CE339-13	Section(s): C406.2, Table C406.2(7)		Х		
	C406.2 Efficient HVAC performance. Equipment shall meet the				
	minimum efficiency requirements of Tables C406.2(1) through				
	C406.2(7) C406.2(6) in addition to the requirements in Section C403.				
	This section shall only be used where the equipment efficiencies in				
	Tables C406.2(1) through C406.2(7) C406.2(6) are greater than the				
	equipment efficiencies listed in Table C403.2.3(1) through 403.2.3(7)				
	403.2.3(6) for the equipment type.				
CE345-13	Section(s): C407.4.1, C407.6		Х		
	C407.4.1 Compliance report. Compliance software tools shall				
	generate Permit submittals shall include a report that documents that				
	the proposed design has annual energy costs less than or equal to the				
	annual energy costs of the standard reference design. The compliance				
	documentation shall include the following information: 1. Address of				
	the building; 2. An inspection checklist documenting the building				
	component characteristics of the proposed design as listed in Table				
	C407.5.1(1). The inspection checklist shall show the estimated annual				
	energy consumption for both the standard reference design and the				
	proposed design; 3. Name of individual completing the compliance				
	report; and 4. Name and version of the compliance software tool.				
	C407.6 Calculation software tools. Calculation procedures used to				
	comply with this section shall be software tools capable of calculating				
	the annual energy consumption of all building elements that differ				
	between the standard reference design and the proposed design and				
	shall include the following capabilities. 1. Computer generation of the				
	standard reference design using only the input for the proposed				
	design. The calculation procedure shall not allow the user to directly modify the building component characteristics of the standard				
	reference design. 2. 1. Building operation for a full calendar year				
	(8,760 hours). 3. 2. Climate data for a full calendar year (8,760 hours)				
	and shall reflect approved coincident hourly data for temperature,				
	solar radiation, humidity and wind speed for the building location. 4.				
	3. Ten or more thermal zones. 5. 4. Thermal mass effects. 6. 5. Hourly				
	variations in occupancy, illumination, receptacle loads, thermostat				
	settings, mechanical ventilation, HVAC equipment availability, service				
	hot water usage and any process loads. 7. 6. Part-load performance				
	curves for mechanical equipment. 8. 7. Capacity and efficiency				
	correction curves for mechanical heating and cooling equipment. 9. 8.				
	Printed code official inspection checklist listing each of the proposed				
	design component characteristics from Table C407.5.1(1) determined				
	by the analysis to provide compliance, along with their respective				
	performance ratings (e.g., R-value, U-factor, SHGC, HSPF, AFUE, SEER,				
	EF, etc.).				

CODE CUANCE ::	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp				
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY			ESTIMATEI AMOUNT*	
	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
CE240.42				1	1
CE348-13	Section(s): Table C407.5.1(1) The modification is to provide the correct phrasing of "standard reference design". The proposal corrects the references and clarifies the footnote.		Х		
CE349-13	Section(s): C407.6.3 (NEW)		Х		
	C407.6.3 Exceptional calculation methods. When the simulation program does not model a design, material, or device of the proposed design, an exceptional calculation method shall be used where approved by the code official. Where there are multiple designs, materials, or devices that the simulation program does not model, each shall be calculated separately and exceptional savings determined for each. At no time shall the total exceptional savings constitute more than half of the difference between the baseline building performance and the proposed building performance. All applications for approval of an exceptional method shall include: 1. Step-by-step documentation of the exceptional calculation method performed detailed enough to reproduce the results; 2. Copies of all spreadsheets used to perform the calculations; 3. A sensitivity analysis of energy consumption when each of the input parameters is varied from half to double the value assumed; 4. The calculations shall be performed on a time step basis consistent with the simulation program used; 5. The performance rating calculated with and without the exceptional calculation method.				
CE351-13	Section(s): C408.2, C408.2.1, C408.2.2.1, C408.2.2.2, C408.3.1 The proposal provides editorial clean up to the provisions and use of appropriate terminology		Х		
CE352-13	Section(s): C408.2 C408.2 Mechanical systems commissioning and completion requirements. Prior to passing the final mechanical inspection, the registered design professional shall provide evidence of mechanical systems commissioning and completion in accordance the provisions of this section. Construction document notes shall clearly indicate provisions for commissioning and completion requirements in accordance with this section and are permitted to refer to specifications for further requirements. Copies of all documentation shall be given to the owner and made available to the code official upon request in accordance with Sections C408.2.4 and C408.2.5.		X		
CE353-13	Section(s): C408.2 C408.2 Mechanical systems commissioning and completion requirements. Prior to passing the final mechanical inspection, the registered design professional shall provide evidence of mechanical systems commissioning and completion in accordance the provisions of this section. Construction document notes shall clearly indicate provisions for commissioning and completion requirements in accordance with this section and are permitted to refer to specifications for further requirements. Copies of all documentation		Х		

ODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp				ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	shall be given to the owner and made available to the code official upon request in accordance with Sections C408.2.4 and C408.2.5.				
	Exceptions: The following systems are exempt from the commissioning requirements: 1. Mechanical systems in buildings				
	where the total mechanical equipment capacity is less than 480,000 Btu/h (140 690 W) cooling capacity and 600,000 Btu/h (175 860 W)				
	heating capacity. 2. Systems included in Section C403.3 that serve				
	<u>individual</u> dwelling units and sleeping units in hotels, motels, boarding houses or similar units				
CE354-13	Section(s): C408.2.2.1		Х		
	C408.2.2.1 Air system balancing. Each supply air outlet and zone terminal device shall be equipped with means for air balancing in				
	accordance with the requirements of Chapter 6 of the International Mechanical Code. Discharge dampers <u>used for air system balancing</u>				
	are prohibited on constant volume fans and variable volume fans with motors 10 hp (18.6 kW) and larger. Air systems shall be balanced in a				
	manner to first minimize throttling losses then, for fans with system				
	power of greater than 1 hp (0.74 kW), fan speed shall be adjusted to meet design flow conditions.				
CE356-13	Section(s): C408.2.5.2			Х	
	C408.2.5.2 Manuals. An operating and maintenance manual shall be				
	provided and include all of the following:				
	 Submittal data stating equipment size and selected options for each piece of equipment requiring maintenance. 				
	Manufacturer's operation manuals and maintenance manuals for				
	each piece of equipment requiring maintenance, except equipment				
	not furnished as part of the project. Required routine maintenance				
	actions shall be clearly identified.				
	3. Name and address of at least one service agency.				
	4. HVAC controls system maintenance and calibration information,				
	including wiring diagrams, schematics, and control sequence				
	descriptions. Desired or field-determined setpoints shall be				
	permanently recorded on control drawings at control devices or, for digital control systems, in system programming instructions.				
	5. Submittal data indicating all selected options for each piece of				
	lighting equipment and lighting controls.				
	6. Operation and maintenance manuals for each piece of lighting				
	equipment. Required routine maintenance actions, cleaning and				
	recommended relamping shall be clearly identified.				
	7. A schedule for inspecting and recalibrating all lighting controls.				
	8. A narrative of how each system is intended to operate, including				
CE2E7 12	recommended setpoints.				
CE357-13	Section(s): C408.3.1 C408.3.1 Functional testing. Testing shall ensure that control			X	
	hardware and software are calibrated, adjusted, programmed and in				
	proper working condition in accordance with the construction				
	documents and manufacturer's installation instructions. The				

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE CHANGE #	•	2015 IECC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	construction documents shall state the party who will conduct the				
	required functional testing. Where required by the code official, an				
	approved party individual independent from the design or				
	construction of the project shall be responsible for the functional				
	testing and shall provide documentation to the code official certifying				
	that the installed lighting controls meet the provisions of Section				
	C405. Where occupant sensors, time switches, programmable				
	schedule controls, photosensors or daylighting controls are installed,				
	the following procedures shall be performed: 1. Confirm that the				
	placement, sensitivity and time-out adjustments for occupant sensors				
	yield acceptable performance. 1.1. For projects with up to seven				
	occupancy sensors, all occupancy sensors shall be tested 1.2. For				
	projects with more than seven the following shall be verified: 1.2.1.				
	Status indicator (as applicable) operates correctly 1.2.2. The				
	controlled lights turn off or down to the permitted level within the				
	required time, 1.2.3. For auto-on occupant sensors, the lights do turn				
	on to the permitted level when someone enters the space, 1.2.4. For				
	manual on sensors, the lights turn on only when manually activated				
	1.2.5. The lights are not incorrectly turned on by movement in nearby				
	areas or by HVAC operation 2. Confirm that the time switches and				
	programmable schedule controls are programmed to turn the lights				
	off. 3. Confirm that all control devices for daylight controls have been				
	properly located, field-calibrated, and set for design set points and				
	threshold light levels. All daylight control devices shall only be readily				
	accessible to authorized personnel. the placement and sensitivity				
	adjustments for photosensor controls reduce electric light based on				
CE362-13,	the amount of usable daylight in the space as specified				
Part I	Section(s): C403.2.5 (New), R403.2 (New) (IRC N1103.2 (New)) C403.2.5 Hot water boiler outdoor temperature setback control. Hot		Х		
Parti	water boilers that supply heat to the building through one- or two-				
	pipe heating systems shall have an outdoor setback control that				
	lowers the boiler water temperature based on the outdoor				
	temperature.				
CE362-13,	Section(s): C403.2.5 (New), R403.2 (New) (IRC N1103.2 (New))		Х		
Part II	R403.2 (N1103.2) Hot water boiler outdoor temperature setback. Hot		^		
1 die ii	water boilers that supply heat to the building through one- or two-				
	pipe heating systems shall have an outdoor setback control that				
	lowers the boiler water temperature based on the outdoor				
	temperature.				
CE363-13	Section(s): C404.3		Х		
	C404.3 Temperature controls. Service water-heating equipment shall				
	be provided with controls to allow a setpoint of 110°F (43°C) for				
	equipment serving dwelling units and 90°F (32°C) for equipment				
	serving other occupancies. The outlet temperature of lavatories in				
	public facility rest rooms shall be limited to 110°F (43°C).				
RE3-13	Section(s): R103.2 (IRC N1101.8)		Х		

Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Impact ODE CHANGE # 2015 IECC COST IMPACT ESTIM								
LODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*			
	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	IIIcicase				
	R103.2 (N1101.8) Information on construction documents.				1			
	Construction documents shall be drawn to scale upon suitable							
	material. Electronic media documents are permitted to be submitted							
	when approved by the code official. Construction documents shall be							
	of sufficient clarity to indicate the location, nature and extent of the							
	work proposed, and show in sufficient detail pertinent data and							
	features of the building, systems and equipment as herein governed.							
	Details shall include, but are not limited to, as applicable, insulation							
	materials and their R-values; fenestration U-factors and SHGCs; area-							
	weighted U-factor and SHGC calculations; mechanical system design							
	criteria; mechanical and service water heating system and equipment							
	types, sizes and efficiencies; economizer description; equipment and							
	systems controls; fan motor horsepower (hp) and controls ; duct							
	sealing, duct and pipe insulation and location; lighting fixture							
	schedule with wattage and control narrative; and air sealing details.							
RE91-13	Section(s): R402.4.1.2 (IRC N1102.4.1.2), Chapter 5		Х					
	R402.4.1.2 (N1102.4.1.2) Testing. The building or dwelling unit shall		^					
	be tested and verified as having an air leakage rate of not exceeding 5							
	air changes per hour in Climate Zones 1 and 2, and 3 air changes per							
	hour in Climate Zones 3 through 8. Testing shall be conducted <u>in</u>							
	accordance with ASTM E 779 or ASTM E 1827 with a blower door and							
	reported at a pressure of 0.2 inches w.g. (50 Pascals). Where required							
	by the code official, testing shall be conducted by an approved third							
	party. A written report of the results of the test shall be signed by the							
	party conducting the test and provided to the code official. Testing							
	shall be performed at any time after creation of all penetrations of							
	the building thermal envelope. During testing: 1. Exterior windows							
	and doors, fireplace and stove doors shall be closed, but not sealed,							
	beyond the intended weatherstripping or other infiltration control							
	measures; 2. Dampers including exhaust, intake, makeup air,							
	backdraft and flue dampers shall be closed, but not sealed beyond							
	intended infiltration control measures; 3. Interior doors, if installed at							
	the time of the test, shall be open; 4. Exterior doors for continuous							
	ventilation systems and heat recovery ventilators shall be closed and							
	sealed; 5. Heating and cooling systems, if installed at the time of the							
	test, shall be turned off; and 6. Supply and return registers, if installed							
	at the time of the test, shall be fully open. Add new reference							
	standards.							
RE105-13	Section(s): R403.1.1 (IRC N1103.1.1)		Х					
	R403.1.1 (N1103.1.1) Programmable thermostat. Where the primary							
	heating system is a forced air furnace, at least one thermostat per							
	The thermostat controlling the primary heating or cooling system of							
	the dwelling unit shall be capable of controlling the heating and							
	cooling system on a daily schedule to maintain different temperature							
	set points at different times of the day. This thermostat shall include							
	the capability to set back or temporarily operate the system to							
	maintain zone temperatures down to 55°F (13°C) or up to 85°F (29°C).							

CODE CHANGE #		1	CC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATE
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	The thermostat shall initially be programmed with a heating				
	temperature set point no higher than 70°F (21°C) and a cooling				
	temperature set point no lower than 78°F (26°C).				
RE107-13	Section(s): R403.2.1 (IRC N1103.2.1)		Х		
	R403.2.1 (N1103.2.1) Insulation (Prescriptive). Supply and return ducts				
	in attics shall be insulated to a minimum of R-8. All other ducts Supply				
	and return ducts in other portions of the building shall be insulated to				
	a minimum of R-6.				
RE109-13	Section(s): R403.2 (IRC N1103.2), R403.2.2 (IRC N1103.2.2), R403.2.3		Х		
	(NEW) (IRC N1103.2.3				
	(NEW)), R403.2.4 (NEW) (IRC N1103.2.4 (NEW))				
	R403.2 (N1103.2) Ducts. Ducts and air handlers shall be in accordance				
	with Sections R403.2.1 through R403.2.3				
	R403.2.5. R403.2.2 (N1103.2.2) Sealing (Mandatory). Ducts, air				
	handlers, and filter boxes shall be sealed. Joints and seams shall				
	comply with either the International Mechanical Code or				
	International Residential Code, as applicable.				
	Duct tightness shall be verified by either of the following: 1.				
	Postconstruction test: Total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4				
	cfm (113.3 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29 m2) of conditioned floor				
	area when tested at a pressure differential of 0.1 inches w.g. (25 Pa)				
	across the entire system, including the manufacturer's air handler				
	enclosure. All register boots shall be taped or otherwise sealed during				
	the test. 2. Rough-in test: Total leakage shall be less than or equal to 4				
	cfm (113.3 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29 m2) of conditioned floor				
	area when tested at a pressure differential of 0.1 inches w.g. (25 Pa)				
	across the system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure.				
	All registers shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test. If the air handler is not installed at the time of the test, total leakage shall				
	be less than or equal to 3 cfm (85 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29				
	m2) of conditioned floor area. Exception: The total leakage test is not				
	required for ducts and air handlers located entirely within the				
	building thermal envelope.				
	R403.2.3 (N1103.2.3) Duct testing (Mandatory). Ducts shall be				
	pressure tested to determine air leakage by one of the following				
	methods: 1. Postconstruction test: Total leakage shall be measured				
	with a pressure differential of 0.1 inches w.g. (25 Pa) across the entire				
	system, including the manufacturer's air handler enclosure. All				
	register boots shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test. 2.				
	Rough-in test: Total leakage shall be measured with a pressure				
	differential of 0.1 inches w.g. (25 Pa) across the system, including the				
	manufacturer's air handler enclosure if installed at the time of the				
	test. All registers shall be taped or otherwise sealed during the test.				
	R403.2.4 (N1103.2.4) Duct leakage (Prescriptive). The total leakage of				
	the ducts, where measured in accordance with Section R403.2.3, shall				
	be as follows: 1. Postconstruction test: The total leakage shall be less				
	than or equal to 4 cfm (113.3 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29 m2) of				

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp				T -	
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY		C COST I		ESTIMATEI AMOUNT*	
	Cult Code:	Decrease	None	Increase	AIVIOOIVI	
	Sub Code:			T	T	
	conditioned floor area. 2. Rough-in test: The total leakage shall be less					
	than or equal to 4 cfm (113.3 L/min) per 100 square feet (9.29 m2) of					
	conditioned floor area where the air handler is installed at the time of					
	the test. Where the air handler is not installed at the time of the test,					
	the total leakage shall be less than or equal to 3 cfm (85 L/min) per					
	100 square feet (9.29 m2) of conditioned floor area. R403.2.3					
	R403.2.5 (N1103.2.3 N1103.2.5) Building cavities (Mandatory).					
	Building framing cavities shall not be used as ducts or plenums.					
RE111-13	Section(s): R403.2.2 (IRC N1103.2.2)		Χ			
	R403.2.2 (N1103.2.2) Sealing (Mandatory). Ducts, air handlers, and					
	filter boxes shall be sealed. Joints and seams shall comply with either					
	the International Mechanical Code or International Residential Code,					
	as applicable.					
	Exceptions: 1. Air-impermeable spray foam products shall be					
	permitted to be applied without additional joint seals. 2. Where a					
	duct connection is made that is partially inaccessible, three screws or					
	rivets shall be equally spaced on the exposed portion of the joint so as					
	to prevent a hinge effect. 3. Continuously welded and locking-type					
	longitudinal joints and seams in ducts operating at static pressures					
	less than 2 inches of water column (500 Pa) pressure classification					
	shall not require additional closure systems. For ducts having a static					
	pressure classification of less than 2 inches of water column (500 Pa),					
	additional closure systems shall not be required for continuously					
	welded joints and seams, and locking-type joints and seams of other					
	than the snap-lock and button-lock types.					
RE117-13	Section(s): R403.2.2 (IRC N1103.2.2)		Х			
	Reversing the order of the required testing options places the first					
	option in a preferential position,					
RE118-13	Section(s): R403.2.2 (IRC N1103.2.2)		Χ			
	Reversing the order of the required testing options places the first					
	option in a preferential position,					
RE125-13,	Section(s): R403.4.1 (IRC N1103.4.1), R403.4.1.1 (NEW) (IRC		Х			
Part I	N1103.4.1.1 (NEW)),					
	R403.4.1.2 (NEW) (IRC N1103.4.1.2 (NEW)), Chapter 5,					
	IPC [E] 607.2.1, [E] 607.2.1.1 (NEW), [E] 607.2.1.1.1 (NEW), [E]					
	607.2.1.1.2 (NEW),					
	IPC Chapter 14, IRC P2905 (NEW), IRC P2905.1 (NEW)					
	R403.4.1 (IRC N1103.4.1) Circulating hot Heated water circulation and					
	temperature maintenance systems (Mandatory). Circulating hot					
	water systems shall be provided with an automatic or readily					
	accessible manual switch that can turn off the hot-water circulating					
	pump when the system is not in use. Heated water circulation					
	systems shall be in accordance with Section R403.4.1.1. Heat trace					
	temperature maintenance systems shall be in accordance with					
	Section R403.4.1.2. Automatic controls, temperature sensors and					
	pumps shall be accessible. Manual controls shall be readily accessible.					

CODE CHANGE #			CC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATE
	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT'
	Sub Code:	<u> </u>			
	R403.4.1.1 (IRC N1103.4.1.1) Circulation systems. Heated water				
	circulation systems shall be provided with a circulation pump. The				
	system return pipe shall be a dedicated return pipe or a cold water				
	supply pipe. Gravity and thermo-syphon circulation systems shall be				
	prohibited. Circulation system pump controls shall be demand				
	activated. The controls shall start the pump upon sensing the				
	presence of a user of a fixture or appliance, receiving a signal from				
	the action of an action of a user of a fixture or appliance or sensing				
	the flow of heated water to a fixture or appliance. The controls shall				
	limit the water temperature increase in the return water piping to not				
	more than 10°F (5.6 °C) greater than the initial temperature of the				
	water in the return piping and shall limit the return water				
	temperature to 102ºF (38.9ºC).				
	R403.4.1.2 (IRC N1103.4.1.2) Heat trace systems. Electric heat trace				
	systems shall comply with IEEE 515.1. Controls for such systems shall				
	be able to automatically adjust the energy input to the heat tracing to				
	maintain the desired water temp				
RE125-13	Section(s): R403.4.1 (IRC N1103.4.1), R403.4.1.1 (NEW) (IRC		Χ		
	N1103.4.1.1 (NEW)),				
	R403.4.1.2 (NEW) (IRC N1103.4.1.2 (NEW)), Chapter 5,				
	IPC [E] 607.2.1, [E] 607.2.1.1 (NEW), [E] 607.2.1.1.1 (NEW), [E]				
	607.2.1.1.2 (NEW),				
	IPC Chapter 14, IRC P2905 (NEW), IRC P2905.1 (NEW)				
	[E] 607.2.1 Hot Heated water circulation and temperature				
	maintenance systems-controls. For other than Group R2, R3 and R4				
	occupancies that are 3 stories or less in height above grade plane,				
	automatic circulating hot water system pumps or heat trace shall be				
	arranged to be conveniently turned off, automatically or manually,				
	when the hot water system is not in operation. <u>Heated water</u>				
	circulation and temperature maintenance systems for Group R2, R3				
	and R4 occupancies that are 3 stories or less in height above grade				
	plane shall be in accordance with Section 607.2.1.1.				
	607.2.1.1 Group R2, R3 and R4 occupancies 3 stories or less. This				
	section shall apply to Group R2, R3 and R4 occupancies that are 3				
	stories or less in height above grade plane. Heated water circulation				
	systems shall be in accordance with Section 607.2.1.1.1. Heat trace				
	temperature maintenance systems shall be in accordance with				
	Section 607.2.1.1.2. Access to automatic controls, temperature				
	sensors and pumps shall be provided. Ready access to manual				
	<u>controls shall be provided.</u> 607.2.1.1.1 Circulation systems. Heated water circulation systems				
	shall be provided with a circulation pump. The system return pipe				
	shall be a dedicated return pipe or a cold water supply pipe. Gravity				
	and thermo-syphon circulation systems shall be prohibited.				
	Circulation system pump controls shall be demand activated. The				
	controls shall start the pump upon sensing the presence of a user of a				
	fixture or appliance, receiving a signal from the action of an action of				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp		CC COST I	МРАСТ	ESTIMATED
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			1	L
	a user of a fixture or appliance or sensing the flow of heated water to				
	a fixture or appliance. The controls shall limit the water temperature				
	increase in the return water piping to not more than 10°F (5.6 °C)				
	greater than the initial temperature of the water in the return piping				
	and shall limit the return water temperature to 102°F (38.9°C).				
	607.2.1.1.2 Heat trace systems. Electric heat trace systems shall				
	comply with IEEE 515.1. Controls for such systems shall be able to				
	automatically adjust the energy input to the heat tracing to maintain				
	the desired water temperature in the piping in accordance with the				
	times when heated water is used in the occupancy.				
RE-125,	Section(s): R403.4.1 (IRC N1103.4.1), R403.4.1.1 (NEW) (IRC		Х		
Part III	N1103.4.1.1 (NEW)),				
	R403.4.1.2 (NEW) (IRC N1103.4.1.2 (NEW)), Chapter 5,				
	IPC [E] 607.2.1, [E] 607.2.1.1 (NEW), [E] 607.2.1.1.1 (NEW), [E]				
	607.2.1.1.2 (NEW),				
	IPC Chapter 14, IRC P2905 (NEW), IRC P2905.1 (NEW)				
	P2905.1 Heated water systems. Heated water circulation and				
	temperature maintenance systems shall be in accordance with				
	Section N1103.4.1.				
RE129-13,	Section(s): R403.4.2 (IRC N1103.4.2), Table R403.4.2 (IRC Table		Х		
Part II	N1103.4.2), IPC [E]607.5,				
	IRC P2905 (NEW)				
	607.5 Pipe Insulation of piping. Hot water piping in automatic				
	temperature maintenance systems shall be insulated with not less				
	than 1 inch (25 mm) of insulation having a conductivity not exceeding				
	0.27 Btu per inch/h ◆ ft2 ◆ °F (1.53 W per 25 mm/m2 ◆ K). The first 8				
	feet (2438 mm) of hot water piping from a hot water-source that				
	does not have heat traps shall be insulated with 0.5 inch (12.7 mm) of				
	material having a conductivity not exceeding 0.27 Btu per inch/h ● ft2				
	• °F (1.53 W per 25 mm/m2 • K). For other than Group R2, R3 and R4				
	occupancies that are 3 stories or less in height above grade plane,				
	piping to the inlet of a water heater and piping conveying water				
	heated by a water heater shall be insulated in accordance with				
	Sections C404.5 of the International Energy Conservation Code. For				
	Group R2, R3 and R4 occupancies that are 3 stories or less in height				
	above grade plane, piping to the inlet of a water heater and piping				
	conveying water heated by a water heater shall be insulated in				
	accordance with Section R403.4.2 of the International Energy				
	Conservation Code				
RE132-13	Section(s): R403.4.2 (IRC N1103.4.2), Table R403.4.2 (IRC Table		Х		
	N1103.4.2)				
	R403.4.2 (N1103.4.2) Hot water pipe insulation (Prescriptive).				
	Insulation for hot water pipe with a minimum thermal resistance (R-				
	value) of R-3 shall be applied to the following: 1. Piping larger than				
	3/4 inch nominal diameter. 2. Piping serving more than one dwelling				
	unit. 3 . Piping from the water heater to kitchen outlets . 43. Piping				
	located outside the conditioned space. 54. Piping from the water				

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Imp				T
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IEC	CC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
RE136-13,	heater to a distribution manifold. 65. Piping located under a floor slab. 76. Buried piping. 87. Supply and return piping in recirculation systems other than demand recirculation systems. 9. Piping with run lengths greater than the maximum run lengths for the nominal pipe diameter given in Table R403.4.2. All remaining piping shall be insulated to at least R-3 or meet the run length requirements of Table R403.4.2. Section(s): R403.4.2 (NEW) (IRC N1103.4.2 (NEW)), IPC 202, IPC		X		
Part I	[E]607.2.1.1 (NEW), IRC P2905 (NEW), IRC P2905.1 (NEW), IRC P2905.1 (NEW) R403.4.2 (IRC N1101.4.2) Demand recirculation systems. A water distribution system having one or more recirculation pumps that pump water from a heated water supply pipe back to the heated water source through a cold water supply pipe shall be a demand recirculation water system. Pumps shall have controls that comply with both of the following: 1. The control shall start the pump upon receiving a signal from the action of a user of a fixture or appliance, sensing the presence of a user of a fixture or sensing the flow of hot or tempered water to a fixture fitting or appliance. 2. The control shall limit the water temperature increase in the cold water piping to not more than 10°F (5.6 °C) greater than the initial temperature of the water piping to 102°F (38.9 °C).				
RE136-13, Part II	Section(s): R403.4.2 (NEW) (IRC N1103.4.2 (NEW)), IPC 202, IPC [E]607.2.1.1 (NEW), IRC P2905 (NEW), IRC P2905.1 (NEW) [E] 607.2.1.1 Demand recirculation controls. This section shall apply only to Group R2, R3 and R4 occupancies that are 3 stories or less in height above grade plane. A water distribution system having one or more recirculation pumps that pump water from a heated water supply pipe back to the heated water source through a cold water supply pipe shall be a demand recirculation water system. Pumps shall have controls that comply with both of the following: 1. The control shall start the pump upon receiving a signal from the action of a user of a fixture or appliance, sensing the presence of a user of a fixture of the water to a fixture fitting or appliance. 2. The control shall limit the water temperature increase in the cold water piping to not more than 10°F (5.6 °C) greater than the initial temperature of the water in the piping and limits the temperature entering the cold water piping to 102°F (38.9°C).		X		
RE136-13, Part III	Section(s): R403.4.2 (IRC N1103.4.2), Table R403.4.2 (IRC Table N1103.4.2), IPC [E]607.5, IRC P2905 (NEW) P2905.1 Demand recirculation systems. Demand recirculation water systems shall be in accordance with Section N1103.4.2.		Х		
RE142-13	Section(s): R403.6 (IRC N1103.6)		Х		

	Table 2. 2015 IECC Changes Cost Impact									
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IECC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IE	CC COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED					
	2013 IECC CHANGE SUIVINART	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*					
	Sub Code:									
	R403.6 (N1103.6) Equipment sizing and efficiency rating (Mandatory). Heating and cooling equipment shall be sized in accordance with ACCA Manual S based on building loads calculated in accordance with ACCA Manual J or other approved heating and cooling calculation methodologies. New or replacement heating and cooling equipment shall have an efficiency rating equal to or greater than the minimum required by federal law for the geographic location where the equipment is installed									
RE167-13	Section(s): Table R405.5.2(1) (IRC Table B1105.5.2(1)) This proposal restores text from a cell inadvertently deleted by EC13-09/10. The modification simply makes the format of the text consistent with the remainder of the table.		Х							

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX C

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		2015 IPC COST IMPACT		ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:		ı		L
P1-12	Section(s): 202		Х		
	BACKFLOW PREVENTER. A <u>backflow prevention assembly</u> , a <u>backflow</u>				
	<u>prevention</u> device or other means <u>or method</u> to prevent backflow <u>into</u>				
	the potable water supply.				
P4-12	Section(s): 202		Х		
	Heat fusion is now a defined type of joint for plastic piping, and is				
	considered separate from welding because there is not any additional				
	filler material used in forming the joint. However, heat-fusion joints are				
	not mechanical joints and as such should be excluded from the				
	definition of mechanical joints.				
P5-12	Section(s): 202	Х			
	This code change revision will improve the code by providing greater				
	clarity. The code proposal revision will not add or delete any of the				
	current areas identified in the code. It will rearrange the items to				
	enhance the understanding that water supplies, storm sanitary and				
	storm sewers are located outside the structures. They are however				
	identified in the code and remain critical to the operation of structures.				
P7-12	Section(s): 202		Х		
	Public sewer. A common sewer directly controlled by public authority.				
	That part of the drainage system of pipes, installed and maintained by a				
	city, township, county, public utility company or other public entity, and				
	located on public property, in the street or in an approved dedicated				
	easement of public or community use.				
P9-12	Section(s): 202		Х		
	TOILET FACILITY. A room or space that contains not less than one water				
	closet and one lavatory.				
P10-12	Section(s): 202		Х		
	WASTE RECEPTOR. A floor sink, standpipe, hub drain or a floor drain that				
	receives the discharge of one or more indirect waste pipes.				
P11-12	Section(s): 202, 301.3, Chapter 13, Chapter 13 (New), Chapter 14 (New)		Х		
	Add new definitions as follows:				
	STORAGE TANK. A fixed container for holding water at atmospheric				
	pressure for subsequent reuse as part of a plumbing or irrigation				
	system.				
	RECLAIMED WATER. Non-potable water that has been derived from the				
	treatment of wastewater by a facility or system licensed or permitted to				
	produce water meeting the jurisdiction's water requirements for its				
	intended uses. Also known as "Recycled Water."				
	ONSITE NON-POTABLE WATER REUSE SYSTEMS. Water systems for the				
	collection, treatment, storage, distribution, and reuse of non-potable				
	water generated onsite, including but not limited to graywater systems. This definition does not include rainwater harvesting systems.				
	<u>-</u>				
	<u>DISTRIBUTION PIPE. Pressurized or non-pressure piping used within the plumbing system of a building to deliver rainwater or graywater from</u>				
	pidinonig system of a bunding to deliver raniwater of graywater from	I	1	1	İ

	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IF	C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	LOIS II C CHAIGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	COLLECTION PIPE. Unpressurized pipe used within the collection system				
	that drains onsite non-potable water or rainwater to a storage tank by				
	gravity.				
	ALTERNATE ON–SITE NON-POTABLE WATER. Non-potable water from				
	other than public utilities, onsite surface sources and subsurface natural				
	<u>freshwater sources</u> . Examples of such water are graywater, on-site				
	reclaimed water, collected rainwater, captured condensate, and				
	rejected water from reverse osmosis systems.				
	METER. A measuring device used to collect data and indicate water				
	usage.				
	RAINWATER. Water from natural precipitation.				
	NON-POTABLE WATER SYSTEMS: The sections shown to be added to the				
	code are from the IgCC. These sections really need to be in the IPC as				
	these subjects are more applicable to the IPC scope. Currently, the IPC				
	does not address different types of nonpotable water (other than gray				
	water) and therefore provides no guidance as to how nonpotable waters				
	are to be collected, stored and distributed. The current Chapter 13 only				
	deals with the use/reuse of gray water for the flushing of water closets				
	and urinals and subsurface irrigation. It is clarified that gray water and				
	rain water recycling systems must be separate systems and may not be interconnected. This proposal is submitted by the ICC Plumbing,				
	Mechanical and Fuel Gas Code Action Committee (PMGCAC) The				
	PMGCAC was established by the ICC Board of Directors to pursue				
	opportunities to improve and enhance an assigned International Code				
	or portion thereof. This includes both the technical aspects of the codes				
	as well as the code content in terms of scope and application of				
	referenced standards. Since its inception in July, 2011, the PMGCAC has				
	held 2 open meetings, multiple conference calls and multiple workgroup				
	calls which included members of the PMGCAC. Interested parties also				
	participated in all of the meetings and conference calls to discuss and				
	debate the proposed changes.				
P17-12	Section(s): 307.5		Х		
	Substitute as follows: 307.5 Protection of footings. Trenching installed				
	parallel to footings and walls shall not extend into the bearing plane of a				
	footing or wall. The upper boundary of the bearing plane is a line that				
	extends downward, at an angle of 45 degrees from horizontal, from the				
	outside bottom edge of the footing or wall.				
P19-12	Section(s): Table 308.5		Х		
	Revised: TABLE 308.5 HANGER SPACING				
	Mid-story guide For sizes 2 inches and smaller, a guide shall be installed				
	midway between required vertical supports. Such guides shall prevent				
	pipe movement in a direction perpendicular to the axis of the pipe.				
	What constitutes a "mid-story guide" and what is it supposed to do? The				
	current footnote doesn't clearly state a				
	requirement. What is the purpose of the guide and how limiting is the				
	guide supposed to be? The term mid-story seems out of context				
	considering that the intent of the footnote is to require a guide midway]	

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	L	I	L	L
	between vertical supports. The vertical supports don't necessarily				
	correspond to a support at each story. Stories can be any height. The				
	revised language provides the necessary information to make this				
	footnote clearly state the intent.				
P20-12	Section(s): 309.2		Х		
	This proposal simply moves the exception language below the list. It is				
	awkward and certainly confusing to have the exception placed between				
	the parent language "the following systems and equipment") and the				
	list. This change is editorial. ICC staff recommended deletion of "all" in				
	four locations.				
P26-12	Section(s): 403.1 (IBC [P] 2902.1)		Х		
	403.1 (IBC [P] 2902.1) Minimum number of fixtures. Plumbing fixtures				
	shall be provided for the type of occupancy and in the minimum number				
	as shown in Table 403.1 based upon the actual use of the building or				
	space. Types of occupancies Uses not shown in Table 403.1 shall be				
	considered individually by the code official. The number of occupants				
	shall be determined by the International Building Code. Occupancy				
	classification shall be determined in accordance with the International				
	Building Code.				
P30-12	Section(s): Table 403.1 (IBC [P]2902.1), 410.2 (New) (IBC 2902.6 (New))		Х		
	TABLE 403.1: MINIMUM NUMBER OF REQUIRED PLUMBING FIXTURES				
	The minimum number of required drinking fountains shall comply with				
	Table 403.1 and Chapter 11 of the International Building Code.				
	f. Drinking fountains are not required for an occupant load of 15 or				
D2E 42	fewer.				
P35-12	Section(s): 403.3 (IBC [P] 2902.3)		Х		
	Exceptions: Public toilet facilities shall not be required in:				
	1. Open or enclosed parking garages. Toilet facilities shall not be				
	required in parking garages where there are no parking attendants.				
	2. Structures and tenant spaces intended for quick transactions,				
	including take out, pick up and drop off, having a public access area less than or equal to 300 square feet.				
P38-12	Section(s): 403.4 (IBC [P]2902.4)		Х		
F 30-12	Signage. Required public facilities shall be <u>provided with designated by a</u>		^		
	legible				
	signs that for each designate the sex as required by Section 403.2. Signs				
	shall be readily visible and located near the entrance to each toilet				
	facility. Signs for accessible toilet facilities shall comply with Section				
	1110 of the International Building Code.				
P39-12	Section(s): 403.4.1 (IBC [P]2902.4.1)		Х		
	Directional signage. Directional signage indicating the route to the				
	required				
	public toilet facilities shall be posted in accordance with Section 3107 of				
	the International Building Code. Such signage shall be located in a lobby,				
	corridor, or aisle or similar space, such that it can be readily seen from				
	the main at the entrance to the building or tenant space. facilities for				
	customers, and visitors.				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				7
P42-12	Section(s): 404.2 (New), 404.3 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	404.2 Accessible fixture requirements. Accessible plumbing fixtures shall				
	be installed with the clearance, height, spacing, and arrangement in				
	accordance with ICC A117.1.				
	404.3 Exposed pipes and surfaces. Water supply and drain pipes under				
	accessible lavatories and sinks shall be covered or otherwise configured				
	to protect against contact . Pipe coverings shall comply with ASME				
	A112.18.9.				
	Add new standards to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASME				
	A112.18.9-2011 Protectors/Insulators for Exposed Waste and Supplies				
	on Accessible Fixtures				
	ICC				
	A117.1-2009 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities				
P46-12	Section(s): 406.1		Х		
	Water connection. The water supply to an automatic clothes washer				
	shall be protected against backflow by an air gap that is integral with				
	installed integrally within the machine or with the installation of a				
	backflow preventer shall be installed in accordance with Section 608. Air				
	gaps shall comply with ASME A112.1.3 or A112.1.2.				
P50-12	Section(s): 409.2		Х		
	Water connection. The water supply to a dishwashing machine shall be				
	protected against backflow by an air gap that is integral with the				
	machine or a backflow preventer shall be installed in accordance with				
	Section 608. Air gaps shall comply with ASME A112.1.3 or A112.1.2.				
P51-12	Section(s): 410.1, Chapter 14		Х		
	Approval. Drinking fountains shall conform to ASME A112.19.1/CSA				
	B45.2 or ASME				
	A112.19.2/CSA B45.1 and water coolers shall conform to ARI 1010.				
	Drinking fountains and water coolers shall conform to NSF 61, Section 9.				
	Electrically operated, refrigerated drinking water coolers shall be listed				
	and labeled in accordance with UL 399.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	UL				
	399-2008 Drinking-Water Coolers, with revisions through January 14,				
	<u>2011</u>				
P54-12	Section(s): 202, 410.3, 410.4		Х		
	Add new definitions as follows:				
	DRINKING FOUNTAIN. A plumbing fixture that is connected to the				
	potable water distribution system and the drainage system. The fixture				
	allows the user to obtain a drink directly from a stream of flowing water				
	without the use of any accessories.				
	WATER DISPENSER. A plumbing fixture that is manually controlled by				
	the user for the purpose of dispensing potable drinking water into a				
	receptacle such as a cup, glass or bottle. Such fixture is connected to the				
	potable water distribution system of the premises. This definition also				
	includes a freestanding apparatus for the same purpose that is not				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				1
	connected to the potable water distribution system and that is supplied				
	with potable water from a container, bottle or reservoir.				
	WATER COOLER. A drinking fountain that incorporates a means of				
	reducing the temperature of the water supplied to it from the potable				
	water distribution system.				
P57-12	Section(s): 413.1, Chapter 14		Х		
. 07	Approval. Domestic food waste grinders shall conform to ASSE 1008 and		^		
	shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 430. Food waste				
	grinders shall not increase the drainage fixture unit load on the sanitary				
	drainage system.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	UL				
	430-2009 Waste Disposers, with revisions through March 23, 2011				
P59-12	Section(s): 417.4.1		Х		
133 12	This is consistent with the language currently in the IRC. This adds the		^		
	missing requirement from the IPC that bath tubs and showers are				
	required to have non-absorbent floors, the same as the IRC currently				
	requires. This change also incorporates the term "corrosion resistant" in				
	place of "non-corrosive". The materials must be made of materials that				
	resist corrosion. This is consistent industry terminology used throughout				
	the I-codes.				
P63-12	Section(s): 420.1, Chapter 14		Х		
103 12	Approval. Water closets shall conform to the water consumption		^		
	requirements of Section 604.4 and shall conform to ANSI Z124.4, ASME				
	A112.19.2/CSA B45.1, ASME A112.19.3/CSA B45.4 or CSA B45.5. Water				
	closets shall conform to the hydraulic performance requirements of				
	ASME A112.19.2/CSA				
	B45.1. Water closet tanks shall conform to ANSI Z124.4, ASME				
	A112.19.2/CSA B45.1, ASME A112.19.3/CSA B45.4 or CSA B45.5. Electro-				
	hydraulic water closets shall comply with ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1.				
	Water closets equipped with a dual flushing device shall comply with				
	ASME A112.19.14.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASME				
	A112.19.14–2006(R2011) Six-Liter Water Closets Equipped with a Dual				
	Flushing Device				
P68-12	Section(s): 421.1		Х		
	Approval. Whirlpool bathtubs shall comply with ASME A112.19.7/CSA				
	B45.10 and shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL1795.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	UL				
	1795-2009 Hydromassage Bathtubs, including revisions through August				
	<u>23, 2011</u>				
P70-12	Section(s): 423.3 (New)		Х		
	Add new text as follows:				
	423.3 Footbaths, pedicure baths and head shampoo sinks. The water				
	supplied to specialty plumbing fixtures such as pedicure chairs having an				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:		1	L	7
	integral foot bath tub, footbaths, and head shampoo sinks, shall be				
	limited to a maximum temperature of 110 °F by a water temperature				
	limiting device that conforms to ASSE 1070 or CSA B125.3.				
P73-12	Section(s): 424.8		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	424.8 Transfer valves. Deck-mounted bath/shower transfer valves				
	containing an integral atmospheric vacuum breaker shall conform to the				
	requirements of ASME A112.18.7 A112.18.1/CSA B125.1.				
P75-12	Section(s): 501.3		Х		
	Drain valves. Drain valves for emptying shall be installed at the bottom				
	of each tank-type water heater and hot water storage tank. Drain valves				
	shall conform to ASSE 1005. The drain valve inlet shall be not less than ¾				
	inch nominal iron pipe size and the outlet shall be provided with male				
	garden hose threads.				
P80-12	Section(s): 504.6		Х		
	Requirements for discharge piping. The discharge piping serving a				
	pressure relief valve, temperature relief valve or combination thereof				
	shall:				
	10. Terminate not more than 6 inches (152 mm) above and not less than				
	two times the discharge pipe diameter above the floor or flood level rim				
	of a waste receptor flood level rim.				
P86-12	Section(s): 504.7.2		Х		
	Pan drain termination. The pan drain shall extend full-size and terminate				
	over a suitably located indirect waste receptor or floor drain or extend				
	to the exterior of the building and terminate not less than 6 inches (152				
	mm) and not more than 24 inches (610 mm) above the adjacent ground				
	surface. Where a pan drain was not previously installed, a pan drain				
	shall not be required for a replacement water heater installation.				
P87-12	Section(s): 601.5 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new text as follows:				
	601.5 Rehabilitation of piping systems. Where pressure piping systems				
	are rehabilitated using an epoxy lining system, such lining system shall				
	comply with ASTM F 2831.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASTM				
	F 2831-11 Standard Practice for Internal Non Structural Epoxy Barrier				
	Coating Material Used In Rehabilitation of Metallic Pressurized Piping				
D00 43	Systems Section (a), CO2, 2	1	.,		
P88-12	Section(s): 603.2		Х		
	Substitute as follows: Separation of water service and building sewer.				
	Where water service piping is located in the same trench with the				
	building sewer, such sewer shall be constructed of materials listed in				
	Table 702.2. Where the building sewer piping is not constructed of materials listed in				
	Where the building sewer piping is not constructed of materials listed in				
	Table 702.2, the water service pipe and the building sewer shall be				
	horizontally separated by not less than 5 feet (1524 mm) of undisturbed				
	or compacted earth. The required separation distance shall not apply		l		1

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	•	•	l	
	where a water service pipe crosses a sewer pipe, provided the water				
	service is sleeved to a point not less than 5 feet (1524 mm) horizontally				
	from the sewer pipe centerline on both sides of such crossing. The				
	sleeve shall be of pipe materials listed in Table 605.3, 702.2 or 702.3.				
	The required separation distance shall not apply where the bottom of				
	the water service pipe located within 5 feet (1524 mm) of the sewer is				
	not less than 12 inches (305 mm) above the highest point of the top of				
	the building sewer.				
P90-12	Section(s): Table 604.3		Х		
	WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DESIGN CRITERIA REQUIRED				
	CAPACITY AT FIXTURE SUPPLY PIPE OUTLETS				
	TABLE 604.3 WATER DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DESIGN CRITERIA REQUIRED				
	CAPACITY AT FIXTURE SUPPLY PIPE OUTLETS requires plumbing				
	distribution system design to achieve flow rates of at least 3 gpm for				
	showers, 2.5 gpm for sink faucets, and 2 gpm for lavatory faucets, all of				
	which are excessive as minimum requirements. The <i>minimum</i> flow rate				
	for a shower in this table is above the allowable <i>maximum</i> flow rate for				
	a showerhead as specified by Table 604.4 of this code and by the				
	nationwide standard that has been in effect for nearly 20 years.				
	Similarly, the minimum flow rate for lavatories does not distinguish				
	between public and private fixtures, and thus sets a minimum flow for				
	public lavatories that is in excess of the maximum flow allowable under				
	Table 604.4 of this code. And for residential sinks other than service				
	sinks, the minimum flow rate is again set higher than the allowable				
	maximum flow rate for a sink faucet as specified by Table 604.4. For applications at the low end of the acceptable range of water pressure,				
	these excessive minimum flow values tend to encourage the oversizing				
	of pipes leading to fixture outlets, leaving a larger volume of cooled hot				
	water to purge before use, and thus exacerbating the problem of the				
	energy and water lost while waiting for actual hot water to arrive at the				
	fixture. In some installations, these excessive minimum values may				
	require water pressure booster systems that might otherwise be				
	unnecessary. Under this proposal, public lavatories would be				
	distinguished from private lavatories, single-handle mixing valves for				
	private lavatories would be recognized, and the minimum flow rates for				
	lavatory, residential sink, and shower supply pipes would be adjusted				
	downward. Minimum flow rates for showers would be set at 2.5 gpm, or				
	such lower flow rate as would match the manufacturer's minimum rated				
	flow for the mixing valve to provide the level of thermal protection				
	prescribed by the industry standard. The minimum flow rate for a				
	residential sink, other than a service sink, would be set at 1.75 gpm,				
	which is 80 percent of the value of the maximum flow rate allowed by				
	this code under Table 604.4. The minimum flow rate for a public				
	lavatory would be set at 0.4 gpm, 80 percent of the value of the				
	maximum flow rate allowed by this code under Table 604.4. The				
	minimum flow rate for a private lavatory would be set at 0.8 gpm, which				1

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MDACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	mercuse	AWOONT
	is the minimum flow rate prescribed for private lavatory faucets by the			1	
	US EPA's WaterSense specification (version 1.0, October 2007).				
P93-12	Section(s): Table 604.5	Х			
1 33 12	Section 607.2 of the 2012 IPC limits the developed length of hot or				
	tempered water supply piping to 50 feet. The change recommended in				
	this proposal correlates Table 604 with Section 607.2. It will apply to				
	cold water as well as to hot or tempered water, which quite frankly is				
	fine from the perspective of minimizing pressure drop and maintaining				
	acceptable performance at the fixtures.				
P94-12	Section(s): Table 605.3, Table 605.4, 605.17 (New)		Х		
	CPVC/AL/CPVC pipe has been developed that is suitable for use as				
	potable water piping, both as water service pipe and water distribution				
	pipe. This product has been successfully used successfully on a limited				
	basis since 2007 based on NSF standard 61 and a special engineering				
	standard (SE) from NSF International. Including this product in the IPC				
	will recognize another plumbing pipe option for installers.				
P95-12	Section(s): Table 605.3, Table 702.2, Table 702.3, Table 702.4, 705.3,		Х		
	Table 1102.5				
	Asbestos cement pipe is no longer manufactured in North America. The				
	potential health issues associated with asbestos make this piping material unsuitable for use. The material needs to be removed from the				
	code.				
P97-12	Section(s): Table 605.5, Chapter 14		Х		
F 37-12	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:		_ ^		
	ASME				
	B16.51-2011 Copper and Copper Alloy Press-Connect Pressure Fittings				
P98-12	Section(s): Table 605.5, Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASME				
	B16.51-2011 Copper and Copper Alloy Press-Connect Pressure Fittings				
P99-12	Section(s): Table 605.5		Х		
	PIPE FITTINGS				
	The above proposal removes DWV fittings from Potable Water table to				
	benefit the end user. ASME B16.23 - Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint				
	Drainage Fittings - DWV and ASME B 16.29 - Wrought Copper and				
	Wrought Copper Alloy Solder Joint Drainage Fittings – DWV are				
	designed with short cup depth and ¼ inch per foot slope. Both Standards				
	are listed correctly under DWV fittings in Table 704.2 and Chapter 14				
D100 12	Reference Standards.		v		
P100-12	Section(s): Table 605.5 PIPE FITTINGS		Х		
	Adding standard ASTM F2769 (already in the code) to the pipe fittings				
	table because the standard includes fittings for PE-RT tubing. This				
	standard should have added to this table during the last cycle when the				
	standard was first introduced into the code for Tables 605.3 and 605.4.				
P101-12	Section(s): Table 605.5, Chapter 14		Х	1	

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	МРАСТ	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:		<u> </u>		7
	The materials currently listed in Table 605.5 do not fully represent the				
	materials being used for potable water systems in the industry. The				
	code is overly-restrictive with regard to pipe materials and does not				
	allow for the use of materials that offer improved mechanical and				
	electrochemical properties compared with allowed materials. The				
	additions of the standard materials will allows the use of high grade				
	materials that provide improved performance. Many of these materials				
	are also currently used in the International Mechanical Code and other				
	piping codes.				
P102-12	Section(s): Table 605.5		Х		
	ASME B16.12 removed as it is for threaded <i>drainage</i> fittings and is				
	inappropriate in a water distribution pipe fitting table.				
P104-12	Section(s): 605.15, 605.15.4 (New)		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	605.15.4 Press connect. Cut tube ends shall be reamed to the full inside				
	diameter of the tube end. Joint surfaces shall be cleaned. The tube shall				
	be fully inserted into the press connect fitting. Press connect joints shall				
	be pressed with a tool certified by the manufacturer.				
P105-12	Section(s): 605.15.3 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new text as follows:				
	605.15.3 Grooved and shouldered mechanical joints. Grooved and				
	shouldered mechanical joints shall comply with ASTM F1476, shall be				
	made with an approved elastomeric seal and shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Such joints shall be				
	permitted to be concealed.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows: ASTM				
	ASTM F1476-07 Specification for Performance of Gasketed Mechanical				
	Couplings for Use in Piping Applications				
P106-12	Section(s): 605.15.5 (New)		Х		
1100-12	Add new text as follows:		^		
	605.15.5 Press Connect Joints. Press connect joints shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Press-connect joints				
	shall conform to one of the standards listed in Table 605.5				
P107-12	Section(s): 605.16.2		Х		
. 107 11	Revise as follows:				
	605.16.2 Solvent cementing. Joint surfaces shall be clean and free from				
	moisture,. Joints shall be made in accordance with the pipe				
	manufacturer's installation instructions. Where such instructions require				
	and that an <i>approved</i> primer be used, the primer shall be applied to the				
	joint surfaces and a solvent cement,				
	orange in color and conforming to ASTM F 493, shall be applied to the				
	joint surfaces. Where such instructions allow for a one step solvent				
	cement, yellow in color and conforming to ASTM F 493, to be used, the				
	joint surfaces shall not require application of a primer before the solvent				
	<u>cement is applied</u> . The joint shall be made while the cement is wet and				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			1	1
	in accordance with ASTM D 2846 or ASTM F 493. Solvent cemented				
	joints shall be permitted above or below ground.				
P109-12	Section(s): 605.18.3 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new text as follows:				
	605.18.3 Grooved and shouldered mechanical joints. Grooved and				
	shouldered mechanical joints shall comply with ASTM F1476, shall be				
	made with an approved elastomeric seal and shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Such joints shall be				
	permitted to be concealed.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASTM				
	ASTM F1476-07 Specification for Performance of Gasketed Mechanical				
5445.45	Couplings for Use in Piping Applications		.,		
P112-12	Section(s): 605.2.1 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new text as follows:				
	605.2.1 Lead content of drinking water pipe and fittings. Pipe, pipe				
	fittings, joints, valves, faucets, and fixture fittings utilized to supply water for drinking or cooking purposes shall comply with NSF 372 and				
	shall have a weighted average lead content of 0.25 percent lead or less.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	NSF				
	372-2010 Drinking Water System Components - Lead Content				
P113-12	Section(s): 605.5		Х		
	Fittings. Pipe fittings shall be <i>approved</i> for installation with the piping				
	material installed and shall comply with the applicable standards listed				
	in Table 605.5. Pipe fittings utilized in water supply systems shall also				
	comply with NSF 61. Ductile and gray iron pipe and pipe fittings utilized				
	within water service piping systems shall be cement mortar lined in				
	accordance with AWWA C104.				
P115-12	Section(s): 605.7		Х		
	Valves. All valves shall be of an approved type and compatible with the				
	type of piping material installed in the system. Ball valves, gate valves,				
	butterfly valves, globe valves and plug. Valves intended to supply				
	drinking water shall meet the requirements of NSF 61.				
P116-12	Section(s): 605.7, Table 605.7 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	Currently the code requires valves to be approved but does not contain				
	requirements for which performance standards are acceptable for use.				
	While a number of valve standards have been created over the years,				
	they have not been included in the code. The intent of this code change is to create a table to identify appropriate standards for valves. This list				
	is not all inclusive of all material types and in some cases there are not				
	national standards for every type of valve and material used. For this				
	reason, the language "shall be approved or conform to"				
P119-12	Section(s): 605.22.2 (New), Chapter 14	†	Х		
. 117 12	Add new text as follows:		^		
	605.22.2 Grooved and shouldered mechanical joints. Grooved and				
	shouldered mechanical joints shall comply with ASTM F1476, shall be				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MDACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
	Sub Code:	200.0000	110.110		AWOON
	made with an approved elastomeric seal and shall be installed in	I			
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Such joints shall be				
	permitted to be concealed.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASTM				
	ASTM F1476-07 Specification for Performance of Gasketed Mechanical				
	Couplings for Use in Piping Applications				
P120-12	Section(s): 605.23.3 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new text as follows:				
	605.23.3 Grooved and shouldered mechanical joints. Grooved and				
	shouldered mechanical joints shall comply with ASTM F1476, shall be				
	made with an approved elastomeric seal and shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Such joints shall be				
	permitted to be concealed.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASTM				
	ASTM F1476-07 Specification for Performance of Gasketed Mechanical				
	Couplings for Use in Piping Applications				
P121-12	Section(s): 605.24.2		Х		
	Plastic pipe or tubing to other piping material. Joints between different				
	grades types of plastic pipe or between plastic pipe and other piping				
	material shall be made with an approved adapters or transition fittings.				
P122-12	Section(s): 605.25.1		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	605.25.1 Flared joints. Flared pipe ends shall be made by a tool designed				
	for that operation.				
P131-12	Section(s): 605.25.1		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	605.25.1 Flared joints. Flared pipe ends shall be made by a tool designed				
	for that operation.				
P132-12	Section(s): Table 608.1, 608.13.6, Chapter 14		Х		
	APPLICATION OF BACKFLOW PREVENTERS				
	There also other hydrants and hose connections with the proper				
	backflow preventer or vacuum breaker that exist other than those				
	complying with the ASSE and CSA standards. These hydrants are for				
	utility and maintenance use. This is a National standard (ANSI) which				
	covers the performance requirements for these types of devices.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASME A112 21 2 1085 (B2007) Hydrants for Utility and Maintenance Lice				
D122 12	A112.21.3–1985(R2007) Hydrants for Utility and Maintenance Use		Х		
P133-12	Section(s): Table 608.1 APPLICATION OF BACKFLOW PREVENTERS		^		
	There is much confusion concerning protection provided by any				
	'backflow preventer'. Reorganizing this table would better identify proper and correct applications for code users by identifying the				
	different protection methods: assemblies, backflow prevention devices				
	and other means or methods. The existing table gives the mistaken	Ī	1	1	1

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				1
	understanding that "any of the above provides adequate protection for				
	any job". This is not true. Adequate protection is based on hazard				
	classification, application and proper installation. Backflow prevention				
	assemblies are specifically recognized and accepted as separate and				
	distinct units based on Section 312.10.2 because of their requirement				
	for periodic testing to ensure proper and reliable operation in order to				
	protect				
	public health.				
P134-12	Section(s): 608.6		Χ		
	Revise as follows:				
	608.6 Cross-connection control. Cross-connections shall be prohibited,				
	except where approved <u>backflow prevention assemblies</u> , <u>backflow</u>				
	<u>prevention devices or other means</u> or methods are installed to protect				
	the potable water supply.				
P135-12	Section(s): 608.8, 608.8.1		Χ		
	Water distribution systems of other than potable water are being				
	installed in buildings and the code needs to require marking of the				
	piping and signage for the outlets for safety reasons. The basis for this				
	new language is text from the IgCC and is written to be in alignment				
D1/12/12	with the IgCC requirements. Section(s): 608.13.10 (New)		Х		
P142-12	Add new text as follows:		Λ		
	608.13.10 Dual check valve backflow preventer. Dual check valve				
	backflow preventers shall conform to ASSE 1024 or CSA B64.6.				
P147-12	Section(s): 610.1		Х		
1147 12	Revise as follows:		^		
	610.1 General. New or repaired potable water systems shall be purged				
	of deleterious matter and disinfected prior to utilization. The method to				
	be followed shall be that prescribed by the health authority or water				
	purveyor having jurisdiction or, in the absence of a prescribed method,				
	the procedure described in either AWWA C651 or AWWA C652, or as				
	described in this section. This requirement shall apply to "on-site" or				
	"in-plant" fabrication of a system or to a modular portion of a system.				
P152-12	Section(s): 701.7		Χ		
	Delete without substitution:				
	701.7 Connections. Direct connection of a steam exhaust, blowoff or				
	drip pipe shall not be made with the building drainage system. Waste				
	water where discharged into the building drainage system shall be at a				
	temperature not greater than 140°F (60°C). Where higher temperatures				
D4 F F 4 2	exist, approved cooling methods shall be provided.				
P155-12	Section(s): 702.5 (New), 803.1		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	702.5 Temperature rating. Where the wastewater temperature will be greater than 140°F (60°C), the sanitary drainage piping material shall be				
	rated for the highest temperature of the wastewater.				
P157-12	Section(s): 703.1		Х		
1 13/-12	Revise as follows:		^		

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				AMOUNT
	703.1 Building sewer pipe near the water service. Where the building				
	sewer is installed within 5 feet (1524 mm) of the water service, the				
	installation shall comply with the provisions of Section 603.2. The				
	proximity of a sewer to a water service shall comply with Section 603.2.				
P158-12	Section(s): 703.6 (New), 1109, 1109.1		Х		
130 12	Add new text as follows:				
	703.6 Combined sanitary and storm public sewer. Where the public				
	sewer is a combined system for both sanitary and storm water, the				
	sanitary sewer shall be connected independently to the public sewer.				
	General. Where the public sewer is a combined system for both sanitary				
	and storm water, the storm sewer shall be connect independently to the				
	public sewer.				
P159-12	Section(s): 705 (New)		Х		
1 133 12	REPLACEMENT OF UNDERGROUND SEWERS BY PIPE BURSTING		_ ^		
	METHODS				
	705.1 General. This section shall govern the replacement of existing				
	building sewer piping by pipe bursting methods.				
	705.2 Applicability. The replacement of building sewer piping by pipe				
	bursting methods shall be limited to gravity drainage piping of sizes 6				
	inches and smaller. The replacement piping shall be of the same				
	nominal size as the existing piping.				
	705.3 Pre-installation inspection. The existing piping sections to be				
	replaced shall be inspected internally by a recorded video camera				
	survey. The survey shall include notations of the position of cleanouts				
	and the depth of connections to the existing piping. 705.4 Pipe. The replacement piping shall be of extra high molecular				
	weight PE3408 material and shall be manufactured with an SDR of 17				
	and in compliance with ASTM F 714.				
	705.5 Pipe fittings. Pipe fittings to be connected to the replacement				
	piping shall be of extra high molecular weight PE3408 material and shall				
	be manufactured with an SDR of 17 and in compliance with ASTM				
	D2683.				
	705.6 Cleanouts. Where the existing building sewer did not have				
	cleanouts meeting the requirements of this code, cleanout fittings shall				
	be installed as required by this code.				
	705.7 Installation procedure. The installation procedure shall be in				
	accordance with the following steps:				
	1. The existing pipe section to be replaced shall be cleaned of debris.				
	2. The beginning and end of the piping section to be replaced shall be				
	exposed as necessary to				
	enable pulling equipment to be properly installed and the replacement				
	piping to be inserted without bending of the pipe at less than the				
	minimum allowable bending radius as recommended by the pipe				
	manufacturer.				
	3. A pulling cable shall be retrieved from the pulling end of the piping to be replaced and pulled to the insertion end of the piping to be replaced.				

Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Impact							
CODE	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IF	C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED		
CHANGE #	2013 II C CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*		
	Sub Code:						
	4. A pipe bursting and pulling head shall be connected to one end of the						
	replacement piping. The bursting/pulling head shall be connected to the						
	pulling cable.						
	5. In accordance with the pulling equipment and pipe bursting head						
	manufacturer's operating instructions, the pipe bursting/pulling head						
	shall be simultaneously operated and pulled through the existing piping						
	until the end of the new piping exits at the pulling end of the operation.						
	6. The pipe bursting/pulling head shall be disconnected from the new						
	piping and the pulling equipment removed from the area. The						
	replacement piping ends shall be cut to length as required and shall be						
	connected to the existing piping beyond the pipe section that was						
	<u>replaced.</u>						
	Connections to the ends of the replacement piping shall be in						
	accordance with Section 705.						
	7. Where a connection to the replacement piping at a point between the						
	<u>pulling end and the insertion end of the pipe section that was replaced</u>						
	is required, the replacement piping shall be exposed at that location. A						
	section of replacement piping shall be removed and a fitting of the						
	appropriate configuration in accordance with Table 706.3 shall be						
	installed. The connections between the fitting and the pipe shall be						
	made in accordance with Section 705.16.						
	705.8 Post-installation inspection. The completed replacement piping						
	section shall be inspected internally by a recorded video camera survey.						
	The video survey shall be reviewed and approved by the code official						
	prior to pressure testing of the replacement piping system.						
	705.9 Pressure testing. The replacement piping system as well as the						
	connections to the replacement piping shall be tested in accordance						
	with Section 312.						
	Add new standards to Chapter 14 as follows: ASTM						
	<u>D2683-04 Standard Specification for Polyethylene Fittings for Outside</u> <u>Diameter Controlled Polyethylene Pipe and Tubing. F 714-06a Standard</u>						
	Specification for Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SDR-PR) based on						
	Outside Diameter.						
P161-12	Section(s): 705.5.3		Х				
1101-12	Revise as follows:		_ ^				
	705.5.3 Mechanical joint coupling. Mechanical joint couplings for						
	hubless pipe and fittings shall consist of an elastomeric sealing sleeve						
	and a metallic shield that comply with CISPI 310, ASTM C1277 or ASTM						
	C1540. The elastomeric sealing sleeve shall conform to ASTM C564 or						
	CSA B602 and shall be provided with a center stop. Mechanical joint						
	couplings shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's						
	installation instructions.						
P162-12	Section(s): 705.7, 705.7.1, 705.7.2		Х				
. 102 12	ABS pipe can be made by several different methods. The manufacturing		^				
	method of an ABS pipe has nothing to do with how the pipe is joined. All						

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				1
	forms of ABS pipe are joined by the joining method for ABS pipe, Section				
	705.2. These sections are redundant and were thus deleted.				
P163-12	Section(s): 705.8, 705.8.1, 705.8.2		Х		
	PVC pipe can be made by several different methods. The manufacturing				
	method of a PVC pipe has nothing to do with how the pipe is joined. All				
	forms of PVC pipe are joined by the joining method for PVC pipe, Section				
	705.14. These sections are redundant and were thus deleted.				
P164-12	Section(s): 705.8.2, 705.14.2		Х		
	Exception: A primer is not required where both of the following				
	<u>conditions apply:</u>				
	1. The solvent cement used is third-party certified as conforming to				
	ASTM D 2564.				
	2. The solvent cement is used only for joining PVC drain, waste and vent				
	pipe and fittings in non-pressure applications in sizes up to and including				
	4 inch (102 mm) in diameter.				
P168-12	Section(s): 708		Х		
	This proposal reorganizes this section in a more logical format for ease				
	of understanding.				
P170-12	Section(s): 712.3.2		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	712.3.2 Sump pit. The sump pit shall be not less than 18 inches (457				
	mm) in diameter and not less than 24 inches (610 mm) in depth, unless				
	otherwise approved. The pit shall be accessible and located such that all				
	drainage flows into the pit by gravity. The sump pit shall be constructed				
	of tile, concrete, steel, plastic or other approved materials. The pit				
	bottom shall be solid and provide permanent support for the pump. The sump pit shall be fitted with a gas-tight removable cover that is installed				
	flush with grade or above grade. The cover shall be adequate to support				
	anticipated loads in the area of use. The sump pit shall be vented in				
	accordance with Chapter 9.				
P172-12	Section(s): 715.1		Х		
F 1 / Z-1Z	Exception: In existing buildings, fixtures above the elevation of the		_ ^		
	manhole cover of the next upstream manhole in the <i>public sewer</i> shall				
	not be prohibited from discharging through a backwater valve.				
P174-12	Section(s): 716 (New), Appendix C		Х		
117712	Vacuum drainage system is a proven technology and should be allowed		_ ^		
	for situations where draining by gravity is prohibitive or not possible.				
	Moving this information into Chapter 7 will allow for acceptance of				
	vacuum drainage systems in jurisdictions that have not adopted the				
	appendices.				
P175-12	Section(s): 802.1, 802.1.8		Х	İ	
	Revise as follows:				
	802.1 Where required. Food-handling equipment in other than dwelling				
	units, and clearwater waste shall discharge through an indirect waste				
	pipe as specified in Sections 802.1.1 through 802.1.8. Health-care				
	related fixtures, devices and equipment shall discharge to the drainage				
	system through an indirect waste pipe by means of an air gap in				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	МРАСТ	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				AWOOW
	accordance with this chapter and Section 713.3. Fixtures not required by			<u> </u>	1
	this section to be indirectly connected shall be directly connected to the				
	plumbing system in accordance with Chapter 7.				
	802.1.8 Food utensils, dishes, pots and pans sinks. Sinks, in other than				
	dwelling units, used for the washing, rinsing or sanitizing of utensils,				
	dishes, pots, pans or service ware used in the preparation, serving or				
	eating of food shall discharge indirectly through an air gap or an air				
	break to the drainage system.				
P176-12	Section(s): 802.1		Х		
	Where required. Food-handling equipment, and clear-water waste,				
	dishwashing machines and utensil, pots, pans and dish washing sinks				
	shall discharge through an indirect waste pipe as specified in Sections				
	802.1.1 through 802.1.8. Health-care related fixtures, devices and				
	equipment shall discharge to the drainage system through an indirect				
	waste pipe by means of an air gap in accordance with this chapter and				
	Section 713.3. Fixtures not required by this section to be indirectly				
	connected shall be directly connected to the plumbing system in				
	accordance with Chapter 7.				
P177-12	Section(s): 802.1.1		Х		
	Food handling. Equipment and fixtures utilized for the storage,				
	preparation and handling of food shall discharge through an indirect				
	waste pipe by means of an air gap. Each well of a multi-compartment				
	sink shall discharge independently to a waste receptor.				
P181-12	Section(s): 802.3		Х		
	This is a companion proposal with a newly added definition of waste				
	receptor. The code fails to provide guidance as to what is a ventilated				
	space, so we suggest removing the terms. This proposal takes the				
	provisions in the direction of clear mandatory language that provides				
	the user with terminology that clearly explains where a waste receptor				
	is not permitted to be located. Further, there is no real problem				
	associated				
	with having a hub drain in a closet or storeroom where items such as				
	water heaters and condensate producing appliances are located so that				
D402.42	text has been removed.				
P182-12	Section(s): 202, 802.3, 802.3.2, 802.4		Х		
	Add new definition as follows: WASTE RECEPTOR. A floor sink, standpipe, hub drain or a floor drain that				
	receives the discharge of one or more indirect waste pipes.				
D10E 12			Х		
P185-12	Section(s): 903.1 Trap seal protection. The plumbing system shall be provided with a		^		
	system of vent piping that will permit the admission or emission of air so				
	that the seal of any fixture trap shall not be subjected to a pneumatic				
	pressure differential of more than 1 inch of water column (249 Pa).				
P190-12	Section(s): 915.2.2		Х		
1 1 JU-12	Connection. The combination waste and vent system shall be provided		^		
	with a dry vent				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				7
	connected at any point within the system or the system shall connect to				
	a horizontal drain that <u>serves vented fixtures located on the same floor</u> .				
	is vented in accordance with one of the venting methods specified in				
	this chapter. Combination waste and vent systems connecting to				
	building drains receiving only the discharge from a one or more stack or				
	stacks shall be provided with a dry vent. The vent connection to the				
	combination waste and vent pipe shall extend vertically to a point not				
	less than 6 inches (152 mm) above the flood level rim of the highest				
	fixture being vented before offsetting horizontally. The horizontal length				
	of a combination waste and vent system shall be unlimited.				
P193-12	Section(s): 1002.1	Х			
1 155 12	Exceptions:				
	4. Floor drains in multilevel parking structures that discharge to a				
	building storm sewer shall not be required to be individually trapped.				
	Where floor drains in multilevel parking structures are required to				
	discharge to a combined building sewer system, the floor drains shall				
	not be required to be individually trapped provided that they are				
	connect to a main trap in accordance with Section 1103.1.				
P195-12	Section(s): 1002.4. 1002.4.1 (New), 1002.4.1.1 (New), 1002.4.1.2 (New),		Х		
1 155-12	1002.4.1.3 (New), 1002.4.1.4 (New), Chapter 14		_ ^		
	Trap seals. Each fixture trap shall have a liquid seal of not less than 2				
	inches (51 mm) and not more than 4 inches (102 mm), or deeper for				
	special designs relating to accessible fixtures. Where a trap seal is				
	subject to loss by evaporation, a trap seal primer valve shall be installed.				
	Trap seal primer valves shall connect to the trap at a point above the				
	level of the trap seal. A trap seal primer valve shall conform to ASSE				
	1018 or ASSE 1044.				
	1002.4.1 Trap seal protection. Traps seals of emergency floor drain traps				
	and traps subject to evaporation shall be protected by one of the				
	methods in Sections 1002.4.1.1 through 1002.4.1.4				
	1002.4.1.1 Potable water supplied trap seal primer valve. A potable				
	water supplied trap seal primer valve shall supply water to the trap.				
	Water supplied trap seal primer valves shall conform to ASSE 1018. The				
	discharge pipe from the trap seal primer valve shall connect to the trap				
	above the trap seal on the inlet side of the trap.				
	1002.4.1.2 Reclaimed or gray water supplied trap seal primer valve. A				
	reclaimed or gray water supplied trap seal primer valve shall supply				
	water to the trap. Water supplied trap seal primer valves shall conform				
	to ASSE 1018. The quality of reclaimed or gray water supplied to trap				
	seal primer valves shall be in accordance with the requirements of the				
	manufacturer of the trap seal primer valve. The discharge pipe from the				
	trap seal primer valve shall connect to the trap above the trap seal on				
	the inlet side of the trap.				
	1002.4.1.3 Waste water supplied trap primer device. A waste water				
	supplied trap primer device shall supply water to the trap. Waste water				
	supplied trap primer devices shall conform to ASSE 1044. The discharge]			1

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:		l	1	•
	pipe from the trap seal primer device shall connect to the trap above				
	the trap seal on the inlet side of the trap.				
	1002.4.1.4 Barrier type trap seal protection device. A barrier-type trap				
	seal protection device shall protect the floor drain trap seal from				
	evaporation. Barrier type floor drain trap seal protection devices shall				
	conform to ASSE 1072. The devices shall be installed in accordance with				
	the manufacturer's instructions.				
P197-12	Section(s): 1002.6		Х		
	Building traps. Building (house) traps shall be prohibited, except where local conditions				
	necessitate such traps. Building traps shall be provided with a cleanout				
	and a relief vent or fresh air intake on the inlet side of the trap. The size				
	of the relief vent or fresh air intake shall not be less than one half the				
	diameter of the drain to which the relief vent or air intake connects.				
	Such relief vent or fresh air intake shall be carried above grade and shall				
	be terminated in a screened outlet located outside the building.				
P199-12	Section(s): 202, 1003.3.4, Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new definition as follows:				
	GREASE INTERCEPTOR.				
	Fats, Oils, and Greases (FOG) disposal system. A plumbing appurtenance				
	that reduces nonpetroleum fats, oils, and greases in effluent by				
	separation or mass and volume reduction.				
P200-12	Section(s): 202, 1003.3.6 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	Add new definition to Chapter 2 as follows:				
	GREASE INTERCEPTORS.				
	Fats, Oils, and Greases (FOG) disposal systems. Plumbing appurtenances				
	that reduce nonpetroleum fats, oils, and grease (FOG) in effluent by				
	separation, mass and volume reduction.				
	Add new text as follows:				
	1003.3.6 Gravity grease interceptors and gravity grease interceptors				
	with fats, oils, and greases disposal systems. The required capacity of				
	gravity grease interceptors and gravity grease interceptors with fats,				
	oils, and greases disposal systems shall be determined by multiplying				
	the peak drain flow into the interceptor in gallons per minute by a				
	retention time of 30 minutes. <i>Gravity grease interceptors</i> shall be				
	designed and tested in accordance with IAPMO/ANSI Z100. Gravity				
	grease interceptors with fats, oils,				
	and greases disposal systems shall be designed and tested in accordance				
	with ASME 112.14.6 and IAPMO/ANSI Z1001. Gravity grease interceptors				
	and gravity grease interceptors with fats, oils, and greases disposal				
	systems shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's				
	instructions. Where manufacturer's instructions are not provided,				
	gravity grease interceptors and gravity grease interceptors with fats,				

	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp				1
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY		C COST I		ESTIMATED *
CITATOL #	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
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	oils, and greases disposal systems shall be installed in compliance with				
	ASME A112.14.6 and IAPMO/ANSI Z1001. Add new standards to Chapter 14 as follows:				
	ASME				
	A112.14.6-2010 FOG (Fats, Oils, and Greases) Disposal Systems				
	IAPMO				
	5001 East Philadelphia Street				
	Ontario, CA 91761				
	IAPMO				
	Z1001 -2007 Prefabricated Gravity Grease Interceptors				
P204-12	Section(s): 1003.4		Х		
	Exception: An oil separator is not required in hydraulic elevator pits				
	where an approved alarm system is installed. Such alarm systems shall				
	not terminate the operation of pumps utilized to maintain emergency				
	operation of the elevator by firefighters.				
P206-12	Section(s): 1003.4		Х		
	Oil separators required. At repair garages where floor or trench drains				
	are provided, carwashing facilities, at factories where oily and				
	flammable liquid wastes are produced and in hydraulic elevator pits, oil				
	separators shall be installed into which all oil-bearing, greasebearing or				
	flammable wastes shall be discharged before emptying into the building				
	drainage system or other point of disposal.				
P207-12	Section(s): 1003.6		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	1003.6 Laundries Clothes washer discharge interceptor. Laundry				
	facilities not installed within an individual dwelling unit or intended for				
	individual family use <u>Clothes washers</u> shall discharge through an interceptor that is provided with a wire basket or similar device,				
	removable for cleaning, that prevents passage into the drainage system				
	of solids ½ inch (12.7 mm) or larger in size, string, rags, buttons or other				
	materials detrimental to the public sewage system.				
	Exceptions:				
	1. Clothes washers in individual dwelling units shall not be required to				
	discharge through an interceptor.				
	2. A single clothes washer designed for use in individual dwelling units				
	and installed in a				
	location other than an individual dwelling unit shall not be required to				
	discharge through an interceptor.				
P208-12	Section(s): 1003.9		Х		
	Revise as follows:				
	1003.9 Venting of interceptors and separators. Interceptors and				
	separators shall be designed so as not to become air bound. where tight				
	covers are utilized . Each Interceptors or <u>and</u> separators shall be vented				
	in accordance with one of the methods of Chapter 9. where subject to a				
	loss of trap seal.				
P209-12	Section(s): 202, 1101.2		Х		
	Add new definitions as follows:				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	МРАСТ	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				AWOOW
	RAINWATER. Water from natural precipitation.				
	STORMWATER: Natural precipitation, including snowmelt, that has				
	contacted a surface at grade or below grade.				
	Revise as follows:				
	1101.2 Where required. Disposal. All Rainwater from roofs, and				
	stormwater from paved areas, yards, courts and courtyards shall drain				
	into a separate storm sewer system, or a combined sewer system, or to				
	an approved place of disposal. For one- and twofamily dwellings, and				
	where approved, storm water is permitted to discharge onto flat areas,				
	such as streets or lawns, provided that the storm water flows away from				
	the building.				
P211-12	Section(s): 1101.7		Х		
	Roof design. Roofs shall be designed for the maximum possible depth of				
	water that will pond thereon as determined by the relative levels of roof				
	deck and overflow weirs, scuppers, edges or serviceable drains in				
	combination with the deflected structural elements. In determining the				
	maximum possible depth of water, all primary roof drainage means shall				
	be assumed to be blocked. The maximum possible depth of water on				
	the roof shall include the height of the water required above the inlet of				
	the secondary roof drainage means to achieve the required flow rate of				
	the secondary drainage means to accommodate the design rainfall rate				
	as required by Section 1106.		.,		
P214-12	Section(s): Table 1102.5		Х		
	SUBSOIL DRAIN PIPE				
	Polyvinyl chloride (PVC) Plastic pipe (type sewer pipe, <u>SDR 35</u> , PS25,				
	PS50 or PS100) ASTM D 2729; <u>ASTM D 3034;</u> ASTM F 891; CSA B182.2;				
D246 42	CSA B182.4				
P216-12	Section(s): 1103.1		Х		
	1103.1 Main trap. Leaders and storm drains connected to a combined sewer shall be trapped. Individual storm water traps shall be installed on				
	the storm water drain branch serving each conductor, or a single trap				
	shall be installed in the main storm drain just before its connection with				
	the combined building sewer or the public sewer. <u>Leaders and storm</u>				
	drains connected to a building storm sewer shall not be required to be				
	trapped.				
P217-12	Section(s): 1104.2		Х		
1217 12	1104.2 Combining storm with sanitary drainage. The sanitary and storm				
	drainage systems of a structure shall be entirely separate except where				
	combined sewer systems are utilized. Where a combined sewer is				
	utilized, the building storm drain shall be connected in the same				
	horizontal plane through a single-wye fitting to the combined sewer not				
	less than 10 feet (3048 mm) downstream from any soil stack.				
P218-12	Section(s): 1105.2 (New)		Х		
	1105.2 Roof drain flow rate. The published roof drain flow rate based				
	upon the head of water above the roof drain shall be used to size the				
	storm drainage system in accordance with Section 1106. The flow rate				

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST I	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:		<u> </u>	L	7
	used for sizing the storm drainage piping shall be based on the				
	maximum anticipated ponding at the roof drain.				
P219-12	Section(s): 1106.2, Table 1106.2 (New), Table 1106.2(1), Table		Х		
	1106.2(2), 1106.3, Table 1106.3 (New), 1106.6, Table 1106.6				
	1106.2 Vertical conductors and leaders. Vertical conductors and leaders				
	shall be sized for the maximum projected roof area, in accordance with				
	Table 1106.2(1) and Table 1106.2(2). TABLE 1106.2(1) SIZE OF CIRCULAR				
	VERTICAL CONDUCTORS AND LEADERS TABLE 1106.2(2) SIZE OF				
	RECTANGULAR VERTICAL CONDUCTORS AND LEADERS 1106.3 Building				
	storm drains and sewers. The size of the building storm drain, building				
	storm sewer and their horizontal branches having a slope of one-half				
	unit or less vertical in 12 units horizontal (4- percent slope) shall be				
	based on the maximum projected roof area in accordance with Table				
	1106.3. The slope of horizontal branches shall be not less than one-				
	eighth unit vertical in 12 units horizontal (1- percent slope) unless				
	otherwise approved.				
	1106.2 Size of storm drain piping. Vertical and horizontal storm drain				
	piping shall be sized based on the flow rate through the roof drain. The				
	flow rate in storm drain piping shall not exceed that specified in Table				
	<u>1106.2.</u>				
	1106.3 Vertical leader sizing. Vertical leaders shall be sized based on the				
	flow rate from horizontal gutters or the maximum flow rate through				
	roof drains. The flow rate through vertical leaders shall not exceed that				
	specified in Table 1106.3.				
	1106.6 Size of roof gutters. The size of semicircular gutters shall be based on the maximum projected roof area in accordance with Table				
	1106.6. Horizontal gutters shall be sized based on the flow rate from the				
	roof surface. The flow rate in horizontal gutters shall not exceed that				
	specified in Table 1106.6.				
P220-12	Section(s): 1108.1		Х		
F Z Z U-1Z	1108.1 Secondary (emergency overflow) drains or scuppers. Where roof		_ ^		
	drains are required, secondary (emergency overflow) roof drains or				
	scuppers shall be provided where the roof perimeter construction				
	extends above the roof in such a manner that water will be entrapped if				
	the primary drains allow buildup for any reason. Where primary and				
	secondary roof drains are manufactured as a single assembly, the inlet				
	and outlet for each drain shall be independent.				
P221-12	Section(s): 1108.3		Х		
	1108.3 Sizing of secondary drains. Secondary (emergency) roof drain				
	systems shall be sized in accordance with Section 1106 based on the				
	rainfall rate for which the primary system is sized in Tables 1106.2(1),				
	1106.2(2), 1106.3 and 1106.6. Scuppers shall be sized to prevent the				
	depth of ponding water from exceeding that for which the roof was				
	designed as determined by Section 1101.7. Scuppers shall have an				
	opening dimension of not less than 4 inches (102 mm). The flow through				
	the primary system shall not be considered when sizing the secondary				
	roof drain system.				1

CODE	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp		C COST II	MPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	<u>I</u>			
P222-12	Section(s): 1110, 1110.1		Х		
	1110.1 Equivalent roof area. Where there is a continuous or				
	semicontinuous discharge into the building storm rain or building storm				
	sewer, such as from a pump, ejector, air conditioning plant or similar				
	device, each gallon per minute (L/m) of such discharge shall be				
	computed as being equivalent to 96 square feet (9 m2) of roof area,				
	based on a rainfall rate of 1 inch (25.4 mm) per hour.				
P223-12	Section(s): 1302.2, Chapter 14		Х		
	1302.2 Disinfection and treatment. Gray water shall be disinfected by an				
	approved method that employs one or more disinfectants such as				
	chlorine, iodine or ozone that are recommended for use with the pipes,				
	fittings and equipment by the manufacturer of the pipes, fittings and				
	equipment. Gray water shall be disinfected and treated by an on-site				
	water reuse treatment system complying with NSF 350.				
P224-12	Section(s): 1302.4		Х		
	1302.4 Coloring. The gray water shall be dyed blue or green with a food				
	grade vegetable dye before such water is supplied to the fixtures.				
P225-12	Section(s): 1308.1.1 (New), Chapter 14		Х		
	1308.1.1 Design and construction. Reservoirs shall be designed and				
	constructed in accordance with Chapters 16 through 22 of the				
	International Building Code and in accordance with the following				
	standards as appropriate for the material of the reservoir: AWWA D100,				
	AWWA D115, AWWA D120, UL 58, UL 1746, UL 1316, UL 142, API 12F or				
	API 12D.				
P226-12	Section(s): Table E202.1		Χ		
	This proposal simply adds two more commonly used water distribution				
	piping and tubing materials to this table in order to make the table more				
	useful to designers.				
M22-12	Section(s): 307.2.2		Х		
	Delete PB material as it is no longer available or used in this application,				
	and add polypropylene materials which are currently being used in this				
1420.42	application				
M29-12	Section(s): 202, 307.2.4.1		Х		
	307.2.4.1 Ductless Mini-Split Traps. Ductless mini split equipment that				
	produces condensation shall be provided with an inline check valve				
M22 12	located in the drain line instead of a trap.			V	Catimata
M32-12	Section(s): 307.2.5 (New) 307.2.5 Cleanouts. Condensate drains shall be provided with a means to			Х	Estimate
					\$15/unit
	allow cleaning of the drain and clearing of blockages without having to cut or disassemble the piping.				
G8-12	Section(s): 202		Х		1
	IPC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION. The elevation of the "design flood,"		^		
Part I	including wave height, relative to the datum specified on the				
	community's legally designated flood hazard map. In areas designated				
	as Zone AO, the design flood elevation shall be the elevation of the				
	highest existing grade of the building's perimeter plus the depth number				
	(in feet) specified on the flood hazard map. In areas designated as Zone				

	Table 3. 2015 IPC Changes Cost Imp	act			
CODE	2015 IPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IPC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2013 IF C CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	AO where a depth number is not specified on the map, the depth				
	number shall be taken as being equal to 2 feet (610 mm).				
G40-12	Section(s): 202, 310.5, 310.5.2 (NEW), IPC Table 403.1 (IBC [P] Table		Х		
	2902.1)				
	310.5 Residential Group R-3. Residential occupancies where the				
	occupants are primarily permanent in nature and not classified as Group				
	R-1, R-2, R-4 or I, including:				
	Lodging houses with five of fewer guest rooms				
	310.5.2 Lodging houses. Owner occupied lodging houses with five or				
	fewer guest rooms shall be permitted to be constructed in accordance				
	with the International Residential Code.				
G71-12	Section(s): 906.2, Table 906.3(1), Table 906.3(2), 907.2.6, 907.2.10.1 (IBC		Х		
Part III	[F] 906.2, Table 906.3(1), Table 906.3(2), 907.2.6, 907.2.10.1)				
	The change from "travel distance" to "distance of travel" more clearly				
	distinguishes between "exit access travel distance"				
E201-12	Section(s): 1109.5.1 (IPC [B] 410.2)		Х		
	The current language is not specific enough. It isn't clear that for the				
	single drinking fountain, two separate spouts are required to meet the				
	needs of the people in the wheelchairs and the standing people.				

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX D

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa		/IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	<u> </u>		1	1
M10-	Section(s): 303.3		Х		
12	303.3 Prohibited locations. Fuel-fired appliances shall not be located in, or				
	obtain				
	combustion air from, any of the following rooms or spaces:				
	1. Sleeping Rooms				
	2. Bathrooms				
	3. Toilet Rooms				
	4. Storage Closets				
	5. Surgical Rooms				
M11-	Section(s): 303.5		Х		
12	303.5 Indoor locations. Furnaces and boilers installed in closets and alcoves				
	shall be listed for such installation. For purposes of this section, a closet or				
	alcove shall be defined as a room or space having a volume less than 12				
	times the total volume of the fuel-fired appliances other than boilers and				
	less than 16 times the total volume of boilers. Room volume shall be				
	computed using the gross floor area and the actual ceiling height up to a				
	maximum computation height of 8 feet.				
M15-	Section(s): 305.4, Chapter 15		Х		
12	305.4 Interval of support. Piping shall be supported at distances not				
	exceeding the spacing specified in Table 305.4, or in accordance with MSS				
	SP-69 ANSI/MSS SP-58-2009.				
M16-	Section(s): Table 305.4		Х		
12	Add support dimensions for polyethylene of raised temperature (PE-RT).				
	PE-RT is already in the International Codes and adding the support spacing				
	will provide additional information for installation. All other dimensions in				
	the table remain unchanged.				
M18-	Section(s): 306.1		Х		
12	306.1 Access. Appliances, controls devices, heat exchangers and HVAC				
	system components that utilize energy shall be accessible for inspection,				
	service, repair and replacement without disabling the function of a fire-				
	resistance-rated assembly or removing permanent construction, other				
	appliances, venting systems or any other piping or ducts not connected to				
	the appliance being inspected, serviced, repaired or replaced. A level				
	working space at least 30 inches deep and 30 inches wide (762 mm by 762				
	mm) shall be provided in front of the control side to service an appliance.				
M20-	Section(s): 307.2		Х		
12	307.2 Evaporators and cooling coils. Condensate drain systems shall be				
	provided for equipment and appliances containing evaporators or cooling				
	coils. Condensate drain systems shall be designed, constructed and				
	installed in accordance with Sections 307.2.1 through 307.2.4.		L		
M22-	Section(s): 307.2.2		Х		
12	307.2.2 Drain pipe materials and sizes. Components of the condensate				
	disposal system shall be cast iron, galvanized steel, copper, cross-linked				
	polyethylene, polybutylene , polyethylene, ABS, CPVC, or PVC, <u>or</u>				
	polypropylene pipe or tubing. All components shall be selected for the				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa 2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY		/IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	ZOTO HAIC CHAINGE SOMMINARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:			•	
	pressure and temperature rating of the installation. Joints and connections				
	shall be made in accordance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 7 of				
	the International Plumbing Code relative to the material type. Condensate				
	waste and drain line size shall not be less than %-inch (19 mm) internal				
	diameter and shall not decrease in size from the drain pan connection to				
	the place of condensate disposal. Where the drain pipes from more than				
	one unit are manifolded together for condensate drainage, the pipe or				
	tubing shall be sized in accordance with Table 307.2.2.				
M26-	Section(s): 202 (NEW), Section 307.2.3.1		Х		
12	307.2.3.1 Water-level monitoring devices and condensate pumps. On				
	down-flow units and all other coils that do not have a secondary drain or				
	provisions to install a secondary or auxiliary drain pan, a water-level				
	monitoring device shall be installed inside the primary drain pan. This				
	device shall shut off the equipment served in the event that the primary				
	drain becomes restricted. Devices installed in the drain line shall not be				
	permitted. For ductless mini-split equipment that is not able to drain				
	condensate from the unit by gravity, a condensate pump shall be installed				
	to remove water from the equipment. The condensate pump shall be				
	powered by the same power supply that powers the equipment being				
	served and shall be capable of shutting off the equipment served in the				
	event of failure of the pump to remove condensate.				
M29-	Section(s): 202, 307.2.4.1		Х		
12	307.2.4.1 Ductless Mini-Split Traps. Ductless mini split equipment that				
	produces condensation shall be provided with an inline check valve located				
1422	in the drain line instead of a trap.				
M32- 12	Section(s): 307.2.5 (New)		Х		
12	307.2.5 Cleanouts. Condensate drains shall be provided with a means to allow cleaning of the drain and clearing of blockages without having to cut				
	or disassemble the piping.				
M34-	Section(s): 202, 308		Х		
12	PROTECTIVE ASSEMBLY (REDUCED CLEARANCE). Any noncombustible		_ ^		
12	assembly that is labeled or constructed in accordance with Table 308.64.2				
	and is placed between combustible materials or assemblies and mechanical				
	appliances, devices or equipment, for the purpose of reducing required				
	airspace clearances. Protective assemblies attached directly to a				
	combustible assembly shall not be considered as part of that combustible				
	assembly.				
	308.4 Allowable reduction. The reduction of required clearances to				
	combustible assemblies or combustible materials shall be based on the				
	utilization of a reduced clearance protective assembly in accordance with				
	Section 308. <u>54.1</u> or 308. <u>64.2</u> .				
	308.54.1 Labeled assemblies. The allowable clearance reduction shall be				
	based on an approved reduced clearance protective assembly that is listed				
	and labeled in accordance with UL 1618.				
	308.64.2 Reduction table. The allowable clearance reduction shall be based				
	on one of the methods specified in Table 308.64.2. Where required				
	clearances are not listed in Table 308.64.2, the reduced clearances shall be			1	

	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa				T _
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IN Decrease		IMPACT	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	increase	7
	determined by linear interpolation between the distances listed in the			1	
	table. Reduced clearances shall not be derived by extrapolation below the				
	range of the table.				
	308. 75 Solid fuel-burning appliances. The clearance reduction methods				
	specified in Table 308.64.2 shall not be utilized to reduce the clearance				
	required for solid fuel-burning appliances that are labeled for installation				
	with clearances of 12 inches (305 mm) or less. Where appliances are				
	labeled for installation with clearances of greater than 12 inches (305 mm),				
	the clearance reduction methods of Table 308.64.2 shall not reduce the				
	clearance to less than 12 inches (305 mm).				
	308.86 Masonry chimneys. The clearance reduction methods specified in				
	308.64.2 shall not be utilized to reduce the clearances required for masonry				
	chimneys as specified in Chapter 8 and the International Building Code.				
	308. 7 Chimney connector pass-throughs. The clearance reduction methods				
	specified in 308.64.2 shall not be utilized to reduce the clearances required				
	for chimney connector pass-throughs as specified in Section 803.10.4.				
	308. 10 8 Masonry fireplaces. The clearance reduction methods specified in				
	308.64.2 shall not be utilized to reduce the clearances required for masonry				
	fireplaces as specified in Chapter 8 and the International Building Code.				
	308.119 Kitchen exhaust ducts. The clearance reduction methods specified				
	in 308.64.2 shall not be utilized to reduce the minimum clearances required				
M36-	by Section 506.3.11 for kitchen exhaust ducts enclosed in a shaft.		Х		
12,	Section(s): 401.2, Table 403.3; 407 (New); Chapter 15, IBC 1203.1 Section 401.2 Ventilation required. Every occupied space shall be ventilated		^		
Part I	by natural means in accordance with Section 402 or by mechanical means				
raiti	in accordance with Section 403. Where the air infiltration rate in a dwelling				
	unit is less than 5 air changes per hour when tested with a blower door at a				
	pressure of 0.2-inch water column (50 Pa) in accordance with Section				
	402.4.1.2 of the International Energy Conservation Code, the dwelling unit				
	shall be ventilated by mechanical means in accordance with Section 403.				
	Ambulatory care facilities and Group I-2 occupancies shall be ventilated by				
	mechanical means in accordance with Section 407.				
M36-	Section(s): 401.2, Table 403.3; 407 (New); Chapter 15, IBC 1203.1		Х		
12,	1203.1 General. Buildings shall be provided with natural ventilation in				
Part II	accordance with Section 1203.4, or mechanical ventilation in accordance				
	with the International Mechanical Code. Where the air infiltration rate in a				
	dwelling unit is less than 5 air changes per hour when tested with a blower				
	door at a pressure 0.2 inch w.c. (50 Pa) in accordance with Section				
	402.4.1.2 of the International Energy Conservation Code, the dwelling unit				
	shall be ventilated by mechanical means in accordance with Section 403 of				
	the International Mechanical Code. Ambulatory care facilities and Group I-2				
	occupancies shall be ventilated by mechanical means in accordance with				
N 4 4 3	Section 407 of the International Mechanical Code.	1	.,	1	
M42-	Section(s): 403, 403.3 (NEW), 403.3.1 (New), 403.3.2 (New), 403.3.2.1 (New), 403.3.3.1 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3.3 (New), 403.3.3 (New), 403.3 (N		Х		
12	(New), 403.3.2.1.1 (New), 403.3.2.2 (New), 403.3.2.3 (New), 403.3.2.4 (New)				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa 2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY		/IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUIVINARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	•			
	This proposal makes no changes to the mechanical ventilation				
	requirements of buildings other than R-2, R-3, and R-4 buildings of three				
	stories or less above grade plane (note that the text removed from 403.2				
	has simply been reinserted in 403.3.1.1). The effect of this proposal will be				
	to simplify and clarify mechanical ventilation requirements for R-2, R-3, and				
	R-4 buildings with a height of three stories or less above grade plane,				
	ensuring that the IMC requirements are aligned with the latest ASHRAE				
	standard that addresses these building types.				
M43-	Section(s): 403.2.1, Table 403.3		Х		
12	403.2.1 Recirculation of air. The air required by Section 403.3 shall not be				
	recirculated. Air in excess of that required by Section 403.3 shall not be				
	prohibited from being recirculated as a component of supply air to building				
	spaces, except that: 3. Where mechanical exhaust is required by Note b in				
	Table 403.3, recirculation of air from such spaces shall be prohibited.				
	Recirculation of air that is contained completely within such spaces shall not be prohibited. Where recirculation of air is prohibited, Aall air supplied				
	to such spaces shall be exhausted, including any air in excess of that				
	required by Table 403.3.				
M44-	Section(s): 403.2.1, Table 403.3		Х		
12	403.2.1 Recirculation of air. The air required by Section 403.3 shall not be		^		
12	recirculated. Air in excess of that required by Section 403.3 shall not be				
	prohibited from being recirculated as a component of supply air to building				
	spaces, except that: (No changes to items 1 through 3) 4. Where				
	mechanical exhaust is required by Note g in Table 403.3, mechanical				
	exhaust is required and recirculation <u>from such spaces</u> is prohibited where				
	more than 10 percent of the resulting supply airstream consists of air				
	recirculated from these spaces. Recirculation of air that is contained				
	completely within such spaces shall not be prohibited.				
M46-	Section(s): Table 403.3		Х		
12	Table 403.3: For nail salons, each nail station shall be provided with a				
	source capture system capable of exhausting not less than 50 cfm per				
	station. Where one or more required source capture systems operate				
	continuously during occupancy, the exhaust rate from such systems shall be				
	permitted to be applied to the exhaust flow rate required by Table 403.3				
	for the nail salon.				
M49-	Section(s): Table 403.3		Х		
12	The requirement for an exhaust system which is a form of ventilation seems				
	to conflict with Section 502.14 which exempts one and two family dwellings from being ventilated. The concern is installing a fan of this size will have no				
	impact on the garage space as it would not provide much in the way of				
	flow.				
M51-	Section(s): 403.2		Х		
12	403.2 Outdoor air required. The minimum outdoor airflow rate shall be				
	determined in accordance with Section 403.3. Ventilation In occupiable				
	spaces, the ventilation supply systems shall be designed to deliver the				
	required rate of outdoor airflow to the breathing zone within each				
	occupiable space.				

CODE	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IMC COST IMPACT		ESTIMATE	
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	•			•
M52-	Section(s): 403.4		Х		
12	403.4 Exhaust ventilation. Exhaust airflow rate shall be provided in				
	accordance with the requirements in Table 403.3. Where Table 403.3				
	specifies a people outdoor airflow rate, an area outdoor airflow rate, or				
	both for an occupancy that also has an exhaust airflow rate specified by				
	Table 403.3, the space served by the required exhaust airflow shall be				
	supplied with outdoor air at a rate not less than that determined in				
	accordance with Section 403.3 and such outdoor air shall be either a				
	component of the makeup air for the required exhaust airflow or it shall be				
	otherwise relieved or exhausted. Exhaust makeup air shall be permitted to				
	be any combination of outdoor air, recirculated air and transfer air				
	provided that the outdoor air requirements of Table 403.3 are satisfied				
	except as limited in accordance with Section 403.2.				
M59-	Section(s): 501.3		Х		
12	501.3 Exhaust discharge. The air removed by every mechanical exhaust				
	system shall be discharged outdoors at a point where it will not cause a				
	nuisance and not less than the distances specified in Section 501.3.1. The				
	air shall be discharged to a location from which it cannot again be readily				
	drawn in by a ventilating system. Air shall not be exhausted into an attic or				
	crawl space.				
M60-	Section(s): 501.3, 501.3.1.1		Х		
12	501.3 Exhaust discharge. The air removed by every mechanical exhaust				
	system shall be discharged outdoors at a point where it will not cause a				
	nuisance and not less than the distances specified in Section 501.3.1. The air shall be discharged to a location from which it cannot again be readily				
	drawn in by a ventilating system. Air shall not be exhausted into an attic, or				
	crawl space, or be directed onto walkways.				
	501.3.1.1 Exhaust discharge. Exhaust air shall not be directed onto				
	walkways.				
M61-	Section(s): 501.4	1	Х		
12	501.4 Pressure equalization. Mechanical exhaust systems shall be sized to		^		
	remove the quantity of air required by this chapter to be exhausted. The				
	system shall operate when air is required to be exhausted. Where				
	mechanical exhaust is required in a room or space in other than				
	occupancies in R-3 and dwelling units in R-2, such space shall be maintained				
	with a neutral or negative pressure. If a greater quantity of air is supplied				
	by a mechanical ventilating supply system than is removed by a mechanical				
	exhaust for a room, adequate means shall be provided for the natural or				
	mechanical exhaust of the excess air supplied. If only a mechanical exhaust				
	system is installed for a room or if a greater quantity of air is removed by a				
	mechanical exhaust system than is supplied by a mechanical ventilating				
	supply system for a room, adequate makeup air consisting of supply air,				
	transfer air or outdoor air shall be provided to satisfy the deficiency. The				
	calculated building infiltration rate shall not be used to satisfy the				
	requirements of this section.				
M64-	Section(s): 502.20 (New), Table 404.3		Χ		•

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa		/C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	502.20 Manicure and pedicure stations. Manicure and pedicure stations				
	shall be provided with an exhaust system in accordance with Table 403.3,				
	note h. Manicure tables and pedicure stations not provided with factory-				
	installed exhaust inlets shall be provided with exhaust inlets located not				
	more than 12 inches horizontally and vertically from the point of chemical				
	application.				
M66-	Section(s): 504.4, 504.6.2		Х		
12	504.4 Exhaust installation. Dryer exhaust ducts for clothes dryers shall				
	terminate on the outside of the building and shall be equipped with a				
	backdraft damper. Screens shall not be installed at the duct termination.				
	Ducts shall not be connected or installed with sheet metal screws or other				
	fasteners that will obstruct the exhaust flow. Clothes dryer exhaust ducts				
	shall not be connected to a vent connector, vent or chimney. Clothes dryer				
	exhaust ducts shall not extend into or through ducts or plenums.				
	504.6.2 Duct installation. Exhaust ducts shall be supported at 4-foot (1219				
	mm) intervals and secured in place. The insert end of the duct shall extend				
	into the adjoining duct or fitting in the direction of airflow. Ducts shall not				
	be joined with nominal ¼ inch long by 1/8 inch diameter rivets screws or				
	other fasteners that do not protrude into the inside of the duct more than				
	such rivets.		ļ		
M68-	Section(s): 504.5 (NEW), 504.6.4, 504.6.4.3(NEW), Chapter 15		Х		
12	504.5 Dryer Exhaust Duct Power Ventilators. Domestic dryer exhaust duct				
	power ventilators shall conform to UL 705 for use in dryer exhaust duct				
	systems. The dryer exhaust duct power ventilator shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.				
	504.6.4 Duct length. The maximum allowable exhaust duct length shall be determined by one of the methods specified in Sections 504.6.4.1 or				
	504.6.4.2 through 504.6.4.3.				
	504.6.4.3 Dryer exhaust duct power ventilator length. The maximum length				
	of the exhaust duct shall be determined by the dryer exhaust duct power				
	ventilator manufacturer's installation instructions.				
M70-	Section(s): 504.6.5		Х		
12	504.6.5 Length identification. Where the exhaust duct <u>equivalent length</u>		_ ^		
	exceeds 35 feet is concealed within the building construction, the				
	equivalent length of the exhaust duct shall be identified on a permanent				
	label or tag. The label or tag shall be located within 6 feet (1829 mm) of the				
	exhaust duct connection.				
M71-	Section(s): 504.6.7, 504.6, IFGC 614.6.3, IFGC 614.6		Х		
12	504. 6.7 (IFGC 614.6. 3) Protection required. Protective shield plates shall be				
	placed where nails or screws from finish or other work are likely to				
	penetrate the clothes dryer exhaust duct. Shield plates shall be placed on				
	the finished face of all framing members where there is less than 11 /4				
	inches (32 mm) between the duct and the finished face of the framing				
	member. Protective shield plates shall be constructed of steel, have a				
	thickness of 0.062 inch (1.6 mm) and extend a minimum of 2 inches (51				
	mm) above sole plates and below top plates.				1

CODE	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IMC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATE
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:		•	•	•
	504. 67 (IFGC 614. 6 7) Domestic clothes dryer ducts. Exhaust ducts for				
	domestic clothes dryers shall conform to the requirements of Sections				
	504.6.1 through 504.6. 7 6.				
M73-	Section(s): 504.8, 505.3 (NEW)		Х		
12	Since exception 2 has been installed in the IBC, it has been incomplete. The				
	IMC has done a good job of updating the provisions for common ducts with				
	clothes dryers but nothing has been done for domestic kitchens. Designers				
	would not go to the expense of installing a shaft for domestic kitchen				
	exhaust if there was not a smoke issue. When expensive condo's install				
	super domestic kitchens, there is going to be smoke. Also, IMC Section				
	505.1 specifically requires systems with downdraft exhaust to discharge to				
	the exterior				
M76-	Section(s): 505.1, 505.3 (New), 507.2.3		Х		
12	505.1 Domestic systems. Where domestic range hoods and domestic				
	appliances equipped with downdraft exhaust are located within dwelling				
	units provided, such hoods and appliances shall discharge to the outdoors				
	through sheet metal ducts constructed of galvanized steel, stainless steel,				
	aluminum or copper. Such ducts shall have smooth inner walls, shall be air				
	tight, shall be equipped with a backdraft damper, and shall be independent				
	of all other exhaust systems.				
	505.2 Makeup air required. Exhaust hood systems capable of exhausting in				
	excess of 400 cfm (0.19 m3/s) shall be provided with makeup air at a rate				
	approximately equal to the exhaust air rate. Such makeup air systems shall				
	be equipped with a means of closure and shall be automatically controlled				
	to start and operate simultaneously with the exhaust system.				
	505.3 Other than Group R. In other than Group R occupancies, where				
	domestic cooking appliances are utilized for domestic purposes, such				
	appliances shall be provided with domestic range hoods. Hoods and				
	exhaust systems shall be in accordance with Sections 505.1 and 505.2.				
M85-	Section(s): 506.3.7.1		Х		
12	506.3.7.1 Grease <u>duct</u> reservoirs. Grease <u>duct</u> reservoirs shall				
M86-	Section(s): 506.3.8		Х		
12	506.3.8 Grease duct cleanouts and openings. Grease duct cleanouts and				
	openings shall comply with all of the following: 1. Grease ducts shall not				
	have openings except where required for the operation and maintenance				
	of the system. 2. Sections of <u>vertical</u> grease ducts that are inaccessible from				
	the hood or discharge openings shall be provided with cleanout openings				
	spaced not more than 20 feet apart and not more than 10 feet from				
	<u>changes in direction greater than 45 degrees.</u> 3. Cleanouts and openings				
	shall be equipped with tight-fitting doors constructed of steel having a				
	thickness not less than that required for the duct. 4. Cleanout doors shall be				
	installed liquid tight. 5. Door assemblies including any frames and gaskets				
	shall be approved for the application and shall not have fasteners that				
	penetrate the duct. 6. Gasket and sealing materials shall be rated for not				
	less than 1500°F (816°C). 7. Listed door assemblies shall be installed in	1	1		

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa	1	IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	•		1	•
M87-	Section(s): 506.3.7.1		Х		
12	506.3.7.1 Grease reservoirs. Grease reservoirs shall: 1. Be constructed as				
	required for the grease duct they serve. 2. Be located on the bottom of the				
	horizontal duct or the bottommost section of the duct riser. 3. Have a				
	length and width of not less than 12 inches (305 mm). Where the grease				
	duct is less than 12 inches (305 mm) in a dimension, the reservoir shall be				
	not more than 2 inches (51 mm) smaller than the duct in that dimension. 3.				
	Extend across the full width of the duct and have a length of not less than				
	12 inches. 4. Have a depth of not less than 1 inch (25.4 mm). 5. Have a				
	bottom that is sloped to a point for drainage. slopes to a drain. 6. Be				
	provided with a cleanout opening constructed in accordance with Section				
	506.3.8 and installed to provide direct access to the reservoir. The cleanout				
	opening shall be located on a side or on top of the duct so as to permit				
	cleaning of the reservoir. 7. Be installed in accordance with the				
	manufacturer's instructions where manufactured devices are utilized.				
M90-	Section(s): 506.3.11		Х		
12	506.3.11 Grease duct enclosures. A grease duct serving a Type I hood that				
	penetrates a ceiling, wall, floor or any concealed spaces shall be enclosed				
	from the point of penetration to the outlet terminal. <u>In-line exhaust fans</u>				
	not located outdoors shall be enclosed as required for grease ducts. A duct				
	shall penetrate exterior walls only at locations where unprotected openings				
	are permitted by the International Building Code.				
M92-	Section(s): 506.3.11, 506.3.11.1, 506.3.11.2, 506.3.11.3, Chapter 15		Х		
12	506.3.11 Grease duct enclosures. A <u>commercial kitchen</u> grease duct serving				
	a Type I hood that penetrates a ceiling, wall, floor or any concealed spaces				
	shall be enclosed from the point of penetration to the outlet terminal. A				
	duct shall penetrate exterior walls only at locations where unprotected				
	openings are permitted by the International Building Code. The duct				
	enclosure shall serve a single grease duct and shall not contain other ducts,				
	piping or wiring systems. Duct enclosures shall be either a shaft enclosure				
	in accordance with Section 506.3.11.1, a field-applied enclosure assembly in				
	accordance with 506.3.11.2 or a factory-built enclosure assembly in accordance with Section 506.3.11.3. Duct enclosures shall have a fire-				
	resistance rating of not less than that of the assembly penetrated and not				
	less than 1 hour. Duct enclosures shall be as prescribed by Section				
	506.3.11.1, 506.3.11.2 or 506.3.11.3.				
	506.3.11.1 Shaft enclosure. Commercial kitchen grease Grease ducts				
	constructed in accordance with Section 506.3.1 shall be permitted to be				
	enclosed in accordance with the International Building Code requirements				
	for shaft construction.				
	506.3.11.2 Field-applied grease duct enclosure. <u>Commercial kitchen grease</u>				
	Grease ducts constructed in accordance with Section 506.3.1 shall be				
	enclosed by a <u>listed and labeled</u> field-applied grease duct enclosure that is a				
	listed and labeled material, systems, product, or method of construction				
	specifically evaluated for such purpose in accordance with ASTM E 2336.				
	The surface of the duct shall be continuously covered on all sides from the				
	point at which the duct originates to the outlet terminal. Duct penetrations				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa		1C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	shall be protected with a through-penetration fire-stop firestop system				
	classified tested and listed in accordance with ASTM E 814 or UL-1497-1479				
	and having a "F" and "T" rating equal to the fireresistance rating of the				
	assembly being penetrated. The grease duct enclosure and firestop system				
	shall be installed in accordance with the listing and the manufacturer's				
	<u>instructions.</u> Such fire-stop systems shall be installed in accordance with the				
	listing and the manufacturer's installation instructions.				
	506.3.11.3 Factory-built grease duct <u>enclosure</u> assemblies. Factory-built				
	grease ducts assemblies i ncorporating integral enclosure materials shall be				
	listed and labeled for use as commercial kitchen grease duct <u>enclosure</u>				
	assemblies specifically evaluated for such purpose in accordance with UL				
	2221. Duct penetrations shall be protected with a through-penetration				
	firestop system classified <u>tested and listed</u> in accordance with ASTM E 814				
	or UL 1479 and having an "F" and "T" rating equal to the fireresistance				
	rating of the assembly being penetrated. Such assemblies The grease duct				
	enclosure assembly and firestop system shall be installed in accordance				
	with the listing and the manufacturer's instructions.				
M100-	Section(s): 506.5.3		Х		
12	506.5.3 Exhaust fan mounting An Up-blast fans <u>serving Type I hoods and</u>				
	installed in a vertical or horizontal position shall be hinged, and supplied				
	with a flexible weatherproof electrical cable to permit inspection and				
	cleaning and shall be equipped with a means of restraint to limit the swing				
	of the fan on its hinge. The ductwork shall extend a minimum of 18 inches				
	(457 mm) above the roof surface.				
M101-	Section(s): 507		Х		
12	The scope of this section has become much too large and non-cohesive due				
	to multiple "tweaks" in the past. Requirements are "jumbled" and bounce				
	around between the different types of hoods. There has been no change to				
	intent in this proposed reorganization, only the presentation of the text has				
14402	changed.				
M103-	Section(s): 507.2.1.1.1 (New)		Х		
12	507.2.1.1.1 Multiple hoods utilizing a single exhaust system. Where heat or				
	radiant energy sensors are utilized in hood systems consisting of multiple				
	hoods served by a single exhaust system, such sensors shall be provided in				
	each hood. Sensors shall be capable of being accessed from the hood outlet				
M104-	or from a cleanout location.		Х		
	Section(s): 507.2		_ ^		
12	507.2 Where required. A Type I or Type II hood shall be installed at or				
	above all commercial cooking appliances in accordance with Sections 507.2.1 and 507.2.2 Where any cooking appliance under a single hood				
	requires a Type I hood, a Type I hood shall be installed. Where a Type II				
	hood is required, a Type I or Type II hood shall be installed. Where a Type I				
	hood is installed, the installation of the entire system, including the hood,				
	ducts, exhaust equipment and makeup air system shall comply with the				
	requirements of Sections 506, 507, 508 and 509.				
M106-	Section(s): 507.2.1		Х	+	
12	Jeenongs, JU1.2.1		^		

	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa	ct			
CODE	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IN	/IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2013 HAIC CHAINGE SOMMAKT	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	507.2.1 Type I hoods. Type I hoods shall be installed where cooking				
	appliances produce grease or smoke. Type I hoods shall be installed over				
	medium-duty, heavy-duty and extra-heavy-duty cooking appliances. Type I				
	hoods shall be installed over light-duty cooking appliances that produce				
	grease or smoke.				
M107-	Section(s): 507.2.1.1		Х		
12	507.2.1.1 Operation. Type I hood systems shall be designed and installed to				
	automatically activate the exhaust fan whenever cooking operations occur.				
	The activation of the exhaust fan shall occur through an interlock with the				
	cooking appliances, by means of heat sensors or by means of other				
	approved methods. The exhaust fan serving a Type I hood shall have				
	automatic controls that will activate the fan when any appliance that				
	requires such Type I Hood is turned on, or a means of interlock shall be				
	provided that will prevent operation of such appliances when the exhaust				
	fan is not turned on. Where one or more temperature or radiant energy				
	sensors are used to activate a Type I hood exhaust fan, the fan shall				
	activate not more than 15-minutes after the first appliance, served by that				
	hood, has been turned on.				
M112-	Section(s): 508.1.2 (New)		Х		
12	508.1.2 Air balance. Design plans for a facility with a commercial kitchen				
	ventilation system shall include a schedule or diagram indicating the design				
	outdoor air balance. The design outdoor air balance shall indicate all				
	exhaust and replacement air for the facility, plus the net exfiltration if				
	applicable. The total replacement air airflow rate shall equal the total				
	exhaust airflow rate plus the net exfiltration.				
M123-	Section(s): 514.2		Х		
12	514.2 Prohibited applications. Energy recovery ventilation systems shall not				
	be used in the following systems: Exception: The application of ERV				
	equipment that recovers sensible heat only utilizing coil-type and fixed-				
	plate heat exchangers shall not be limited by this section.				
M134-	Section(s): 202, 602.2.1.4		Х		
12	602.1 General. Supply, return, exhaust, relief and ventilation air plenums				
	shall be limited to uninhabited crawl spaces, areas above a ceiling or below				
	the floor, attic spaces and mechanical equipment rooms. Plenums shall be				
	limited to one fire area. Return and transfer air shall be ducted from the				
	boundary of the fire area directly to the air handling equipment. Fuel-fired				
N442C	appliances shall not be installed within a plenum.				
M136-	Section(s): 602.2.1.6 (New)		Х		
12	602.2.1.6 Plastic piping and tubing used in plumbing systems shall exhibit a				
	flame spread index of not more than 25 and a smoke-developed index of				
	not more than 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84 or UL 723. The				
	fire test report shall indicate that the materials were tested at full width of				
	the tunnel and without water or any other liquid in the piping or tubing				
N/1/2	during the test.		v		
M142-	Section(s): 603.2, 918.2		Х		
12	603.2 Duct sizing. Ducts installed within a single dwelling unit shall				
	be sized in accordance with ACCA Manual D, the <u>appliance</u>				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa		/IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	•	•	-	
	manufacturer's installation instructions or other approved methods.				
	Ducts installed within all other buildings shall be sized in accordance				
	with the ASHRAE Handbook of Fundamentals or other equivalent				
	computation procedure.				
	918.2 Minimum duct sizes. The minimum unobstructed total area of				
	the outdoor and return air ducts or openings to a forced-air warm-				
	air furnace shall be not less than 2 square inches per 1,000 Btu/h				
	(4402 mm2/kW) output rating capacity of the furnace and not less				
	than that specified in the furnace manufacturer's installation				
	instructions. The minimum unobstructed total area of supply ducts				
	from a forced-air warm-air furnace shall not be less than 2 square				
	inches for each 1,000 Btu/h (4402 mm2/kW) output rating capacity				
	of the furnace and not less than that specified in the furnace				
	manufacturer's installation instructions. Exception: The total area of				
	the supply air ducts and outdoor and return air ducts shall not be				
	required to be larger than the minimum size required by the furnace				
	manufacturer's installation instructions.				
	918.3 2 Heat pumps. The minimum unobstructed total area of the				
	outdoor and return air ducts or openings to a heat pump shall be not				
	less than 6 square inches per 1,000 Btu/h (13 208 mm2/kW) output				
	rating or as indicated by the conditions of listing of the heat pump				
	Electric heat pumps shall be tested in accordance with UL 1995.				
M143-	Section(s): Table 603.4		Х		
12	This proposed change seeks to return to the requirements of 2006 and				
	previous IMC editions which have historically recognized 30 gauge sheet				
	metal as being appropriate for round ducts 14 inches or less diameter in				
	"Single Dwelling Units".				
M145-	Section(s): 603.4.2 (New)		Х		
12	603.4.2 Duct lap. Crimp joints for round and oval metal ducts shall be				
	lapped not less than one inch and the male end of the duct shall extend				
M149-	into the adjoining duct in the direction of airflow.		Х		
12 12	Section(s): 603.9 603.9 Joints, seams and connections All longitudinal and transverse joints,		^		
12	seams and connections in metallic and nonmetallic ducts shall be				
	constructed as specified in SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards-				
	Metal and Flexible and NAIMA Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards.				
	All joints, longitudinal and transverse seams and connections in ductwork				
	shall be securely fastened and sealed with welds, gaskets, mastics				
	(adhesives), mastic-plus-embedded-fabric systems, liquid sealants or tapes.				
	Closure systems Tapes and mastics used to seal metallic and fibrous glass				
	ductwork shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 181A and shall				
	be marked "181A-P" for pressure-sensitive tape, "181 A-M" for mastic or				
	"181 A-H" for heat-sensitive tape. Closure systems used to seal flexible air				
	ducts and flexible air connectors shall comply with UL 181B and shall be				
	marked "181B-FX" for pressure-sensitive tape or "181B-M" for mastic. Duct				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa		/IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	connections to flanges of air distribution system equipment shall be sealed			T	
	and mechanically fastened. Mechanical fasteners for use with flexible				
	nonmetallic air ducts shall comply with UL 181B and shall be marked "181B-				
	C." Closure systems used to seal metal all ductwork shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions. Unlisted duct				
	tape is not permitted as a sealant on any duct.				
M151-	Section(s): 603.9		Х		
12	603.9 Joints, seams and connections. Exception: Continuously welded and				
	locking-type longitudinal joints and seams in ducts operating at static				
	pressures less than 2 inches of water column (500 Pa) pressure				
	classification shall not require additional closure systems. For ducts having a				
	static pressure classification of less than 2 inches of water column (500Pa),				
	additional closure systems shall not be required for continuously welded				
	joints and seams and locking-type joints and seams of other than the snap-				
	lock and button-lock types.				
M153-	Section(s): 603.10		Х		
12	603.10 Supports. Ducts shall be supported at intervals not to exceed 12 feet				
	(3658 mm) and shall be in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct				
	Construction Standards—Metal and Flexible. Flexible and other factory-				
	made ducts shall be supported in accordance with the manufacturer's				
	instructions				
M156-	Section(s): 605.1		Х		
12	605.1 General. Heating and air-conditioning systems of the central type				
	shall be provided with approved air filters. Filters shall be installed such				
	that all return air, outdoor air and makeup air is filtered in the return air				
	system, upstream from any heat exchanger or coil. Filters shall be installed				
	in an approved convenient location. Liquid adhesive coatings used on filters				
	shall have a flash point not lower than 325°F (163°C).				
M157-	Section(s): [B] 607.5.4.1		Х		
12	[B] 607.5.4.1 Smoke damper. Smoke dampers shall close as required by				
	Section 607.3.3.2. The smoke damper shall close upon actuation of a listed				
	smoke detector or detectors installed in accordance with the International				
	Building Code and one of the following methods, as applicable: 1. Where a				
	smoke damper is installed within a duct, a smoke detector shall be installed				
	in the duct within 5 feet (1524 mm) of the damper with no air outlets or				
	inlets between the detector and the damper. The detector shall be listed				
	for the air velocity, temperature and humidity anticipated at the point				
	where it is installed. Other than in mechanical smoke control systems,				
	dampers shall be closed upon fan shutdown where local smoke detectors				
	require a minimum velocity to operate. 2. Where a smoke damper is				
	installed above smoke barrier doors in a smoke barrier, a spot-type				
	detector listed for releasing service shall be installed on either side of the				
	smoke barrier door opening. 3. Where a smoke damper is installed within				
	an air transfer opening in a wall, a spot-type detector listed for releasing				
	service shall be installed within 5 feet (1524 mm) horizontally of the				
	damper . 4. Where a smoke damper is installed in a corridor wall or ceiling,				
	the damper shall be permitted to be controlled by a smoke detection				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa	1	1C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	l	•		
	system installed in the corridor . 5. Where a total-coverage smoke detector				
	system is provided within areas served by a heating, ventilation and air-				
	conditioning (HVAC) system, smoke dampers shall be permitted to be				
	controlled by the smoke detection system.				
M159-	Section(s): 701.2 (New)		Х		
12	701.2 Dampered openings Where combustion air openings are provided				
	with volume, smoke or fire dampers, the dampers shall be interlocked with				
	the firing cycle of the appliances served, so as to prevent operation of any				
	appliance that draws combustion air from the room or space when any of				
	the dampers are closed. Manual dampers shall not be installed in				
	combustion air ducts. Ducts not provided with dampers and that pass				
	through rated construction shall be enclosed in a shaft in accordance with				
	the International Building Code.				
M164-	908.5 Water supply. Cooling towers, evaporative coolers and fluid coolers		Х		
12	shall be provided with an approved water supply, sized for peak demand.				
	The quality of water shall be provided in accordance with the equipment				
	manufacturer's recommendations. Water supplies The piping system and				
	protection of the potable water supply system shall be installed as required				
	by the International Plumbing Code.				
M165-	Section(s): 908.8 (New), Chapter 15			Х	
12	908.8 Cooling Towers. Cooling towers greater than 150 tons in capacity				
	shall comply with Sections 908.8.1 through 908.8.4. 908.8.1 Conductivity or				
	Flow-based Control. Cooling towers shall include of controls that maximize				
	the cycles of concentration based on local water quality conditions. Such				
	controls shall automate system bleed and chemical feed based on				
	conductivity or in proportion to metered makeup volume, metered bleed				
	volume, or bleed time. 908.8.2 Flow Meter. A water meter or sub-meter				
	shall be installed to measure the volume of makeup water entering the				
	cooling tower. Where both potable and non-potable water are supplied to				
	the tower, a meter or sub-meter shall be installed to measure each source				
	separately. 908.8.3 Overflow Alarm. Cooling towers shall include of an				
	overflow alarm to prevent overflow of the sump in case of makeup water				
	valve failure. Such overflow alarm shall send an audible signal or provide an				
	alert by means of the Building Management System to the tower operator				
	in case of sump overflow. 908.8.4 Drift Eliminators. Cooling towers shall be				
	equipped with drift eliminators that achieve drift reduction to 0.002				
	percent of the circulated water volume. Drift eliminators shall be tested				
	using the Isokinetic Drift Measurement Test Cost for Water Cooling Tower –				
	ATC – 140" testing code from the Cooling Technology Institute.				
M167-	Section(s): 918.6(NEW), 918.8, 601.5 (NEW)		Х		
12	918.6 Prohibited sources. Outdoor or return air for forced air heating and				
	cooling systems shall not be taken from the following locations: 1. Less than				
	10 feet (3048 mm) from an appliance vent outlet, a vent opening from a				
	plumbing drainage system or the discharge outlet of an exhaust fan, unless				
	the outlet is 3 feet (914 mm) above the outdoor air inlet. 2. Where there is				
	the presence of objectionable odors, fumes or flammable vapors; or where				
	located less than 10 feet (3048 mm) above the surface of any abutting				

CODE	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IN	IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IIVIC CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	public way or driveway; or where located at grade level by a sidewalk,				
	street, alley or driveway. 3. A hazardous or insanitary location or a				
	refrigeration machinery room as defined in this code. 4. A room or space,				
	the volume of which is less than 25 percent of the entire volume served by				
	such system. Where connected by a permanent opening having an area				
	sized in accordance with Sections 918.2 and 918.3, adjoining rooms or				
	spaces shall be considered as a single room or space for the purpose of				
	determining the volume of such rooms or spaces. Exception: The minimum				
	volume requirement shall not apply where the amount of return air taken				
	from a room or space is less than or equal to the amount of supply air				
	delivered to such room or space. 5. A closet, bathroom, toilet room,				
	kitchen, garage, boiler room, furnace room or unconditioned attic.				
	Exceptions: 5.1 Where return air intakes are located not less than 10 feet				
	(3048 mm) from cooking appliances, and serve the kitchen area only, taking				
	return air from a kitchen shall not be prohibited. 5.2 Dedicated forced-air				
	systems serving only a garage shall not be prohibited from obtaining return				
	air from the garage. 6. An unconditioned crawl space by means of direct				
	connection to the return side of a forced air system. Transfer openings in				
	the crawl space enclosure shall not be prohibited. 7. A room or space				
	containing a fuel-burning appliance where such room or space serves as the				
	sole source of return air. Exceptions: 7.1. This shall not apply where the				
	fuel-burning appliance is a direct-vent appliance. 7.2. This shall not apply				
	where the room or space complies with the following requirements: 7.2.1.				
	The return air shall be taken from a room or space having a volume				
	exceeding 1 cubic foot for each 10 Btu/h (9.6 L/W) of combined input rating				
	of all fuelburning appliances therein. 7.2.2. The volume of supply air				
	discharged back into the same space shall be approximately equal to the				
	volume of return air taken from the space. 7.2.3. Return-air inlets shall not				
	be located within 10 feet (3048 mm) of any appliance firebox or draft hood				
	in the same room or space. 7.3. This shall not apply to rooms or spaces				
	containing solid-fuel-burning appliances, provided that return-air inlets are				
	located not less than 10 feet (3048 mm) from the firebox of the appliances.				
	918.8 Return-air limitation. Return air from one dwelling unit shall not be				
	discharged into another dwelling unit.				
	918.6 Outdoor and Return air openings. Outdoor intake openings shall be				
	located in accordance with Section 401.4. Return air openings shall be				
	located in accordance with Section 601.5. 601.5. Return air openings.				
	Return air openings for heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems				
	shall comply with all of the following: 1. Openings shall not be located less				
	than 10 feet measured in any direction from an open combustion chamber				
	or draft hood of another appliance located in the same room or space. 2.				
	Return air shall not be taken from a hazardous or insanitary location or a				
	refrigeration room as defined in this code. 3. The amount of return air				
	taken from any room or space shall be not greater than the flow rate of				
	supply air delivered to such room or space. 4. Return and transfer openings				
	shall be sized in accordance with the appliance or equipment				
	manufacturers' installation instructions, ACCA Manual D or the design of	1		1	

	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa				La
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IN Decrease		IMPACT	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1-00.0000	1	1	
	the registered design professional. 5. Return air from one dwelling unit shall				
	not be discharged into or taken from another dwelling unit. 6. Taking return				
	air from a crawl space shall not be accomplished through a direct				
	connection to the return side of a forced air furnace. Transfer openings in				
	the crawl space enclosure shall not be prohibited. 7. Return air shall not be				
	taken from a closet, bathroom, toilet room, kitchen, garage, boiler room,				
	furnace room or unconditioned attic. Exceptions: 1. Taking return air from a				
	kitchen is not prohibited where such return air openings serve the kitchen				
	only, and are located not less than 10 feet from the cooking appliances. 2.				
	Dedicated forced air systems serving only the garage shall not be prohibited				
	from obtaining return air from the garage				
M168-	Section(s): 928.1		Х		
12	928.1 General. Evaporative coolers equipment shall: 1. Be installed in				
	accordance with the manufactures instructions. 2. Be installed on a level				
	platform in accordance with section 304.10. 3. Have openings in exterior				
	walls or roofs flashed in accordance with the International Building Code. 4				
	Be provided with potable water backflow protection in accordance with				
	section 608 of the International Plumbing Code .Be provided with an				
	approved water supply, sized for peak demand. The quality of water shall				
	be provided in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's				
	recommendations. The piping system and protection of the potable water				
	supply system shall be installed as required by the International Plumbing				
	Code. 5. Have air intake opening locations in accordance with Section				
	<u>401.4.</u>				
M169-	Section(s): 923.1		Х		
12,	923.1 General. The provisions of this section shall apply to kilns that are				
Part I	used for ceramics, have a maximum interior volume of 20 cubic feet (0.566				
	m3) and are used for hobby and noncommercial purposes. Kilns shall be				
	listed and labeled unless otherwise approved in accordance with Section				
	105.2. Electric kilns shall comply with UL 499. The approval of unlisted				
	appliances in accordance with Section 105.2 shall be based upon approved				
	engineering evaluation.		ļ	1	
M169-	Section(s): 923.1		Х		
12,	629.1 General. Ceramic Kilns with a maximum interior volume of 20 cubic				
Part II	feet and used for hobby and noncommercial purposes shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions and the				
	provisions of this code. Kilns shall comply with Section 301.3				
M171-	Section(s): 1003.1		Х		
12	1003.1 General. All pressure vessels, unless otherwise approved shall be				
	constructed and certified in accordance with the ASME Boiler and Pressure				
	Vessel Codes, shall bear the label of an approved agency and shall be				
	installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and <u>nationally</u>				
	recognized standards. Directly fired pressure vessels shall meet the				
N/172	requirements of Section 1004.		v		
M172- 12	Section(s): 1003.3, Chapter 15		Х		
12	1003.3 Welding. Welding on pressure vessels shall be performed by				
	approved welders in compliance with nationally recognized standards. an		<u> </u>		1

CODE	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IN	IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2013 IIVIC CHANGE SOMMAKY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	R-Stamp holder in accordance with the National Board Inspection Code,				
	Part 3 or in accordance with an approved standard. Add new standard to				
	Chapter 15 as follows: National Board Inspection Code 2011, Part 3				
M173-	Section(s): 1004.1		Х		
12	1004.1 Standards. Oil-fired boilers and their control systems shall be listed				
	and labeled in accordance with UL 726. Electric boilers and their control				
	systems shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 834. Solid-fuel-				
	fired boilers shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 2523. Boilers				
	shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of				
	ASME CSD-1 and as applicable, the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code,				
	Section For IV; NFPA 8501; NFPA 8502 or NFPA 8504. Boilers shall be				
	designed, constructed and certified in accordance with the ASME Boiler and				
	<u>Pressure Vessel Code, Section I or IV. Controls and safety devices for boilers</u>				
	with fuel input ratings of 12,500,000 Btu/hr or less shall meet the				
	requirements of ASME CSD-1. Controls and Safety devices for boilers with				
	inputs greater than 12,500,000 shall meet the requirements of NFPA 85.				
	Package oil fired boilers shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL				
	726 or other approved standard. Packaged electric boilers shall be listed				
	and labeled in accordance with UL 834 or other approved standard.				
M175-	Section(s): 1007.1, 1007.2, 1007.3		Х		
12	1007.1 General. All Steam and hot water boilers shall be protected with a				
	low-water cutoff control except as required by Section 1007.2.				
	1007.2 Flow sensing control. Coil-type and water-tube-type boilers that				
	require forced circulation of water through the boiler shall be protected				
	with a flow sensing control.				
	1007.2 3 Operation. The Low-water cutoff controls and flow sensing				
	controls required by Sections 1007.1 and 1007.2 shall automatically stop				
	the combustion operation of the appliance when the water level drops				
	below the lowest safe water level as established by the manufacturer <u>or</u>				
	when water circulation stops, respectively.		.,		
M176-	Section(s): 1008, 1008.1		Х		
12	1008.1 General. Every steam boiler shall be equipped with a quick-opening				
	blowoff valve. bottom blowoff valve(s). The valve(s) shall be installed in the				
	opening provided on the boiler. The minimum size of the valve(s) and				
	associated piping shall be the size specified by the boiler manufacturer or				
	the size of the boiler blowoff-valve opening. Where the maximum				
	allowable working pressure of the boiler exceeds 100 psig, two bottom				
	blowoff valves shall be provided consisting of either two slow opening				
	valves in series or one quick opening valve and one slow opening in series				
N 11 7 7	with the quick opening valve installed closest to the boiler.				
M177- 12	Section(s): 1009.2		Х		
14	1009.2 Closed-type expansion tanks. Closed-type expansion tanks				
	shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.				
	Expansion tanks for systems designed to have an operating pressure				
	in excess of 30 psi shall be constructed and certified in accordance				
	with the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Codes. The size of the tank				
	shall be based on the capacity of the hot-water-heating system. The				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa 2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	1C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	•			
	minimum size of the tank shall be determined in accordance with				
	the following equation where all necessary information is known				
M179-	Section(s): 1101.10		Х		
12	1101.10 Locking access port caps. Refrigerant circuit access ports located				
	outdoors shall be fitted with locking-type tamper-resistant caps or shall be				
	otherwise secured to prevent unauthorized access. Exception: This section				
	shall not apply to refrigerant circuit access ports on equipment installed in				
	controlled areas such as on roof tops with locked and alarmed access				
	hatches or doors.				
M181-	Section(s): 1102.3 (NEW)		Х		
12	1102.3 Access port protection. Refrigerant access ports shall be protected				
	in accordance with Section 1101.10 whenever refrigerant is added to or				
	recovered from refrigeration or air conditioning systems.				
M185-	Section(s): 1107.1, Chapter 15		Х		
12	1107.1 General. The design of refrigerant piping shall be in accordance with				
	ASME B31.5. All Refrigerant piping shall be installed, tested and placed in				
	operation in accordance with this chapter.				
	ASME B31.5-2001 Refrigerant Piping and Heat Transfer Components				
M188-	Section(s): Table 1202.4, 1203.15, 1208, 1210 (New), 1211 (New), 1212		Х		
12	(New), 1213 (New), 1214 (New), 1215 (New), 1216 (New), Chapter 15				
	Water based geothermal PE piping is currently listed in the hydronics				
	section where it doesn't quite fit. This special and growing application				
	should have its own section, and it should cover other materials that could				
	potentially be used. Green building rating systems are promoting				
	geothermal ground loop heating and cooling systems, and the code should				
	have more information. I am re-introducing this proposal to accomplish				
	that and would accept friendly amendments to it for any other materials.				
	While HDPE dominates the water based technology with an expected 95%				
	of the systems, other materials can be utilized. Copper is used in direct				
	expansion systems that do not run on water.				
M189-	Section(s): Table 1202.4, Chapter 15		Х		
12	ASTM F2806-10 Standard Specification for Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-Styrene				
14104	(ABS) Plastic Pipe (Metric SDR-PR)		.,	1	
M191-	Section(s): Table 1202.4		Х		
12	Brass pipe and tubing are copper alloys. Moving brass under the applicable				
	heading cleans-up the table and provides the appropriate terminology and correct information to the end user.				
N4102			Х		
M192-	Section(s): Table 1202.5, Chapter 15 ASTM A234 / A234M - 11a Standard Specification for Piping Fittings of		_ ×		
12	Wrought Carbon Steel and Alloy Steel for Moderate and High Temperature				
	Service ASTM A395 / A395M - 99(2009) Standard Specification for Ferritic				
	Ductile Iron Pressure-Retaining Castings for Use at Elevated Temperatures				
	ASTM A536 - 84(2009) Standard Specification for Ductile Iron Castings				
	ASTM B152 / B152M – 09 Standard Specification for Copper Sheet, Strip,				
	Plate, and Rolled Bar ASTM B584 – 11 Standard Specification for Copper				
	Alloy Sand Castings for General Applications ASTM F1548 - 01(2006)				
	Standard Specification for the Performance of Fittings for Use with				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa	1	/IC COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	Gasketed Mechanical Couplings Used in Piping Applications AWWA				
	C153/A21.53-06 Ductile-Iron Compact Fittings for Water ServiceSection(s):				
	<u>Table 1202.5, Chapter 15</u>				
M193-	Section(s): Table 1202.5		Х		
12	Brass and Bronze are copper alloys. Moving the standards under the				
	applicable heading cleans-up the table and provides the appropriate				
	terminology and correct information to the end user.				
M194-	Section(s): Table 1202.5, Chapter 15		Х		
12	ISO 15493 Annex A-2003 Plastics piping systems for industrial applications -				
	Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene (ABS), unplasticized poly(vinyl chloride)				
	(PVC-U) and chlorinated poly(vinyl chloride) (PVC-C) - Specifications for				
	components and the system Metric series				
M197-	Section(s): Table 1202.5, 1209.3.4 (New), Chapter 15		Х		
12	1209.3.4 Polyethylene of raised temperature (PE-RT) joints. PE-RT tubing				
	shall be installed in continuous lengths or shall be joined by hydronic				
	fittings listed in Table 1202.5.				
	ASTM F2098 – 08 Standard Specification for Stainless Steel Clamps for				
	Securing SDR9 Cross-linked Polyethylene (PEX) Tubing to Metal Insert and				
14400	Plastic Insert Fittings				
M198-	Section(s): Table 1202.5, Chapter 15		X		
12	ASME B16.51-2011 Copper and Copper Alloy Press-Connect Pressure				
M206-	Fittings Table 605.5 Section(s): 1209.3.2		Х		
12	1209.3.2 Copper tubing joints. Copper tubing shall be joined by brazing		^		
12	complying with Section 1203.3.1. with filler metals having a melting point of				
	not less than 1,000°F (538°C).				
M208-	Section(s): Table 1302.3		Х		
12	Brass pipe and tubing are copper alloys. Moving brass under the applicable				
	heading cleans-up the table and provides the appropriate terminology and				
	correct information to the end user.				
M210-	Section(s): 1303.3.2		Х		
12	1303.3.2 MECHANICAL JOINTS. Mechanical joints shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Press connect joints shall				
	conform to one of the standards listed in Table 1302.3.				
M211-	Section(s): 1303.7		Х		
12	1303.7 Copper or copper-alloy tubing. Joints between copper or copper				
	alloy pipe or fittings shall be brazed, or mechanical joints complying with				
	Section 1303.3, press connect joints that conform to one of the standards				
	in Table 1302.2 or flared joints. Flared joints shall be made by a tool				
	designed for that operation.				
	ASME B16.51-2012 Copper and copper-alloy press-connect pressure fittings				
M215-	Section(s): 307.3 (New) (IPC [M]314.3 New)		Х		
12	307.3 (IPC [M] 314.3) Condensate pumps. Condensate pumps located in				
	uninhabitable spaces, such as attics and crawl spaces, shall be connected to				
	the appliance or equipment served such that when the pump fails, the				

CODE	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impa 2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY		1C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IIVIC CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
	appliance or equipment will be prevented from operating. Pumps shall be				
	installed in accordance with the manufacturers' installation instructions.				
G8-12	Section(s): 202		Х		
Part II	IMC [B] DESIGN FLOOD ELEVATION. The elevation of the "design flood,"				
	including wave height, relative to the datum specified on the community's				
	legally designated flood hazard map. In areas designated as Zone AO, the				
	design flood elevation shall be the elevation of the highest existing grade of				
	the building's perimeter plus the depth number (in feet) specified on the				
	flood hazard map. In areas designated as Zone AO where a depth number is				
	not specified on the map, the depth number shall be taken as being equal				
	<u>to 2 feet (610 mm).</u>				
FS104-	Section: 717.3.1 (IMC 607.3.1)		Х		
12	717.3.1 (IMC 607.3.1) Damper testing. Dampers shall be listed and labeled				
	in accordance with the standards in this section. Fire dampers shall comply				
	with the requirements of UL 555. Only fire dampers and <u>ceiling radiation</u>				
	<u>dampers</u> labeled for use in dynamic systems shall be installed in heating,				
	ventilation and air-conditioning systems designed to operate with fans on				
	during a fire. Smoke dampers shall comply with the requirements of UL				
	555S. Combination fire/smoke dampers shall comply with the requirements				
	of both UL 555 and UL 555S. Ceiling radiation dampers shall comply with				
	the requirements of UL 555C or shall be tested as part of a fire-resistance-				
	rated floor/ceiling or roof/ceiling assembly in accordance with ASTM E119				
	or UL 263.				
FS115-	Section: 717.6.2.1 (IMC 607.6.2.1)		Х		
12	717.6.2.1 (IMC 607.6.2.1) Ceiling radiation dampers. Ceiling radiation				
	dampers shall be tested in accordance with Section 717.3.1. Ceiling				
	radiation dampers shall be installed in accordance with the details listed in				
	the fire-resistance rated assembly and the manufacturer's installation				
	instructions and the listing. Ceiling radiation dampers are not required where either one of the following applies: 1. Tests in accordance with ASTM				
	E 119 or UL 263 have shown that ceiling radiation dampers are not				
	necessary in order to maintain the fire-resistance rating of the assembly. 2.				
	Where exhaust duct penetrations are protected in accordance with Section				
	714.4.1.2, are located within the cavity of a wall and do not pass through				
	another dwelling unit or tenant space. 3. Where duct and air transfer				
	openings are protected with a duct outlet protection system tested as part				
	of a fire-resistance-rated assembly in accordance with ASTM E 119 or UL				
	263.				
FS116-	Section(s): 717.6.3 (IMC 607.6.3)		Х		
12	717.6.3 (IMC 607.6.3) Nonfire-resistance-rated floor assemblies. Duct		'		
	systems constructed of approved materials in accordance with the				
	International Mechanical Code that penetrate nonfireresistance-rated floor				
	assemblies shall be protected by any of the following methods: 1. A shaft				
	enclosure in accordance with Section 713. 2. The duct connects not more				
	than two stories, and the annular space around the penetrating duct is				
	protected with an approved noncombustible material that resists the free				
	passage of flame and the products of combustion. 3. The duct connects not			1	

	Table 4. 2015 IMC Changes Cost Impact										
CODE	CHANGE # 2015 IMC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IN	1C COST	IMPACT	ESTIMATED						
CHANGE #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*						
	Sub Code:										
	more than three stories, and the annular space around the penetrating										
	duct is protected with an approved noncombustible material that resists										
	the free passage of flame and the products of combustion and a fire										
	damper is installed at each floor line. Exception: Fire dampers are not										
	required in ducts within individual residential dwelling units.										

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX E

	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In	npact			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	2013 INC WEI CHANGE SOWWART	Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RM2-13	Section(s): M1305.1		Х		
	M1305.1 Appliance access for inspection service, repair and				
	replacement. Appliances shall be accessible for inspection, service, repair				
	and replacement without removing permanent construction, other				
	appliances, or any other piping or ducts not connected to the appliance				
	being inspected, serviced, repaired or replaced. A level working space at				
	least 30 inches deep and 30 inches wide (762 mm by 762 mm) shall be				
	provided in front of the control side to service an appliance. Installation				
	of room heaters shall be permitted with at least an 18-inch (457 mm)				
	working space. A platform shall not be required for room heaters.				
	Exception: The installation of room heaters shall comply with				
B142 : -	manufacturer's instructions.		<u> </u>		
RM3-13	Section(s): M1305.1.3.1		Х		
	M1305.1.3.1 Electrical requirements. A luminaire controlled by a switch				
	located at the required passageway opening and a receptacle outlet shall				
	be installed at or near the appliance location in accordance with Chapter				
	39. Exposed lamps shall be protected from damage by location or lamp				
DN44 42	guards.		· ·		
RM4-13	Section(s): M1305.1.4.3		Х		
	M1305.1.4.3 Electrical requirements. A luminaire controlled by a switch				
	located at the required passageway opening and a receptacle outlet shall				
	be installed at or near the appliance location in accordance with Chapter 39. Exposed lamps shall be protected from damage by location or lamp				
	guards.				
RM5-13	Section(s): M1306.2, M1306.2.1, M1306.2.2		Х		
1/1/12-12	M1306.2 Clearance reduction. The reduction of required clearances to		_ ^		
	combustible assemblies or combustible materials shall be based on				
	Section M1306.2.1 or Section M1306.2.2. M1306.2.1 Labeled assemblies.				
	The allowable clearance shall be based on an approved reduced				
	clearance protective assembly that is listed and labeled in accordance				
	with UL 1618.				
	M1306.2.2 Reduction table. M1306.2 Clearance Reduction. Reduction of				
	clearances shall be in accordance with the appliance manufacturer's				
	instructions and Table M1306.2.				
RM6-13	Section(s): M1307.2, P2801.7		Х		
	M1307.2 Anchorage of appliances. Appliances designed to be fixed in				
	position shall be fastened or anchored in an approved manner. In Seismic				
	Design Categories D0, D1 and D2, and in townhouses in Seismic Design				
	Category C, water heaters shall be anchored or strapped to resist				
	horizontal displacement caused by earthquake motion in accordance				
	with one of the following: 1. Anchorage and strapping shall be designed				
	to resist a horizontal force equal to one-third of the operating weight of				
	the water heater storage tank, acting in any horizontal direction.				
	Strapping shall be at points within the upper one-third and lover one-	<u> </u>			

CODE	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In		IRC ME	P COST	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY		IMPAC		AMOUNT*
	2013 INC WEI CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:		•		
	third of the appliance's vertical dimensions. At the lower point, the				
	strapping shall maintain a minimum distance of 4 inches (102mm) above				
	the controls. 2. The anchorage strapping shall be in accordance with the				
	appliance manufacturer's recommendations.				
	P2801.7 Water heater seismic bracing. In Seismic Design Categories D0,				
	D1 and D2 and in townhouses in Seismic Design Category C, water				
	heaters shall be anchored or strapped in accordance with Section				
	M1307.2.the upper one-third and in the lower one third of the appliance				
	to resist a horizontal force equal to one-third of the operating weight of				
	the water heater storage tank, acting in any horizontal direction, or in				
	accordance with the appliance manufacturer's recommendations.				
RM7-13	Section(s): M1307.2, M2301.2, M2301.2.10 (New)		Х		
	M1307.2 Anchorage of appliances. Appliances designed to be fixed in				
	position shall be fastened or anchored in an approved manner. In Seismic				
	Design Categories D1 and D2, water heaters and thermal storage units				
	shall be anchored or strapped to resist horizontal displacement caused				
	by earthquake motion. Strapping shall be at points within the upper one-				
	third and lower one-third of the appliance's vertical dimensions. At the				
	lower point, the strapping shall maintain a minimum distance of 4 inches				
	(102mm) above the controls.				
	M2301.2 Installation. Installation of thermal solar energy systems shall				
	comply with Sections M2301.2.1 through M2301.2.910.				
	M2301.2.10 Thermal storage unit seismic bracing. In Seismic Design				
	Categories D0, D1 and D2 and in townhouses in Seismic Design Category				
	C, thermal storage units shall be anchored in accordance with Section				
	<u>M1307.2.</u>				
RM9-13	Section(s): M1401.3		Х		
	M1401.3 Equipment/appliance Sizing. Heating and cooling equipment				
	and appliances shall be sized in accordance with ACCA Manual S based				
	on building loads calculated in accordance with ACCA Manual J or other				
	approved heating and cooling calculation methodologies. Exception:				
	Heating and cooling equipment and appliances shall not be limited to the				
	capacities determined in accordance with Manual S where any of the				
	following conditions apply: 1. The specified equipment or appliance				
	utilizes multi-stage technology or variable refrigerant flow technology				
	and the loads calculated in accordance with Manual J fall within the				
	range of the manufacturer's published capacities for that equipment or				
	appliance. 2. The specified equipment or appliance manufacturer's				
	published capacities cannot satisfy both the total and sensible heat gains				
	<u>calculated in accordance with Manual J and the manufacturer's next</u> <u>larger standard size unit is specified.</u> 3. The specified equipment or				
	appliance is the lowest capacity unit available from the specified				
	manufacturer.				
RM11-	Section(s): M1403.1, M1601.1, Chapter 44		Х		
	M1403.1 Heat pumps. The minimum unobstructed total area of the		^		
13	outdoor and return air ducts or openings to a heat pump shall be not less				
	than 6 square inches per 1,000 Btu/h (13 208 mm2/kW) output rating or				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In	-	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOON
	Sub Code:				
	as indicated by the conditions of listing of the heat pump. Electric heat				
	pumps shall be conform to listed and labeled in accordance with UL 1995				
	or UL/CSA/ANCE 60335-2-40.				
	M1601.1 Duct design. Duct systems serving heating, cooling and				
	ventilation equipment shall be installed in accordance with the				
	provisions of this section and ACCA Manual D, the appliance				
	manufacturer's installation instructions or other approved methods.				
RM12-	Section(s): M1403.1, M1601.1		Х		
13	M1403.1 Heat pumps. The minimum unobstructed total area of the				
13	outdoor and return air ducts or openings to a heat pump shall be not less				
	than 6 square inches per 1,000 Btu/h (13 208 mm2/kW) output rating or				
	as indicated by the conditions of listing of the heat pump. Electric heat				
	pumps shall be tested in accordance with UL 1995. M1601.1 Duct design.				
	Duct systems serving heating, cooling and ventilation equipment shall be				
	installed in accordance with the provisions of this section and ACCA				
	Manual D, the <u>appliance manufacturer's installation instructions</u> or other				
	approved methods				
RM13-	Section(s): M1403.1, Chapter 44		Х		
13	M1403.1 Heat pumps. The minimum unobstructed total area of the				
13	outside and return air ducts or openings to a heat pump shall be not less				
	than 6 square inches per 1,000 Btu/h (13 208 mm2/kW) output rating or				
	as indicated by the conditions of the listing of the heat pump. Electric				
	heat pumps shall conform to UL 1995 or UL/CSA/ANCE 60335-2-40.				
RM14-	Section(s): M1403.2		Х		
13	M1403.2 Foundations and supports. Supports and foundations for the				
	outdoor unit of a heat pump shall be raised at least 3 inches (76 mm)				
	above the ground to permit free drainage of defrost water, and shall				
	conform to the manufacturer's installation instructions.				
RM15-	Section(s): M1410.1		Х		
13	M1410.1 General. Vented room heaters shall be tested in accordance				
	with ASTM E 1509 for <u>pellet-fuel burning</u> , UL 896 for oil-fired or UL 1482				
	for solid fuel-fired and installed in accordance with their listing, the				
	manufacturer's installation instructions and the requirements of this				
	code.				
RM16-	Section(s): M1410.2		Х		
13	M1410.2 Floor mounting. Room heaters shall be installed on				
	noncombustible floors or approved assemblies constructed of				
	noncombustible materials that extend at least 18 inches (457 mm)				
	beyond the appliance on all sides. Exceptions: 1. Listed room heaters				
	shall be installed on noncombustible floors, assemblies constructed of				
	noncombustible materials or listed floor protectors listed and labeled in				
	accordance with UL 1618. The with materials and dimensions shall be in				
	accordance with the appliance manufacturer's instructions.				
RM19-	Section(s): M1411.3.2		Х		
13	M1411.3.2 Drain pipe materials and sizes. Components of the				
	condensate disposal system shall be <u>ABS</u> , cast iron, <u>copper, cross-linked</u>		1	1	

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	-	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	polyethylene, CPVC, galvanized steel, copper, polybutylene, PE-RT,				
	polyethylene , ABS, CPVC , polypropylene or PVC, pipe or tubing.				
RM20-	Section(s): M1411.3.2		Х		
13	M1411.3.2 Drain pipe materials and sizes. Components of the				
	condensate disposal system shall be cast iron, galvanized steel, copper,				
	polybutylene, polyethylene, ABS, CPVC or PVC pipe or tubing. All				
	components shall be selected for the pressure and temperature rating of				
	the installation. All components shall be selected for the pressure and				
	temperature rating of the installation. Joints and connections shall be				
	made in accordance with the applicable provisions of Chapter 30.				
	Condensate waste and drain line size shall be not less than ¾-inch (19				
	mm) <u>nomina</u> l internal diameter and shall not decrease in size from the				
	drain pan connection to the place of condensate disposal. Where the				
	drain pipes from more than one unit are manifolded together for				
	condensate drainage, the pipe or tubing shall be sized in accordance with				
	an approved method.				
RM21-	Section(s): M1411.3.3 (New)			Х	Estimate
13	M1411.3.3 Drain Line Maintenance. Condensate drain lines shall be				\$15/unit
	configured to permit the clearing of blockages and performance of				
	maintenance without requiring the drain line to be cut.				
RM22-	Section(s): M1411.4 (New)		Х		
<u>13</u>	M1411.4 Condensate pumps. Condensate pumps located in				
	uninhabitable spaces, such as attics and crawl spaces, shall be connected				
	to the appliance or equipment served such that when the pump fails, the				
	appliance or equipment will be prevented from operating. Pumps shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.				
RM23-	Section(s): M1411.6 (New)		Х		
	M1411.6 Location and protection of refrigerant piping. Refrigerant piping		^		
13	installed within 3 inches of the underside of roof decks shall be protected				
	from damage caused by nails and other fasteners.				
RM25-	Section(s): M1412.1, Chapter 44		Х		
	M1412.1 Approval of equipment. Absorption systems shall be installed in		_ ^		
13	accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions. Absorption				
	equipment shall comply with UL 1995 or <u>UL/CSA/ANCE 60335-2-40.</u>				
RM26-	Section(s): M1413.1, Chapter 44		Х		
13	M1413.1 General. Evaporative cooling equipment and appliances shall				
13	comply with UL 1995 or <u>UL/CSA/ANCE 60335-2-40</u>				
RM27-	Section(s): M1501.2 (New)		Х		
13	M1501.2 Transfer air. Air transferred from occupiable spaces, other than				
· -	kitchens, bathrooms and toilet rooms, shall not be prohibited from				
	serving as makeup air for exhaust systems. Transfer openings between				
	spaces shall be of the same cross-sectional area as the free area of the				
	makeup air openings. Where louvers and grilles are installed, the				
	required size of openings shall be based on the net free area of each				
	opening. Where the design and free area of louvers and grilles are not				
	known, it shall be assumed that wood louvers have 25-percent free area				
	and metal louvers and grilles have 75-percent free area.				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost Ir 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY		IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RM29-	Section(s): M1502.4.5		Χ		
13	M1502.4.5 Length identification. Where the exhaust duct equivalent				
	<u>length exceeds 35 feet</u> is concealed within the building construction , the				
	equivalent length of the exhaust duct shall be identified on a permanent				
	label or tag. The label or tag shall be located within 6 feet (1829 mm) of				
	the exhaust duct connection.				
RM30-	Section(s): M1503.1, M1503.2		Χ		
13	Stating "single- wall" is unnecessary				
RM34-	Section(s): M1503.4		Х		
13	M1503.4 Makeup air required. Exhaust hood systems capable of				
13	exhausting in excess of 400 cubic feet per minute (0.19 m3/s) shall be				
	mechanically or naturally provided with makeup air at a rate				
	approximately equal to the exhaust air rate. Such makeup air systems				
	shall be equipped with a <u>not less than one damper. Each damper shall be</u>				
	a gravity damper or an electrically operated damper that automatically				
	opens when the exhaust system operates means of closure and shall be				
	automatically controlled to start and operate simultaneously with the				
	exhaust system. Dampers shall be accessible for inspection, service,				
	repair and replacement without removing permanent construction or				
	any other ducts not connected to the damper being inspected, serviced,				
	repaired or replaced.				
RM36-	Section(s): M1506, M1507, and Chapter 44		Х		
<u>13</u>	M1506.2. Duct length. The length of exhaust and supply ducts used for				
	ventilating equipment shall not exceed the maximum lengths				
	determined in accordance with Table M1506.2. Exception: Duct length				
	shall not be limited where the duct system complies with the				
	manufacturer's design criteria or where the flow rate of the installed				
	ventilating equipment is verified by the installer or approved third party				
	using a flow hood, flow grid, or other airflow measuring device.				
	M1507.2 Flow Rate Verification. The flow rate for ventilating equipment shall be verified in accordance with ANSI/AMCA 210-ANSI/ASHRAE 51 or				
	the flow rate shall be verified by the installer or approved third party				
	using a flow hood, flow grid, or other airflow measuring device.				
RM46-	Section(s): M1601.1.1, Table M1601.1(1), M1601.2		Х		
13	Item #2 can be simplified by stating what is already required by Current		_ ^		
13	Section M1601.2. There is no need to state the burning classifications of				
	0 and 1 and there is no need for Table M1601.1.1(1) because this is				
	already covered in UL 181. Current Section M1601.2 is redundant with				
	the proposed revision to Item #2 of Section M1601.1.1 and should be				
	deleted. Item #4 is simplified and refers to ducts that are fabricated				
	anywhere				
RM47-	Section(s): Table M1601.1.1(2)		Х		
13	This revised table was approved for the 2015 IMC. The change that was				
· -	previously made in the 2009 IRC (and carried forward to the 2012 IRC)				
	unnecessarily increased the material thickness required for round sheet				
	metal ducts				

	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost Ir	npact			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RM48-	Section(s): M1601.1.1		Χ		
13	4. Minimum thickness of metal duct material shall be as listed in Table				
	M1601.1.1(2). Galvanized steel shall conform to ASTM A 653. Rigid				
	metallic ducts shall be fabricated in accordance with SMACNA Duct				
	Construction Standards Metal and Flexible except as allowed by Table				
	<u>M1601.1.1(2).</u>				
RM51-	Section(s): R202, M1601.3, Chapter 44		Χ		
13	The goal of this proposal is to define an existing commonly installed				
	insulation that should be properly included in the ICC Codes. This				
	proposal will provide clear requirements for a duct insulation that has				
	been in the market for many years and has nationwide distribution and				
	installation. This proposal includes the specific requirements for				
	reflective duct insulation.				
RM52-	Section(s): M1601.4.1		Х		
13	Sealants and tapes should be listed. The proposal provides specific				
	guidance on what can be used for specific duct materials.				
RM53-	Section(s): M1601.4.1		Х		
13	Exceptions: 1. Spray polyurethane foam shall be permitted to be applied				
	without additional joint seals. 2. Where a duct connection is made that is				
	partially inaccessible, three screws or rivets shall be equally spaced on				
	the exposed portion of the joint so as to prevent a hinge effect. 3.				
	Continuously welded and locking type longitudinal joints and seams in				
	ducts operating at static pressures less than 2 inches of water column				
	(500 Pa) pressure classification shall not require additional closure				
	systems. For ducts having a static pressure classification of less than 2				
	inches of water column (500Pa), additional closure systems shall not be				
	required for continuously welded joints and seams and locking-type				
DNAFF	joints and seams of other than the snap-lock and button-lock types.		· ·		
RM55-	Section(s): M1601.4.2 (New)		Х		
13	M1601.4.2 Duct lap. Crimp joints for round and oval metal ducts shall be				
	lapped not less than one inch and the male end of the duct shall extend				
DNAEC	into the adjoining duct in the direction of airflow.		V		
RM56-	Section(s): M1601.4.3 M1601.4.3 Support . Metal ducts shall be supported by 1/2 inch (13 mm)		Х		
13	wide 18-gage metal straps or 12-gage galvanized wire at intervals not				
	exceeding 10 feet (3048 mm) or other approved means. Nonmetallic				
	ducts shall be supported in accordance with the manufacturer's				
	installation instructions. Ducts shall be supported in accordance with				
	SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards—Metal and Flexible.				
RM57-	Section(s): M1602		Х		
	This is an attempt to reorganize and delete language in this section that		^		
13	contains outdated legacy code language. This Section is much more				
	complicated than it needs to be as the foremost concern regarding				
	return air is to keep contaminants out of the openings and air stream.				
RM59-	Section(s): M1804.4 (New)		Х		
13					
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CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATEI AMOUNT*	
		Decrease	None	Increase		
	Sub Code:					
	M1804.4 Door swing. Appliance and equipment vent terminals shall be					
	located such that doors cannot swing within 12 inches (305 mm)					
	horizontally of the vent terminals. Door stops or closures shall not be					
	installed to obtain this clearance.					
RM61-	Section(s): M1901.3		Х			
13	M1901.3 Prohibited location. Cooking appliances designed, tested, listed					
13	and labeled for use in commercial occupancies shall not be installed					
	within dwelling units or within any area where domestic cooking					
	operations occur.					
RM62-	Section(s): M2001.1		Х			
13	M2001.1 Standards. <u>Packaged</u> oil-fired boilers and their control systems					
13	shall be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 726. Packaged electric					
	boilers and their control systems shall be listed and labeled in					
	accordance with UL 834. Solid-fuel-fired boilers shall be listed and					
	labeled in accordance with UL 2523. Boilers shall be designed, and					
	constructed and <u>certified in</u> accordance with the requirements of ASME					
	CSD-1 and as applicable, the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code,					
	Section I or IV. Controls and safety devices for boilers with fuel input					
	ratings of 12,500,000 Btu/hr (3 663 388 watts) or less shall meet the					
	requirements of ASME CSD-1. Gas fired boilers shall conform to the					
	requirements listed in Chapter 24.					
RM63-	Section(s): M2002.5, M2002.6 (New)		Х			
13	M2002.5 Boiler low-water cutoff. All steam and hot water boilers shall be					
13	protected with a low-water cutoff control. The low-water cutoff shall					
	automatically stop the combustion operation of the appliance when the					
	water level drops below the lowest safe water level as established by the					
	manufacturer. Exception: A low-water cutoff is not required for coil-type					
	and water-tube-type boilers that require forced circulation of water					
	through the boiler and that are protected with a flow sensing control.					
	M2002.6 Operation. Low-water cutoff controls and flow sensing controls					
	required by Section M2002.5 shall automatically stop the combustion					
	operation of the appliance when the water level drops below the lowest					
	safe water level as established by the manufacturer or when the water					
	circulation flow is less than that required for safe operation of the					
	appliance, respectively.					
RM64-	Section(s): M2005.1		Х			
13	M2005.1 General. Water heaters shall be installed in accordance with					
	<u>Chapter 28</u> , the manufacturer's instructions and the requirements of this					
	code.					
RM65-	Section(s): TABLE M2101.1, Chapter 44		Х			
13	ASTM F2806-10 Standard Specification for Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-					
-	Styrene (ABS) Plastic Pipe (Metric SDR-PR)					
	ASTM F2969-12 Standard Specification for Acrylonitrile-Butadiene-					
	Styrene (ABS) IPS Dimensioned Pressure Pipe					
RM66-	Section(s): Table M2101.1, M2101.10, M2104, M2105, M2106 thru		Х			
13	M2110 (New), Chapter 44	1				
	M2107 (New), M2108 (New), M2109 (New), M2110 (New), Chapter 44					

	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In	npact			
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	This revised language, new sections and standards were approved for the				
	2015 IMC. Water based geothermal PE piping is currently listed in the				
	hydronics section where it doesn't quite fit. This special and growing				
	application should have its own section, and it should cover other				
	materials that could potentially be used. Green building rating systems				
	are promoting geothermal ground loop heating and cooling systems, in				
	both commercial and residential construction, and the IRC should also				
RM67-	have more information		Х		
13	Section(s): Table M2101.1, M2104.2.1 thru M2104.2.1.3, M2101.10,		X		
13	M2105, M2106 (New), The proposal picks up NSE standards that were not included in PM66-12				
RM68-	The proposal picks up NSF standards that were not included in RM66-13. Section(s): Table M2101.9		Х		
13	Add support dimensions for polyethylene of raised temperature (PE-RT).		_ ^		
13	PE-RT is already in the International Codes and adding the support				
	spacing will provide additional information for installation. All other				
	dimensions in the table remain unchanged.				
RM69-	Section(s): Table M2101.9		Х		
13	The addition of the PE-RT information to the table was approved for the				
	2015 IMC. Footnote "a" is added to the table to be in coordination with				
	the same requirement found in IMC Table 305.4. Support dimensions for				
	polyethylene of raised temperature (PE-RT) are added. PE-RT is already in				
	the International Codes and adding the support spacing will provide				
	additional information for installation. All other dimensions in the table				
	remain unchanged.				
RM70-	Section(s): M2103.1		Х		
13	M2103.1 Piping materials. Piping for embedment in concrete or gypsum				
	materials shall be standardweight steel pipe, copper and copper alloy				
	pipe and tubing, cross-linked polyethylene/aluminum/crosslinked				
	polyethylene (PEX-AL-PEX) pressure pipe, chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC), polybutylene, cross-linked polyethylene (PEX) tubing or				
	polypropylene (PP) with a minimum rating of 100 psi at 180°F (690 kPa at				
	82°C).				
RM71-	Section(s): M2103.1		Х		
13	M2103.1 Piping materials. Piping for embedment in concrete or gypsum				
13	materials shall be standard weight steel pipe, copper tubing, cross linked				
	polyethylene aluminum polyethylene (PEX-AL-PEX) pressure pipe,				
	chlorinated polyvinyl chloride (CPVC), polybutylene, cross-linked				
	polyethylene (PEX) tubing, polyethylene of raised temperature (PE-RT) or				
	polypropylene (PP) with a minimum rating of 100psi at 180°F (690kPa at				
	82°C).		1		
RM72-	Section(s): M2103.3, Chapter 44		Х		
13	M2103.3 Piping joints. Copper and copper alloys systems shall be				
	soldered in accordance with ASTM B828. Fluxes for soldering shall be in				
	accordance with ASTM B813 and shall become noncorrosive and non-				
	toxic after soldering. Brazing fluxes shall be in accordance with AWS A5.31.				
	<u>U2.2T.</u>	1			

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RM73-	Section(s): M2103.3, Chapter 44		Х		
13	M2103.3 Piping joints				
	7. Raised temperature polyethylene (PE-RT) tubing shall be joined using				
	insert or compression fittings.				
RM74-	Section(s): M2103.3		Χ		
13	M2103.3 Piping joints. Piping joints that are embedded shall be installed				
	in accordance with the following requirements: 1. Steel pipe joints shall				
	be welded. 2. Copper tubing shall be joined with by brazing complying				
	with Section P3003.5.1. material having a melting point exceeding				
	1,000°F (538°C).				
RM75-	Section(s): M2104.2, M2104.3		Х		
13	M2104.2 Piping Joints. Piping joints, other than those in Section				
	M2103.3, that are embedded shall comply with the following				
	requirements: 1. Cross-Linked Polyethylene (PEX) tubing shall be installed				
	in accordance the manufacturer's instructions. 2. Polyethylene tubing				
	shall be installed with heat fusion joints. 3. Polypropylene (PP) shall be				
	installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. <u>4. Raised</u> temperature polyethylene (PE-RT) shall be installed in accordance with				
	the manufacturer's instructions.				
	M2104.3.3 PE-RT insert fittings. PE-RT insert fittings shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.				
RM76-	Section(s): M2202.1, Chapter 44		Х		
13	ANSI/AWS A5.31M/A5.31:2012 Specification for Fluxes for Brazing and				
13	Braze Welding Edition: 2nd				
RM77-	Section(s): M2301.2.2 (New), M2301.2.2, M2301.2.2.2 (New), Chapter 44			Х	
13	M2301.2.2 Collectors and panels. Solar collectors and panels shall				
	comply with Sections M2301.2.2.1 and M2301.2.2.2.				
	M2301.2.2.1 M2301.2.2 Roof-mounted collectors. The roof shall be				
	constructed to support the loads imposed by roof-mounted solar				
	collectors. Roof-mounted solar collectors that serve as a roof covering				
	shall conform to the requirements for roof coverings in Chapter 9 of this				
	code. Where mounted on or above the roof coverings, the collectors and				
	supporting structure shall be constructed of noncombustible materials or				
	fire-retardant-treated wood equivalent to that required for the roof				
	construction. M2301.2.2.2 Collector sensors. Collector sensor				
	installation, sensor location and the protection of exposed sensor wires				
D1 470	from ultraviolet light shall be in accordance with SRCC 300.		\		
RM79-	Section(s): M2301.2		Х		
13	M2301.2 <u>Design</u> and installation. The <u>design</u> and installation of <u>thermal</u> solar energy systems shall comply with Sections M2301.2.1 through				
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CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	<u> </u>	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	2013 INC WEI CHANGE SOWWART	Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RM82-	Section(s): R202, M2301.2.3, Chapter 44			Х	
13	M2301.2.3 Relief valves and system components. System components				
13	containing fluids shall be protected with temperature and pressure and				
	temperature relief valves or pressure relief valves. Relief devices shall be				
	installed in sections of the system so that a section cannot be valved off				
	or isolated from a relief device. <u>Direct systems and the potable water</u>				
	portion of indirect systems shall be equipped with a relief valve in				
	accordance with Section P2803, For indirect systems, pressure relief				
	valves in solar loops shall comply with SRCC 300. System components				
	shall have a working pressure rating of not less than the setting of the				
	pressure relief device.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 44 as follows:				
	SRCC 300-13 Standard 300 For Solar Water Heating Systems				
RM84-	Section(s): M2301.2.5 (New)			Х	
13	M2301.2.5 Piping insulation. Piping shall be insulated in accordance with				
	the requirements of Chapter 11. Exterior insulation shall be protected				
	from ultraviolet degradation. The entire solar loop shall be insulated.				
	Where split-style insulation is used, the seam shall be sealed. Fittings				
	shall be fully insulated.				
RM85-	Section(s): Section R202, M2301.2.6, Chapter 44		Χ		
13	DRAIN-BACK SYSTEM. A solar thermal system in which the fluid in the				
	solar collector loop is drained from the collector into a holding tank				
	under prescribed circumstances.				
	M2301.2.6 Expansion tanks. Expansion tanks in solar energy systems				
	shall be installed in accordance with Section M2003 in closed fluid solar				
	collector loops that contain <u>pressurized</u> heat transfer fluid. <u>Where</u>				
	expansion tanks are used, the system shall be designed in accordance				
	with SRCC 300 to provide an expansion tank that is sized to withstand the				
	maximum operating pressure of the system. Exception: Expansion tanks				
	shall not be required in drain-back systems.				
RM86-	Section(s): M2301.2.6 (New), Chapter 44			Х	
13	M2301.2.6 Storage tank sensors. Storage tank sensors shall comply with				
	<u>SRCC 300.</u>				
RM87-	Section(s): M2301.2.6 (New), M2301.2.7 (New)			Х	
	M2301.2.6 Mixing valves. Where heated water is discharged from a solar			^	
13	thermal system to a hot water distribution system, a thermostatic mixing				
	valve complying with ASSE 1017 shall be installed to temper the water to				
	a temperature of not greater than 1400 F. Solar thermal systems				
	supplying hot water for both space heating and domestic uses shall				
	comply with Section P2802.2. A temperature indicating device shall be				
	installed to indicate the temperature of the water discharged from the				
	outlet of the mixing valve. The thermostatic mixing valve required by this				
	section shall not be a substitute for water temperature limiting devices				
	required by Chapter 27 for specific fixtures.				
	M2301.2.7 Isolation valves. Isolation valves shall be provided on the cold				
	water feed to the water heater. Isolation valves and associated piping				

CODE	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost Ir		IRC ME		ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	T Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	Decircuse	Itolic	merease	
	shall be provided to bypass solar storage tanks where the system	Ī			
	contains multiple storage tanks.				
	P2802.1 Water temperature control. Where heated water is discharged				
	from a solar thermal system to a hot water distribution system, a				
	thermostatic mixing valve complying with ASSE 1017 shall be installed to				
	temper the water to a temperature of not greater than 1400 F. Solar				
	thermal systems supplying hot water for both space heating and				
	domestic uses shall comply with Section P2802.2. A temperature				
	indicating device shall be installed to indicate the temperature of the				
	water discharged from the outlet of the mixing valve. The thermostatic				
	mixing valve required by this section shall not be a substitute for water				
	temperature limiting devices required by Chapter 27 for specific fixtures.				
	P2802.2 Isolation valves. Isolation valves in accordance with P2903.9.2				
	shall be provided on the cold water feed to the water heater. Isolation				
	valves and associated piping shall be provided to bypass solar storage				
	tanks where the system contains multiple storage tanks.				
RM88-	Section(s): M2301.2.8 (New), M2301.2.9 (New), M2301.9.1, M2301.2.9.2			Х	
	(New), Chapter 44			^	
13	M2301.2.8 Description and warning labels. Solar thermal systems shall				
	comply with description label and warning label requirements of Section				
	M2301.2.9.2 and SRCC 300. M2301.2.9 Solar loop. Solar loops shall be in				
	accordance with Sections M2301.2.8.1 and M2301.2.8.2. M2301.9.1				
	M2301.2.8 Solar loop isolation. Valves shall be installed to allow the solar				
	collectors to be isolated from the remainder of the system. Each isolation				
	valve shall be labeled with the open and closed position. M2301.2.9.2				
	Drain and fill valve labels and caps. Drain and fill valves shall be labeled				
	with a description and warning that identifies the fluid in the solar loop				
	and a warning that the fluid might be discharged at high temperature				
	and pressure. Drain caps shall be installed at drain and fill valves.				
	Add new standard to Chapter 44 as follows:				
	SRCC 300-13 Standard 300 For Solar Water Heating Systems				
RM89-	Section(s): M2301.3.1, Chapter 44		Х		
13	M2301.3.1 Collectors and panels. Solar thermal collectors and panels				
13	shall be listed and labeled in accordance with SRCC 100 or SRCC 600.				
	Collectors and panels shall be listed and labeled to show the				
	manufacturer's name, model number, serial number, collector weight,				
	collector maximum allowable temperatures and pressures, and the type				
	of heat transfer fluids that are compatible with the collector or panel.				
	The label shall clarify that these specifications apply only to the collector				
	or panel.				
RM90-	Section(s): Section M2301.4, Chapter 44	1		Х	
13	M2301.4 Heat transfer gasses or liquids and heat exchangers. Prohibited				
10	heat transfer fluids. Flammable gases and liquids shall not be used as				
	heat transfer fluids. Heat transfer gasses and liquids shall be rated to				
	withstand the system's maximum design temperature under operating				
	conditions without degradation. Heat exchangers used in solar thermal				
	systems shall comply with Section P2902.5.2 and SRCC 300.				

CODE	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In	•	IDC t t	D COST	CTIBA ATES
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT		ESTIMATEI AMOUNT*	
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	Add new standard to Chapter 44 as follows:				
	SRCC 300-13 Standard 300 For Solar Water Heating Systems				
RM91-	Section(s): M2301.4, Chapter 44		Х		
13	M2301.4 Prohibited Heat transfer fluids. Essentially toxic transfer fluids,				
	ethylene glycol, flammable gases, and flammable liquids shall not be				
	used as heat transfer fluids. <u>Heat transfer fluids shall be in accordance</u>				
	with SRCC 300. The flash point of the heat transfer fluids utilized in solar				
	thermal systems shall be not less than 50°F (28°C) above the design				
	maximum non-operating or no-flow temperature attained by the fluid in				
	the collector.				
RM93- 13	Section(s): M2301.6 (New), M2301.6.1 (New), M2301.6.2 (New), P2902.5.5			Х	
	M2301.6 Solar systems for heating potable water. Where a solar energy				
	system heats potable water to supply a potable hot water distribution				
	system, the solar energy system shall be in accordance with Sections				
	M2301.6.1, M2301.6.2 and P2902.5.5. M2301.6.1 Indirect systems. Heat				
	exchangers that are components of indirect heating systems shall comply				
	with Section P2902.5.2. M2301.6.2 Direct systems. Where potable water				
	is directly heated, the pipe, fittings and valves between the solar				
	collectors and the hot water storage tanks shall comply with NSF 61.				
	Revise as follows: P2902.5.5 Solar systems. The potable water supply to a				
	solar system shall be equipped with a backflow preventer with				
	intermediate atmospheric vent complying with ASSE 1012 or a reduced				
	pressure principle backflow preventer complying with ASSE 1013. Where				
	chemicals are used, the potable water supply shall be protected by a				
	reduced pressure principle backflow preventer. Where a potable water				
	supply is connected to the solar collector circulation loop piping of an				
	<u>indirect solar water heating system and chemicals are not used in the</u>				
	circulation loop piping, a backflow preventer in accordance with ASSE				
	1012 shall be installed between the potable water system and the				
	circulation loop piping. Where chemicals are used in the solar collector				
	circulation loop piping, such backflow preventer shall be in accordance				
RM97-	with ASSE 1013.	X			
	Section(s): M2302 The modification clarifies how to design the PV system for roof live load.	^			
13 Part	The modification clarifies how to design the PV system for roof live load				
II	and correlates with previous action on RM98-13, Part II.				
RM98-	Section(s): 202, M2302		Х		
13 Part	This proposed change consolidates and organizes these provisions, with				
1	necessary section revisions, and section additions, in an easily used				
•	format that also sets the stage for easy integration of code requirements				
	for new solar energy technology and applications as they emerge in the				
	market.				
RM99-	Section(s): M1411.3 (New), Chapter 44		Х		
13	M1411.3 Refrigeration line sets. Line sets connecting to cooling coils shall				
	comply with ASTM BXXX-13. Fittings for line sets shall comply with ASME				
	B16.22, ASME B16.26, or UL 207 and shall be rated for refrigeration				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	2015 INC WEP CHANGE SOMIWANT	Decrease		Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	tubing. The joints and connections for line sets shall be brazed, flared, or				
	a type that is listed and labeled for refrigeration tubing. Brazing material				
	shall have a melting point exceeding 1,000°F (538°C).				
RM100-	Section(s): M1502.4.4, M1502.4.4.3 (New)		Х		
	M1502.4.4.3 Dryer exhaust duct power ventilator. The maximum length		_ ^		
13	of the exhaust duct shall be determined in accordance with the				
	manufacturer's instructions for the dryer exhaust duct power ventilator.				
RM101-	Section(s): M1502.4.4 (New), Chapter 44		Х		
13	M1502.4.4 Dryer Exhaust Duct Power Ventilators. Domestic dryer		^		
13	exhaust duct power ventilators shall conform to UL 705 for use in dryer				
	exhaust duct systems. The dryer exhaust duct power ventilator shall be				
	installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.				
RP1-13	Section(s): P2502.1		Х		
1 13	P2502.1 Existing building sewers and building drains. Existing building		^		
	sewers and drains shall be used in connection with new systems when				
	found by examination and/or test to conform to the requirements				
	prescribed by this document. Where the entire sanitary drainage system				
	of an existing building is replaced, existing building drains under concrete				
	slabs and existing building sewers that will serve the new system shall be				
	internally examined to verify that the piping is sloping in the correct				
	direction, is not broken, is not obstructed and is sized for the drainage				
	load of the new plumbing drainage system to be installed.				
RP4-13	Section(s): P2503.4		Х		
	P2503.4 Building sewer testing. The building sewer shall be tested by				
	insertion of a test plug at the point of connection with the public sewer				
	and filling the building sewer with water to the highest point thereof.,				
	testing with not less than a 10-foot (3048) head of water and be able to				
	maintain such pressure for 15 minutes. The building sewer shall be				
	watertight at all points. Forced sewer tests shall consist of pressurizing				
	the piping to a pressure of not less than 5 psi (34.5 kPa) greater than the				
	pump rating and maintaining such pressure for not less than 15 minutes.				
	The forced sewer shall be watertight at all points.				
RP6-13	Section(s): P2503.5		Х		
	P2503.5-DWV Drain, waste and vent systems testing. Rough-in and				
	finished plumbing installations of drain, waste and vent systems shall be				
	tested in accordance with Sections P2503.5.1 and P2503.5.2.				
RP8-13	Section(s): P2503.5.1		Х		
	Lowering the fill stack to 5 feet enables both the installer and the				
	inspector to put eyeballs on the water level inside the pipe				
RP11-	Section(s): P2601.2		Х		·
13	P2601.2 Connections to drainage system. Plumbing fixtures, drains,				
	appurtenances and appliances used to receive or discharge liquid wastes				
	or sewage shall be directly connected to the sanitary drainage system of				
	the building or premises, in accordance with the requirements of this				
	code. This section shall not be construed to prevent indirect waste				
	connections where required by the code. waste systems. Exception:				
	Bathtubs, showers, lavatories, clothes washers and laundry trays shall				

RP12- 13	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY Sub Code: not be required to discharge to the sanitary drainage system where such fixtures discharge to an approved gray water systems complying with Section P3009. for flushing of water closets and urinals or for subsurface landscape irrigation. Section(s): P2602.1, P2602.2, Chapter 14 P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be	Decrease			ESTIMATED AMOUNT
RP12- 13	not be required to discharge to the sanitary drainage system where such fixtures discharge to an approved gray water systems complying with Section P3009. for flushing of water closets and urinals or for subsurface landscape irrigation. Section(s): P2602.1, P2602.2, Chapter 14 P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be	Decrease		Increase	
RP12- 13	not be required to discharge to the sanitary drainage system where such fixtures discharge to an approved gray water systems complying with Section P3009. for flushing of water closets and urinals or for subsurface landscape irrigation. Section(s): P2602.1, P2602.2, Chapter 14 P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be				
RP12- 13	fixtures discharge to an approved gray water systems complying with Section P3009. for flushing of water closets and urinals or for subsurface landscape irrigation. Section(s): P2602.1, P2602.2, Chapter 14 P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be				
RP12- 13	Section P3009. for flushing of water closets and urinals or for subsurface landscape irrigation. Section(s): P2602.1, P2602.2, Chapter 14 P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be				
RP12- 13	landscape irrigation. Section(s): P2602.1, P2602.2, Chapter 14 P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be				
RP12- 13	Section(s): P2602.1, P2602.2, Chapter 14 P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be				
13	P2602.1 General. The water-distribution and drainage system of any building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be				
	building or premises where plumbing fixtures are installed shall be		Х		
	connected to a public water supply or sewer system, respectively, if				
	available. When either a public water supply or sewer system, or both,				
	are not available, or connection to them is not feasible, an individual				
	water supply or individual (private) sewage-disposal system, or both,				
	shall be provided. Individual water supplies shall be constructed in				
	accordance with state and local laws or in accordance with ANSI/NGWA-				
	01-07				
RP14-	Section(s): P2603.2.1		Х		
13	This proposal is consistent with the National Electrical Code, which also				
	specifies a 1-1/4-inch setback from the edge of a stud.				
	Section(s): P2603.3		Х		
	P2603.3 Breakage and corrosion. Pipes passing through concrete or				
10	cinder walls and floors, coldformed steel framing or other corrosive				
	material shall be protected against external corrosion by a protective				
	sheathing or wrapping or other means that will withstand any reaction				
	from lime and acid of concrete, cinder or other corrosive material.				
	Sheathing or wrapping shall allow for movement including expansion and				
	contraction of piping. The wall thickness of material shall be not less than				
	0.025 inch (0.64 mm).				
	P2603.3 Protection against corrosion. Metallic piping, except for cast				
	iron, ductile iron and galvanized steel, shall not be placed in direct				
	contact with steel framing members, concrete or masonry. Metallic				
	piping shall not be placed in direct contact with corrosive soil. Where				
	sheathing is used to prevent direct contact, the sheathing material				
	thickness shall be not less than 0.008 inch (8 mil) (0.203 mm) and shall be				
	made of plastic. Where sheathing protects piping that penetrates				
	concrete or masonry walls or floors, the sheathing shall be installed in a				
	manner that allows movement of the piping within the sheathing.				
	Section(s): P2604.2		Х		
	P2604.2 Common Water service and building sewer in same trench.		^		
	Where the water service piping and building sewer piping is installed in				
	same trench, the installation shall be in accordance with See Section				
	P2905.4.2.				
	Section(s): P2604.4		Х		
	P2604.4 Protection of footings. Trenching installed parallel to footings		^		
	shall not extend below the 45-degree (0.79 rad) bearing plane of the				
	footing or wall (See Figure P2604.4).				
	P2604.4 Protection of footings. Trenching installed parallel to footings				
	and walls shall not extend into the bearing plane of a footing or wall. The				
	upper boundary of the bearing plane is a line that extends downward, at				

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT			ESTIMATEI AMOUNT*	
		Decrease	None	Increase		
	Sub Code:					
	an angle of 45 degrees from horizontal, from the outside bottom edge of					
	the footing or wall.					
RP19-	Section(s): P2605.1		Χ			
13	PEX tubing, like other materials currently in the table, is being made in					
	larger diameters that are stiffer and require less support.					
RP20-	Section(s): Table P2605.1		Χ			
13	Brass and Bronze are copper alloys and are covered under the copper					
	and copper alloys listed elsewhere in the table. This proposal eliminates					
	outdated language					
RP21-	Section(s): Table P2605.1		Х			
13	b. Mid-story guide For sizes 2 inches and smaller, a guide shall be					
	installed midway between required vertical supports. Such guides shall					
	prevent pipe movement in a direction perpendicular to the axis of the					
DD22	pipe.		.,			
RP23-	Section(s): P2607.1, P2607.2 (New)		Х			
13	P2607.1 General Pipes penetrating roofs. Where a pipe penetrates a					
	roof, a flashing of lead, copper, galvanized steel or an approved elastomeric material shall be installed in manner that prevents water					
	entry into the building. Counterflashing into the opening of pipe serving					
	as a vent terminal shall not restrict reduce the required internal cross-					
	sectional area of the vent pipe to less than the internal cross-sectional					
	area of one pipe size smaller. any vent. and exterior wall penetrations					
	shall be made water tight. Joints at the roof, around vent pipes, shall be					
	made water tight by the use of lead, copper or galvanized iron flashings					
	or an approved elastomeric material.					
	P2607.2 Pipes penetrating exterior walls. Where a pipe penetrates an					
	exterior wall, a waterproof sealant shall be applied at the joint between					
	the wall and the pipe, on the exterior of the wall.					
RP24-	Section(s): P2609.1		Х			
13	P2609.1 Identification. Each length of pipe and each pipe fitting, trap,					
	fixture, material and device utilized in a plumbing system shall bear the					
	identification of the manufacturer and any markings required by the					
	applicable referenced standards. Nipples created from the cutting and					
	threading of approved pipe shall not be required to be identified.					
RP25-	Section(s): P2609.1		Х			
13	Exception: Where the manufacturer identification cannot be marked on					
	pipe fittings and pipe nipples because of the small size of such fittings,					
	the identification shall be printed on the item packaging or on					
DD27	documentation provided with the item.	 	V			
RP27-	Section(s): P2609.4 P2600 4 Third party cartification. All Dlumbing products and materials.		Х			
13	P2609.4 Third-party certification. All Plumbing products and materials					
	required by the code to be in compliance with a referenced standard					
	shall be listed by a third-party certification agency as complying with the referenced standards. Products and materials shall be identified in					
	referenced Standards. Froducts and Indiendis Shan be identified III	1	1			

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RP28-	Section(s): P2701.1		Х		
13	P2701.1 Quality of fixtures. Plumbing fixtures, faucets and fixture fittings				
	shall be constructed of approved materials, shall have smooth				
	impervious surfaces, shall be free from defects and concealed fouling				
	surfaces, and shall conform to the standards cited in <u>Table P2701.1 and</u>				
	elsewhere in this code. Plumbing fixtures shall be provided with an				
	adequate supply of potable water to flush and keep the fixtures in a				
	clean and sanitary condition without danger of backflow or cross				
DD20	connection.		V		
RP30-	Section(s): Table P2701.1, Chapter 44		Х		
13	ANSI Z124.1.2-2005 Plastic Bathtub and Shower Units.	<u> </u>			
RP32-	Section(s): R202, P2702.1, P2706.1, P2706.1.1 (New), P2706.2, P2706.2.1		Х		
13	A definition for "waste receptor" is needed. The term is found in the				
	code 11 times with no exact description. The definition identifies exactly				
RP33-	what constitutes an 'approved type" of waste receptor.		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
	Section(s): P2702.2 P2702.2 Waste fittings. Waste fittings shall conform to ASME		Х		
13	A112.18.2/CSA B125.2, ASTM F 409 or shall be made from pipe and pipe				
	fittings complying with any of the standards indicated in Tables				
	P3002.1(1) and P3002.3. to one of the standards listed in Table				
	P3002.1(1) for above-ground drainage and vent pipe and fittings.				
RP34-	Section(s): P2705.1		Х		
13	Changing "brass" to copper alloy is consistent with other proposals				
RP36-	Section(s): P2701.1		Х		
	P2701.1 Quality of fixtures. Plumbing fixtures, faucets and fixture fittings		_ ^		
13	shall be constructed of approved materials, shall have smooth				
	impervious surfaces, shall be free from defects and shall not have				
	concealed fouling surfaces., and shall conform to the standards cited in				
	this code. Plumbing fixtures shall be provided with an adequate supply of				
	potable water to flush and keep the fixtures in a clean and sanitary				
	condition without danger of backflow or cross connection.				
RP40-	Section(s): P2712.1, Chapter 44		Х		
13	ASMEA112.19.14–2006(R2011) Six-Liter Water Closets Equipped with a				
	Dual Flushing Device				
RP42-	Section(s): P2716.2		Х		
13	P2716.2 Water supply required. <u>A sink equipped with</u> a food waste grinders shall be provided with a faucet. be provided with an adequate				
	grinders snall be provided with a faucet. be provided with an adequate supply of water at a sufficient flow rate to ensure proper functioning of				
	the unit.				
RP43-	Section(s): P2717.1	1	Х		
	P2717.1 Protection of water supply. The water supply for dishwashers		^		
13	shall be protected by an air gap or integral backflow preventer. The				
	water supply to a dishwasher shall be protected against backflow by an				
	air gap complying with ASME A112.1.3 or A112.1.2 that is installed				
	integrally within the machine or a backflow preventer in accordance with				
	Section P2902.				

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RP44-	Section(s): P2717.2, P2717.3		Х		
13	P2717.2 Sink and dishwasher. The combined discharge from a sink and				
	dishwasher shall be served by are permitted to discharge through a				
	single trap of not less than 1 1/2 inches (38 mm) in nominal diameter				
	trap. The discharge pipe from the dishwasher shall be increased in size to				
	not less than 3/4 inch (19 mm) inside diameter and before shall be				
	connecting with to a wye fitting in to the sink tailpiece. The waste				
	discharge pipe from the dishwasher waste line shall rise and be securely				
	fastened or held in a position to at the underside of the counter before				
	connecting to the wye sink tailpiece. P2717.3 Sink, dishwasher and food				
	waste grinder. The combined discharge from a sink, dishwasher, and				
	food waste grinder shall be served by a single trap of not less than is				
	permitted to discharge through a single 1 1/2 inch (38 mm) in nominal				
	diameter trap. The discharge pipe from the dishwasher shall be				
	increased in size to not less than 3/4 inch (19 mm) inside diameter and				
	shall before connecting with to a wye fitting between the discharge of				
	the food-waste grinder and the trap inlet. Alternatively, the discharge				
	pipe from the dishwasher shall connect or to the head of the food waste				
	grinder. The dishwasher discharge pipe waste line shall rise and be				
	securely fastened or held in a position to at the underside of the counter				
	before connecting to the wye sink tail piece or the head of the food				
	waste grinder.				
RP47-	Section(s): P2725 (New), P2725.1 (New)		Χ		
13	P2725.1 General. Materials, design, construction and performance of				
	non-liquid saturated treatment systems shall comply with NSF 41.				
RP48-	Section(s): P2801.1		Χ		
13	P2801.1 Hot water required. Each dwelling Hot water shall have an				
	approved automatic water heater or other type of domestic water-				
	heating system sufficient to supply hot water to be supplied to plumbing				
	fixtures and appliances intended for bathing, washing or culinary				
	purposes. Hot water shall be supplied by an approved automatic water				
	heater or other type of approved domestic water-heating system.				
	Storage water heaters and hot water storage tanks shall be constructed				
	of noncorrosive corrosion-resistant metal or shall be lined with				
	noncorrosive corrosion-resistant material.				
RP49-	Section(s): P2801.2 (New)		Х		
13	P2801.2 Drain valves. Drain valves for emptying shall be installed at the				
	bottom of each tank-type water heater and hot water storage tank. The				
	drain valve inlet shall be a ¾ inch nominal iron pipe size and the outlet				
	shall be provided with a male garden hose thread.	1			
RP50-	Section(s): P2801.5		Х		
13	P2801.5 Required pan. Where a storage tank-type water heater or a hot				
	water storage tank is installed in a location where water leakage from				
	the tank will cause damage, the tank shall be installed in a galvanized				
	steel pan having a material thickness of not less than 0.0236 inch (0.6010				
	mm) (No. 24 gage), or other pans approved for such use. Listed pans shall	1	1		

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost Ir 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	2013 INC WILP CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease		Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RP51-	Section(s): P2801.5		Х		
13	P2801.5 Required pan. Where a storage tank-type water heater or hot				
13	water storage tank is installed in a location where water leakage from				
	the tank will cause damage, the tank shall be installed in a pan				
	constructed of one of the following: 1. galvanized steel pan having a				
	material thickness of not less than 0.0236 inch (0.6010 mm) (No. 24)				
	gage or a lesser gage number, 2. aluminum not less than 0.030 inch (0.8				
	mm) in thickness, 3. plastic not less than 0.036 inch (0.9 mm) in thickness				
	4. other pans approved materials for such use. Listed pans shall comply				
	with CSA LC3. A plastic pan shall not be installed beneath a gas-fired				
	water water.				
RP53-	Section(s): P2801.5.2		Х		
13	P2801.5.2 Pan drain termination. The pan drain shall extend full-size and				
13	terminate over a suitably located indirect waste receptor or shall extend				
	to the exterior of the building and terminate not less than 6 inches (152				
	mm) and not more than 24 inches (610 mm) above the adjacent ground				
	surface. Where a pan drain was not previously installed, a pan drain shall				
	not be required for a replacement water heater installation.				
RP55-	Section(s): P2803.6.1		Х		
13	10. Not Terminate not more than 6 inches (152 mm) and not less than				
13	two times the discharge pipe diameter above the floor or waste receptor				
	flood level rim.				
RP56-	Section(s): P2803.6.1		Х		
13	14. Be one nominal size larger than the size of the relief valve outlet,				
13	where the relief valve discharge piping is constructed of PEX or PE-RT				
	tubing. The outlet end of such tubing shall be fastened in place.				
RP57-	Section(s): P2901.1, P2901.2 (New), P2901.2.1 (New), P2901.2.2 (New),		Х		
13	P2901.2.3 (New)				
	Water distribution systems of other than potable water are being				
	installed in buildings and the code needs to require marking of the piping				
	and signage for the outlets for safety reasons. The basis for this new				
	language is text from the IgCC and is written to be in alignment with the				
	IgCC requirements				
RP58-	Section(s): P2902.1		Х		
13	P2902.1 General. A potable water supply system shall be designed and				
	installed as to prevent contamination from nonpotable liquids, solids or				
	gases being introduced into the potable water supply. Connections shall				
	not be made to a potable water supply in a manner that could				
	contaminate the water supply or provide a cross-connection between				
	the supply and a source of contamination except where approved				
	backflow prevention assemblies, backflow prevention devices or other				
	means or methods are installed to protect the potable water supply.				
	Cross-connections between an individual water supply and a potable				
	public water supply shall be prohibited.				
RP61-	Section(s): P2902.3.1		Х		
13					
13	P2902.3.1 Air gaps. Air gaps shall comply with ASME A112.1.2 and air gap fittings shall comply with ASME A112.1.3. The minimum An air gap shall				

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	be measured vertically from the lowest end of a water supply outlet to				
	the flood level rim of the fixture or receptor into which such potable the				
	water outlets discharges or to the floor. The minimum required air gap				
	shall be not less than twice the diameter of the effective opening of the				
	outlet, but in no case and not less than the values specified in Table				
	P2902.3.1. An air gap is required at the discharge point of a relief valve or				
	piping. Air gap devices shall be incorporated in dishwashing and clothes				
	washing appliances.				
RP62-	Section(s): P2902.3.2		Х		
13	P2902.3.2 Atmospheric-type vacuum breakers. Pipe-applied				
13	Atmospheric-type vacuum breakers shall conform to ASSE 1001 or CSA				
	B64.1.1. Hose-connection vacuum breakers shall conform to ASSE 1011,				
	ASSE 1019, ASSE 1035, ASSE 1052, CSA B64.2, CSA B64.2.1, CSA				
	B64.2.1.1, CSA B64.2.2 or CSA B64.7. Both types of vacuum breakers shall				
	be installed such with the outlet continuously open to the atmosphere.				
	These devices shall operate under normal atmospheric pressure when				
	the critical level is installed at the required height.				
RP63-	Section(s): P2902.3.2		Х		
13	P2902.3.2 Atmospheric-type vacuum breakers. Pipe applied				
13	Atmospheric-type vacuum breakers shall conform to ASSE 1001 or CSA				
	B64.1.1. Hose-connection vacuum breakers shall conform to ASSE 1011,				
	ASSE 1019, ASSE 1035, ASSE 1052, CSA B64.2, CSA B64.2.1, CSA				
	B64.2.1.1, CSA B64.2.2 or CSA B64.7. These devices vacuum breakers				
	shall operate under normal atmospheric pressure when the critical level				
	is installed at the required height. The critical level of the atmospheric				
	vacuum breaker shall be set at not less than 6 inches (152 mm) above the				
	highest elevation of downstream piping and the flood level rim of the				
	fixture or device.				
RP65-	Section(s): P2902.3.3		Х		
13	P2902.3.3 Backflow preventer with intermediate atmospheric vent.				
13	Backflow with intermediate atmospheric vents shall conform to ASSE				
	1012 or CSA B64.3. These devices shall be permitted to be installed				
	where subject to continuous pressure conditions. These devices shall be				
	prohibited as a means of protection where any chemical additives are				
	introduced downstream of the device. The relief opening shall discharge				
	by air gap and shall be prevented from being submerged.				
RP67-	Section(s): P2902.3.4		Х		
13	P2902.3.4 Pressure vacuum breaker assemblies. Pressure vacuum				
13	breaker assemblies shall conform to ASSE 1020 or CSA B64.1.2. Spill-				
	resistant vacuum breaker assemblies shall comply with ASSE 1056. These				
	assemblies are designed for installation under continuous pressure				
	conditions where the critical level is installed at the required height. The				
	critical level of a pressure vacuum breaker and a spill resistant vacuum				
	breaker assembly shall be set at not less than 12 inches (304 mm) above				
	the highest elevation of downstream piping and the flood level rim of the				
	fixture or device. Pressure vacuum breaker assemblies shall not be				
	installed in locations where spillage could cause damage to the structure.				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	· -	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RP70-	Section(s): P2902.3.6		Х		
13	P2902.3.6 Double check- valve <u>backflow prevention assemblies</u> . Double				
13	check-valve backflow prevention assemblies shall conform to ASSE 1015,				
	CSA B64.5, CSA B64.5.1 or AWWA C510. Doubledetector check-valve				
	detector fire protection backflow prevention assemblies shall conform to				
	ASSE 1048. These devices assemblies shall be capable of operating under				
	continuous pressure conditions.				
RP71-	Section(s): Table P2902.3		Х		
13	The revised table provides needed clarity on the application of backflow				
	preventers.				
RP72-	Section(s): P2902.4		Х		
13	P2902.4 Protection of potable water outlets. Potable water openings and				
	outlets shall be protected by an air gap, a reduced pressure principle				
	backflow prevention assembly with atmospheric vent, an atmospheric-				
	type vacuum breaker, a pressure- type vacuum breaker <u>assembly</u> or a				
	hose connection backflow preventer.				
RP73-	Section(s): P2902.4.1		Х		
13	P2902.4.1 Fill valves. Flush tanks shall be equipped with an antisiphon fill				
	valve conforming to ASSE 1002 or CSA B125.3. The <u>critical level</u> of the fill				
	valve backflow preventer shall be located not less than 1 inch (25 mm)				
	above the full opening top of the flush tank overflow pipe				
RP74-	Section(s): P2902.4.3		Χ		
13	P2902.4.3 Hose connection. Sillcocks, hose bibbs, wall hydrants and				
	other openings with a hose connection shall be protected by an				
	atmospheric-type <u>vacuum breaker</u> , a pressure- type vacuum breaker				
	<u>assembly</u> or a permanently attached hose connection vacuum breaker.				
RP75-	Section(s): P2902.5.1		Х		
13	P2902.5.1 Connections to boilers. The potable supply to the boiler shall				
	be equipped with a backflow preventer with an intermediate				
	atmospheric vent complying with ASSE 1012 or CSA B64.3. Where				
	conditioning chemicals are introduced into the system, The potable				
	water connection to a boiler shall be protected by an air gap or a				
	reduced pressure principle backflow prevention <u>assembly</u> complying with				
DD76	ASSE 1013, CSA B64.4 or AWWA C511.		\ \		
RP76-	Section(s): P2902.5.2		Х		
13	P2902.5.2 Heat exchangers. Heat exchangers using an essentially toxic				
	transfer fluid shall be separated from the potable water by double-wall				
	construction. An air gap open to the atmosphere shall be provided between the two walls. Single-wall construction heat exchangers shall be				
	used only where an essentially nontoxic transfer fluid is utilized is an				
	essentially nontoxic. transfer fluid shall be permitted to be of single wall				
	construction.				
RP77-	Section(s): P2902.5.5		Х		
	P2902.5.5 Solar systems. The potable water supply to a solar system shall		_ ^		
13	be equipped with a backflow preventer with intermediate atmospheric				
	vent complying with ASSE 1012 or a reduced pressure principle backflow				
	prevention assembly complying with ASSE 1013. Where chemicals are				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY		IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	2015 IKC WEP CHANGE SOWWARY	Decrease		Increase	
	Sub Code:	1			
	used, the potable water supply shall be protected by a reduced pressure				
	principle backflow prevention <u>assembly</u> . Exception: Where all solar				
	system piping is a part of the potable water distribution system, in				
	accordance with the requirements of the International Plumbing Code,				
	and all components of the piping system are listed for potable water use,				
	cross-connection protection measures backflow protection shall not be				
	required.				
RP79-	Section(s): Table P2903.1		Х		
13	The proposal updates the table to be aligned with newer low flow				
	fixtures which will result in less expense for piping to some fixtures.				
RP82-	Section(s): P2903.3		Х		
13	P2903.3 Minimum pressure. The static water pressure (as determined by				
	the local water authority) at the building entrance for either public or				
	private water service shall be not less than 40 psi (276 kPa). Where the				
	water pressure supplied by the public water main or an individual water				
	supply system is insufficient to provide for the minimum pressures and				
	quantities for the plumbing fixtures in the building, the pressure shall be				
	increased by means of an elevated water tank, a hydropnuematic				
RP85-	pressure booster system or a water pressure booster pump. Section(s): P2903.8		Х		
	P2903.8 Gridded and parallel water distribution systems. Hot water and		_ ^		
13	cold water manifolds installed with gridded or parallel-connected				
	individual distribution lines and cold water manifolds installed with				
	gridded distribution lines to each fixture or fixture fittings shall be				
	designed in accordance with Sections P2903.8.1 through P2903.8.6.				
	Gridded systems for hot water distribution systems shall be prohibited.				
RP87-	Section(s): P2903.8.3		Х		
13	P2903.8.3 Orientation. The installation orientation of manifolds shall not				
13	be limited be permitted to be installed in a horizontal or and vertical				
	orientations.				
RP90-	Section(s): P2903.9.3		Х		
13	P2903.9.3 Fixture valves and access. An individual Shutoff valves shall be				
	required on the each fixture supply pipe to each plumbing appliance and				
	to each plumbing fixture other than bathtubs and showers. Valves				
	serving individual plumbing fixtures, plumbing appliances, risers and				
	branches shall be provided with accessible.				
RP91-	Section(s): P2903.9.4		Х		
13	P2903.9.4 Valve requirements. Valves shall be of an approved type and				
	compatible with the type of piping material installed in the system. Ball				
	valves, gate valves, butterfly valves, globe valves and plug. Valves				
	intended to supply drinking water shall meet the requirements of NSF				
	61.	 	<u> </u>		
RP92-	Section(s): P2903.9.4, Table P2903.9.4 (New), Chapter 44		Х		
13	P2903.9.4 Valves. Valves shall be of an approved type and compatible				
	with the type of piping material installed in the system. <u>Valves shall</u> conform to one of the standards listed in Table 605.7 or shall be				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY		IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	approved. Ball valves, gate valves, globe valves and plug valves intended				
	to supply drinking water shall meet the requirements of NSF 61.				
RP102-	Section(s): P2905.2, P2905.2.1 (New), Chapter 44		Χ		
13	P2905.2 Lead content. The lead content in pipe and fittings used in the				
	water supply system shall be have lead content of not greater than 8				
	percent lead.				
	P2905.2.1 Lead content of drinking water pipe and fittings. Pipe, pipe				
	fittings, joints, valves, faucets, and fixture fittings utilized to supply water				
	for drinking or cooking purposes shall comply with NSF 372 and shall				
DD4.02	have a weighted average lead content of 0.25 percent lead or less.				
RP103-	Section(s): P2905.4.1		Х		
13	P2905.4.1 P2905.3.7 Dual check-valve-type backflow preventer. Where a Dual check-valve backflow preventers is installed on the water supply				
	system, it shall comply conform with ASSE 1024 or CSA B64.6.				
RP104-	Section(s): P2905.4.2		Х		
_	The proposal was approved to make the IRC coordinate with the IPC.		^		
13					
RP105-	Section(s): Table P2905.4, P3004.3, Table P3302.1		Х		
13	Asbestos cement pipe is no longer manufactured in North America. The				
	material needs to be removed from the code.				
RP106-	Section(s): Table P2905.4		Х		
13	Polypropylene (PP) plastic tubing ASTM F 2389; CSA B137.11				
RP107-	Section(s): Table P2905.4, Table P2905.5, P2905.9.1.3 (New), Chapter 44		Х		
13	CPVC/AL/CPVC pipe has been developed that is suitable for use as				
	potable water piping, both as water service pipe and water distribution				
	pipe. This product has been used successfully on a limited basis since				
	2007 based on NSF Standard 61 listing and a special engineered standard				
	(SE) from NSF International. Including this product in the IRC will				
	recognize another plumbing pipe option for installers.				
RP108-	Section(s): Table P2905.4, Table P2905.5, Table P2905.6		Х		
13	Brass and Bronze are copper alloys. Moving the standards under the				
	applicable heading eliminates outdated language and provides the appropriate terminology				
RP109-	Section(s): Table P2905.6, Chapter 44		Х		
	ASME B16.51-2011 Copper and Copper Alloy Press-Connect Pressure		^		
13	Fittings				
RP110-	Section(s): Table P2905.6		Х		
	ASSE 1061; ASME B16.15; ASME B16.18; ASME B16.22; ASME B16.23;		_ ^		
13	ASME B16.26 ; ASME B16.29				
RP111-	Section(s): Table P2905.6		Х		
13	Add ASTM F2769 as a fittings standard for polyethylene of raised		``		
13	temperature (PE-RT)				
RP112-	Section(s): Table P2905.5		Х		
13	ASME B16.12 is for threaded drainage fittings and is inappropriate to be		'`		
10	listed in a water distribution pipe fitting table.				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In 2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IRC MEP COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RP114-	Section(s): P2905.14, Chapter 44		Х		
13	P2905.14 Soldered and brazed joints. Soldered joints in copper and				
	copper alloy tubing shall be made with fittings approved for water piping				
	and shall conform to ASTM B 828. Surfaces to be soldered shall be				
	cleaned bright. Fluxes for soldering shall be in accordance with ASTM				
	B813 and shall become noncorrosive and non-toxic after soldering.				
	Brazing fluxes shall be in accordance with AWS A5.31. The joints shall be				
	properly fluxed and made with approved solder. Solders and fluxes used				
	in potable watersupply systems shall have a lead content of not greater				
	than 0.2 percent. Fluxes shall conform to ASTM B 813.				
RP115-	Section(s): P2905.17.1		Х		
13	This proposal was approved to be in-line with prior proposals that				
	changed "brass" to "copper alloy".	<u> </u>			
RP116-	Section(s): P2905.18		Х		
13	P2905.18 Press connect joints. Press-connect joints shall conform to one				
	of the standards indicated in Table P2905.6. Press-type mechanical joints				
	in copper tubing shall be made in accordance with the manufacturer's				
	instructions. Cut tube ends shall be reamed to the full inside diameter of				
	the tube end. Joint surfaces shall be cleaned. The tube shall be fully				
	inserted into the press connect fitting. Press connect joints shall be				
	pressed with a tool certified by the manufacturer. using approved tools				
	which affix the copper fitting with integral O-ring to the tubing.				
RP118-	Section(s): P2905.19.1		Х		
13	P2905.19.1 Flared joints. Flared pipe ends shall be made by a tool				
	designed for that operation.				
RP120-	Section(s): 202, P2909 (New), P2910 (New), P2911 (New), P2912 (New),		Χ		
13	P3009				
	The sections shown to be added to the code are from the IgCC. These				
	sections really need to be in the IRC as these subjects are more				
	applicable to the IRC scope. Currently, the IRC does not address different				
	types of nonpotable water (other than gray water) and therefore				
	provides no guidance as to how nonpotable waters are to be collected,				
	stored and distributed.				
RP122-	Section(s): Table P3002.1(1)		Х		
13	Brass and Bronze are copper alloys. Moving the standards under the				
	applicable heading eliminates outdated language and provides the				
	appropriate terminology				
RP123-	Section(s): P3002.2.1 (New)		Х		
13	P3002.2.1 Building sewer pipe near the water service. The proximity of a				
	building sewer to a water service shall comply with Section P2905.4.2.				
RP124-	Section(s): P3003.5, P3003.5.1, P3003.5.2, P3003.5.3, P3003.10,		Х		
13	P3003.10.1, P3003.10.3, P3003.10.11, P3003.10.11.1, P3003.10.11.2,				
10	P3003.10.11.3				
	Brass and Bronze are copper alloys and by combining pipe and tubing				
	section P3003.10, section P3003.11 is no longer necessary.				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 5. 2015 IRC MEP Changes Cost In		IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
	Sub Code:	1	111111		
RP126-	Section(s): P3003.6.3. Chapter 44		X		
13	P3003.6.3 Mechanical joint coupling. Mechanical joint couplings for		``		
13	hubless pipe and fittings shall consist of an elastomeric sealing sleeve				
	and a metallic shield that comply with CISPI 310, or ASTM C1277 or ASTM				
	C1540. The elastomeric sealing sleeve shall conform to ASTM C564 or				
	CSA B602 and shall have be provided with a center stop. Mechanical joint				
	couplings shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's				
	installation instructions.				
RP127-	Section(s): P3003.8, P3003.8.1, P3003.8.2		Х		
13	P3003.8 Coextruded composite ABS pipe. Joints between coextruded				
	composite pipe with an ABS outer layer or ABS fittings shall comply with				
	Sections P3003.8.1 and P3003.8.2.				
	P3003.8.1 Mechanical joints. Mechanical joints on drainage pipe shall be				
	made with an elastomeric seal conforming to ASTM C 1173, ASTM D				
	3212 or CSA B602. Mechanical joints shall not be installed in above-				
	ground systems, unless otherwise approved. Joints shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.				
	P3003.8.2 Solvent cementing. Joint surfaces shall be clean and free from				
	moisture. Solvent cement that conforms to ASTM D 2235 or CSA B181.1				
	shall be applied to all joint surfaces. The joint shall be made while the				
	cement is wet. Joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D 2235,				
	ASTM D 2661, ASTM F 628 or CSA B181.1. Solvent-cement joints shall be				
	permitted above or below ground.				
RP128-	Section(s): P3003.9, P3003.9.1, P3003.9.2		Х		
13	P3003.9 Coextruded composite PVC pipe. Joints between coextruded				
	composite pipe with a PVC outer layer or PVC fittings shall comply with				
	Sections P3003.9.1 and P3003.9.2.				
	P3003.9.1 Mechanical joints. Mechanical joints on drainage pipe shall be made with an elastomeric seal conforming to ASTM D 3212. Mechanical				
	ioints shall not be installed in above-ground systems, unless otherwise				
	approved. Joints shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's				
	instructions.				
	P3003.9.2 Solvent cementing. Joint surfaces shall be clean and free from				
	moisture. A purple primer that conforms to ASTM F 656 shall be applied.				
	Solvent cement not purple in color and conforming to ASTM D 2564, CSA				
	B137.3 or CSA B181.2 shall be applied to all joint surfaces. The joint shall				
	be made while the cement is wet, and shall be in accordance with ASTM				
	D 2855. Solvent cement joints shall be permitted above or below ground.				
RP129-	Section(s): P3003.9.2, P3003.14.2		Х		
13	P3003.9.2 ,P3003.14.2 Solvent cementing Solvent cementing. Exception:				
10	A primer shall not be required where both of the following conditions				
	apply: 1. The solvent cement used is third-party certified as conforming				
	to ASTM D 2564. 2. The solvent cement is used only for joining PVC drain,				
	waste and vent pipe and fittings in non-pressure applications in sizes up				
	to and including 4 inch (102 mm) in diameter.				

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RP130-	Section(s): P3003.18.1, P3003.18.2, P3003.18.3		Χ		
13	Brass and Bronze are copper alloys. Moving the standards under the				
	applicable heading eliminates outdated language and provides the				
	appropriate terminology				
RP132-	Section(s): P3005.1.5		Χ		
13	P3005.1.5 Dead ends. Dead ends shall be prohibited except where				
	necessary to extend a cleanout or as an approved part of a rough-in				
	more than 2 feet (610 mm) in length.				
RP133-	Section(s): P3005.2, P3005.2.1, P3005.2.2, P3005.2.3, P3005.2.4,		Х		
13	P3005.2.5, P3005.2.6, P3005.2.7, P3005.2.8, P3005.2.9, P3005.2.10,				
	P3005.2.10.1 (New), P3005.2.10.2 (New), P3005.2.11				
	This section has been reorganized in a more logical format for ease of				
	understanding. Note that the requirement for a cleanout at the base of				
	stacks was deleted. Cleanouts at the base of the stack can be installed in				
	the horizontal drain line				
RP136-	Section(s): P3007.3.2		Х		
13	P3007.3.2 Sump pit. The sump pit shall be not less than 18 inches (457				
	mm) in diameter and not less than 24 inches (610 mm) in depth, unless				
	otherwise approved. The pit shall be accessible and located such that all				
	drainage flows into the pit by gravity. The sump pit shall be constructed				
	of tile, concrete, steel, plastic or other approved materials. The pit bottom shall be solid and provide permanent support for the pump. The				
	sump pit shall be fitted with a gas-tight removable cover that is installed				
	above grade level or floor level, or not more than 2 inches (51 mm)				
	below grade or floor level, The cover shall be adequate to support				
	anticipated loads in the area of use. The sump pit shall be vented in				
	accordance with Chapter 31.				
RP137-	Section(s): P3008.1		Х		
13	P3008.1 Sewage backflow <u>Exception: In existing buildings, fixtures above</u>				
13	the elevation of the manhole cover of the next upstream manhole in the				
	public sewer shall not be prohibited from discharging through a				
	backwater valve.				
RP138-	Section(s): P3009.13.2, P3009.13.2.1 (New)		Х		
13	P3009.13.2 Disinfection and treatment. Gray water shall be disinfected				
	by an approved method that employs one or more disinfectants such as				
	chlorine, iodine or ozone that are recommended for use with the pipes,				
	fittings and equipment by the manufacturer of the pipes, fittings and				
	equipment. Nonpotable water collected onsite for reuse shall be				
	disinfected, treated or both to provide the quality of water needed for				
	the intended end use application. Where the intended end use				
	application does not have requirements for the quality of water,				
	disinfection and treatment of water collected onsite for reuse shall not				
	be required. Onsite collected nonpotable water that contains untreated				
	gray water ans is collected in reserviors shall be retained for not more				
	than 24 hours.	1	1		

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	P3009.13.2.1 Gray water used for fixture flushing. Gray water used for				
	flushing water closets and urinals shall be disinfected and treated by an				
	on-site water reuse treatment system complying with NSF 350.				
RP139-	Section(s): P3009.13.4		Х		
13	P3009.13.4 Coloring. The gray water shall be dyed blue or green with a				
13	food grade vegetable dye before such water is supplied to the fixtures.				
RP140-	Section(s): P3009.19		Х		
13	P3009.19 Joints between drainage piping and water closets. Joints				
13	between drainage piping and water closets or similar fixtures shall be				
	made by means of a closet flange or a waste connector and sealing				
	gasket compatible with the drainage system material, securely fastened				
	to a structurally firm base. The inside diameter of the drainage pipe shall				
	not be used as a socket fitting for a 4-inch by 3-inch (102 mm by 76 mm)				
	closet flange. The joint shall be bolted, with an approved gasket flange to				
	fixture connection complying with ASME A112.4.3 or setting compound				
	between the fixture and the closet flange or waste connector and sealing				
	gasket. The waste connector and sealing gasket joint shall comply with				
	the joint-tightness test of ASME A112.4.3 and shall be installed in				
	accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions				
RP141-	Section(s): P3010 (New), Chapter 44		Х		
13	The IRC lacks coverage concerning the replacement of sewer systems by				
	pipe bursting methods. These methods are being widely used throughout				
	the country. Proper guidance concerning this type of replacement				
	provides additional value to the code				
RP142-	Section(s): P3101.2		Х		
13	P3101.2 Trap seal protection. The plumbing system shall be provided				
	with a system of vent piping that will permit allow the admission or				
	emission of air so that the <u>liquid</u> seal of any fixture trap shall not be				
	subjected to a pneumatic pressure differential of more than 1 inch of				
	water column (249 Pa).				
RP143-	Section(s): P3103.1		Х		
13	P3103.1 Roof extension. Open vent pipes that extend through a roof				
	shall be terminated not less than [NUMBER] inches (mm) above the roof				
	or 6 inches (152 mm) above the anticipated snow accumulation,				
	whichever is greater , except that. Where a roof is to be used for				
	assembly or as a promenade, observation deck, sunbathing deck or				
	similar purposes for any purpose other than weather protection, the				
	open vent pipes extensions shall terminate not less than 7 feet (2134				
	mm) above the roof.	<u> </u>			
RP144-	Section(s): P3103.2		Х		
13	P3103.2 Frost closure. Where the 97.5-percent value for outside design				
	temperature is 0°F (-18°C) or less, every vent extensions through a roof				
	or wall shall be not less than 3 inches (76 mm) in diameter. Any increase				
	in the size of the vent shall be made <u>not less than 1 foot</u> inside the				
	structure at a point not less than 1 foot (305 mm) below the roof or				
	inside the wall thermal envelope of the building.				

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
RP145-	Section(s): P3111.2.2		Х		
13	P3111.2.2 Connection. The combination waste and vent pipe shall				
13	connect to a horizontal drain that is vented or a vent shall connect to the				
	combination waste and vent. The vent connecting to the combination				
	waste and vent pipe shall extend vertically not less than 6 inches (152				
	mm) above the flood level rim of the highest fixture being vented before				
	offsetting horizontally. The combination waste and vent system shall be				
	provided with a dry vent connected at any point within the system or the				
	system shall connect to a horizontal drain that serves vented fixtures				
	located on the same floor. Combination waste and vent systems				
	connecting to building drains receiving only the discharge from a one or				
	more stacks shall be provided with a dry vent. The vent connection to the				
	combination waste and vent pipe shall extend vertically to a point not				
	less than 6 inches (152 mm) above the flood level rim of the highest				
	fixture being vented before offsetting horizontally.				
RP146-	Section(s): P3114.5		Х		
13	P3114.5 Access and ventilation. Access shall be provided to all air				
13	admittance valves. The Such valves shall be installed in a location within				
	a ventilated space that allows air to enter the valve.				
RP147-	Section(s): P3114.8		Х		
13	P3114.8 Prohibited installations. Air admittance valves without an				
13	engineered design shall not be used to vent sumps or tanks except where				
	the vent system for the sump or tank has been designed by an engineer.				
	of any type				
RP150-	Section(s): P3201.2, P3201.2.1 (New), P3201.2.2 (New), P3201.2.3 (New),		Х		
	P3201.2.3 (New), Chapter 44		^		
13	This modification adds language to identify all of the methods available				
	for protecting the trap seal of emergency floor drain traps or traps				
	subject to evaporation. The four methods available are: water supplied				
	trap seal primers, waste supplied trap primer devices, trap seal				
	protection devices, and reclaimed water. Waste supplied trap primer				
	devices divert water from a sink or lavatory to the trap. Trap seal				
	protection devices do not require any water. Reclaimed water can also				
	be used to maintain the trap seal.				
RP152-	Section(s): P3201.7, Table P3201.7		Х		
	P3201.7 Size of fixture traps. Fixture Trap sizes for plumbing fixtures shall		^		
13	be sufficient to drain the fixture rapidly and not less than the size as				
	indicated in Table P3201.7. Where the tailpiece of a plumbing fixture is				
	larger than that indicated in Table P3201.7, the trap size shall be the				
	same nominal size as the fixture tailpiece. A trap shall not be larger than				
	the drainage pipe into which the trap discharges.				
RP153-	Section(s): Table P3302.1	+	Х		
13	Plastic pipe (type sewer pipe, <u>SDR 35</u> , PS25, PS50 or PS100) ASTM D 3034				
RP154-	Section(s): P2708.2 (New)		Х		
	P2708.2 Shower drain. Shower drains shall have a outlet size of not less		^		
13	than 1-1/2 inches [38 mm] in diameter.				

CODE		2015	IRC ME	P COST	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY		IMPAC	т	AMOUNT*
	2010 1110 11121 0111 11102 00 1111111111	Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:		•		
RP155-	Section(s): P2905.9.1.2		Х		
13	P2905.9.1.2 Solvent cementing. Joint surfaces shall be clean and free				
13	from moisture,. Joints shall be made in accordance with the pipe, fitting				
	or solvent cement manufacturer's installation instructions. Where such				
	instructions require a primer to be used, and an approved primer shall be				
	applied, and a solvent cement, orange in color and conforming to ASTM				
	F 493, shall be applied to joint surfaces. Where such instructions allow				
	for a one step solvent cement, yellow or red in color and conforming to				
	ASTM F 493, to be used, the joint surfaces shall not require application of				
	a primer before the solvent cement is applied. The joint shall be made				
	while the cement is wet, and in accordance with ASTM D 2846 or ASTM F				
	493. Solvent cement joints shall be permitted above or below ground.				
	Exception: A primer is not required where all of the following conditions				
	apply: 1. The solvent cement used is third-party certified as conforming				
	to ASTM F 493. 2. The solvent cement used is yellow in color. 3. The				
	solvent cement is used only for joining ½ inch (12.7 mm) through 2 inch				
	(51 mm) diameter CPVC pipe and fittings. 4. The CPVC pipe and fittings				
	are manufactured in accordance with ASTM D 2846.				
RP156-	Section(s): P3007.5		Х		
13	P3007.5 Macerating toilet systems and <u>pumped waste systems</u> .				
	Macerating toilet systems and <u>pumped waste systems</u> shall comply with				
	CSA B45.9 or ASME A112.3.4 and shall be installed in accordance with				
	the manufacturer's installation instructions.				
CE23-	Section(s): C101.5.2, C402.1, R101.5.2 (IRC N1101.6), R402.1 (IRC		Х		
13 Part	N1102.1)				
II	R101.5.2 (N1101.6) Low energy buildings. The following buildings, or				
	portions thereof, separated from the remainder of the building by				
	building thermal envelope assemblies complying with this code shall be				
	exempt from the building thermal envelope provisions of this code: 1.				
	Those with a peak design rate of energy usage less than 3.4 Btu/h ft2				
	(10.7 W/m2) or 1.0 watt/ft2 (10.7 W/m2) of floor area for space				
	conditioning purposes. 2. Those that do not contain conditioned space.				
	R402.1 (N1102.1) General (Prescriptive). The building thermal envelope				
	shall meet the requirements of Sections R402.1.1 through R402.1.4.				
	Exception: The following low energy buildings, or portions thereof,				
	separated from the remainder of the building by building thermal				
	envelope assemblies complying with this section shall be exempt from				
	the building thermal envelope provisions of Section R402. 1. Those with a				
	peak design rate of energy usage less than 3.4 Btu/h ft2 (10.7 W/m2) or				
	1.0 watt/ft2 (10.7 W/m2) of floor area for space conditioning purposes.				
CE202	2. Those that do not contain conditioned space.		.,		
CE283-	Section(s): C404.7 (NEW), Table C407.5.1(1), Chapter 5, R403.4.3 (NEW)		Х		
13, Part	(N1103.5 (NEW)), Chapter 5, IRC P2903.11 (NEW)				
II	R403.4.3 (N1103.4.3) Drain water heat recovery units. Drain water heat				
	recovery units shall comply with CSA 55.2. Drain water heat recovery				
	units shall be in accordance with CSA 55.1. Potable water-side pressure	1	1	1	

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC MEP CHANGE SUMMARY	2015	IRC ME		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	Sub Code:				
	for individual units connected to one or two showers. Potable water-side pressure loss of drain water heat recovery units shall be less than 2 psi (13.8 kPa) for individual units connected to three or more showers. CSA 55.1-2012 Test method for measuring efficiency and pressure loss of drain water heat recovery units CSA 55.2-2012 Drain water heat recovery units				
CE362- 13, Part II	Section(s): C403.2.5 (New), R403.2 (New) (IRC N1103.2 (New)) R403.2 (N1103.2) Hot water boiler outdoor temperature setback. Hot water boilers that supply heat to the building through one- or two- pipe heating systems shall have an outdoor setback control that lowers the boiler water temperature based on the outdoor temperature.		Х		

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX F

CODE	Table 6. IEBC MEP Changes Cost Impa		oc cost	IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IEBC CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1			
EB2 -	Chapter 3, 302 (NEW), 501.3		X		
13	302.1 Applicability. The provisions of Section 302 apply to all alterations,				
	repairs, additions, relocations of structures and changes of occupancy				
	regardless of compliance method.				
	301.2 302.2 Additional codes. Alterations, repairs, additions and changes of				
	occupancy to, or relocation of, existing buildings and structures shall comply				
	with the provisions for alterations, repairs, additions and changes of occupancy				
	or relocation, respectively, in this code and the <i>International Energy</i>				
	Conservation Code, International Fire Code, International Fuel Gas Code,				
	International Mechanical Code, International Plumbing Code, International				
	Property Maintenance Code, International Private Sewage Disposal Code,				
	International Residential Code and NFPA 70. Where provisions of the other				
	codes conflict with provisions of this code, the provisions of this code shall take				
	precedence.				
	302.3 Existing materials. Materials already in use in a building in compliance				
	with requirements or approvals in effect at the time of their erection or				
	installation shall be permitted to remain in use unless determined by the				
	building official to be unsafe per Section 115. (IEBC 401.2.1)				
	302.4 New and replacement materials. Except as otherwise required or				
	permitted by this code, materials permitted by the applicable code for new				
	construction shall be used. Like materials shall be permitted for <i>repairs</i> and				
	alterations, provided no hazard to life, health or property is created. Hazardous				
	materials shall not be used where the code for new construction would not				
	permit their use in buildings of similar occupancy, purpose and location. (IEBC				
	401.2.2)				
	302.5 501.3 Occupancy and use. When determining the appropriate application				
	of the referenced sections of this code, the occupancy and use of a building				
	shall be determined in accordance with Chapter 3 of the <i>International Building</i>				
	Code.				
EB44 –	Section 808.1		Χ		
13	808.1 New installations. All newly installed electrical equipment and wiring				
	relating to work done in any work area shall comply with the materials and				
	methods requirements of Chapter 7.				
	Exception: Electrical equipment and wiring in newly installed partitions and				
	ceilings shall comply with all applicable requirements of NFPA 70 except as				
	provided for in Section 808.3.				
	Section 1009.1				
	1009.1 Mechanical requirements. Where the occupancy of an <i>existing building</i>				
EB55 -	or part of an existing building is changed such that the new occupancy is subject		Χ		
13	to different kitchen exhaust requirements or to increased mechanical				
	ventilation requirements in accordance with the International Mechanical Code,				
	the new occupancy shall comply with the intent of the respective International				
	Mechanical Code provisions.				

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX G

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1	Ca at los		ESTIMATED
HANGE	NECCOALIA	NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im		AMOUNT*
	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
1	90.1(A)	Revised to include "This <i>Code</i> is not intended as a design specification or an instruction manual for untrained persons" under the scope of the <i>Code</i> .		х		
2	90.2(C)	Revised to clearly specify that installations qualify under this provision where the service equipment is either installed outside a building or structure or terminates inside at a readily accessible location.		х		
3	90.8(B)	Revised by deleting "in one circuit" to enhance usability and understanding of the requirement of this section.		х		
4	100 Scope and Part II	Revised the second sentence of the second paragraph of the Scope of Article 100 by adding "articles and" to precede "parts of articles." Revised the opening statement of Part II of Article 100 to clarify Part II is applicable to equipment and installations over 600 volts.		х		
5	Accessible, Readily (Readily Accessible)	Revised by adding the words "to actions such as; to use tools" to clarify the need to use a tool would add another level of action that would impede or delay access.		х		
6	Adjustable–Sp eed Drive	Revised to specify the function as power conversion equipment that adjusts the speed of a motor. Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 100, 110, and 430.		х		
7	Adjustable-Sp eed Drive System	Revised to clarify the equipment that comprises the adjustable speed drive system. Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 100, 110, and 430.		Х		
8	Askarel	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating it to a new Informational Note.		Х		
9	Battery System	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 480, 517, 690, 694, 700, and 701.		Х		
10	Cable Routing Assembly	Revised to include "power-limited fire alarm cables" and relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 725, 760, 770, 800, 820, and 830.		х		
11	Charge Controller	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 690 and 694.		х		
12	Communicatio ns Equipment	Revised to include "and conductors dedicated solely for the operation of the equipment" to specify the conductors that are associated with the mentioned equipment.		х		
13	Communicatio ns Raceway	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 770, 800, 820, 830, and 840.		х		

	Т	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	7
14	Concealed	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note.		х		
15	Control Circuit	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 225, 230, 240, 250, 300, 392, 409, 430, 440, 490, 517, 522, 604, 610, 620, 668, 685, 708, and 727		х		
16	Coordination (Selective)	Revised by deleting the word "choice" and adding "selection and installation" to improve clarity. Added the phrase "and for the full range of overcurrent protective device opening times associated with those overcurrents" to clarify the definition.		х		
	Copper–Clad Aluminum Conductor	Revised to clearly describe the percentage of copper that comprises each solid conductor or conductor strand.		х		
18	Device	Revised by adding "other than a conductor" to clearly state a device does not include a conductor.		Х		
19	Effective Ground– Fault Current Path	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 250, 404, and 517.		х		
20	Electric– Discharge Lighting	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 100, 210, 225, 300, 310, 410, 450, 501, 502, 530, 600, and 604.		х		
21	Electronically Actuated Fuse	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note: "Electronically actuated fuses may or may not operate in a current-limiting fashion, depending on the type of control selected."		х		
22	Exposed	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note: "It is applied to parts that are not suitably guarded, isolated, or insulated."		х		
23	Ground – Fault Current Path	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 100, 250, 610, and 690.		х		
24	Grounding Conductor, Equipment (EGC)	Revised to clearly describe the ground–fault current path function of the EGC.		х		
25	Hermetic Refrigerant Motor– compressor	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 220, 422, 424, 430, and 440.		х		
26	Industrial Control Panel	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 110, 409, 440, 670, 500, 505, 520, 620, 665, 675, 680, and 760.		х		

CODE	I	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1	Cast I		ESTIMATED	
HANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact			AMOUNT*	
	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase		
	Intersystem	Revised to clarify that the bonding conductors connected					
27	Bonding	to this equipment are only those required by 250.94 for		Х			
	Termination	intersystem bonding.					
28	Lighting Track (Track Lighting)	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 220 and 410.		Х			
29	Location, Damp	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note.		Х			
30	Overcurrent Protective Device, Branch- Circuit	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note.		х			
31	Photovoltaic (PV) System	Revised by removing "solar" from the defined term. Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 100, 200, 220, 225, 230, 240, 250, 300, 340, 625, 690, and 705.		X			
32	Premises Wiring (System) Informational Note	New Informational Note: "Power sources include, but are not limited to, interconnected or stand-alone batteries, solar photovoltaic systems, other distributed generation systems, or generators."		X			
33	Raceway	Revised by removing examples of raceways and providing an Informational Note indicating that the use of a particular wiring method as a raceway is defined in the Chapter 3 article covering that wiring method.		X			
34	Retrofit Kit	New definition for a type of equipment associated with luminaires and electric signs that is covered by requirements in Articles 410 and 600.		X			
35	Sealable Equipment	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note: "The equipment may or may not be operable without opening the enclosure."		Х			
36	Separately Derived System	Revised for simplicity and to clearly describe the types of electrical supply systems that are subject to the requirements in Article 250 covering separately derived systems.		x			
37	Substation	Relocated to Article 100 because the term is used in Articles 90, 110, 225, 240, 250, 490, and 530. Revised to describe that this equipment is used for the distribution of, in addition to switching and changing the characteristic(s) of, electric energy.		Х			
38	Switchboard	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note: "Switchboards are generally accessible from the rear as well as from the front and are not intended to be installed in cabinets."		Х			

CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		1		Increase	AMOUNT*
39	Switchgear	Revised the definition title <i>Metal–Enclosed Power Switchgear</i> to <i>Switchgear</i> . Added a new Informational Note: "All switchgear subject to <i>NEC</i> requirements is metal enclosed. Switchgear rated below 600 (or 1000) volts may be identified as "Low–Voltage Power Circuit Breaker Switchgear." Switchgear rated over 1000 volts may be identified as "Metal–Enclosed Switchgear" or "Metal–Clad Switchgear." Switchgear is available in non–arc–resistant or arc–resistant constructions."		х		
40	Voltage, Nominal	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note: "The actual voltage at which a circuit operates can vary from the nominal within a range that permits satisfactory operation of equipment."		х		
41	110.1	A new informational note points to the new Annex J covering standards for accessible design that have particular significance to electrical design constraints		х		
42	*110.9	Revised for clarity and usability.		Х		
43	110.12 Informational Note	Revised by updating the title and edition year of the standard referenced.		х		
44	110.14 Informational Note	Revised the Informational Note to recognize that terminations and equipment may be identified by tightening torque in the installation instructions provided.		х		
45	110.14(B)	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		х		
46	110.16	Revised by adding the term "switchgear" and providing provisions for durability requirements for labels.		Х		
47	110.16	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new Section 110.21(B).		Х		
48	110.16	Revised to include "factory" to the rule, to allow label application to be either field or factory applied.		Х		
49	110.16 Informational Note 1	Revised by updating reference to latest edition of NFPA 70E.		х		
50	110.21(A) and (B) Informational Note	Revised to include requirements for hazard marking where caution, warning, or danger signs or labels are required by the <i>Code</i> . Marking shall adequately warn of the hazard using effective words and for colors and for symbols. A new Informational Note refers to ANSI Z535.4–2011, Product Safety Signs and Labels, for guidelines.			x	Minimal co required fo additional warning signs.

	1	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			I
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
51	110.22(B) and (C)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new Section 110.21(B).		Х		
52	110.24 Informational Note	New Informational Note: "The available fault current marking(s) addressed in 110.24 are related to required short-circuit current ratings of equipment. NFPA 70E-2012, Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace, provides assistance in determining severity of potential exposure, planning safe work practices, and selecting personal protective equipment."		х		
53	110.25	New section that provides consistent requirements for <i>Code</i> rules that require a lockable disconnecting means. The new section includes an exception for cord and plug connection, in that locking provisions are not required to remain in place.		Х		
54	110.26(A)(1)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment exempt from working space in the back or sides, where all connections and renewable or adjustable parts are accessible from other than the back or sides.		х		
55	110.26(C)(3)	Revised personnel door requirements by reducing the 1200-ampere threshold to 800 amperes.			Х	\$400
56	110.26(C)(3)	Revised to require "listed panic hardware" and to remove the phrase "simple pressure plates."		Х		
57	110.26(D)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment requiring illumination.		Х		
58	110.26(E)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment required to be located in dedicated space and protected from damage.		Х		
59	110.26(E)(2)(a) and (b)	Revised to include requirements for outdoor installations dedicated space requirements.		Х		
60	110.27(A)(4)	Revised to reflect differing elevation requirements for differing voltage thresholds.			Х	Minimal cost impact
61	110.27(C)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new Section 110.21(B).		Х		
62	110.28	Revised to include switchgear as equipment required to be marked with an enclosure–type number as shown in Table 110.28.		Х		
63	110.31(A)(3)(1)	Revised by replacing the term "switchboard" with "switchgear," to correlate with the revised defined term in Article 100.		х		
64	110.31(A)(5)	Revised by updating the edition of the ASTM Standard, and deleted reference to NFPA 251.		Х		
65	110.33(A)(3)	Revised to require "listed panic hardware" and to remove the terms "simple pressure plates."		Х		
66	110.31(B)(1)	Revised the term "metal-enclosed switchgear" to "switchgear" for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		Х		

CODE	4	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			ESTIMATED	
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact		pact	AMOUNT*	
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase		
67	110.34(A) Exception	Revised by replacing the term "dead-front switchboards" with "switchgear" to correlate with the revised defined term in Article 100.		х			
68	110.34(C)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new Section 110.21(B).		х			
69	110.34(F)	Revised by replacing the term "switchboard" with "switchgear" to correlate with the revised defined term in Article 100.		х			
70	110.36	Revised by adding Type MC to the description for metal clad cable.		х			
71	200.2(A)	Revised the phrase "circuits of less than 1000 volts" to "systems of 1000 volts and less" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х			
72	200.4(B)	New requirement for grouping of circuit conductor sets where the grounded conductors of different circuits are installed in the same enclosure.			х	Minimal cost impact	
73	200.6(A)(3),(B)(3), 200.6(E), 200.7, 200.7(A)(2), 200.7 (B), 200.7(C)(1) and (C)(2)	Revised to permit three continuous gray stripes on conductor insulation as a means to identify the grounded conductor of a circuit.		x			
74	210.4(D) Exception	Revised to permit "numbered" tags at conductor terminations as a means of identifying the ungrounded and grounded conductors associated with a specific multiwire branch circuit.		х			
75	210.5(C)(2)	New requirement for 6 AWG and smaller and for 4 AWG and larger conductors that provides specific color or marking identification means for the positive and negative branch circuit conductors where supplied by a dc system operating at greater than 50 volts.		х			
76	210.7	Revised by adding "or mounting strap" after "Yoke" to clarify intent.		х			
77	210.8(A)(7)	Revised to require GFCI protection of 125-volt, 15- and 20-ampere receptacles installed within 6 ft. of a sink that are not covered by the kitchen countertop rule in 210.8(A)(6).			х	\$25	
78	210.8(A)(9)	New requirement for GFCI protection of 125–volt, 15– and 20–ampere receptacles installed within 6 ft. of the outside edge of a bathtub or shower stall.			х	\$25	
79	210.8(A)(10)	New requirement for GFCI protection of 125 volt, 15– and 20–ampere receptacles installed in laundry areas.			Х	\$25	

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AIVIOONT
80	210.8(B)(3) Exception No. 1	Revised to specify that receptacles installed on a rooftop are only required to be readily accessible from the rooftop level.		х		
81	210.8(B)(8)	Revised to require GFCI protection of all 125–volt, 15– and 20–ampere receptacles installed in garages located at other than dwelling units. The requirement does not apply to receptacles installed in showroom or exhibition areas.			х	\$25
82	210.8(D)	New requirement for GFCI protection of outlets that supply dishwashers installed in dwelling units.			Х	\$25
83	210.11(C)(3)	Revised to specify the voltage rating (120 volts) for the required 20– ampere branch circuit(s) supplying dwelling unit bathrooms.		х		
84	210.12	Revised to require AFCI devices be installed in <i>readily</i> accessible locations.		Х		
85	210.12(A)	Revised to expand the AFCI protection requirement to kitchens and laundry areas, and to specify that AFCI protection is required for branch circuits supplying outlets and devices.			х	\$200
86	210.12(A)	Revised to identify six permitted methods of providing AFCI protection for branch circuits, and to provide specific requirements covering the use of supplemental and outlet branch-circuit-type AFCIs.		х		
87	210.12(B)	New exception permitting branch circuit conductors to be extended 6 ft. or less, provided no new outlets or devices are supplied by those conductors.		х		
88	210.12(C)	New requirement for AFCI protection of outlets supplied by 120 volt, 15– and 20–ampere branch circuits that are installed in certain rooms of dormitories.			x	\$40
89	210.13	New requirement for ground–fault protection of equipment where a branch–circuit disconnecting means is rated 1000 amperes or more and is supplied from a solidly–grounded, wye–connected system operating over 150 volts to ground, but not more than 600 volts phase to phase.			x	\$3,000
90	210.17	New requirement specifying that branch circuits supplying electric vehicle charging equipment are to be dedicated to the EV charging equipment and are not permitted to supply any other outlets or equipment.		х		
91	210.19(A)(1)	Revised to clarify that it is only required to increase ampacity of branch – circuit conductors for ampacity correction adjustment or for supplying a continuous load, but not for both. Conductor selection is to be based on whichever calculation yields the highest ampacity.		х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact				
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AIVIOONT
92	210.21(B)(3) Exceptions No. 1 and No. 2	Revised exceptions for language, to be consistent with the same exceptions in 210.21(B)(1).		х		
93	210.22	New section that relocates existing provisions into a separate requirement covering loads permitted to be supplied by an individual branch circuit.		х		
94	210.23	Revised to cover only loads permitted to be supplied by a multi-outlet branch circuit or a branch circuit with more than one receptacle.		х		
95	210.50 Informational Note	New Informational Note referencing Annex J for information contained in Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) design documents relating to wiring device location.		х		
96	210.52(D)	Revised to provide a minimum height requirement for all locations (wall, cabinet, or other) for a receptacle outlet(s) installed to serve a bathroom basin(s).		х		
97	210.52(E)(1)	Revised to specify that required outdoor receptacle outlets installed at one– and two–family dwellings be <i>readily accessible from</i> grade, instead of <i>accessible while standing</i> at grade.		х		
98	210.52(E)(2)	Revised to specify that required outdoor receptacle outlets installed at multifamily dwellings be <i>readily accessible</i> from grade.		x		
99	210.52(E)(3)	Revised to permit the receptacle outlet required for porches, balconies, and decks to be located outside the perimeter of the structure, provided it is accessible from the porch, balcony, or deck.		х		
100	210.52(F)	Revised to provide specific location and purpose of the laundry receptacle outlet.		Х		
101	210.52(G)(1)	Revised to require at least one receptacle outlet for each car parking space in a dwelling unit garage and to restrict the branch circuit supplying garage receptacle outlets from supplying outlets located outside of the garage.			x	\$50
102	210.52(I)	Revised to clarify that the space occupied by door side windows or "lights" that extend to the floor are not required to be included in the measurement of a foyer's wall space.		х		
103	210.62	Revised to specify that the required outlets are for the installation of 125– volt, 15– or 20–ampere receptacles.		Х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	·				
CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED	
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*	
104	210.64	New requirement specifying the installation of at least one 125-volt, 15- or 20-ampere receptacle outlet within 50 ft. of electrical service equipment for all buildings other than one- and two-family dwelling units.			х	\$50	
105	215.2(A)(1)	Revised to clarify that it is only required to increase ampacity of feeder conductors for ampacity correction andfor adjustment or for supplying a continuous load, but not for both. Conductor selection is to be based on whichever calculation yields the highest ampacity.		Х			
106	215.2(A)(4)	Deleted this provision because the determination of feeder conductor ampacity for dwelling units and mobile homes is adequately covered by the requirements of Article 310, including the provisions specified in 310.15(B)(7).		х			
107	215.3 Exception No. 2	Revised to specify that overcurrent protection for feeder circuits rated over 1000 volts is to comply with Part IX of Article 240, and that overcurrent protection for feeder circuits rated from 600 volts to 1000 volts is to comply with Parts I through VII of Article 240. This action correlates 215.3 Exception No. 2 with 240.1.		х			
108	215.12(C)	New requirement for 6 AWG and smaller and for 4 AWG and larger conductors that provides specific color or marking identification means for the positive and negative feeder conductors where supplied by a dc system operating at greater than 50 volts. This requirement corresponds with the new requirement in 210.5(C) that resulted from CMP–2 action on Proposal 2–23.		х			
109	220.12 Exception	New exception to permit calculation of the general lighting load to be performed per locally adopted energy codes, provided the feeder demand factors permitted by the <i>Code</i> are not applied to the general lighting load. The general lighting load is required to be continually monitored by equipment with an alerting feature that activates when the load determined through energy code calculation is exceeded.			х	Would lead to smaller electrical systems, but the cost of monitoring would likely outweigh any cost savings.	

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	T			ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	†	Cost Im	1	AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
110	220.14(B)	Revised the title of this section to identify that this load calculation is also permitted to be used to determine the load of household ranges used in instructional programs as specified in Note 5 to Table 220.55.	х			\$750
111	220.14(C)	Revised to clarify that this calculation is to be used for sizing the branch circuit supplying a motor outlet, and to distinguish that this calculated value is not the actual load that the motor imposes on the electrical supply system.		х		
112	225.1 Informational Note	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
113	225.8	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		x		
114	225.1	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
115	225.11	Revised to clarify requirements for outdoor feeder and branch circuit conductors that enter, exit, and for are attached to buildings or structures.		х		
116	225.14	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
117	225.17	Revised for usability and to prohibit overhead conductors from being attached between the weatherhead or end of the conduit and a coupling that has been installed above the last point at which a conduit has been secured to a building or structure.		х		

CODE	1	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1	0		ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im		AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
118	225.18	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		Х		
119	225.19	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
120	225.21	Revised to also apply to installations of outside branch circuits and feeders on <i>structures</i> .		х		
121	225.25(2)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
122	225.27	Revised to require raceway sealants to be compatible with insulated single conductors, bare conductors, and cable shields.		х		
123	225.30(C)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
124	225.33	Revised to include switchgear as equipment in which an outside feeder or branch-circuit disconnecting means can be located or installed.		х		
125	225.36	Revised by requiring that the feeder or branch-circuit disconnecting means be suitable for use as service equipment only where the feeder grounded conductor is also used as the return path for ground-fault current per 250.32(B)(1). The exception permitting a three- or four-way snap switch to be used as a disconnecting means for an outside branch circuit or feeder has been deleted.	х			Service entrance equipment would generally not be required for out buildings and structures. \$50
126	225.38	Revised by deleting the exception permitting a three- or four-way snap switch to be used as a disconnecting means for an outside branch circuit or feeder (for correlation with the same action taken in 225.36).		х		
127	225.38(C)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment covered by the provision for disconnecting the grounded feeder or branch–circuit conductor.		х		

CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section				Increase	AMOUNT*
128	225.5	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
129	225.51 Exception	Revised the term "metal–enclosed switchgear" to "switchgear" for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		Х		
130	225.52(A)	Revised to permit overhead disconnects on medium voltage feeders operable through a mechanical linkage, or generally by electronic control in some occupancies, comparable to those allowed for services in 230.205(A).		х		
131	225.52(B) Exception	Revised to provide the specific warning message to be displayed on the sign required adjacent to the fused cutouts.		х		
132	225.52(C)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
133	225.56(A)	Revised to provide more detail on the electrical system design information that must be provided to the AHJ upon request, and to specify that adjustments are to be made in accordance with the electrical system design.		х		
134	225.56(A)(6)	Revised the undefined term <i>station</i> to the defined term <i>substation</i> .		Х		
135	Figure 230.1, Part VIII	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		x		
136	230.2(C)(1)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
137	230.6(5)	Revised to restrict service masts running through the eave of a building to rigid metal conduit and intermediate metal conduit.			х	Although a potential cost increase, I am not aware of an utility companies that do not already require this

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAKI	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
138	230.7 Exception No.	Revised to use grounding and bonding terms that are defined in the current edition of the <i>NEC</i> .	Decrease	X	mercuse	
139	230.24	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
140	230.24 Exception No. 4	Revised to extend application of the exception to overhead service conductors that are attached to the side of a building.		Х		
141	230.24(B)(1)	Revised for correlation with the definitions of <i>service drop</i> and <i>overhead service conductors</i> .		х		
142	230.26	Revised for correlation with the definitions of <i>service drop</i> and <i>overhead service conductors</i> .		Х		
143	230.28	Revised for usability, and to prohibit overhead service or service—drop conductors from being attached between the weatherhead or end of the conduit and a coupling that has been installed above the last point where a conduit has been secured to a building or structure. Also revised to extend application of the service mast requirements to overhead service conductors.		Х		
144	230.3	Revised to list the specific wiring methods permitted for underground service conductor installations.		х		
145	230.43	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
146	230.44	Revised to provide specific intervals for marking of cable trays containing service–entrance conductors.			Х	Minimal
147	230.44(5)	Revised to permit the use of single conductors with thermoplastic insulation or with thermoset insulation as service–entrance conductors in cable trays.		X		
148	Table 230.51(C)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		X		
149	230.66	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		X		
150	230.71(A)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment in which service disconnecting means can be located or installed.		Х		
151	230.75	Revised to include switchgear as equipment covered by the provision for disconnecting the grounded service conductor.		х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact				
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC (Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
152	230.82(2) and (3)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
153	230.82(3)	Revised to require specific marking for meter disconnecting means.		х		
154	230.95	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
155	230 Part VIII	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
156	230.2	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
157	230.204(A) Exception	Revised the term <i>metal–enclosed switchgear</i> to <i>switchgear</i> for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		х		
158	230.208(B)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
159	230.211	Revised the term <i>metal–enclosed switchgear</i> to <i>switchgear</i> for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		х		
160	230.212	Revised the term <i>metal–enclosed switchgear</i> to <i>switchgear</i> for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		Х		
161	240.1	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
162	Table 240.4(G)	Revised by adding "Part II" of Article 430 for specific conductor applications referenced in the Table.		x		
163	240.13	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	1	Increase	AMOUNT*
164	240.21(B)(1)b Exception	Revised by adding "equipment containing an overcurrent" to clarify the device is intended to be an overcurrent device. New exception to address the installation of surge protective device(s) (SPD).		Х		
165	240.21(B)(1)(2 and 3)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment for feeder tap conductor requirements.		Х		
166	240.21(B)(5)	Revised by adding the word "tap" before "conductors" in all subsections to provide specific language that will clarify which conductors are being referred to.		х		
167	240.21(C)(2)(1) (b)	Revised by adding "equipment containing an overcurrent" to clearly specify the device is intended to be an overcurrent device. Added a new exception to address the installation of surge protective device(s) (SPD).		х		
168	240.21(C)(2) (2 and 3)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment for transformer secondary tap conductor requirements.		Х		
169	240.21(C)(3)	Revised by adding the words "the supply of switchgear or switchboards in" to clearly specify the applicability of this section.		х		
170	240.61	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
171	240.83	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
172	240.87	Revised by limiting the application of this requirement to circuit breakers that are rated or can be adjusted to 1200 amperes or more. Also revised to add more methods that can be used to provide arc flash mitigation.			х	Broadens the range of installation that require arc energy reduction strategy. Estimate of \$5,000
173	240.92(C)(2)(2)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment for transformer secondary conductor requirements in supervised industrial installations.		х		
174	240.92(D)(2)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment for outside feeder tap conductor requirements in supervised industrial installations.		х		
175	240, Part IX	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		

	Т	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			
ODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
IIAIIGE	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOON
176	Figure 250.1	Revised the phrase "systems and circuits of 1 kV and over" to "systems and circuits over 1000 volts" " for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х		
177	250.8(A)	Revised to clarify that a combination of connection methods prescribed by this section is permitted.		Х		
178	250.1	Revised for simplicity to clarify the requirements used where wiring and equipment is exposed to physical damage		Х		
179	250.20(B)	Revised "systems 50 volts to less than 1000 volts" to "systems 50 volts to 1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х		
180	250.20(C)	Revised "1 kV and over" to "Over 1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х		
181	250.21(A)	Revised "systems 50 volts to less than 1000 volts" to "systems 50 volts to 1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х		
182	250.21(A)(3)	Revised "voltage rating less than 1000 volts" to "voltage rating 1000 volts or less" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х		
183	250.21(B)(1)	Revised "not less than 120 volts and not exceeding 1000 volts" to "not less than 120 volts and 1000 volts or less" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х		
184	250.21(C)	Revised to correlate with the marking requirements prescribed 408.3(F)(2).		Х		
185	250.24(A)(1)	Revised to include "overhead service conductors" and "underground service conductors" for proper application of the requirements.		х		
186	250.24(C)	Revised "operating at less than 1000 volts" to "operating at 1000 volts or less" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		х		
187	250.24(E)	Revised to include "overhead service conductors" and "underground service conductors" for proper application of the requirements.		х		
188	250.26	Revised to correlate with the definition of <i>neutral</i> conductor in Article 100.		Х		
189	250.3	New requirement specifying that separately derived systems that are operating in parallel must comply with 250.30.		Х		
190	250.3	Revised to clearly state that compliance requirements for this section are based on the type of ac system employed.		Х		
191	250.30(A)(1) Exception No. 2	Revised to describe conditions where it is permitted to install a system bonding jumper at the source of a separately derived system and at the building or structure being supplied.		х		

CODE	1	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1	_		FCTING ATES
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
192	250.30(A)(2) Exception	New exception to correlate with 250.30(A)(1), Exception No. 2.		Х		
193	250.30(A)(5) Exception No. 2	Revised to clearly specify that the separately derived system must be located within equipment listed and identified <i>suitable for use as service equipment</i> in order to effect this exception.		х		
194	250.30(A)(6)(b) Exception	Revised to clearly specify that the separately derived system must be located within equipment listed and identified <i>suitable for use as service equipment</i> in order to effect this exception.		х		
195	250.32(B) Exception No. 2	New exception to provide requirements for the grounded conductor in a building or structure served by a feeder from an outdoor transformer separately derived system installed in accordance with 250.30(A)(1) Exception No. 2.		х		
196	250.36(C) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		
197	250.36(F)	Revised to clarify the grounding electrode conductor connection location for services or separately derived systems.		Х		
198	250.64(B)	Revised by adding "Grounding electrode conductors and grounding electrode bonding jumpers shall not be required to comply with 300.5" after the last sentence.		х		
199	250.64(D)	Revised to include feeders under the requirements of this section.		х		
200	250.64(D)(1)	Revised to include "overhead service conductors" and "underground service conductors" for proper application of the requirements.		Х		
201	250.64(D)(1)(3)	Revised to clarify that the busbar must be of sufficient length to accommodate the number of terminations necessary for the installation.		х		
202	250.64(E)	Revised for usability by restructuring the existing paragraph into a list format.		Х		
203	Table 250.66 Note 1	Revised to clarify the method for calculating the size of a grounding electrode conductor when multiple sets of service conductors are installed.		Х		
204	250.66(A)	Revised to clarify that the term "sole connection" includes connecting to single or multiple electrodes of the same type.		х		
205	250.66(B)	Revised to clarify that the term "sole connection" includes connecting to single or multiple electrodes of the same type.		х		
206	250.68(C)(2)	Revised to clarify that the structural metal frame of a building can serve as a conductor to interconnect		Х		

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
HANGE		NEC CHANGE SOMMANY		ı	i	AMOUNT*
	NEC Section	electrodes that are part of the grounding electrode system, or as a grounding electrode conductor.	Decrease	None	Increase	
207	250.68(C)(3)	Added a new subsection to permit a concrete encased electrode of the conductor type, reinforcing rod, or bar to extend from its location within the concrete to an accessible location above the concrete.		Х		
208	250.118(9)	Revised by adding "Type MI" to the description for mineral insulated cable.		х		
209	250.1	Revised by adding references to 505.5 and 506.5 to include zone classifications for required bonding requirements in accordance with one of the specific methods in 250.92(B)(2).		х		
210	250.102(C)	New table to provide minimum sizes for other than grounding electrode conductors. References to this table have been inserted into appropriate sections throughout the <i>Code</i> .		х		
211	250.104	Revised by changing the term "steel" to "metal" to correlate with 250.104(C) and (D)(2).		Х		
212	250.104(A)(2)	Revised for correlation of the definition of <i>switchgear</i> .		Χ		
213	250.104(A)(3)	Revised by adding "or structure" to clarify that the requirements of this section apply to structures not classed as a building.		Х		
214	250.104(B)	Revised for usability by restructuring the existing paragraph into a list format.		Х		
215	250.104(B) Informational Note 2	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		
216	250.104(B) Informational Note 2	Revised by changing the parenthetical statement "(or other structures)" to "or structures" to provide consistency with where this is used elsewhere in the code.		х		
217	250.112(A)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment required to be connected to an equipment grounding conductor.		х		
218	250.118 Informational Note	Revised by including a reference to Article 100.		х		
219	250.119 Exception No. 2	New Exception to permit flexible cords having an integral insulation and jacket without an equipment grounding conductor to have a continuous outer finish that is green.		х		
220	250.119 Exception No.	New exception recognizes the use of green insulation on ungrounded conductors used in traffic signal work. The associated equipment grounding conductor, if a wire, must be bare or green with yellow striping.		х		

COD-	Г	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			FCTINA A TEN
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*	
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
221	250.119(A)	Revised by changing the phrase "larger than 6 AWG" to 4 AWG and larger" to correlate with 200.6.		Х		
222	250.121 Exception	New exception allows a wire-type equipment grounding conductor to simultaneously function as a grounding electrode conductor provided its size and continuity and any other requirements are fully met for both functions.		X		
223	250.122(B)	Revised to clarify that the increase in size is from the minimum conductor size required for the load served.		Х		
224	250.126(3)	Revised by adding the word "equipment" in front of "grounding conductor" to provide consistency in the use of NEC defined grounding and bonding terms.		X		
225	250.130(C)	New list item permitting connection to an equipment grounding conductor that is part of another branch circuit that originates from the enclosure where the branch circuit for the receptacle or branch circuit originates.		X		
226	250.142(B) Exception No. 4	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		x		
227	250.146(B)	Revised by adding "equipment bonding" to clarify that an effective ground fault path must be established when relying on contact devices or yokes as the equipment bonding jumpers.		X		
228	250.146(D)	Revised by adding "Ground" to the title to correlate with terminology in other sections of the <i>Code</i> .		Х		
229	250.162(A) Exception No. 1	Revised by increasing the lower voltage threshold from 50 volts to 60 volts to correlate with Chapter 9, Table 11(B) and 110.26(A)(1)(b). Revised the exception to require that the ground detection system be installed adjacent to or integral with the source of supply.		х		
230	250.166	Revised to clarify that the maximum size required for grounding electrode conductors installed for dc systems must comply with 250.166 and is not required to exceed the values in Table 250.66.		Х		
231	250.167	New section that requires ground fault detection for dc systems.			Х	\$500.00
232	250.17	Revised for correlation with the definition of switchgear.		Χ		
233	250.170 Exception No.1	Revised "less than 1000 volts" to "1000 volts or less" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
234	250.174	Revised "less than 1000 volts" to "1000 volts or less" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
235	250.174(B)	Revised for correlation of the definition of switchgear.		Х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			
ODE HANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
236	250.176	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		X		
237	250.178	Revised for correlation of the definition of switchgear.		Χ		
238	250.23	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
239	250 Part X	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with other sections of the <i>Code</i> .		Х		
240	250.184(A)(1) Exception No. 1(2)	Revised by including "underground service conductors" for proper application of the requirements.		Х		
241	250.186	Revised to include requirements that a grounded conductor to be brought to each service disconnecting means for systems over 1000 volts.		X		
242	250.188	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with other sections of the <i>Code</i> .		х		
243	250.188(A)	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with other sections of the <i>Code</i> .		Х		
244	250.188(D)	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with other sections of the <i>Code</i> .		Х		
245	250.188(F)	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with other sections of the <i>Code</i> .		X		
246	250.192	Added a new section that includes requirements for bonding and grounding fences and other metal structures around substations.		Х		
247	280 (Title)	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
248	280.1	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
249	280.4(B) Informational Note No. 1	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
250	285	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
251	285.1	Revised "1 kV" to "1000 volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
252	285.3	Revised "exceeding 1 kV" to "over 1000 Volts" for correlation with other standards and with Part X of Article 250.		Х		
253	285.13	New section that clarifies that Type 4 and other component-type SPDs are only intended for factory installation and must not be installed in the field.		Х		
254	Article 300 Title	Revised by adding "General Requirements for" to better reflect what is covered by Article 300.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			NEC Cost Impact		
CHANGE	NEC Section				Increase	AMOUNT*	
255	300.1	Revised by adding "General Requirements." Also revised by inserting the words "and materials" after "methods," and by adding "in Chapter 3" after the word "articles" to more clearly state that the general requirements provided in Article 300 for the wiring methods and materials in Chapter 3 apply, unless modified by Chapters 5 through 7.		x			
256	300.2	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х			
257	300.3	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х			
258	300.3(C)(2)(c)	Revised by adding "switchboards" to cover all of the types of equipment that can have these different voltages contained within the same enclosures.		х			
259	300.5	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х			
260	300.5(B)	Revised by removing the phrase "shall be listed for use in wet locations and" to correlate with Section 310.10(C).		Х			
261	300.5(C)	Revised by adding "and conductors" to the title and section text, to clarify that the requirement applies to both conductors and cables.		Х			

ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			NEC Cost Impact		
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease		Ī	AMOUNT*	
262	300.5(D)(4)	Revised by adding "RTRC-XW" to the types of raceways specified in this section.		Х			
263	300.6(A) Informational Note	New Informational Note to clarify that field-cut threads are those not cut in the factory where the product is manufactured and listed.		Х			
264	300.7(B)	Revised by replacing "rigid conduit" with "rigid metal conduit" to correlate with terminology used elsewhere in the Code.		х			
265	300.11 Informational Note No. 1	Revised by replacing NFPA 251 with ANSIf ASTM E119–2012a, Method for Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials, as the referenced standard.		Х			
266	300.11(B)(1)	Revised by replacing "identified for the purpose" with "identified as a means of support" to clarify that identified as required by this section pertains to "means of support."		Х			
267	300.22(B)	Revised by adding "without an overall nonmetallic covering" after "MI Cable" to correlate with listing requirements.		Х			
268	300.22(B)	Revised by moving the last two sentences of the existing text into a new first paragraph and changing the word "wiring" to "wiring methods specified in this section" to provide clarity for proper application of this section.		х			
269	300.22(C)(1)	Revised by adding "without an overall nonmetallic covering" after "MI Cable" to correlate with listing requirements.		х			
270	300.22(C)(1)	Revised by adding language requiring that cable ties used in "other spaces for environmental air" be listed as having adequate fire–resistant and low smoke–producing characteristics. The Informational Note and mandatory text were also edited to conform with text throughout the NEC where dealing with low smoke and fire resistance characteristics.		х			
271	Article 300 Part II	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х			
272	300.38	New section to specify that the interior of raceways shall be considered to be a wet location where the raceways are installed in wet locations above grade, and to require conductors to comply with 310.10(C) for wet locations.		х			
273	300.45	Relocated requirement for "high-voltage" warning labels from 225.70(A)(1)(b).		х			
274	Table 300.50	Revised the first row in the table to read: "Over 1000V through 22 kV" to correlate with the revised threshold from 600 to 1000 volts.		х			
275	300.50(A)(2)	Revised by changing the title of (A)(2) to "Industrial Establishments," and recognizes the use of non-shielded single conductor cables with insulation types up to 2000		х			

CODE	1	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	N.500 .:	NEC CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY				AMOUNT*
:	NEC Section	volts that are listed for direct burial. This revision requires that the installation must be performed by qualified persons. Existing (A)(2) has been changed to (A)(3).	Decrease	None	Increase	
276	310.2 and 310.60	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating it to new Informational Note: "Thermal resistivity is the reciprocal of thermal conductivity and is designated Rho, which is expressed in the units "C- cmfW." Deleted the thermal resistivity definition within the text in 310.60(A).		Х		
277	310.10 Informational Note	Revised by deleting the Informational Note which has been relocated to Section 310.104 via ROP 6–71.		Х		
278	310.10(F)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		x		
279	310.10(H)(6)	Revised by adding "or supply side bonding jumpers" to correlate with Section 250.102.		Х		
280	310.15(B)(3)(b)	Revised to clarify that spacing between raceways must be maintained.		х		
281	310.15(B)(3(c) and Table 310.15(B)(3)(c)	Revised by adding "cables" to the temperature adjustment factors required for rooftops and changing "conduit" to "raceway" to correlate with the table title.		х		
282	Table 310.15(B)(3)(a)	Revised by adding "including spare conductors" and clarified that conductors subject to noncoincident loading are not subject to the adjustment factors prescribed by this table.		х		
283	310.15(B)(3)(c) Exception	New exception that exempts conductors with thermoset insulation rated at 90°C or higher from this ampacity adjustment.		х		
284	310.15(B)(3)(a)	Revised title to clarify that ampacity adjustment applies to conductors in raceways, cables and in other applications where no spacing exists between conductors.		х		
285	Table 310.15(B)(3)(c) Informational Note	Revised to clarify the temperature "adders" are the measured temperature rise above the local climatic ambient temperatures due to sunlight heating.		х		
286	310.15(B)(7)	Revised by deleting the table and replacing it with a provision for a .83 reduction in ampacity for dwelling services and feeder conductors. The reduction is the same as that permitted by former Table 310.15(B)(7), but presented in a user–friendly format. A new example is included in Annex D to describe how to apply the revised rule.		х		
287	310.15(C)	Revised by adding the units "one foot" and "micro ohms" to provide values necessary for performing the calculation prescribed by this section.		Х		

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
288	310.60(C)(1) Informational Note	New informational note: "Tables other than those listed contain the ampacity of cables with shields grounded at multiple points."		Х		
289	310.104	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
290	Table 310.104(A)	Revised to include "switchgear" in the "application provisions" for both Type SIS and Type TBS building wire		х		
291	310.2 and 310.60	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating it to a new Informational Note: "Thermal resistivity is the reciprocal of thermal conductivity and is designated Rho, which is expressed in the units °C- cmfW." Deleted the "thermal resistivity" definition within the text in 310.60(A).		х		
292	312.5(C) Exception (g)	Revised to clarify that this condition does not imply that the cable sleeve covered in the exception is a complete system.		х		
293	312.8(3)	Revised to require warning labels to meet requirements in new Section 110.21(B).		Х		
294	312.11(3)(A)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
295	314 Part IV Title	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
296	314.15	Revised by including outlet box hoods to be listed for use in wet locations.		Х		
297	314.15	Revised by including provisions for approved field installed drainage openings not larger than 6 mm ($\%$ in.).		х		
298	314.16(B)(2)	Revised to provide a limitation that a clamp assembly be listed and marked for use with a specific nonmetallic box, and to provide guidance on box fill requirements that apply to such listed assemblies.		x		
299	314.23(D)(2)	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		Х		
300	314.23(E)	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		х		
301	314.23(F)	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE				1	Ī	AMOUNT*
ŧ	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
	314.23(F)	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting				
302	Exception No.	"identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the		Х		
	2 (f)	definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.				
		Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting				
303	314.23(H)(2)	"identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the		Х		
		definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.				
		Revised to clarify that drywall screws are not permitted for				
304	314.25	use on box covers or other equipment fastened to the box		Х		
304	314.23	and fastened either with machine screws or in accordance		^		
		with manufacturer's instructions.				
		Revised to correlate with revised Section 410.23, which				
205	214 25/0\	establishes a 180- square inch limit below which protection		v		
305	314.25(B)	between a luminaire canopy and a combustible surface is		Х		
		not required.				
		Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting				
306	314.25(C)	"designed for the purpose" to provide consistency with the		Х		
		definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.				
	0.1.0=(.)(.)	"Wall" replaced by "Vertical" to describe the application of				
307	314.27(A)(1)	this provision.		Х		
200	244 27(4)(2)	Revised to require that the luminaire weight to be		.,		
308	314.27(A)(2)	supported must be marked on the interior of the box.		Х		
200	24.4.27(6)	Revised to include two family dwellings under the scope of	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			
309	314.27(C)	this requirement.		Х		
		Revised to clarify the conductor fill requirement for boxes				
210	24.4.20(4)(2)	and conduit bodies, specifically covering right–angle		\		
310	314.28(A)(3)	conduit bodies with each entry at a 45° angle to its long		Х		
		axis.				
		Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in				
211	214 20(4)	conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC		v		
311	314.30(A)	to recognize that commonly used alternative energy		Х		
		systems operate at over 600 volts.				
		Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in				
212	314.70(A)	conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC		Х		
312	314.70(A)	to recognize that commonly used alternative energy		^		
		systems operate at over 600 volts.				
		Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in				
212	314.70(B)	conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC		Х		
213	314.70(0)	to recognize that commonly used alternative energy				
		systems operate at over 600 volts.				
		Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in				
21/	314.70(C)	conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC		Х		
214	314.70(0)	to recognize that commonly used alternative energy				
		systems operate at over 600 volts.				
		New Informational Note supporting the definition of FCC				
315	324.2	System that describes the various components used in a		Χ		
		typical system installation.				

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section	THE GIVENED SOMMON	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
316	324.41	Revised the requirement on maximum carpet square size to recognize standard SI unit measurement of 1.0 m ² in addition to carpet squares sized 36 in. ² .		х		
317	326.10(3)	Revised for consistency with terms associated with underground service conductors that are within the scope of the <i>Code</i> .		Х		
318	330.10(A)(11)	Revised for consistency with MC cable product standards, and to extend the requirement for a corrosion–resistant jacket over the metal covering to all conditions where MC cable is used in wet locations.		х		
319	330.30(B)	New permissive provision for 250 kcmil and larger cable constructions to be supported at intervals as great as 10 feet in vertical installations.	х			Minimal
320	330.30(D)(3)	New condition permitting an unsupported 3–foot length of interlocking armor Type MC cable, to provide a flexible connection to accommodate equipment vibration or movement.		х		
321	330.12	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
322	334.1	Revised to clearly identify that all permitted uses for Type NM cable are acceptable unless specifically prohibited under any of the conditions specified in 334.12.		х		
323	334.40(B)	Revised to specify that concealed interconnection devices are permitted only for repair of an existing installation of Type NM cable. The term "tap" has been revised to "interconnector" to clearly reflect the splicing function of these listed devices.		Х		
324	338.10(B)(4)(b)	Revised so that the ampacity selection for Type USE cable used as an underground feeder need not be limited to the 60°C column in the applicable table from Article 310.		Х		
325	344.2	Revised the definition of <i>rigid metal conduit</i> (RMC) by removing the permitted construction materials and relocating them to new Section 344.100.		Х		
326	344.3	Revised for usability by restructuring the existing paragraph into a list format.		х		
327	344.1	New section for permitted construction materials for rigid metallic conduit.		Х		
328	Table 348.22	Revised by adding "FMC" to the description for flexible metal conduit.		Х		
329	348.30(A) Exception No.	Revised to clarify that flexible metal conduit fittings are permitted as a support means for the purpose of applying the exception.		х		

ODE	NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease			AMOUNT*
330	350.30(A) Exception No. 4	Revised to clarify that liquidtight flexible metal conduit fittings are permitted as a support means for the purpose of applying the exception.		Х		
331	350.42	Revised to permit straight LFMC fittings for direct burial where marked.		Х		
332	350.42	Revised to specify that only fittings listed for the use with LFMC can be used, and to permit straight LFMC fittings for direct burial where marked.		Х		
333	352.2	Revised by replacing the term "conduit" with "raceway" to correlate with the definition of <i>raceway</i> in Article 100.		Х		
334	352.24	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		Х		
335	354.2	Revised by replacing the term "conduit" with "raceway" to correlate with the definition of <i>raceway</i> in Article 100.		Х		
336	355.2	Revised by replacing the term "conduit" with "raceway" to correlate with the definition of <i>raceway</i> in Article 100.		Х		
337	355.24	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		Х		
338	356.2	Revised by replacing the term "conduit" with "raceway" to correlate with the definition of <i>raceway</i> in Article 100.		Х		
339	356.12(4)	Revised by removing the restriction on the use of LFNC for over 600–volt installations.		Х		
340	356.30(4)	Revised to clarify that LFNC-B fittings are permitted as a support means for the purpose of applying the exception.		Х		
341		Revised to harmonize with the provisions in Article 250.		Χ		
342	366.1, 366.10, 366.22, 366.23, 366.30, and 366.60	Revised by replacing "sheet metal auxiliary gutter" with "metallic auxiliary gutter" to correlate with the definition in 366.2.		Х		
343	366.2	Revised the term "metal-enclosed switchgear" to "switchgear" for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		Х		
344	368.2	Revised by including the term "raceway" to clarify that a busway is a raceway, and to correlate with the definition of <i>raceway</i> in Article 100.		Х		
345	368.12(E)	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		Х		
346	Article 370	Revised by reformatting the entire article in accordance with the revised Chapter 3 format. Section 370.2 has been revised to clarify that cablebus is a support system and is not to be considered a raceway system.		Х		

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	T	Coatle		ESTIMATED
HANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im		AMOUNT*
	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
347	374.2	Revised by replacing the term "enclosures" with "enclosed channel" to clearly describe a cellular metal floor raceway.		Х		
348	374.11	Revised to clarify the types of "nonmetallic conduit" by including rigid polyvinyl chloride conduit and reinforced thermosetting resin conduit.		х		
349	376.2	Revised by replacing the term "wireway" with "raceway" to correlate with the definition of <i>raceway</i> in Article 100.		х		
350	376.22(B)	Revised to clarify that the 30 conductor maximum before application of correction factors applies at any cross section of the wireway.		х		
351	376.56(B)(1)	Revised to require that power distribution blocks installed on the line side of the service equipment be listed for the purpose.		х		
352	376.56(B)(5)	New requirement for dressing conductors in a wireway order to provide unobstructed access to power distribution blocks; correlates with 314.28(E)(5)		Х		
353	378.2	Revised by replacing the term "wireway" with "raceway" to correlate with the definition of <i>raceway</i> in Article 100.		х		
354	380.22	Revised by adding the phrase "as applicable," allowing the user to apply either "(A)" or "(B)" or both, since both may be applicable.		х		
355	384.30(B)	Revised by adding "identified" and deleting "approved appropriate" and "designed for the purpose," to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		х		
356	386.3	Revised to specify that associated fittings must be supported in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.		х		
357	386.12	New section requiring each length of surface metal raceway to be identified and marked according to 110.21 (manufacturer's marking requirements).		Х		
358	388.3	Revised to specify that associated fittings must be supported in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.		х		
359	388.12	New section requiring each length of surface nonmetallic raceways to be identified and marked according to 110.21 (manufacturer's marking requirements).		х		
360	Table 392.10(A)	Revised table to clarify the acceptable wiring methods used in a cable tray.		Х		
361	392.18(H)	Revised to require that danger marking(s) or labels meet requirements in new Section 110.21(B).		х		
362	392.18(H), Exception	New exception for industrial establishments. The exception applies to cable trays that are "not accessible (as applied to equipment)" and requires markings to be applied where necessary to assure safe maintenance and operation.		х		

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im		AMOUNT*
t	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
363	392.20(A) and (B)	Revised by changing "cables rated" to "cables operating at" to clarify that the application of this requirement is based on the operating voltage of circuits and not on the insulation rating of cables.		х		
364	Article 393	New article covering an electrical distribution system that employs a traditional suspended ceiling support system with an integrated electrical power distribution busbar to supply equipment supported by or located above the ceiling system. These electrical distribution systems are limited to 30 volts ac or 60 volts dc and are limited to the output of a Class 2 power supply, and they are required to be listed.		х		
365	Article 399 Title	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		Х		
366	399.1	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
367	399.2	Revised to indicate that the conductors covered in Article 399 are installed in <i>free air</i> on support structures (such as poles) in a manner similar to those employed by electric utility companies.		х		
368	399.1	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
369	399.10(1)	Revised to indicate that the conductors covered in Article 399 are installed in <i>free air</i> on support structures (such as poles) in a manner similar to those employed by electric utility companies.		х		
370	399.30(B)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		x		
371	400.4	Revised to allow cords and cables other than those listed in Table 400.4, but only by special permission.		х		
372	Table 400.4	Revised by adding 15 AWG to various cord types in Table 400.4.		Х		
373	Table 400.4	Revised by changing Types SPT-1, SPT-1W, SPT-2, SPT-2W, and SPT-3 to "All thermoplastic parallel cord" to make the format of the names consistent.		х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact				
ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC (Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
374	Table 400.4	Revised by specifying Types EV, EVJ, EVE, EVJE, EVT, and EVJT outer covering material be oil resistant.		Х		
375	Table 400.4	Revised by specifying flexible stage and lighting power cable Type SC insulation material to be "thermoset."		Х		
376	Table 400.4	Revised to clearly specify that types SO and SOW are available in sizes greater than 16 AWG, and that types SOO and SOOW are available is sizes less than 14 AWG.		Х		
377	Table 400.4 and Table 400.5(A)(1)	Revised by adding types HSJOW and HSJOOW to Table 400.4 and Table 400.5(A)(1).		X		
378	Table 400.4	Revised by changing AWG sizes to accurately reflect conductor sizes for flexible cords used in the industry.		Х		
379	Table 400.4 Note 3	Revised by adding types SPT-1W and SPT-2W to clarify that these types do not have individual conductors twisted together.		Х		
380	Table 400.4 Note 10	Revised by adding types SEW, SEOW, SEOOW, SOW, SOOW, STW, STOW, and STOOW to the list.		х		
381	400.5(A)	Revised by adding a reference to Table 400.5(A)(1) and a requirement to use the 90°C column of Table 310.15(B)(2)(a) for temperature correction factors for 105°C cords and cables.		Х		
382	Table 400.5(A)(1)	Revised by adding conductor sizes 9, 11, and 13 AWG.		Х		
383	400.6(A)	Revised by requiring markings on tags, cords, and cables to include the maximum operating temperature of the flexible cord or cable.		Х		
384	400.7(A)(11)	New list item permitting flexible cords and cables between an existing receptacle outlet and an inlet, where the inlet provides power to an additional single receptacle outlet. The wiring interconnecting the inlet to the single receptacle outlet must be a Chapter 3 wiring method. The inlet, receptacle outlet, and Chapter 3 wiring method, including the flexible cord and fittings, must be a listed assembly specific for this application.		Х		
385	400.10 Informational Note	Revised by changing "fittings designed for the purpose" to "using support or strain relief fittings" to clarify the intended purpose.		Х		
386	400.23	Revised to permit cords or cables consisting of integral insulation and jacket without a non–integral grounding conductor to be green.		Х		
387	400.3	Revised to specify that Part III is applicable to single and multiconductor cable.		Х		
388	400.31(B)	Revised to specify that equipment grounding conductor(s) are required in cables with three or more conductors.		Х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section			1	Increase	AMOUNT*
389	404.1	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
390	404.2(C)	Revised into a list format to clearly state the conditions where a grounded conductor is not required to be provided at a switch location.		х		
391	404.6(C) Exception	Revised to require a warning sign or label to meet the requirements of new Section 110.21(B).		х		
392	404.8(C)	Revised to clarify that a multipole snap switch is not permitted to be fed from more than a single circuit unless it is listed and marked as a two– circuit or three–circuit switch.		х		
393	404.10(B)	Revised to clarify that drywall screws are not permitted to be used to fasten snap switches to boxes.		Х		
394	404.13	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
395	404.16	Revised by changing the title to read "Knife Switches Rated 600 to 1000 Volts" and changing 600 volts to "600 to 1000 volts" in the text, to correlate with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
396	406.3(E)	New requirement for field marking of 125 volt, 15– and 20–ampere receptacles that are controlled by an energy management system, timer, or some other automatic means. This marking must be made using the standard symbol shown in Figure 406.3(E).			х	\$5
397	406.4(D)	Revised to require ready access to GFCI and AFCI receptacles that are installed to replace existing receptacles.		х		
398	406.4(D)(3)	Revised with a new exception clarifying that GFCI protection afforded by an upstream device is permitted for replacement receptacle(s).		х		
399	406.5	Revised to specify the acceptable screws that can be used as the means to attach a receptacle to an outlet box, and by replacing the term "designed for the purpose" with "identified."		х		
400	406.5(E)	Revised to apply to receptacles installed in countertops, regardless of the occupancy type. Allowance included for listed "receptacle assemblies for countertop applications."		х		
401	406.5(F)	New requirement providing the conditions under which receptacles are permitted to be installed in seating areas and similar horizontal surfaces.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im	npact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section		+		Increase	AMOUNT*
402	406.9(B)	Revised to require receptacle outlet box covers to be listed for "extra duty" regardless of how the box is mounted. The requirement now applies to all occupancy types.		х		
403	406.12	Revised to include all occupancy types where tamper–resistant receptacles are required. The exception is no longer limited to only dwelling unit receptacles.	x			Minimal
404	406.15	New requirement prohibiting control of receptacles with a dimmer switch unless the receptacle and dimmer combination meets specific listing and configuration provisions.		х		
405	408.1	Revised by including "switchboards" to the title and scope of Article 408, and revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
406	408.2 and 408.3	Revised to include switchgear in Section 408.2, requiring compliance with Article 408 and other Articles as applicable. Revised 408.3(E) by placing bus arrangements in a list format and incorporating a requirement for field—marking the bus arrangements for dc systems.		х		
407	408.3(F)(1)(7) (2)	Revised to require a warning sign or label to meet the requirements of new Section 110.21(B).		Х		
408	408.4(B)	Revised to recognize that switchboards and panelboards may have multiple sources of power, so they must be marked to indicate where the power originates.		х		
409	408.38	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "designed for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		х		
410	408.55	New subsection to provide requirements for back-wire bending space.		х		
411	Table 408.56	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
412	Table 408.56	Revised the leftmost column heading, the text "ac or dc" is added to the original, "voltage" to clarify the table is applicable to either ac or dc voltages.		х		
413	408.58	Revised by adding "ac phases or dc buses" to clarify the marking requirements for panelboards.		Х		
414	409.1	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		

CODE	T	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	I	NEC Cost Impact		ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
415	409.1 & 409.110(4) Informational Not	Revised by updating the edition of the referenced standard.		х		
416	409.2	Revised by removing the term "resistance," the result is that induction heating loads will be required to be included when calculating the ampacity of conductors.		х		
417	410.6	Revised to include <i>retrofit kits</i> in the listing requirement.		Χ		
418	410.10(F)	New requirement providing the minimum clearance between the top of luminaires and the bottom surface of metal–corrugated sheet roof decking.		х		
419	410.23	Revised to establish a specific threshold at which a combustible wall or ceiling surface behind a luminaire is required to be covered with a noncombustible material.		х		
420	410.130(G)(1) Exception No. 4	Deleted the exception permitting luminaires installed within industrial occupancies to be installed without an individual disconnecting means.		х		
421	410.141(B)	Revised for correlation with new 110.25 covering requirements for lockable disconnecting means.		х		
422	410.151(B)	Revised to state that the load calculation in 220.43 is for determining feeder and service loads and does not limit the amount of lighting track supplied by a branch circuit, nor does it limit the number of luminaires connected to a single transfer.		х		
423	411.1	Revised to recognize ac and dc Class 2 power source limitations specified in Chapter 9, Tables 11(A) and 11(B).		х		
424	411.3	Revised to recognize ac and dc Class 2 power source limitations specified in Chapter 9, Tables 11(A) and 11(B).		х		
425	411.4	Listing requirement added for Class 2 power sources and equipment. Covered here, the power supply provision was deleted from the component list in 411.4 (B).		х		
426	411.6	Revised to limit application of this requirement to only systems and equipment covered by Article 411.		х		
427	422.5	New requirement for accessibility to devices providing GFCI protection where such protection is specified by an Article 422 requirement.		х		
428	422.11(F)(3)	Revised to expand the types of water heating equipment covered by the requirement.		Х		
429	422.16(B)(1)	Revised to expand the use of cord– and plug–connected "in–sink" waste disposers; no longer restricted to only those areas covered by the definition of <i>kitchen</i> .		х		
430	422.19	New requirement covering the minimum conductor volume of outlet boxes and canopies at outlets supplying ceiling-suspended (paddle) fans.		Х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	THE GIVENEE SOMEON AND A STATE OF THE STATE	1		Increase	AMOUNT*
431	422.2	New requirement to provide cover on outlet boxes unless a paddle fan canopy is in place.		х		
432	422.21	New requirement on protecting exposed combustible material between the edge of an outlet box and the edge of a ceiling-suspended (paddle) fan canopy.		х		
433	422.23	New requirement for GFCI protection of publically accessed tire inflation and vacuum machines.			Х	\$20
434	422.31(B)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.		х		
435	422.31(C)	Revised to require a disconnecting means within sight of all appliances with motors rated more than 1f8 hp unless the appliance has a unit switch complying with 422.34.		х		
436	422.49	Revised to require GFCI protection for high-pressure spray washing equipment supplied by three-phase, 208Yf120-volt circuits rated 60 amperes or less.			x	\$200
437	422.51	Revised to also include vending machines that are not cord-and plug- connected.			х	\$20
438	424.19	Revised to apply the requirement for grouping and marking of supply circuit disconnecting means to electric space heating equipment supplied by more than one feeder or branch circuit.		х		
439	424.19(A)(1)(2)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
440	424.19(B)(1)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.		Х		
441	424.66	New requirement covering minimum working space for enclosures associated with electric duct heaters located in the space above a ceiling that is accessed through a ceiling panel or an access panel.		х		
442	424.86(5)	Revised to require field applied markings and labels to comply with new provisions in 110.21 covering field marking of equipment.		х		
443	426.5	Revised to specify that the disconnecting means is to be "capable of being locked" in the open (off) position.		Х		
444	426.51(A)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.		Х		
445	426.51(D)(3)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.		Х		
446	427.55(A)	Revised to specify that the disconnecting means is to be "capable of being locked" in the open (off) position and for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.h		х		

CODE	I	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	T .	Casti		ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im	i	AMOUNT*
<u> </u>	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
447	Article 430, Parts I through X	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
448	Table 430.5	Revised by adding a reference to Article 506 for Zone 20, 21, and 22 locations.		Х		
449	430.22(G)	Revised to include Class 10A overload relays and to clarify that conductor selection is based on the full-load current rating of the motor, as determined by 430.6(A)(1).		х		
450	430.21, 430.31, 430.40,430.51, 430.71, 430.101, 430.102(B)(2), 430.120,430.1 26(A), and 30.245(A)	Revised to remove, modify or move several Informational Notes in Article 430. The Informational Notes removed were determined to be no longer necessary. Several notes were moved so that they immediately follow the text to which they pertain.		х		
451	430.32(C) Informational Note	Revised to include Class 10A overload relays to clarify that overload relays certified as Class 10A are also in conformity with the content of the Informational Note.		х		
452	430.52(C)(5)	Revised to clarify that the fuses addressed in this section are "semiconductor fuses" intended to protect bypass contactors, isolation contactors, and conductors in a solid–state motor control system.		х		
453	430.53(C)(4)	Revised by replacing "supply" with "branch circuit" to clearly indicate which specific conductors are being referenced.		х		
454	430.53(D)	Revised to include "from the point of the tap" to clarify where the tap measurement is referenced.		Х		
455	430.102 Exception No. 1	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
456	430.102(A) Exception No.3(b)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
457	430.102(B) Exception to (1) and (2)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
458	430.113 Exception No. 1	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
459	430.130 and 430.131	New sections to address special requirements of the adjustable speed drive controller overcurrent protection functions.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1	Cast	mast.	ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im	pact	AMOUNT*
ŧ	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
460	430, Part XI	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
461	430.227	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.		х		
462	430.233	Revised to lower the voltage threshold from 150 volts to 50 volts, which will enhance worker safety.		х		
463	Table 440.3(D)	Revised by adding a reference to Article 506 for Zone 20, 21, and 22 locations.		х		
464	440.14 Exception No. 1	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
465	445.11	Revised to require marking of generators to indicate whether the neutral conductor is bonded to the frame of the generator.		х		
466	445.11	Revised to specify that additional markings are required on stationary and portable generators rated more than 15 kW.		х		
467	445.16	Revised to specify that the requirement applies only to field-installed generator conductors.		х		
468	445.17	Revised by adding a new exception to exclude terminal housings for generators rated over 600 volts from the sizing requirements.		х		
469	445.18	Revised to exclude cord— and plug—connected portable generators from the disconnecting means requirement and to specify the conditions under which engine shut—down can be used in lieu of an electrical disconnecting means.		х		
470	445.2	New provision requiring portable generators rated 15 kW or less either provide GFCI protection of 15– and 20–ampere, 125–volt receptacles integral to the generator or, if not GFCI protected, that these receptacles be disabled while the generator's 125f250–volt locking–type receptacle is in use.		х		
471	Article 450	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
472	Table 450.3(A) Note 1	Revised to allow the next standard ampere rating or setting that a manufacturer provides as a product offering for fuses or circuit breakers over 1000 volts.		х		
473	450.5	New exception to allow an autotransformer to be installed on the load side of a system grounding connection provided it has a wye configuration on its line side and a zigzag configuration on its load side that does not permit neutral or ground–fault current to return over the line connection. The exception does not apply to a connection		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
<u> </u>	1120 3001.011	made from a high–resistance grounded system applied in	D cor cusc	Hone	mercuse	
		accordance with 250.36.				
474	450.10(A)	New provision incorporating specific requirements for installing an equipment grounding terminal bar in		Х		
		transformer enclosures but not on the vent screen portion.				
475	450.11(A)	Revised into a list format. List item (5) now requires marking for transformers that can be reverse wired.		Х		
476	450.11(B)	New requirement covering "reverse wiring" of transformers in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.		Х		
477	450.14	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.		Х		
478	450.21 Informational Note	Revised by updating the edition of the ASTM Standard and deleting the reference to NFPA 251.		Х		
479	450.42 Informational Note	Revised by updating the edition of the ASTM Standard and deleting the reference to NFPA 251.		х		
480	450.45(E) Informational Note	Revised by updating the edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
481	480.1 Informational Note	New Informational Note that lists standards related to the design, installation, maintenance, and use of stationary batteries.		Х		
482	480.2 Cell	New definition for term used in Article 480.		Χ		
483	480 2	New definition for term used in Article 480. "Container replaces the term "jar" in 480.7(B) & (C).		х		
484	480.2 Electrolyte	New definition for this term used in Article 480.		Х		
485	480.2 Inter-cell Connector	New definition for this term used in Article 480.		Х		
486	Connector	New definition for this term used in Article 480.		Х		
487	480.2 Nominal Battery Voltage	Revised definition to reflect unique characteristics of battery voltages when fully charged, discharged, or while being charged.		Х		
488	480.2 Terminal	New definition for this term used in Article 480.		Х		
489	480.3	New requirements covering the proper termination of conductors at batteries and cells.		Х		
490	480.4	Revised to specify that the nominal battery voltage is used as the benchmark voltage at which overcurrent protection is required.		Х		_

ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
491	480.5	Revised to specify that the nominal battery voltage is used as the benchmark voltage at which a disconnecting means for battery supply conductors is required. Also revised to include requirements covering remote actuation of disconnecting means, disconnecting means for dc busways, and marking maximum system short-circuit current on		х		
492	480.8(C)	battery system disconnecting means. New requirement covering ready access to battery terminals.		Х		
493	480.9(A)	Revised to specify that the level of ventilation must be appropriate for the battery technology and to include two Informational Notes that provide additional guidance on determining the proper level of ventilation.		х		
494	480.9(C)	Revised to specify how working space is determined around battery cabinets and trays as well as around battery racks, and to establish the minimum clearance from battery racks and stands to the adjacent wall or structures where access for maintenance is not required.		х		
495	480.9(C) Informational Note	New Informational Note with guidance on designing extra working space into areas containing batteries to facilitate moving batteries in and out of their racks.		Х		
496	480.9(D)	New requirement and Informational Note on determining the minimum working space for top-terminal batteries that are installed on tiered racks.		Х		
497	480.9(E)	New requirement covering the installation of personnel doors to provide entrance to and egress from battery rooms.		Х		
498	480.9(F)	New requirement prohibiting gas piping in battery rooms.		Х		
499	480.9(G)	New requirement covering illumination of the working space about battery systems.			Х	Minimal
500	490.21(B)(7)	Revised the term "metal-enclosed switchgear" to "switchgear" for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		х		
501	Article 490	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
502	490.21(B)(6)	Revised to include signage requirements: "DANGER – DISCONNECT CIRCUIT BEFORE REPLACING FUSES" and to require that signage comply with new Section 110.21(B).		х		
503	490.21(B)(6) Exception	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "designed for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact			ESTIMATED						
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY	†		1	AMOUNT*						
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase							
		Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting										
504	490.22	"designed for the purpose" to provide consistency with the		Χ								
		definition of identified in Article 100.										
505	490.22	Revised to require a warning sign or label to meet		Х								
303	750.22	requirements in new Section 110.21(B).		^								
		Revised to include signage requirements: "DANGER —										
506	490.25	CONTACTS ON EITHER SIDE OF THIS DEVICE MAY BE			х	\$25						
300	.56.25	ENERGIZED BY BACKFEED" and to				, , ,						
		require that signage comply with new Section 110.21(B).										
		Revised to include signage requirements: "DANGER —										
507	490.35(A)	HIGH VOLTAGE — KEEP OUT" and to require that signage			Х	\$25						
		comply with new Section 110.21(B).										
508	490.44(C)	Revised for correlation with the new general requirement		Χ								
	` ,	for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.										
509	490.46	Revised for correlation with the new general requirement		Χ								
		for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.										
		Revised by including additional warning sign requirements										
510	490.47	where the compartment door or panel gives access to parts			Χ	\$25						
		that can only be de- energized and visibly isolated by the										
		serving utility. New section that includes requirements for substation										
		design by a qualified licensed professional, and also				\$1,200. Cost						
511	490.48	includes engineer, documentation, and diagram			Χ	would vary						
		requirements.				with scope.						
		Revised to require a warning sign or label to meet										
512	490.53	requirements in new 110.21(B).		Χ								
		Revised to require a warning sign or label to meet										
513	490.55	requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х								
		Revised to include definitions from Articles 500 through										
		516 that are used in two or more of these articles. This										
514	500.2	action results in definitions being relocated from Articles		Х								
		504 through 516 to 500.2.										
	500.2	Revised the dust particle size threshold to correlate with										
515	Combustible	other national and international area classification		Χ								
	Dust	standards.										
	500 2 Cl	New definition to provide consistency in applying										
516	500.2 Cord	requirements covering cord connectors in Articles 500		Χ								
	Connector	through 516.										
E17	500 F/A)	Revised to indicate that pyrophoric materials are not		Х								
21/	500.5(A)	covered by the requirements of Article 500.	<u></u>	^								
		Revised to specify that temperature class and operating										
518	500.8(C)(4)	parameters are based on the equipment being covered by		Χ								
		a blanket of dust.										
		"Ignition temperature" changed to "autoignition										
519	500.8(D)(1)	temperature" in the requirement and in the informational		Х	Х							
		note to correlate with terminology in other standards.										
520	500.8(E)(1)	Revised to require listed conduit fittings and cable fittings.		Х	I							

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact				
CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
521	501.10(A)(1)(e)	New requirement on installing optical fiber cables in Class I, Division 1 locations.		X		
522	501.10(A)(2)	Revised to correlate with the provisions for terminating flexible cords specified in 501.140 and to add a new provision allowing the use of Type TC-ER-HL cable for flexible connections in Class I, Division 1 locations.		Х		
523	501.10(A)(3) Informational Note	New Informational Note providing reference to a standard covering testing and marking of cable and flexible cord connectors used in hazardous (classified) locations.		Х		
524	501.10(B)(1)(5)	Revised to include Type TC-ER cable.		Χ		
525	501.10(B)(1)(7)	New requirement on installing optical fiber cables in Class I, Division 2 locations.		Х		
526	501.10(B)(2)(3)	New provision permitting the use of interlocked armor Type MC cable for flexible connections.		х		
527	501.10(B)(2)(7)	New provision permitting certain types of elevator cables for use with elevators installed in Class I, Division 2 locations.		х		
528	501.10(B)(3)(4) Informational Note	New Informational Note providing reference to a standard covering testing and marking of cable and flexible cord connectors used in hazardous (classified) locations.		Х		
529	501.15(B)(2) Informational Note	New Informational Note identifying the standard with performance parameters for seals that are not explosion-proof.		х		
530	501.15(C)(6)	Revised to include optical fiber cables.		Χ		
531	501.15(D)(2)	Revised to include optical fiber cables.		Χ		
532	501.15(E)(1)	Revised to permit the use of explosion-proof cable seals and to include optical fiber cables.		Х		
533	501.17	New provision covering the use of "add-on secondary seals." Revised the existing Informational Note to recognize the use of secondary seals.		Х		
534	501.3	Revised to state that the grounding and bonding requirements apply regardless of the system or circuit voltage. This correlates with provisions on bonding in hazardous (classified) locations covered in 250.100.		x		
535	501.105(B)(6)(1)	Revised by adding an exception for nonincendive field wiring.		Х		
536	501.125(B) Informational Note No. 4	New Informational Note identifying hazards associated with the operation of reciprocating engine–driven equipment in Class I, Division 2 locations.		х		
537	501.130(B)(4) Exception	Revised to permit portable luminaires to be used in Class I, Division 2 locations provided they comply with 501.130(B)(1) and 501.130(B)(2).		Х		
538	501.140(A)(1)	Revised to reinforce that this requirement is applicable to cord– and plug– connected portable equipment.		Х		

ODE	Ī	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAKT	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
		Revised to permit a listed cord connector used in	Decrease		merease	
539	501.140(B)(4)	conjunction with a seal fitting listed for the location.		Х		
540	501.145	Revised to prevent attachment plugs (cord caps) from becoming energized unless plugged into a receptacle that is part of the premises wiring system.		Х		
541	502.10(A)(1)(4)	Added a new requirement on installing optical fiber cables in Class II, Division 1 locations.		Х		
542	502.10(A)(2)(5)	Revised to correlate with the provisions for terminating flexible cords specified in 502.140.		х		
543	502.10(A)(2)(6)	New provision permitting certain type of elevator cables for use with elevators installed in Class II, Divisions 1 and 2 locations.		Х		
544	502.10(A)(3)	Relocated the requirement for the installation and performance of boxes and fittings installed in Class II, Division 1 locations. The Informational Note provides reference to a standard covering testing and marking of cable and flexible cord connectors used in hazardous (classified) locations.		х		
545	502.10(B)(1)(8) Exception	New provision on installing optical fiber cables in Class II, Division 2 locations.		х		
546	502.30(A) Exception	Revised to state that the grounding and bonding requirements apply regardless of the system or circuit voltage. This correlates with provisions on bonding in hazardous (classified) locations covered in 250.100.		х		
547	502.130(A)(1)	Revised to specify that luminaire marking must provide the type of lamp in addition to its maximum wattage.		х		
548	502.14	Revised to provide more detailed requirements on the permitted uses and installation practices where flexible cords used to connect equipment in Class II, Division 1 and 2 locations.		х		
549	503.5	Revised to specify that temperature class and operating parameters are based on the equipment being covered by a blanket of fibers flyings.		х		
550	503.10(A)(1)(4)	Revised to include Type TC-ER cable.		Х		
551	503.10(A)(3)(6)	New provision permitting certain type of elevator cables for use with elevators installed in Class III, Divisions 1 and 2 locations.		х		
552	503.30(A)	Revised to state that the grounding and bonding requirements apply regardless of the system or circuit voltage. This correlates with provisions on bonding in hazardous (classified) locations covered in 250.100.		х		
553	504.2 Associated Apparatus	Revised to correlate with product safety standards.		х		

ODE	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAKT	Decrease		I	AMOUNT*
554	504.10(C)	Revised to permit both intrinsically safe apparatus and associated apparatus to be installed in general purpose enclosures.	Decrease	X	merease	
555	504.30(A)(2)(3)	Revised to provide a specific distance between the insulating partition and the wall of an enclosure.		Х		
556	504.30(C)	New provision providing minimum clearance between uninsulated parts of field connections and grounded metal or other conducting parts.		Х		
557	505.5(A)	Revised to indicate that pyrophoric materials are not covered by the requirements of Article 505.		х		
558	505.6 Informational Note No. 3	Revised to provide guidance on marking provisions specified in current product safety standards, and guidance on how to safely assimilate markings on older products with current marking requirements.		х		
559	505.7(F)	New requirement on the maximum short-circuit current for equipment in Zone 1 locations protected using type of protection "e."		Х		
560	Table 505.9(C)(2)(4)	Revised to add method of protection type "mc."		Х		
561	505.9(C)(2)(5)	Revised to permit equipment to be marked for a specific gas or vapor.		Х		
562	505.9(C)(2) Exception No. 3	New exemption from temperature marking for cable termination fittings.		х		
563	505.9(D)	"Ignition temperature" changed to "autoignition temperature" in the requirement and in the informational note to correlate with terminology in other standards.		Х		
564	505.9(E)(1)	Revised to require listed conduit fittings and cable fittings.		Χ		
565	505.15(B)(1)(g)	New requirement covering the use of Type TC-ER-HL cable in Class I, Zone 1 locations.		Х		
566	505.15(B)(1)(h)	New provision covering the permitted wiring methods in Class I, Zone 1 locations for intrinsic safety type of protection "ib".		Х		
567	505.15(B)(1)(i)	New provision on installing optical fiber cables in Class I, Zone 1 locations.		х		
568	505.15(C)(1)(b)	Revised to also permit the use of Type TC-ER cable in Class I, Zone 2 locations.		Х		
569	505.15(C)(1)(h)	New provision on installing optical fiber cables in Class I, Zone 2 locations.		Х		
570	505.15(C)(2) Exception	New exception permitting certain types of elevator cables for use with elevators installed in Class I, Zone 2 locations.		Х		
571	505.16(B)(5)	Revised to also cover sealing of optical fiber cables.		Χ		
572	505.16(B)(6)	Revised to also cover sealing of optical fiber cables.		Х		
573	505.16(C)(2)(a)	Revised to also cover sealing of optical fiber cables.		Х		
574	505.16(D)(5)	Revised to also cover sealing of optical fiber cables.		Χ		

ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			NEC Cost Impact		
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease		I	AMOUNT*	
575	505.17(A)	Revised to provide specific reference to wiring methods for Class I, Zone 2 locations.		Х			
576	505.17(B)	New provision covering cord— and plug—connected instrumentation equipment in Class I, Zone 2 locations.		х			
577	505.20(C) Exception No.4, Informational Note No.3	New Informational Note providing guidance to application standard for motors installed in Class I, Division 2 and Zone 2 locations.		Х			
578	505.20(D)	New requirement covering the permitted applications of equipment based on its material group marking.		Х			
579	505.22 Informational Note	New Informational Note identifying hazards associated with the operation of reciprocating engine-driven equipment in Class I, Zone 2 locations.		x			
580	505.25	Revised to state that the grounding and bonding requirements apply regardless of the system or circuit voltage. This correlates with provisions on bonding in hazardous (classified) locations covered in 250.100.		х			
581	505.26(4)	New requirement covering the use of "add-on secondary seals." Revised the existing Informational Note to recognize the use of secondary seals.		х			
582	506.1	Revised to not restrict Article 506 requirements from covering metal dusts.		х			
583	506.2 Combustible Dust	Revised the dust particle size threshold to correlate with other national and international area classification standards.		х			
584	506.2 Protection by Encapsulation "m"	Revised to correlate with changes to product safety standards that expand application of this type of protection.		х			
585	506.2 Protection by Enclosure "t"	Revised to correlate with changes to product safety standards that expand application of this type of protection.		х			
586	506.2 Protection by Intrinsic Safety "i"	Revised to correlate with changes to product safety standards that expand application of this type of protection.		х			
587	506.3	New provision requiring compliance with applicable requirements in other articles of the <i>Code</i> except as modified by Articles 504 and 506.		х			
588	506.6	New provisions covering material group designations to facilitate proper equipment selection for installations in Zones 20, 21, and 22 locations.		Х			
589	506.8(E)	Revised to correlate with changes to product safety standards that expand application of this type of protection.		х			

ODE	I	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	T	Coot!	mast.	ESTIMATED
HANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im	pact	AMOUNT*
	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
590	506.8(H)	Revised to correlate with product safety standards.		Χ		
591	506.9(C)(1)(2)	Revised to add a requirement for additional marking on "Division" equipment to indicate suitability for use with Zone material groups.		Х		
592	506.9(C)(1)(3), 506.9(C)(2)(5), and 506.9(D)	Revised to maintain consistent terminology for temperature marking on equipment.		х		
593	506.9(C)(2)(4)	Revised to add a requirement for additional marking on "Division" equipment to indicate suitability for use with Zone material groups.		х		
594	506.9(C)(2) Exception	New exception covering marking of associated apparatus not suitable for installation in a hazardous (classified) location.		х		
595	Table 506.9(C)(2)(3)	Revised to reflect changes in product safety standards relating to new type and expanded protection techniques for Zone 20, 21, and 22 applications.		х		
596	506.9(C)(6) Exception	New exception covers associated apparatus that is not suitable for hazardous (classified) location, and for such equipment the markings for zone, material group, and ambient temperature in accordance with 506.9(D) need not be applied.		х		
597	506.9(D)	Revised to specify that temperature class and operating parameters are based on the equipment being covered by a blanket of dust or dust simulating fibers flyings of the maximum thickness that can accumulate for Zone 20 and Zone 21 locations.		х		
598	506.9(E)(1)	Revised to require listed conduit fittings and cable fittings.		Х		
599	506.15(A)(2) Exception No. 2	New exception covering the permitted wiring methods in Zone 20 locations for intrinsically safe equipment.		х		
600	505.15 (multiple locations)	New Informational Notes to reference product safety standard for cables, cable fittings, and cord connectors.		х		
601	506.15(A)(6) Exception No. 2	New exception permitting certain types of elevator cables for use with elevators installed in Zone 20 hazardous (classified) locations.		Х		
602	506.15(A)(7)	New requirement on installing optical fiber cables in Zone 20 locations.		х		
603	506.15(B)(2) Exception	New exception covering the permitted wiring methods in Zone 20 locations for intrinsically safe equipment.		Х		
604	506.15(C)(6)	Revised to also permit the use of Type TC-ER cable in Zone 22 locations.		Х		
605	506.15(C)(7)	Revised to reflect changes in product safety standards related to the use of intrinsic safety as a protection technique in Zone 22 hazardous (classified) locations.		х		

	T	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	T .			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AIVIOOIVI
606	506.15(C)(9)a	New provision on installing optical fiber cables in Zone 22 locations.		Х		
607	506.17	New Informational Notes to reference product safety standard for cables, cable fittings, and cord connectors.		Х		
608	506.20(D)	New provision covering the permitted applications of equipment based on its material group marking.		х		
609	506.25	Revised to state that the grounding and bonding requirements apply regardless of the system or circuit voltage. This correlates with provisions on bonding in hazardous (classified) locations covered in 250.100.		х		
610	Figures 514.3(a) and 514.3(b)	Revised the figure to show the classified area around dispensing devices; added a new figure to show the classified area around an aboveground tank with a dispensing device.		X		
611	514.3(C)	New requirement covering the installation of motor fuel dispensing equipment and associated piping at boatyards and marinas. These requirements were formerly located in 555.21.		Х		
612	514.13	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for <i>lockable disconnecting means</i> in 110.25.		Х		
613	Article 516	Revised Article to update all requirements that are extracted from NFPA 33, Standard for Spray Application Using Flammable and Combustible Materials, and NFPA 34, Standard for Dipping, Coating, and Printing Processes Using Flammable or Combustible Liquids to the 2011 editions of those standards. More specific information included on the use of the "zone system" of electrical area classification method is included in these revisions.		х		
614	516.10(A)	Revised to recognize the use of spray equipment that is not listed, but is otherwise approved. New Informational Note provides direction on the approval of electrostatic spray equipment where other hazard mitigation features as described in NFPA 33 are employed.		Х		
615	517.2 Critical Branch	Revised the definition of <i>critical branch</i> to correlate with the definition in NFPA 99 by removing a reference to emergency system and adding fixed equipment to the list of items connected to the critical branch.		х		
616	517.2 Emergency System	Revised by deleting the definition of <i>emergency system</i> to correlate with NFPA 99.		Х		
617	517.2 Equipment Branch	Revised the definition of <i>equipment system</i> to <i>equipment branch</i> , changed "circuits" to "feeders and branch circuits," and included a reference to extracted material from NFPA 99, <i>Health Care Facilities Code</i> .		х		

	Г	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
‡	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	7
618	517.2 Life Safety Branch	Revised the definition of <i>life safety branch</i> to correlate with the definition in NFPA 99 by removing a reference to emergency system and by specifying that power supplies for lighting, receptacles, and equipment essential for life safety are what is connected to the life safety branch.		х		
619	517.2 Patient Care Space	Revised the definition of patient care area to patient care space to correlate with the new definitions for patient care rooms in NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code; added new Informational Notes to provide guidance on proper application.		Х		
620	517.2 Patient Care Vicinity	Revised to provide clarification and to update to the extracted information from NFPA 99, <i>Health Care Facilities Code.</i>		х		
621	517.2 Wet Procedure Area	Relocated the definition of wet procedure location to correlate with the revised definitions for Patient Care Space. New informational note that indicates that routine housekeeping procedures and incidental spillage of liquid do not define a wet procedure location.		х		
622	517.1	Revised by replacing "areas" with "space" to correlate with the revised definition and with NFPA 99, <i>Health Care Facilities Code</i> .		Х		
623	517.14	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		Х		
624	517.16	Revised to clarify that isolated ground receptacles are only prohibited in the patient care vicinity, to correlate with NFPA 99, <i>Health Care Facilities Code</i> .		х		
625	517.17(A)	Revised by replacing the term "areas" to "space" to correlate with the revised definition and with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
626	517.18(A)	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "critical branch" and providing new requirements for receptacle plate marking to correlate NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
627	517.18(B)	Revised by increasing the number of required receptacles from four to eight to correlate with NFPA 99, <i>Health Care Facilities Code</i> .		х		
628	517.18(C)	Revised by replacing "Pediatric Locations" to "Designated General Care Pediatric Locations" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
629	517.19(A)	Revised by replacing the term "areas" with "space," replacing "emergency system" with "critical branch," and increasing the number of required receptacles from six to fourteen to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	npact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEE GIMMEE SOMMAN		I	Increase	AMOUNT*
630	517.19(C)	New requirement that provides minimum number, supply requirements, and configuration for operating room receptacles to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
631	517.19(D)	Revised the term "metal-enclosed switchgear" to "switchgear" for correlation with the revision made to the defined term in Article 100.		х		
632	517.19(E)	Revised by replacing the term "areas" with "space" to correlate with the revised definition and with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
633	517.26	Revised to include the life safety branch of the essential electrical system to correlate with NFPA 99, <i>Health Care Facilities Code</i> . The new Informational Note refers to Section 517.30 and to NFPA 99, Chapter 6.		х		
634	517.30 Figures 1 and 2	Revised terms to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
635	517.30(B)(1) through (4)	Revised by specifying that essential electrical systems for hospitals must be comprised of three separate branches: life safety, critical, and equipment; and revised these terms to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
636	517.30(A)(1)	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		x		
637	517.30(C)(3)(1)	Revised by adding Type RTRC marked with the suffix –XW to the list of permitted wiring methods.		Х		
638	517.30(C)(3)	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system," replacing "emergency" with life safety and critical branches, and replacing the term "areas" with "space" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
639	517.30(D)	Revised to specify that the capacity and rating for the essential electrical system must be designed for the maximum actual demand likely to be produced by the connected load of the essential electrical system.		х		
640	517.30(E)	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
641	517.30(G)	New requirement for overcurrent protective devices serving the essential electrical system to be selectively coordinated for the period of time that a fault's duration extends beyond 0.1 second. Two exceptions to the rule address the arrangement between transformer primary and secondary protective devices and overcurrent protective devices of the same ampere rating connected in series.			х	\$3,000

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEE GIMMEE SOMMAN	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
642	517.30 (F)	New provision permitting feeders supplied from an alternate power source to supply the essential electrical system to the point at which the life safety, critical, and equipment branches are separated. Installation of the transfer equipment is permitted at other than the location of the alternate power source.		х		
643	517.31	Revised the title from "Emergency Systems" to "Branches Requiring Automatic Connection" and revised the requirement by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system" and "life safety and critical branches" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
644	517.32	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		Х		
645	517.32(F)	Revised to include a list of generator accessories that are loads dedicated to a specific generator, to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
646	517.33(A)	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		х		
647	517.33(A)(7)	Revised by adding "data equipment rooms and closets" to critical branch task illumination and receptacle requirements.		х		
648	517.34	Revised the title by replacing "System" with "Branch" and replaced "emergency system" with "essential system" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		Х		
649	517.34(A)	Revised by adding a new provision to permit delayed automatic connection to the alternate power source for supply, return, exhaust ventilating, and for air–conditioning systems serving telephone equipment rooms and closets and data equipment rooms and closets.		Х		
650	517.35(C)	Revised to include a requirement for physical separation of the main feeders of the alternate source from the main feeders of the normal electrical source.		Х		
651	517.41, Figures 1 and 2	Revised the terms to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		Х		
652	517.41(E)	Revised by replacing "emergency system" with "essential electrical system" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code. Added a new requirement for non-locking-type, 125-volt, 15- and 20-ampere receptacles to have an illuminated face or an indicator light to indicate that there is power to the receptacle.			x	\$
653	517.43 Exception	Revised by replacing "system" with "branch" to correlate with NFPA 99, Health Care Facilities Code.		Х		

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
HANGE		NEC CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY			Ì	AMOUNT*
	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
654	517.71(C)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
655	520.2 Stage Equipment	New definition for equipment that is integral to the stage production.		Х		
656	520.2 Stage Switchboard	New definition that includes a switchboard, panelboard, or rack containing dimmers or relays with associated overcurrent protective devices, or overcurrent protective devices alone, used primarily to feed stage equipment.		x		
657	520.2 Stage Lighting Hoist	New definition for a motorized lifting device for luminaires with integral cable system to allow travel over the lifting range while energized.		х		
658	520.26(D)	Revised to add new subsection covering <i>constant power</i> stage switchboards.		х		
659	520.4	New requirement that includes provisions for stage lighting hoists and requirement for listing.		х		
660	520.53(H)(1)	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "identified for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		х		
661	520.53(K)(3)c	Revised to require marking to meet the requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		
662	520.68(A)(3)	New subsection that includes provisions for permitting luminaries to be supplied by hard usage supply cords provided conditions are met.		х		
663	525.32	Revised to correlate with the term <i>equipment grounding</i> conductor.		х		
664	530.22(A)(3)c	Revised to require marking to meet the requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
665	530.61	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
666	545.5	Revised for consistency with terms associated with underground service conductors that are within the scope of the <i>Code</i> .		х		
667	547.2 Equipotential Plane	Revised by replacing "prevent" with "minimize" in the definition; this more closely represents the level of voltage reduction obtained with an equipotential plane.		х		
668	547.5(F)	Revised to permit insulated aluminum equipment grounding conductors for underground installations.		Х		
669	547.9(A)(1)	Revised to apply to multiple buildings or structures of any use group that are supplied from the same distribution point.	_	х		

ODE	I	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
670	547.9(B)(3)(2)	Revised by adding the word "enclosure" after the words "site-isolating device" to clarify the equipment grounding conductor connection is to the site-isolating device enclosure.	Decrease	Х	increase	
671	547.10(B) Informational Note No. 2	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
672	550.2, 550.10(B), 550.11, 550.16, and 550.30	Revised by removing the definition of "distribution panelboard" and removing the term "distribution" throughout several sections, to correlate with the defined term <i>panelboard</i> in Article 100.		Х		
673	550.2 Feeder Assembly	Revised by including the term "identified" and deleting "designed for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		Х		
674	550.10(C) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
675	550.15(H)	Revised to require that conductors be listed for use in wet locations and raceways be approved for wet locations where exposed to moisture and subject to physical damage.		х		
676	550.32(C) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
677	551.1 Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		
678	551.2, 551.42, 551.45, 551.46, 551.47, 551.54, 551.55, and 551.73	Revised by removing the definition of "distribution panelboard" and the term "distribution" throughout several sections to correlate with the defined term panelboard in Article 100.		х		
679	551.2 Recreational Vehicle	Revised by removing explanatory material and relocating to a new Informational Note: "The basic entities are travel trailer, camping trailer, truck camper, and motor home."		Х		
680	551.4(B) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		
681	551.4(C)	New requirement for standardized labels for recreational vehicles. Informational note refers to ANSI Z535, <i>Product Safety Signs and Labels</i> , for additional guidance.		Х		
682	551.30(D) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		

CODE	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			Cost Im	ESTIMATED	
CHANGE	NEGO .:	NEC CHANGE SOMMAN				AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
		Revised by combining the location requirements, and				
683	551.30(E)	adding similar location requirements for enclosed transfer		Х		
	, ,	switches when used as the first termination of generator				
		supply conductors.				
684	551.41(B)	Revised by specifying that the minimum size for qualifying		Χ		
	` '	receptacle requirements includes both width and depth.				
685	551.41(B)(4)	New requirement for at least one receptacle for rooftop			Х	\$100
	, ,, ,	decks that is accessible from inside the RV.				-
	554 40(0)(0)	New exception that permits a sixth circuit to serve only the				
686	551.42(C)(2)	power converter; if the combined load of all six (6) circuits		Χ		
	Exception 2	does not exceed the allowable load that was designed for				
		use by the original five (5) circuits.				
	551.45(B)	Revised to provide an alternate installation when the door				
687	Exception 1	installation prohibits meeting the specified setback limit for		Х		
	'	working clearances.				
		Revised to provide standardized label requirements for				
688	551.46(D)	electrical entrance and for compliance with ANSI Z535,		Х		
		Product Safety Signs and Labels.				
689	551.47(I)	Revised to correlate with Section 334.30 by requiring cables		Х		
	(,	to be secured, as well as supported.				
690	551.47(J)	Revised to correlate with Section 334.30 by requiring cables		Х		
	` '	to be secured, as well as supported.				
		Revised to provide standardized label requirements for				
691	551.47(Q)(3)	air-conditioning equipment and for compliance with ANSI		Х		
		Z535, Product Safety Signs and Labels.				
		Revised to provide standardized label requirements for				
692	551.47(R)(4)	generator installations and for compliance with ANSI Z535,		Х		
		Product Safety Signs and Labels.				
		Revised to provide standardized label requirements for				
693	551.47(S)(3)	prewiring for other circuits and for compliance with ANSI		Х		
		Z535, Product Safety Signs and Labels.				
694	551.53	Revised to also apply to ceiling–suspended (paddle) fans.		Х		
		Revised to require that every recreational vehicle site				
695	551.71	equipped with a 50– ampere receptacle also be equipped			Х	\$50
		with a 30–ampere, 125–volt receptacle conforming to				
		Figure 551.46(C).				
696	551.75	New informational note directing user to 250.32(A)		Х		
		exception for RV sites supplied by a single branch circuit.				
		Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in				
697	551.79	conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC		Х		
		to recognize that commonly used alternative energy				
		systems operate at over 600 volts.				
	552.43,					
	552.44,	Revised by removing the term "distribution" throughout		. ,		
698	552.45,552.46,	several sections to correlate with the defined term		Х		
	552.47,	panelboard in Article 100.				
	552.55,					

	1	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	T			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
‡	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
	552.56, and 552.47					
699	552.10(B)(2) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
700	552.10(E)(2) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
701	552.44(C)(1) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
702	552.44(C)(2) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
703	555.1 Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
704	555.21(A) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
705	555.2 Marine Power Outlet	Revised by removing the term "distribution" to correlate with the defined term <i>panelboard</i> in Article 100.		х		
706	555.4	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		x		
707	555.15(B) and (C)	Revised to permit insulated aluminum equipment grounding conductors for installations at marinas and boatyards.		Х		
708	555.19(A)(4)(a) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
709	590.4(C)	Revised by adding "switchgear" to the list of equipment where branch circuits must originate.		Х		
710	590.4(I)	Revised by clarifying that fittings are required to be listed for connecting flexible cords and cables to boxes.		Х		
711	590.4(J)	Revised to specify that cable assemblies and flexible cords and cables installed as branch circuits or feeders are not permitted to be installed on the floor or on the ground. This does not include extension cords.		х		
712	590.6(A)(1)	Revised to provide specific permission covering the use of listed cord sets or devices incorporating GFCI protection identified for portable use.		х		

CODE	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	INCOCHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease		Ī	AMOUNT*
#		Davised to include and path add luminous tubing in the	Decrease	None	iliciease	
713	600.2 Neon tubing	Revised to include cold cathode luminous tubing in the definition.		Х		
714	600.3	Revised to require that retrofit kits be listed and to specify that electric signs, outline lighting, and retrofit kits must be provided with installation instructions.		Х		
715	600.4(E)	Revised to also include outline lighting, skeleton tubing systems, and retrofit kits in the marking requirement, with an exception for cord-and- plug-connected portable signs.		Х		
716	600.6(A)(1)	Revised to specify that the disconnecting means must be located nearest the point where the supply conductors enter the sign (or a pole supporting a sign), with an exception for supply conductors inside the sign that are installed in a listed raceway.		Х		
717	600.6(A)(2)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
718	600.6(A)(3)(1)	Revised to make the "within sight" requirement mandatory rather than permissive.		х		
719	600.6(A)(3)(3)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
720	600.7(A)(1)	Revised to include skeleton tubing.		Χ		
721	600.9(B)	Revised to specify that neon tubing installed only in "listed" dry location portable signs is exempted from this requirement.		Х		
722	600.10(C)(2)	Revised to require that the GFCI device protecting a portable or mobile sign be installed by the sign manufacturer.			х	\$50
723	600.12	Revised to include retrofit kits.		Χ		
724	600.12(A)	Revised to apply to all neon and other secondary circuits rated 1000 volts or less.		Х		
725	600.12(B)	Revised to limit application to neon secondary circuits rated more than 1000 volts.		Х		
726	600.12(C)	Revised to indicate that the acceptable wiring method is determined by the installation conditions and the manufacturer's instructions.		Х		
727	600.21	Revised to require that all power supplies be either self-contained or be enclosed in a listed sign body or listed enclosure.		Х		
728	600.21(A), (B), (C), (D), (E), and (F)	Revised to include Class 2 power sources.		Х		
729	600.33	Revised to specify that only the provisions in Chapter 3 and Part III of Article 725 covering wiring methods and materials suitable for LED lighting installations are applicable.		х		
730	Entire article	Revised to replace the terms "relocatable wired partitions" and "partition" with "office furnishings," to correlate with		Х		

ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
		the terminology used in the product safety standard for				
		this equipment.				
731	605.2	New definition of office furnishings.		Χ		
		Revised by changing "appliances" to "utilization				
732	605.3	equipment" to reflect broader scope of equipment used		Χ		
		with powered office furnishings.				
		Revised to accommodate flexible cord connections				
733	605.6(B)	associated with lighting systems supplied from Class 2		Χ		
		power sources, including low voltage LED lighting systems.				
		Revised to correlate with the provisions covering the				
734	610.31	permitted types of disconnecting means specified in		Χ		
		430.109.				
725	610.31(2)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for		Х		
733	610.51(2)	lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		^		
	610.31(4)	New exception to the "with view" requirement for the				
736	Exception	runway conductor disconnecting means where the crane		Χ		
	Exception	serves an electrolytic cell line.				
		Revised to correlate with the provisions for the permitted				
727	610.32	types of disconnecting means specified in 430.109 and to		Х		
737	010.32	correlate with new general requirement for lockable		^		
		disconnecting means in 110.25.				
		Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new				
		110.21(B) and to revise the threshold voltage from 600 to				
738	620.3(A)	1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort		Х		
		throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used				
		alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.				
		Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in				
739	620.3(C)	conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC		Χ		
	,	to recognize that commonly used alternative energy				
		systems operate at over 600 volts.				
740	620.5	Revised to clarify that reduced working space is permitted		Х		
		under any one of the conditions specified in (A) through(D).				
		Revised by incorporating text of the Informational Note as				
741	620.13(B)	a permissive requirement for determining the rating of a		Χ		
		motor controller for the purpose of sizing the conductors				
		supplying it.				
742	Table 620.14	Revised by incorporating text of the Informational Note as		Χ		
		a new application note to the demand factor table.				
	620.21	New exception permitting cords or cables of listed				
743	Exception	cord-and plug- connected equipment to be used without		Х		
	·	being installed in a raceway.			ļ	
		Revised to require a separate branch circuit to supply the				
744	620.22(B)	air-conditioning and heating equipment for each elevator		Х		

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHARGE SOMMAN	†		Increase	AMOUNT*
745	620.36	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
746	620.41	Revised by incorporating text of the Informational Note as the condition under which the length of unsupported cord is determined.		Х		
747	620.51(A) and Exception No.	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
748	620.51(C)(1)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25 and to permit fused motor circuit switches as the disconnecting means for the elevator driving machine.		Х		
749	620.51(C)(2)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
750	620.52(B)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
751	620.53	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		
752	620.53 Exception	Revised to clarify that one branch circuit is permitted to supply all of the equipment covered by the exception. Also revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
753	620.54	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
754	620.55	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		Х		
755	620.62	Revised to specify the qualifications of those responsible for the design of the system used to establish selective coordination and those to whom the required documentation must be made available.		х		
756	Article 625	Article revised to group installation requirements in a separate Part III.		Х		
757	625.2 Cable Management System	New definition describing the function of this system.		х		
758	625.2 Electric Vehicle Connector	Revised to recognize that the electrical connection to the electric vehicle can be conductive or inductive.		Х		
759	625.2 Electric Vehicle Inlet	Revised to recognize that the electrical connection to the electric vehicle can be conductive or inductive.		Х		

	1	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
‡	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	ANIOON
760	625.2 Electric Vehicle Storage Battery	Revised to reflect that all battery technologies have a means to vent excessive gas pressure due to overheating, in order to prevent battery explosion.		х		
761	625.2 Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment	New informational note explaining the relationship between the terms <i>electric vehicle supply equipment</i> and <i>electrical vehicle charging system equipment</i> in the context of Article 625.		х		
762	625.2 Output Cable to the Electric Vehicle	New definition describing the cable with an electric vehicle connection that runs from the output of the EVSE to the EV inlet.		х		
763	625.2 Power Supply Cord	New definition covering the cord connecting the EVSE to the premises wiring system through a cord–and–plug connection to a receptacle.		Х		
764	625.4	Revised to include dc systems rated up to 600 volts.		х		
765	625.10(A)	Revised with a new exception covering the specific condition under which polarization of the EV coupler is not required.		х		
766	625.10(E)	Revised to clearly describe the condition under which a grounding pole is not required.		Х		
767	625.17	Revised to distinguish the requirements for the power supply cord from those covering the output cable.		х		
768	625.17(C)(1) and (2)	New provisions covering how the length of the power supply cord and the output cable is to be determined.		Х		
769	625.18	Revised to not require interlock for dc supplies rated less than 50 volts.		х		
770	625.19	Revised to not require interlock for dc supplies rated less than 50 volts.		Х		
771	y 625.14)	Revised to cover the impact that a load management system has on service and feeder calculations.		х		
772	625.42 (formerly 625.23)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
773	625.44 (formerly 625.13)	Revised requirements covering cord-and-plug- and permanently connected EVSE equipment.		х		
774	625.48 (formerly 625.26)	Revised to require that equipment used as part of an interactive electrical system be listed and marked as being suitable for this application.		х		
775	625.50 [formerly 625.29(A) and 625.30]	Revised to recognize that the electrical connection to the electric vehicle can be conductive or inductive, and to consolidate indoor and outdoor location provisions.		х		

CODE	I	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im		AMOUNT*
!	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
776	625.52(B)(2) [formerly 625.29(D)(2)]	Revised to cover electric vehicle supply equipment supplied by dc branch circuits.		х		
777	Tables 625.52(B)(1) and (B)(2) [formerly Tables 25.29(D)(1) and (D)(2)]	Revised to cover electric vehicle supply equipment supplied by dc branch circuits.		х		
778	626.2 Cable Management System (Electrified Truck Parking Spaces)	Revised to distinguish cable management systems for electrified trucks from cable management systems for electric vehicles covered in Article 625.		х		
779	626.22(D)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
780	626.24(B) Exception	Revised for correlation with the number of receptacles specified in 626.24(B)(1).		х		
781	626.24(C)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
782	626.31(A)	Revised to correlate with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
783	630.13	Revised to reference 110.22(A) for marking of welder supply circuit disconnecting means.		х		
784	640.1	Revised the scope to specify the types of systems not covered by Article 640.		х		
785	640.2 Audio Amplifier or Preamplifier	Revised to provide correlation between this definition and its use in the requirements of Article 640.		х		
786	640.10(A)	Revised for clarity by replacing "laterally" with "horizontally" in regard to the minimum clearance distance.		х		
787	645.4	Revised to indicate that the provisions of Article 645 modify the general requirements in Articles 300 and 708 for power wiring, those in Article 725 for signaling circuit installations, and those in Article 770 optical fiber cable installations.		х		
788	645.5(E)(4)	Revised by deleting the condition requiring automatic cessation of air circulation upon detection of smoke in underfloor air–handling ventilation areas serving an information technology equipment room(s).		х		
789	645.14 and 645.15	New Section 645.14 added to cover grounding of separately derived systems that supply ITE equipment. Section 645.15 now provides only requirements covering grounding and bonding of information technology		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHARGE SOMMAN	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
+		equipment. Revised to require auxiliary grounding				
		electrodes be installed in accordance with 250.54.				
790	645.27	New requirement covering selective coordination of overcurrent devices protecting circuits supplying critical operations data systems.			х	\$5,000
791	Article 646 Modular Data Systems (MDCs)	New article covering prefabricated units containing information technology equipment and associated support equipment used to provide power, cooling, and ventilation for the units' HVAC equipment. MDCs are required to either be listed or be constructed in accordance with the requirements of Article 626.		х		
792	647.6(A)	Revised to clarify that equipment supplied by a grounded technical power system operates at the line–to–line voltage of 120 volts.		х		
793	647.7(A)(2)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
794	647.8(A)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
795	660.4(C)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
796	665.2 Applicator	Revised to be consistent with use of this term within Article 665.		х		
797	665.12	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25.		х		
798	665.23	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		

CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section		Decrease	I	Increase	AMOUNT*
799	668.21(A)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
800	669.7	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
801	670.4 Informational Note	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
802	675.8(B)	Revised for correlation with new general requirement for lockable disconnecting means in 110.25. The phrase "visible and not more than 15 m (50 ft.)" is revised to "in sight from" because that distance is part of the Article 100 definition of "in sight from."		х		
803	675.1	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
804	680.2 Storable Swimming, Wading, or Immersion Pools or Storable Portable Spas and Hot Tubs	Revised to also include storable and portable spas and hot tubs.		х		
805	680.8(A)	Revised to also apply to overhead service conductors.		х		
806	680.12	Revised to also apply to fountains.		Х		
807	680.21(C)	Revised to require GFCI protection for all 120– and 240–volt, single–phase swimming pool pump motors regardless of the supply circuit ampere rating.			х	\$50
808	680.22(A)(1)	Revised to permit non–locking receptacles to supply swimming pool circulating pump motors.		Х		
809	680.22(A)(3)	Revised to expand application of the receptacle outlet requirement to all occupancy types.		Х		
810	680.22(B)(6)	New provision permitting certain types of listed low–voltage luminaires to be installed less than 5 feet from the inside walls of a swimming pool.		х		
811	680.23	Revised to use the maximum water level as the benchmark for establishing which underwater luminaires are covered by these requirements.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease		ī	AMOUNT*
812	680.26(C)	Revised to include physical protection and corrosion resistance provisions for the bonded metal element used to create direct contact between the swimming pool water and bonded metal surface.		х		
813	680.27(B)(2)	Revised to require that the branch circuit supplying the pool cover motor and associated equipment be protected by a ground–fault circuit interrupter. This revision results in feeder level GFCI protection not being permitted.		х		
814	Article 680 Part III Title, 680.30, 680.32, 680.33, and 680.34	Revised to make the requirements of Part III applicable to portable spas and portable hot tubs.		Х		
815	680.42(A)(1)	Revised to remove the 6-foot length restriction for liquidtight flexible metal conduit and liquidtight flexible nonmetallic conduit.		Х		
816	680.42(B)	Revised to provide conditions under which perimeter bonding is not required for certain listed self-contained spas and hot tubs installed on or above grade outdoors.		х		
817	680.42(C)	Revised to permit application of this requirement to outdoor spas and hot tubs installed at one–family dwellings or at a dwelling unit that is part of a two–family or multifamily dwelling.		х		
818	680.43 Exception No. 3	New exception permitting application of the provisions of 680.42(C) for spas and hot tubs installed indoors at one–family dwellings or at a dwelling unit that is part of a two–family or multifamily dwelling.		х		
819	680.57(B)	Revised to require that the ground–fault circuit–interrupter protection be provided in either the branch circuit or feeder that supplies a sign either installed in a fountain or installed within 10 feet of a fountain.			х	\$50
820	680.74	Revised to clarify that only the metal piping system associated with the circulating water of the hydromassage bathtub and grounded metal parts in contact with the bathtub water are subject to the bonding requirement of this section.		Х		
821	Figure 690.1(A)	Revised by removing the blocking diodes from the figure to reflect current circuit protection requirements contained in the <i>NEC</i> and in the product safety standards.		х		
822	690.2 Direct Current (dc) Combiner	New definition to provide standardization of the nomenclature used to describe this type of equipment.		х		
823	690.2 DC-to-DC Converter	New definition for correlation with existing requirements in Article 690 covering the use of this device.		Х		

ODE	<u> </u>	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
824	690.2 Multimode Inverter	New definition for a component that can be used in an interactive or stand–alone PV system.		Х		
825	690.4	Renamed this section "General Requirements." Conductor segregation and identification requirements have been relocated to 690.31.		Х		
826	690.4(D)	Revised to permit PV system installations to be comprised of more than one utility–interactive or stand–alone inverter.		X		
827	690.5(A)	Revised to specify the required performance of the ground–fault detection system, and to require listing of the equipment used to provide the ground–fault protection and circuit interruption. Also revised to permit ground fault devices to automatically interrupt the grounded conductor for the purpose of ascertaining circuit isolation.		X		
828	690.5(C)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
829	690.7(C)	Revised the threshold voltage for other than one and two family dwellings from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
830	690.7(E)(3)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		
831	690.8(A)(5)	New requirement on determining the maximum current for dc to dc converters.		Х		
832	690.8(B)(1) [formerly 690.8(B)(2)]	Revised by changing the term "conditions of use" to "adjustment and correction factors."		Х		
833	690.8(D)	Revised "single fuse" to "single overcurrent device" to allow determining the ampacity of conductors that interconnect modules to be based on the rating of the specific type of overcurrent protective device used in the PV system.		Х		
834	690.9(A)	Revised to require that overcurrent protection devices be located to protect conductors against overcurrents originating in any connected source. Also revised to require that battery system conductors comply with Article 480.		Х		
835	690.9(B) [formerly 690.8(B)(1)]	Relocated requirements for determining overcurrent device ratings.		Х		
836	690.9(D)	Revised to require that overcurrent protective devices used in PV source and output circuits be listed as a PV overcurrent device.		х		

CODE	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			NEC Cost Impact		
CHANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAKT	Decrease		Increase	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
837	690.9(E)	Revised to provide separate requirements for the number of overcurrent protection devices in grounded and ungrounded PV systems.	Deci cuse	X	merease	
838	690.10(C)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		
839	690.10(E)	Revised to cover securing of back-fed plug-in type circuit breakers connected to multimode inverters.		Х		
840	690.11	Revised to expand the series arc fault protection requirement to conductors installed indoors and outdoors.		\$250	Х	
841	690.12	New requirement to provide emergency personnel with a means to reduce the voltage and power of PV system circuit conductors within a specified amount of time.		Х		
842	690.13	Revised by consolidating requirements for disconnecting means formerly located in 690.13 and 690.14 into one section (690.13).		Х		
843	690.13(C) [formerly 690.14 (C)(3)]	Revised to not require that PV system disconnecting means be identified as suitable for use as service equipment.		Х		
844	690.13(D) [formerly 690.14(C)(4)]	Revised by deleting "switchboard" as a type of equipment that can be used as the PV system disconnecting means.		х		
845	690.15	Revised by consolidating requirements for disconnecting means formerly located in 690.14 and 690.15 into one section (690.15).		Х		
846	690.15(B) [formerly 690.14(B)]	Revised to include dc-to-dc converters.		Х		
847	690.15(C)	New provision for installation of a disconnecting means within 6 feet of dc combiners mounted on rooftops.			х	\$500, Price will vary greatly with scope of project
848	690.15(D) [formerly 690.14(C)(4)]	Revised by deleting "switchboard" as a type of equipment that can be used as the PV system disconnecting means.		X		
849	690.17	Revised by consolidating requirements for type and operational characteristics of PV disconnecting means formerly located in 690.13 and 690.17 into one section (690.17).		X		
850	690.17(A)	Revised to provide list of equipment permitted to be used as a PV system disconnecting means. Also revised to permit the disconnecting means to be power operable.		Х		
851	690.17(B)	New provision requiring PV disconnecting means to simultaneously open all ungrounded supply conductors.		Х		
852	690.17(E)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		_

CODE	NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			NEC Cost Impact		
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease		Ī	AMOUNT*
853	690.18 Informational Note	Revised to use the more commonly understood term "energized."		Х		
854	690.31(A)	Revised to permit PV conductors to be guarded (as an alternative to their being installed in a raceway) where the conductors are in a readily accessible location.		х		
855	690.31(B)	Relocated the requirements covering PV system conductor identification and grouping from 690.4(B). Revised to prohibit inverter output circuit conductors from being installed in the same raceway, cable tray, cable, outlet box, junction box, or similar type of equipment with PV source and PV output conductors.		Х		
856	690.31(C)(2)	New provision permitting single conductor cable listed as PV wire to be installed in outdoor cable trays without having a cable tray (CT) marking or a minimum size requirement.		Х		
857	690.31(D)	New provision permitting the outdoor use of multiconductor TC-ER and USE-2 cables for the output circuits of utility-interactive inverters that are not readily accessible.		х		
858	690.31(G)(1)	Revised to only provide a marking requirement for rooftop PV conductors that are concealed within built-up, laminate, or membrane roofing materials. New provision added covering the suitability of the marking method for exposure to sunlight and the weather.		Х		
859	690.31(G)(4)	Revised to include specific requirements for the warning label and the letters on the label.		Х		
860	690.31(I)	Relocated from 690.4(G). Revised to require an overvoltage warning marking for bipolar PV systems.		Х		
861	690.31(J)	Relocated the requirement from 690.4(C).		Χ		
862	690.35(C)(1)	Revised to prescribe the performance characteristics of the ground–fault protective device without specifying a specific methodology to meet the requirement. Also revised to require that the device be listed for ground– fault protection.		Х		
863	690.35(D)(1)	Revised to permit cables with metal jackets in addition to those with nonmetallic jackets.		Х		
864	690.35(D)(4)	New provision permitting underground installations using cables identified for direct burial.		Х		
865	690.35(F)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		
866	690.41	Revised to permit PV systems of any voltage to operate as grounded or as ungrounded systems. Specific requirements have been included for grounded and ungrounded PV systems.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact			ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease	1	Increase	AMOUNT*
867	690.45	Revised by deleting 690.45(B) and its Informational Note to correlate with the deletion of 690.5(A) Exception No. 2 that permitted installations without ground–fault protection provided the equipment grounding conductor was doubled in size.		х		
868	690.46	Revised to permit raceway installation of solid conductors not larger than 6 AWG used as grounding electrode conductors and equipment grounding conductors.		Х		
869	690.47(B)	Revised to permit equipment associated with an ungrounded dc system and the ground–fault detection reference point to be grounded through connection to the ac equipment grounding system.		х		
870	690.47(C)(2)	Revised to permit additional means to connect the dc grounding electrode conductor to the ac grounding electrode conductor.		Х		
871	690.47(C)(3)	Revised to provide grounding conductor sizing requirement for ungrounded dc systems. This revision correlates with the revision to 690.47(B) covering the grounding of equipment in ungrounded dc systems.		х		
872	690.47(D)	Revised to restore a requirement from the 2008 NEC covering the installation of a local auxiliary grounding electrode for grounding the non– current–carrying metal parts of PV array frame(s) or structure(s) mounted on roofs, on poles, or on the ground.		х		
873	690.53(4)	Revised to use the correct term <i>maximum circuit current</i> and to provide a marking labeling requirement to accommodate PV power sources with multiple dc outputs.		х		
874	690.56(A)	Revised to require that the plaque or directory comply with the elements for warning labels specified in 690.31(G)(4).		х		
875	690.56(B)	Revised to require that the plaque or directory comply with the requirements of new 110.21(B).		х		
876	690.56(C)	New requirement for providing a plaque or directory indicating that the PV system is equipped with rapid shutdown equipment.		х		
877	690.71(B)(1)	Revised to recognize that lead acid is not the only type of battery available.		х		
878	690.71(H)	New requirements covering disconnecting means and overcurrent protection for battery systems.		х		
879	Article 690 Part IX	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
880	690.8	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		

CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE	NEC Section			1	Increase	AMOUNT*
881	690.81	New requirement covering the use of listed products rated over 1000 volts, with a reference to Column 1 in Table 300.50 for direct burial of PV wire rated greater than 600 volts but not exceeding 2000 volts.		х		
882	Article 690 Part X	New requirements covering the use of PV systems to supply electric vehicle charging equipment.		Х		
883	692.10(C)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
884	692.17	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
885	692.56	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
886	Article 692 Part VIII	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
887	692.8	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
888	Article 694 and 694.1	Revised to not limit application of this article to only wind turbines individually rated 100 kW or less. Correlating changes have been made throughout Article 694.		х		
889	694.2 Rated Power	Revised by removing specific wind speed performance criteria from the definition.		х		
890	694.7(A)	Revised to recognize that other sources of electric supply may be other than utility services.		х		
891	694.7(B)	Revised to require the wind system to be listed and labeled.		Χ		
892	694.7(E)	Revised by adding a provision for GFCI protection of 125-volt, single- phase, 15- and 20-ampere receptacles that are installed to support maintenance of equipment associated with the wind electric system.			x	\$50
893	694.7(F)	New provision covering the use of metal or nonmetallic towers or poles as raceways for electrical conductors.		х		
894	694.1	Revised the threshold voltage for other than one and two family dwellings from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
895	694.18(C)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		
896	694.22(A)	Revised to require marking to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		Х		
897	694.22(C)(4)	Revised to include switchgear as equipment that can contain turbine disconnecting means.		х		

ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			NEC Cost Impact		
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*	
898	694.23	New provision requiring a manual means to shut down the wind turbine, and requiring the shutdown procedure to be documented and posted.		Х			
899	694.30(B)	Revised to include a new requirement covering the requirements for terminating flexible, fine–stranded cables.		Х			
900	694.30(C)	Revised to permit the use of Type MC cable.		Χ			
901	694.40(A)	Revised to reference the applicable parts of Article 250.		Χ			
902	694.40(B)(1)	Revised to require that wind turbine towers be connected to a grounding electrode system, and to specify where it is required to use galvanized grounding electrodes.		Х			
903	694.40(B)(2)	Revised to require the installation of a conductor(s) to establish a bonding connection between turbines and towers and the premises grounding system.		х			
904	694.40(B)(4)	Revised to specify that guy wires are not required to be grounded or bonded. The Informational Note provides guidance on guy wires being incorporated into the tower lightning protection system.		Х			
905	Article 694 Part IX	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х			
906	694.8	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		Х			
907	695.1(B)(2)	Revised to indicate that the installation of pressure maintenance (jockey) pumps is not covered within the scope of Article 695.		Х			
908	695.1(B)(3)	New provision indicating that transfer equipment installed upstream from any fire pump transfer switch(es) is not covered within the scope of Article 695.		X			
909	695.3(A)(1)	Revised to include vertical switchgear section(s) containing service equipment in the list of locations where a tap to supply a fire pump is not permitted to be connected.		X			
910	695.3(B)(3)(a)(2)	Revised to provide a requirement for the acceptable type of locking mechanism.		Х			
911	695.3(B)(3)(a)(3)	Revised to provide more detailed description of the equipment types that are prohibited as locations for a fire pump disconnecting means.		Х			
912	695.3(B)(3)(b)	Revised to provide requirement for the acceptable type of locking mechanism.		Х			
913	695.3(F)	New requirement covering the location and type of equipment used to transfer the circuit supplying a fire pump controller to an alternate source of power.		Х			
914	695.4(A)	Revised to include a "listed fire pump power transfer switch" as a permitted location to directly connect the fire pump supply conductors.		х			

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	;			
CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
915	695.4(B)(2)(a)(1)	Revised to specify that the overcurrent device in a fire pump supply circuit is required to carry indefinitely the locked-rotor current of the largest fire pump motor where multiple fire pump motors are supplied.		Х		
916	695.4(B)(2)(a)(2)	New provision permitting the overcurrent protection of a fire pump feeder circuit to be provided by an assembly listed for fire pump service.		Х		
917	695.6(D)	Revised to include a provision covering the acceptable and unacceptable type of connection devices for use with fire pump circuit conductors.		Х		
918	695.7(B)	Revised to specify that the point of voltage measurement under running conditions is at the load terminals of the fire pump controller.		Х		
919	700.2 Relay, Automatic Load Control	Revised to clarify that the function of this device is control of lighting circuits for emergency purposes, rather than transfer of power from the normal source to the emergency source.		х		
920	700.7(B)	Revised to require warning signs to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
921	700.8	New requirement covering installation of surge protection devices (SPDs) at panelboards and switchboards supplied by emergency systems.			х	\$500
922	700.10(B)(5)(a) and (b)	Revised to clearly state the requirements covering the permitted methods of separating emergency system wiring from the wiring of other systems.		Х		
923	700.10(B)(5)	Revised to include vertical sections of switchgear as acceptable locations for separating the emergency system wiring from the wiring of other systems.		Х		
924	700.10(D)	Revised to apply emergency system feeder wiring protection requirement to all occupancy types in high-rise buildings (greater than 75 feet in height).		Х		
925	700.12(B)(6)	Revised to permit generator shutdown per 445.18 as a means to disconnect the emergency source power. Also revised to require compliance with 225.36 only where the feeder conductors from the generator terminate at a disconnecting means in or on a building or structure.		Х		
926	700.12(D)(1) and (2)	Revised for correlation with the Article 100 terms covering overhead and underground service conductors, and to clarify that the electrical and physical separation requirement applies only to the conductors of the separate service installed as the alternate source of emergency power.		х		
927	700.12(F)(2)(3) Exception	Revised to make application of this Exception conditional on the normal lighting not being supplied by a multiwire branch circuit(s).		Х		

ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease		1	AMOUNT*
928	700.16	New requirement for emergency illumination at indoor service and feeder supply disconnecting means if emergency illumination is provided for the interior of the building or structure.		х		
929	700.19	New requirement prohibiting use of multiwire branch circuits to supply emergency lighting and other equipment that is classed as an emergency load.		Х		
930	700.23	Revised to recognize use of relay systems for control of emergency lighting circuits.		Х		
931	700.24	New requirement covering the use of luminaires with externally controlled onboard dimming systems to provide emergency illumination.		х		
932	700.27	Revised to clarify that indication of a ground–fault condition in the emergency standby source circuit is not required where GFPE equipment automatically disconnects the circuit.		х		
933	700.28	Revised to add a requirement on the qualifications of those responsible for selecting the system used to provide selective coordination, and to require that documentation be available on the selection of the specific system employed.		Х		
934	701.5(C)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
935	701.7(B)	Revised to require warning signs to meet requirements in new 110.21(B).		х		
936	701.12 Informational Note	Revised to reference the IEEE document on designing reliable industrial and commercial power systems.		х		
937	701.12(B)(5)	Revised to permit generator shutdown per 445.18 as a means to disconnect the standby source power. Also revised to require compliance with 225.36 only where the feeder conductors from the generator terminate at a disconnecting means in or on a building or structure.		Х		
938	701.12(D)	Revised for correlation with the Article 100 terms covering overhead and underground service conductors, and to clarify that the electrical and physical separation requirement applies only to the conductors of the separate service installed as the alternate source of standby power.		х		
939	701.12(E)	Revised to permit taps for a separate service to supply legally required standby loads to be made in a separate vertical switchgear section that does not contain the main service disconnecting means.		х		
940	701.26	Revised to clarify that indication of a ground–fault condition in the legally required standby source circuit is		х		

ODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact			ESTIMATED
HANGE	NECCOALIA	NEC CHANGE SOMMARY	 		AMOUNT*	
	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
		not required where GFPE equipment automatically				
		disconnects the circuit.				
		Revised to add a requirement on the qualifications of those responsible for selecting the system used to provide				
941	701 27	selective coordination, and to require that documentation		х		
941	/01.2/	be available on the selection of the specific system		^		
		employed.				
		Revised to require warning signs to meet requirements in				
942	702.7(B)	new 110.21(B).		Χ		
		New requirement for a warning sign describing the system				
943	702.7(C)	grounding arrangement where the optional standby power		Х		
5.5	7 5 2 17 (6)	source connection is made through a power inlet.				
		Revised to permit generator shutdown per 445.18 as a				
		means to disconnect the standby source power. Also				
944	702.12(A)	revised to require compliance with 225.36 only where the		Х		
		feeder conductors from the generator terminate at a				
		disconnecting means in or on a building or structure.				
		New requirement covering the use of a flanged inlet or				
045	702 12/0)	other cord-and- plug-type connection as the		x		
945	702.12(B)	disconnecting means for a building supply circuit derived				
		from a portable generator rated 15 kW or less.				
	705.2	New definition of equipment that can function as either a				
946	Multimode	utility– interactive or stand–alone inverter.		Х		
	Inverter	·				
947	Table 705.3	Revised to include reference to Article 694, Wind Electric		Х		
		Systems.				
		Revised to include switchgear as a type of equipment				
948	705.12(D)	where a primary power source and utility-interactive inverter(s) can be interconnected to supply multiple		Χ		
		feeders and for branch circuits.				
		Revised to recognize that there may be more than one				
		utility interactive output circuit being interconnected to				
949	705.12(D)(1)	form a single interconnected electric power production		Х		
		system.				
		New requirement to use 125% of the inverter output circuit				
950	705.12(D)(2)	current in calculations to determine the minimum ampacity		Х		
		for conductors and busbars.				
		New requirement covering overload protection of feeder				
951	705.12(D)(2)(1)	conductors that are supplied by both the utility source and		Х		
		by the output circuit of an interactive inverter(s).				
		New requirement covering overload protection of tap				
952	705.12(D)(2)(2)	conductors that are supplied by both the utility source and		Х		
		by the output circuit of an interactive inverter(s).	<u></u>	<u> </u>		
	705 12/0\/2\/2\	Revised the requirement for overload protection of busbars				
953	705.12(D)(2)(3) (a) and (b)	that are supplied by both the utility source and by the		Х		
	(a) allu (b)	output circuit of an interactive inverter(s).				

	Т	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	7
954	705.12(D)(2)(3) (b)	Revised to specify current limitations on busbar connections when inverter is connected at the opposite end of the busbar from where the normal power supply is connected. Requires warning signs meeting new provisions in 110.21(B) that prohibit relocation of the inverter connection.		х		
955	705.12(D)(2)(3) (c)	New requirement that the maximum rating of all overcurrent protective devices (other than the main OCPD) installed in a panelboard must not exceed the rating of the busbar. This requirement also specifies that a warning label be provided to indicate that the combined ratings of OCPDs cannot exceed the rating of the panelboard busbar. This label is required to comply with new 110.21(B).		х		
956	705.12(D)(2)(3) (d)	New requirement covering multiple busbar construction or mid-bus connection arrangements designed under engineering supervision that includes evaluation of available fault current and busbar loading conditions.		х		
957	705.12(D)(4)	New Informational Note describing suitability of fused switches for backfed connections.		Х		
958	705.12(D)(6)	New requirement for AFCI protection of exposed inverter output circuit wiring operating at 240 volts with a circuit current rating of 30 amperes or less.			x	\$100
959	705.31	New requirement, Informational Note, and Exception covering the installation of overcurrent protection within 10 feet of the point where electric power production source conductors connect to service conductors on the line side of the service disconnecting means.		х		
960	705.60(A)(1)	Revised to use correct nomenclature to describe the inverter circuit subject to the requirement.		Х		
961	705.100(A)	Revised to provide a specific maximum allowable voltage unbalance (3%) where single–phase inverters are connected to a 3–phase hybrid system or ac where modules are connected to a 3–phase interactive hybrid system.		х		
962	708.10(A)	Revised to require identification of boxes and enclosures containing wiring and equipment associated with a critical operations power system only where other power systems are present in the same building or structure.		х		
963	708.14(1)	Revised to permit a wiring method specified by the system manufacturer that is necessary to achieve intended system performance.		х		
964	708.14(2)	Revised to permit cable shielding to be arranged as specified in the system manufacturer's installation instructions.		х		
965	708.14(7)	Revised to require that all cables used for emergency communications have a 2-hour fire-resistive rating or be		х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	•			
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
tande #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AIVIOUNI
		rated for use in risers and part of a listed 2-hour electrical circuit protective system.				
966	708.20(F)(5)(a)	Revised to permit generator shutdown per 445.18 as a means to disconnect the COPS source of power for permanently installed generators and for portable generators rated more than 15 kW. Also revised to require compliance with 225.36 only where the feeder conductors from the generator terminate at a disconnecting means in or on a building or structure.		х		
967	708.20(F)(5)(a)	New requirement covering the use of a flanged inlet or other cord— and plug—type connection as the disconnecting means for a building supply circuit derived from a portable generator rated 15 kW or less.		x		
968	708.52(B)	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
969	708.52(D)	Revised to require use of the manufacturer's recommendations in order to achieve full selectivity between service and feeder OCPDs under ground fault conditions.		х		
970	708.54	Revised to add a requirement on the qualifications of those responsible for selecting the system used to provide selective coordination, and to require documentation be available on the selection of the specific system employed.		х		
971	708.54 Exception	New Exception permitting two overcurrent devices connected in series to not be selectively coordinated where a load is not connected in parallel with the downstream device.		Х		
972	725.2, Power–Limited Tray Cable	New definition for a factory assembly of two or more insulated conductors rated at 300 volts, with or without associated bare or insulated equipment grounding conductors, under a nonmetallic jacket.		x		
973	725.3(K) and (L)	Revised by adding new subsections to address installation of conductors with other systems and where installed in corrosive, damp, or wet conditions.		х		
974	725.48(B)(4)(2)	Revised by adding "or greater" after "600 volts" as part of a coordinated effort throughout the <i>NEC</i> to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
975	725.49(B)	Revised by replacing "Insulation on conductors shall be rated for 600 volts" to "Insulation on conductors shall be rated for the system voltage and not less than 600 volts."		х		
976	725.121	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC		Х		

ODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact			ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
		to recognize that commonly used alternative energy				
		systems operate at over 600 volts.				
		Revised to include "Cable Routing Assembly" and new				
		Section 725.135 that includes installation requirements for				
	725.133 and	Class 2, Class 3 and PLTC cables. Relocates and revises		.,		
977	725.135	requirement from 725.154(B)(1) to new subsection		Х		
		725.135(D), which specifies cables that penetrate from one				
		or more floors to be riser rated.				
		Revised to include "Cable Routing Assembly" to recognize				
978	725.139	cable routing assemblies for routing class 2 and class 3		Χ		
		conductors.				
		Revised by separating the application rules from the				
979	725.154	installation rules, relocating installation rules to new		Χ		
		Section 725.135.				
		Revised by changing "nonmetallic signaling raceways" to				
980	725.179	"nonmetallic communication raceways" to correlate with		Χ		
		other sections of the <i>Code</i> .				
	725.179(A)	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced				
981	Informational	standard.		Χ		
	Note					
		Revised by separating the two methods of establishing				
	725.179(F)	cable survivability to clarify the two cable options and				
982		marking requirements. Revised Informational Notes to		Х		
		update to the current edition of the referenced standard				
		and to provide reference to the UL guide information for				
		electrical circuit protective systems.				
983	727.6	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced		Χ		
		standard.				
984	Article 728	New article that includes installation requirements for fire		Χ		
		resistive cable systems.				
985	Article 750	New article covers the installation and operation of energy		Χ		
		management systems.				
006	760.2/0)	Revised by updating referenced <i>NEC</i> sections to assure that		v		
980	760.3(D)	fire alarm cables installed in corrosive, damp, and wet locations are acceptable for these conditions.		Х		
987	760.24	Revised by including installation requirements for circuit integrity cable.		Χ		
		Revised by clarifying that all non–power–limited and				
		power–limited signaling system circuits entering a building				
		must be provided with transient protection. The new				
988	760.32	Informational Note provides an example of a suitable		Χ		
		protective device, tested to the requirements of ANSI UL				
		497B, Protectors for Data Communications.				
		Revised by replacing "Insulation on conductors shall be				
989	760.49(B)	rated for 600 volts" to "Insulation on conductors shall be		Х		
555		rated for the system voltage and not less than 600 volts."		`		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	,			
CODE	NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		NEC Cost Impact			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
990	760.51(B)	Revised to clarify that this section is only applicable to non-power-limited fire alarm circuit conductors.		Х		
991	760.53(B)(3)	Revised by specifying risers penetrating one or more floors shall be Type NPLFR.		Х		
992	760.133 and 760.135	Revised by separating the application rules from the installation rules by relocating installation rules to new Section 760.135.		Х		
993	760.139	Revised to recognize cable routing assemblies as a recognized method for routing fire alarm cables.		Х		
994	760.154	Revised by separating the application rules from the installation rules, and relocating installation rules to new Section 760.135.		Х		
995	760.176(B)	Revised by replacing "Insulation on conductors shall be rated for 600 volts" to "Insulation on conductors shall be rated for the system voltage and not less than 600 volts."		Х		
996	760.176(C) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		
997	760.176(D) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		
998	760.176(E) Informational Note	Revised to update to the current edition of the referenced standard.		х		
999	760.176(F)	Revised by separating the two methods of establishing cable survivability to clarify the two cable options and marking requirements. Revised the Informational Notes to update to the current edition of the referenced standard and to provide reference to the UL guide information for electrical circuit protective systems.		Х		
1000	760.176(F) Informational Note	Revised by updating the referenced section of NFPA 72.		Х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact				
CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
HANGE	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT
1001	760.179(G)	Revised by separating the two methods of establishing cable survivability to clarify the two cable options and marking requirements. Revised the Informational Notes to include electrical circuit protective system, to update to the current edition of the referenced standard, and to provide reference to the UL guide information for electrical circuit protective systems.		x		
1002	760.179(G) Informational Notes	Revised by updating the referenced section of NFPA 72 and to include electrical circuit protective systems.		Х		
1003	770 Informational Note	Revised by adding a reference to see Informational Note Figures 800(a) and 800(b) for illustrative application of a bonding conductor or grounding electrode conductor.		х		
1004	770.2 Definitions	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		х		
1005	770.2 Abandoned Optical Fiber Cable, Informational Note	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100 for the definition of equipment.		х		
1006	770.2 Electrical Circuit Protective System	New definition has been added to describe components and materials intended for installation as protection for specific electrical wiring systems.		х		
1007	770.2 Exposed (To Accidental Contact), Informational Note	Revised to refer to "Part I" of Article 100 for additional definitions of exposed.		х		
1008	770.2 Innerduct	A new definition has been added to describe the term "innerduct."		Х		

CODE	1	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			ESTIMATES
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
ŧ	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
1009	770.2 Optical Fiber Cable	Revised by removing explanatory information: "that transmits light for control, signaling, and communications" to more clearly." New Informational Note added to describe installation methods.		х		
1010	770.2 Point of Entrance	Revised by adding the term "optical fiber" to clarify the definition.		х		
1011	770.3(B)	New provision that specifies optical fiber cables are subject to the requirements of 300.22(A)		х		
1012	770.12	Revised by replacing "optical fiber raceways" with "communications raceways" to correlate with new Section 800.12.		х		
1013	770.24	Revised by adding language requiring that cable ties used in "other spaces for environmental air" be listed as having adequate fire-resistant and low smoke-producing characteristics.		х		
1014	770.24 Informational Note No. 1	Revised to update the edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
1015	770.24 Informational Note No. 2	Revised by updating the edition of the referenced standard and applicable referenced sections for this standard.		х		
1016	770.26	Revised by including "communication raceways" to correlate with new Section 800.12.		Х		
1017	770.47	New section that includes provisions for optical fiber cables installed underground entering buildings. Two new Exceptions relax separation requirements where those adjacent systems are installed in prescriptive wiring methods.		х		
1018	770.48(B)	Revised by changing to a list format to enhance usability.		Χ		
1019	770.49	New section that includes grounding provisions metallic entrance conduit.		х		
1020	770.93(B) Informational Note	New Informational Note referring to 770.2 for the definition of <i>Point of Entrance</i> .		х		
1021	770.100(A)(4)	New section that includes provisions for limiting the length of the bonding or grounding conductor and maximum length of 20 feet for one– and two– family dwellings. Added a new Exception that permits exceeding 20 feet when it is impractical, provided a separate ground rod is driven. This correlates with Sections 800.100(A), 820.100(A), and 830.100(A).		x		
1022	770.100(A)(6)	Revised to clarify bonding conductor and grounding electrode conductor physical protection requirements and to correlate with Sections 800.100(A)(6), 820.100(A)(6), and 830.100(A)(6).		х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact				
CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
1023	770.100(B)(1) Informational Note	Revised to specify a reference to "Part I" of Article 100 for the definition of intersystem bonding termination.		х		
1024	770.100(B)(1)	Revised by removing the term "grounding electrode conductor" to clarify the conductor specified by this requirement is a bonding conductor.		Х		
1025	770.100(B)(2)(7)	Revised by changing the term "grounding conductor" to "grounding electrode conductor" to correlate with the term defined in Article 100.		х		
1026	770.100(B)(3)	Revised by adding the term "grounding" before "electrode" to correlate with the term grounding electrode defined in Article 100.		х		
1027	770.100(B)(7)	Revised by changing the term "grounding conductor" to "grounding electrode conductor" to correlate with the term defined in Article 100.		х		
1028	770.11	Revised the title to include "Cable Routing Assemblies" as a wiring method permitted for optical fiber cables. Revised Section 770.110(A)(2) by replacing "other permitted raceways" with "communications raceways" to correlate with new Section 800.12.		Х		
1029	770.110(C)	New subsection has been added that includes installation and support requirements for cable routing assemblies.		х		
1030	770.113	Revised to clarify the types of raceways specified in Articles 770, 800, and 820 permitted for optical fiber cable, and to provide specific cable types and installation requirements in other spaces used for environmental air.		х		
1031	770.133	Revised the threshold voltage from 600 to 1000 volts in conjunction with a coordinated effort throughout the NEC to recognize that commonly used alternative energy systems operate at over 600 volts.		х		
1032	770.133(B) and (C)	Revised to include "box" and "cable routing assembly" that enclose optical fiber cables, in the list of items permitted to occupy the space with other conductors as specified in this section. Changed the reference to Part "IV" to Part "V" of Article 800, because Part V addresses requirements for wiring within a building.		х		
1033	770.133(C)	Revised to include a reference to Article 645 for Class 2 and Class 3 remote–control, signaling, and power–limited circuits and correlation with the new definition of cable routing assemblies.		х		
1034	770.154 and Table 770.154(a)	Revised the title by removing "Raceways, and Cable Routing Assemblies." Revised to limit the table purpose to permitted and non-permitted applications of listed optical fiber cables, and to correlate with the new definition of cable routing assemblies.		Х		
1035	770.179	Revised to require specific marking requirements for field–assembled cable components.		Х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY			NEC Cost Impact		
CHANGE	NECCOALI	NEC CHANGE SOMMAKT	1 1			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*	
1036	770.179(E)	Revised to specify that cables used for survivability of critical circuits are required to be listed and to be either circuit integrity cable (CI) or fire resistive cable that is part of an electrical circuit protective system.	Decrease	X	Increase		
1037	770.179(F)	Revised to require specific marking and listing requirements for field assembled optical fiber cable.		Х			
1038	770.179(A), (B), (D), and (E)	Revised to update the edition of the referenced standard.		Х			
1039	770.18	New section that includes requirements for listing of grounding devices.		Х			
1040	800.2	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		Χ			
1041	800.2 Abandoned Communicatio ns Cable, Informational Note	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100 for the definition of equipment.		Х			
1042	800.2 Electrical Circuit Protective System	New definition has been added to describe components and materials intended for installation as protection for specific electrical wiring systems.		Х			
1043	800.2 Exposed (to Accidental Contact) Informational Note	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		x			
1044	800.2 Innerduct	New definition of <i>innerduct</i> , which is described as a nonmetallic raceway placed within a larger raceway.		Х			
1045	800.2 Point of Entrance	Revised by removing the grounding requirements from the definition and relocating them to new Section 800.49.		Х			
1046	800.3(D)	New subsection specifying that the requirements of Section 110.3(B) are applicable to installations under the purview of Article 800.		X			
1047	800.4(A)(4)	Revised by adding "and sets of overhead service conductors" to correlate with revised service terminology and by replacing "nongrounded" with "ungrounded" to correlate with the term in Article 250.		Х			
1048	800.12	New section that permits communications raceways to be installed as innerduct in any type of listed raceway permitted by Chapter 3.		Х			
1049	800.24	Revised by adding language requiring that cable ties used in "other spaces for environmental air" be listed as having adequate fire-resistant and low smoke-producing characteristics.		х			
1050	800.24 Informational Note 2	Revised by updating the edition of the referenced standard and including specific requirements for discrete		X			

CODE	Ι	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	nact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	ı	Increase	AMOUNT*
		combustible components in ceiling cavity plenums and raised floor plenums.				
1051	800.26	Revised to include "cable routing assemblies" under the provisions of this section for limiting the spread of fire or products of combustion.		х		
1052	800.49	New section that relocates the grounding requirements from the definition of <i>point of entrance</i> .		х		
1053	800.90(B) Informational Note	Revised to include the term "bonding conductor" to correlate with the term used in other sections throughout the <i>Code</i> .		Х		
1054	800.100(B)(1) Informational Note	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		х		
1055	800.100(B)(2)(3)	Revised to specify the intersystem bonding termination is accomplished by those methods described in Section 250.94.		х		
1056	800.100(B)(2)	Revised by replacing "grounding electrode conductor" with "bonding conductor" to clarify the conductor that connects to a bonding device (intersystem bonding) is a bonding conductor.		х		
1057	800.100(B)(3)(1)	Revised by adding the term "grounding" before electrode to clarify that it is a grounding electrode that is being connected to;, and to correlate with the term "grounding electrode" as it is used throughout the <i>Code</i> .		х		
1058	800.106(A)(1)	Revised by adding "grounding terminal" after primary protector to specify which terminal on the protector is connected to the grounding electrode.		х		
1059	800.106(A)(2)	Revised by adding "grounding terminal" after primary protector to specify which terminal on the protector is connected to the grounding electrode.		х		
1060	800.11	Revised to include "cable routing assemblies" to recognize cable routing assemblies as a recognized method for communication wires and cables. This revision includes specific securing and supporting requirements for both vertical and horizontal installations.		х		
1061	800.113	Revised to include plenum cable routing assemblies into the installation rules for communications cables and raceways, and other (riser and general–purpose) cable routing assemblies. Updated the edition of the referenced standard in the Informational Notes.		Х		
1062	800.133(A)(1), 800.133(A)(1)(a), and 800.133(A)(1)(b)	Revised to include "cable routing assemblies" and reference the appropriate part of each article that deals with wiring within a building.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact				ESTIMATED
CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		Cost Im	I	AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	
1063	800.133(A)(1)(b)	Revised to include a reference to Article 645 for Class 2 and Class 3 remote–control, signaling, and power–limited circuits.		Х		
1064	800.154	Revised to include "cable routing assemblies" and to create three application tables: one for communications wires and cables, a second for communications raceways, and third for cable routing assemblies.		x		
1065	800.170(C)	New subsection for plenum grade cable ties required to be listed as having low smoke and heat release properties. Also added a new Informational Note directing users to NFPA 90A–2012 and ANSIfUL 2043 for additional information for listing discrete products as having low smoke and heat release properties.		х		
1066	800.179(G)	Revised to specify that cables used for survivability of critical circuits shall be listed and be either circuit integrity cable (CI) or fire resistive cable that is part of an electrical circuit protective system.		х		
1067	800.179(I)	Revised to specify that where listed hybrid and communications cables are a listed Type NM or NM-B, they must comply with Part III of Article 334.		Х		
1068	800.18	New section that includes listing requirements for grounding devices.		Х		
1069	800.182	Revised to include plenum, riser, and general purpose cable routing assemblies and by updating the edition of the referenced standard.		Х		
1070	810.1	Revised to include flat antennas within the scope of Article 810 and by changing "dish" to "parabolic" antennas.		Х		
1071	810.2	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		Χ		
1072	810.6	New section that includes listing requirements of "antenna lead-in protectors." An Informational Note has also been added to refer to UL Subject 497E, Outline of Investigations for Protectors for Antenna Lead-In Conductors for additional information.		Х		
1073	810.7	New section that includes listing requirements for grounding devices.		х		
1074	810.16(B)	Revised to include "flat" antennas and the term "dish" to "parabolic" which more accurately describes antennas.		Х		
1075	810.21(F)(3)	Revised by adding the term "grounding" before electrode to clarify that it is a grounding electrode that is being connected to, and to correlate with the term "grounding electrode" as it is used throughout the <i>Code</i> .		Х		
1076	820 Informational Note	Revised to refer to Figures 800(a) and 800(b) to clarify the difference in application between a bonding conductor and a grounding electrode conductor.		Х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC Cost Impact			ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
1077	820.2	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		Х		
1078	820.2 Abandoned Coaxial Cable, Informational Note	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100 for the definition of equipment.		Х		
1079	820.2 Exposed (to Accidental Contact), Informational Note	Revised to refer to "Part I" of Article 100 for additional definitions of exposed.		Х		
1080	820.2 Point of Entrance	Revised by removing the grounding requirements from the definition and relocating them to new Section 820.49.		Χ		
1081	820.3(B) and (C)	New subsections added to include reference to 300.22(A) for "wiring in ducts for dust, loose stock or vapor removal" and 300.22(C)(3) for "equipment in other spaces used for environmental air."		X		
1082	820.3(H)	Revised to include references in Article 800 for the application and installation rules for community antenna and radio distribution systems.		Х		
1083	820.24	Revised by adding language requiring that cable ties used in "other spaces for environmental air" be listed as having adequate fire-resistant and low smoke-producing characteristics.		Х		
1084	820.24, Informational Note No. 2	Revised by updating the edition of the referenced standard and including specific sections for requirements for discrete combustible components in ceiling cavity plenums and raised floor plenums.		Х		
1085	820.26	Revised by replacing "CATV raceways" with "communication raceways" to correlate with current terminology.		Х		
1086	820.44(D)	Revised by deleting "for the purpose" to provide consistency with the definition of <i>identified</i> in Article 100.		Х		
1087	820.47(A)	Revised to include Class I and non-power-limited fire alarm circuit conductors.		Х		
1088	820.49	New section that relocates the grounding requirements from the definition of <i>point of entrance</i> to a new section.		Χ		
1089	820.93 Informational Note	Revised by adding the term "block" after grounding to clarify that the intent is to locate the grounding block near the grounding location.		Х		
1090	820.93(B) Informational Note	New Informational Note that refers to 820.2 for the definition of <i>point of entrance</i> .		X		
1091	820.100 Exception	Revised by adding the term "bonding jumper" to correlate with the term defined in Article 100.		Х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	:			
CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
1092	820.100(A)(4)	Revised by adding "bonding conductor" to provide consistency with the application and other text within this section.		Х		
1093	820.100(B) Informational Note	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		Х		
1094	820.100(B)(2)(3)	Revised to specify that intersystem bonding termination is one of the methods described in Section 250.94.		Х		
1095	820.100(B)(2)	Revised by replacing "grounding electrode conductor" with "bonding conductor" to clarify that the conductor that connects to a bonding device (intersystem bonding) is a bonding conductor.		X		
1096	820.100(B)(3)(1)	Revised by adding the term "grounding" before electrode to clarify that it is a grounding electrode that is being connected to, and to correlate with the term "grounding electrode" as it is used throughout the <i>Code</i> .		х		
1097	820.100(B)(3)(2)	Revised to prohibit steam or hot water pipes or air terminal conductors (lightning-rod conductors) as grounding electrodes for bonding conductors or grounding electrode conductors.		х		
1098	820.106(A)(1)	Revised by replacing "ground" with "grounding terminal" to clarify that it is the grounding terminal of the surge arrester that is required to be connected to the grounding electrode.		х		
1099	820.106(A)(2)	Revised by replacing "ground" with "grounding terminal" to clarify that it is the grounding terminal of the surge arrester that is required to be connected to the grounding electrode.		Х		
1100	820.11	Revised to include cable routing assemblies to recognize cable routing assemblies as a recognized method for coaxial cables. This revision includes specific securing and supporting requirements for both vertical and horizontal installations.		Х		
1101	820.113	Revised to include plenum cable routing assemblies into the installation rules for communications cables and raceways, and other (riser and general–purpose) cable routing assemblies. Updated the edition of the referenced standard in the Informational Notes.		Х		
1102	820.133(A)(1), 820.133(A)(1)(a), and 820.133(A)(1)(b)	Revised to include "cable routing assemblies" and reference the appropriate part of each article that deals with wiring within a building.		Х		

	T	Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	1			E0=10-0
CODE CHANGE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
#	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOON
1103	820.133(A)(1)(b)	Revised to include a reference to Article 645 for Class 2 and Class 3 remote–control, signaling, and power–limited circuits.		х		
1104	820.154	Revised to include plenum cable routing assemblies.		Χ		
1105	820.18	New section that includes listing requirements for grounding devices.		Х		
1106	830 Informational Note	Revised to refer to Figures 800(a) and 800(b) to clarify the difference in application between a bonding conductor and a grounding electrode conductor.		Х		
1107	830.2	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		Χ		
1108	830.2 Abandoned Network- Powered Broadband Communicatio ns Cable, Informational Note	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100 for the definition of equipment.		х		
1109	830.2 Exposed (to Accidental Contact), Informational Note	Revised to refer to "Part I" of Article 100 for additional definitions of exposed.		x		
1110	830.2 Point of Entrance	Revised by removing the grounding requirements from the definition and relocating them in new Section 800.49. Added "network-powered broadband communications" to clarify the definition.		х		
1111	830.3(B)	New subsection that includes a reference to 300.22(A) for "wiring in ducts for dust, loose stock or vapor removal."		х		
1112	830.3(C)	Revised to reference the specific section in 300.22 and to correlate with Articles 800 and 840.		х		
1113	830.3(D)	Revised by updating the references to specify the applicable part of an article.		Х		
1114	830.3(F)	Revised to include references in Article 800 for the application and installation rules for network–powered broadband communications systems.		х		
1115	830.24	Revised by adding language requiring that cable ties used in "other spaces for environmental air" be listed as having adequate fire-resistant and low smoke-producing characteristics.		х		
1116	830.24 Informational Note 2	Revised by updating the edition of the referenced standard and including specific sections for requirements for discrete combustible components in ceiling cavity plenums and raised floor plenums.		х		
1117	830.49	New section that relocates the grounding requirements from the definition of <i>point of entrance</i> to a new section.		Х		

		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact	•			
CODE		NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	NEC	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
1118	830.90(A)(1)	Revised by adding the term "bonding conductor" and "grounding electrode conductor" to correlate with defined terms in Article 100.		Х		
1119	830.100(B)(1)	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		Χ		
1120	830.100(B)(2)(3)	Revised to specify that the intersystem bonding termination is one of those methods described in Section 250.94.		х		
1121	830.100(B)(2)	Revised by replacing "grounding electrode conductor" with "bonding conductor" to clarify that the conductor that connects to a bonding device (intersystem bonding) is a bonding conductor.		х		
1122	830.100(B)(3)(1)	Revised by inserting the term "grounding" before electrode to correlate with the defined term in Article 100.		х		
1123	830.100(B)(3)(2)	Revised by inserting the term "grounding" before electrode, to correlate with the defined term in Article 100 and with similar text in 800.100(B)(3)(2) and 820.100(B)(3)(2).		х		
1124	830.106(A)(1)	Revised to add cable shield and network–powered broadband communication ns cable metallic members not used for communications or powering to the list of components required to be grounded. This revision replaces "ground" with "grounding terminal" to clarify that it is the grounding terminal of the surge arrester that is required to be connected to the grounding electrode.		х		
1125	830.106(A)(2)	Revised to add cable shield and network–powered broadband communications cable metallic members not used for communications or powering to the list of components required to be grounded. This revision replaces "ground" with "grounding terminal" to clarify that it is the grounding terminal of the surge arrester that is required to be connected to the grounding electrode.		х		
1126	830.11	Revised to include "cable routing assemblies" and "communication raceways" as recognized methods for network–powered broadband communications cables. This revision includes specific securing and supporting requirements for both vertical and horizontal installations.		Х		
1127	830.113	Revised to include plenum cable routing assemblies into the installation rules for communications cables and raceways and other (riser and general–purpose) cable routing assemblies. This revision also updates the edition of the referenced standard in the informational notes.		Х		
1128	830.133(A)(1)	Revised to include "cable routing assemblies" under the provisions of this section requiring separation of conductors.		Х		
1129	830.154	Revised to include plenum cable routing assemblies.		Χ		-

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	1	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED
HANGE	NEC Section	THE CHARGE SCHOOL	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
1130	830.18	New section that includes listing requirements for grounding devices.		Х		
1131	840.1 Informational Note	Revised by adding "optical fiber" to provide clarity.		х		
1132	840.2	Revised to specify reference to "Part I" of Article 100.		Χ		
1133	840.2 Fiber-to-the Premises (FTTP)	Revised to include "fiber" after optical to correlate with the defined term in 770.2. Revised by removing installation requirements from the definition.		X		
1134	840.3(B)	New subsection added to include reference to 300.22(A) for "wiring in ducts for dust, loose stock or vapor removal."		Х		
1135	840.3(C)	New subsection added to include reference to 300.22(A) for 300.22(C)(3) for "equipment in other spaces used for environmental air."		Х		
1136	840.3(D)	New subsection referencing Section 110.3(B) for installation and use.		х		
1137	840.3(E)	Revised by updating the references to specify the applicable part of an article.		Х		
1138	840.44(A)(4)	Revised by adding "and sets of overhead service conductors" to correlate with revised service terminology.		Х		
1139	840.48 Informational Note No. 2	Revised by adding "point of" before entrance and deleting "point" after entrance to correlate with the defined term point of entrance.		Х		
1140	840.49	New section that refers to 770.49, and that includes grounding provisions for metallic entrance conduit.		х		
1141	840.93	Revised by adding a new introductory paragraph specifying that non– current–carrying metallic members of optical fiber cables, communications cables, or coaxial cables entering buildings or attaching to buildings must comply with 840.93(A), (B) or (C).		Х		
1142	840.106(A)(1)	Revised by specifying noncurrent–carrying metallic members of optical fiber cables shall be connected to a grounding electrode and includes provisions where for those instances where the ONT provides grounding for the coaxial cable shield.		Х		
1143	840.106(A)(2)	Revised by specifying that non-current-carrying metallic members of optical fiber cables must be connected to a grounding electrode; includes provisions for those instances where the ONT provides grounding for the coaxial cable shield.		Х		
1144	840.18	New section that includes listing requirements for grounding devices.		Х		
1145	Chapter 9 Notes to Tables, Note 6	Revised by adding "actual dimensions" to permit the actual conductor size data to be used for fill calculations.		х		

CODE		Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact NEC CHANGE SUMMARY	T	Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
HANGE	NEC Section	NEC CHARGE SOMMAN			Increase	AMOUNT*
1146	Chapter 9 Notes to Tables, Note 7	Revised to clarify calculating the size for conduit or tubing permitted for a single conductor. One conductor is permitted when the calculation results in a decimal greater than or equal to 0.8.		х		
1147	Chapter 9 Notes to Tables, Note 10	New note added to clarify the methodical approach to values for approximate diameter of conductors.		х		
1148	Chapter 9 Notes to Tables, Note 9	Revised by adding "optical fiber cable" which clarifies it must be treated as a single conductor for calculating percentage conduit fill area.		х		
1149	Chapter 9 Table 1	Revised title to "Number of Conductors andfor Cables" and "Cross Sectional Area (%)" to include cables under the purview of the table.		Х		
1150	Chapter 9 Table 4	Revised by placing the most commonly used conduit fill columns closer to the metric designator and trade size column sizes, to enhance usability of the table.		х		
1151	Chapter 9, Table 5	Revised by placing the approximate area columns to the left of approximate diameter columns, to enhance usability of the table.		х		
1152	Chapter 9 Table 8, Informational Note	Revised by updating the title and current version of the standard referenced in the informational note.		х		
1153	Chapter 9fTable 10 Note	New Note: "Conductors with a lesser number of strands are shall be allowed permitted based on an evaluation for connectability and bending."		х		
1154	Annex A	Revised by updating references to numerous UL and other product standards.		Х		
1155	Annex A	Revised by deleting reference to paragraph numbers, because no paragraph numbering exists.		х		
1156	Tables C.1 through C.12(A)	Revised tables by adding and removing insulation types and adding additional trade sizes based on requirements if applicable.		х		
1157	Example D.1(d)	New example showing application of revised service and feeder conductor ampacity calculation per 310.15(B)(7).		х		
1158	Example D3(a)	Revised air compressor horsepower rating from 7.5 to 5 in order to preserve the comparison between the 90°C ampacity of a 1 AWG copper conductor and the 75°C ampacity of a 1f0 AWG copper conductor. This change was necessitated by the revision of the 90°C ampacity for a 1 AWG copper conductor from 150 amperes to 145 amperes in Table 310.15(B)(16).		х		
1159	Example D4(b)	Revised to indicate that the individual dwelling unit calculations are performed using Parts I through III of Article 220 (i.e. "Standard Calculation").		Х		

Table 7. NEC Changes Cost Impact								
CODE	NEC CHANGE SUMMARY		NEC (Cost Im	pact	ESTIMATED		
CHANGE #	NEC Section		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*		
1160	Example D5a	Revised neutral calculation for individual dwelling feeder to indicate that applying a reduction factor (70%) is not permitted.		Х				
1161	Example D7	New example added to describe the application of 310.15(B)(7).		Х				
1162	Annex H	Revised editorially to enhance usability and understanding.		Χ				
1163	Annex I Table I.1, I.2, and I.3	Revised by deleting Column A from the Tables. Column A values are not intended for installed equipment.		Х				
1164	Annex J	New Annex J added to address usability and information for ADA electrical requirements.		Х				

APPENDIX H

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #	2015 IBC-FFC CHANGE SOMMANY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
Chapter 3	3: Use and Occupancy Classification				
Section 3	04: Business Group B				
G27-12, G28-12 AMPC, G30-12	304.1 Modified: Food Processing establishments and commercial kitchens not associated with restaurants, cafeteria and similar dining facilities less than 2500 square feet (232 m squared in area) are added to list of occupancies considered under Business Group B.		Х		N/A
G27-12, G28-12 AMPC, G30-12	304.1 Modified: Clarification that business occupancies shall extend to training and skill development area within a school or academic program that shall include, tutoring centers, martial arts studios, gymnastics and similar uses regardless of the ages served, and where not classified as Group A occupancy.	х			\$100,000
Section 3	06: Factory Group F				
G27-12, G28-12 AMPC	306.2 Modified: Reclassifies food processing establishments and commercial kitchens not associated with restaurants, cafeterias, and similar dining facilities that are greater than 2,500 square feet in area to be Moderate- hazard factory industrial, Group F-1. Where the floor area of such a use does not exceed the 2,500-square-foot limitation, a Group B classification is applied.		X		N/A
Section 3	10: Residential Group R				
G40-12	310.2 Added: Guest Room and Lodging House are now under Definitions of Residential Group R occupancies.		Х		N/A
G40-12	310.5 Added: A lodging House with five or fewer guest rooms is classified as Residential Group R-3 occupancy.		Х		N/A
Section 3	11: Storage Group S				
G42.12	311.1.1 Added and Modified: A room or space used for storage that is less than 100 square feet in area and accessory to another occupancy shall be classified as part of that occupancy. The aggregate area of such		Х		N/A

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #	2013 IBC-I FC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1	ı	, ,	
	rooms or spaces shall not exceed the allowable area				
	limits of §508.2				
	: Special Detailed Requirements Based on Use and				
Occupano					
Section 4	03: High-rise building		Х		N/A
	403.3 Added and Deleted: Removes reference to				,,.
F139-13	§903.3.5.2 and replaces it with reference to §403.3.3,				
	Water supply to required fire pumps.				
	403.3.1.1 Moved: Requirement reference for high-rise				
	building riser location was changed from §1015.2 to		Х		N/A
	§1007.1.				
	403.3.2 Modified: Requirement for water supply to				
	required fire pumps is changed so that only buildings				\$75,000
G4-13	that are more than 420 feet in building height shall be	Х			for water
04-13	supplied by no fewer than two water mains for their	^			main
	required fire pumps. Previously required in all high-rise				deletion
	buildings.				
	403.3.3 Added: Requirement for a complete secondary				
	water supply, with a minimum duration of 30 minutes,				\$250,000
F139-13	for high-rise buildings in Seismic Design Category C, D,			Х	
1133-13	E, or F. An additional fire pump is not required for this			^	for pump and tank
	supply unless needed to provide the minimum design				and tank
	intake pressure at the suction side of the fire pump.				
	403.4.8 Moved: The standby power system shall comply				
	with §2702 (instead of Chapter 27) and be provided for				
	the standby power loads specified in §403.4.8.2. All				
F59-13	requirements for location of elevators in high rise		Х		N/A
	buildings for accessible means of egress, fire service				
	access and occupant self-evacuation is moved to				
	§403.4.8.3 & 4.				
	403.4.8.2 Added: Fuel lines supplying a generator set				
F59-13	inside a high-rise building shall be separated from the				¢ar/lina
	rest of the building by a fire resistance rating of not less		X	Х	\$25/line ar foot
	than 2 hours. Where the building is protected				
	throughout with an automatic sprinkler system the				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC	-FPC COS	ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #	2013 IBC-I FC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	.		1 1	
	required fire resistance rating shall be reduced to 1				
	hour.				
	403.6.1 Modified: In buildings with an occupied floor				
	more than 120 feet above the lowest level of fire				\$50,000/
G53-12	department vehicle access, no fewer than two fire			Х	per stair
	service access elevators must comply with §3002.4,				per stan
	Elevator car to accommodate ambulance stretcher.				
Section 4	04: Atriums				
G57-12,	404.9 Modified: Exit access travel distance for areas				
G57-12, G58-12	open to an atrium has been broken down into three		Х		N/A
AMPC	sections to clarify requirements based on floor and				
AIVIFC	egress path. No technical changes.				
	404.10 Added: Requirement allowing a maximum of 50				
G58-12	percent of interior exit stairways are permitted to	X			\$100 000
AMPC	egress through an atrium on the level of exit discharge	^			\$100,000
	in accordance with §1028.				
Section 4	05: Underground Buildings				
FFO 12	405.8.2 Deleted: Allowance for pick up time after			Х	\$10,000
F59-13	failure of normal power supply removed.				
Section 4	06: Motor-vehicle-related Occupancies				
	406.2 Added: Private Garage added to Definitions of		Х		N/A
	Motor -vehicle-related occupancies.				
	406.3.1 Added and Modified: Classification changed to				
	address private garages and carports specifically as				¢E 000/
G59-12	opposed to "parts of buildings". Addition of language			X	\$5,000/ fire
AMPC1	permitting multiple private garages where each private			^	barrier
	garage is separated from other private garages by a 1				Darrier
	hour fire barrier or 1 hour horizontal assemblies.				
	406.3.2 Deleted and Modified: Area increase section				
	deleted and clear height section moved to §406.3.2.				
G59-12	The allowance for a 7 ft ceiling was previously				
AMPC1,	permitted for public garages, but is now extended to		Х		N/A
G61-12	private garages and carports. Vehicle and pedestrian				
	areas accommodating van-accessible parking shall				
	comply with §1106.5				

Code Change # 2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY 2015 IBC-FPC COST IMPACT Decrease Name Increase Name		Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Sub Code: Sub Code: Sub Code: Sub Code: A06.3.4.2 Modified: Openings from private garages directly into a room used for sleeping purposed shall not be permitted. Previously this section contained code compliant separation and opening provisions. A06.4.3 Modified: Vehicle barriers not less than 2 ft 9 in. in height shall be placed where the vertical distance from the floor of a drive line or parking space to the ground or surface below is greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers were required to be placed at the ends of a drive lane and at the end of parking spaces when the vertical distance was greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers were required to be placed at the ends of a drive lane and at the end of parking spaces when the vertical distance was greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers were required to be placed at the ends of a drive lane and at the end of parking spaces when the vertical distance was greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers were required to be placed at the ends of a drive lane and at the end of parking spaces when the vertical distance was greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers was greater th		2015 IRC-EPC CHANGE SLIMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	ST IMPACT	
G59-12 AMPC1, G62-12 directly into a room used for sleeping purposed shall not be permitted. Previously this section contained code compliant separation and opening provisions. 406.4.3 Modified: Vehicle barriers not less than 2 ft 9 in. in height shall be placed where the vertical distance from the floor of a drive line or parking space to the ground or surface below is greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers were required to be placed at the ends of a drive lane and at the end of parking spaces when the vertical distance was greater than 1 ft. Section 420: Groups I-1, R-1, R-2, R-3, and R-4 G31-12 Part 1 Fundoments for Group R occupancies were moved from \$420.4 to \$420.5 Section 421: Hydrogen Fuel Gas Rooms 421.4 Modified and Deleted: Hydrogen fuel gas rooms, not classified as group H, are only allowed if separated from other areas of the building. The change removes the requirement for 1 hour fire barriers and opening protectives. The ventilation alternative section is made the rule rather than the alternative requiring a ventilation system in charge of maintaining negative pressure. 421.6.2 Modified: Gas detection system control units are required to be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 864, not just "listed". 421.7 Modified: Requirement for explosion control to be installed where required by \$414.5.1 rather than by Chapter 9 of the International Fire Code. IFC is still referenced. Section 423: Storm Shelters 423.3 Added: In areas where the shelter design wind speed for tornadoes in accordance with Figure 304.2(1), of ICC 00 is 250 MPH, 911 call stations, emergency	Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
directly into a room used for sleeping purposed shall not be permitted. Previously this section contained code compliant separation and opening provisions. 406.4.3 Modified: Vehicle barriers not less than 2 ft 9 in. in height shall be placed where the vertical distance from the floor of a drive line or parking space to the ground or surface below is greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers were required to be placed at the ends of a drive lane and at the end of parking spaces when the vertical distance was greater than 1 ft. Section 420: Groups I-1, R-1, R-2, R-3, and R-4 G31-12			T	1		
AMPC1, G62-12 not be permitted. Previously this section contained code compilant separation and opening provisions. 406.4.3 Modified: Vehicle barriers not less than 2 ft 9 in. in height shall be placed where the vertical distance from the floor of a drive line or parking space to the ground or surface below is greater than 1 ft. Previously barriers were required to be placed at the ends of a drive lane and at the end of parking spaces when the vertical distance was greater than 1 ft. Section 420: Groups I-1, R-1, R-2, R-3, and R-4 G31-12 Part 1 420.5 Moved: The automatic sprinkler system requirements for Group R occupancies were moved from \$420.4 to \$420.5. Section 421: Hydrogen Fuel Gas Rooms 421.4 Modified and Deleted: Hydrogen fuel gas rooms, not classified as group H, are only allowed if separated from other areas of the building. The change removes the requirement for 1 hour fire barriers and opening protectives. The ventilation alternative section is made the rule rather than the alternative requiring a ventilation system in charge of maintaining negative pressure. G14-13 421.6 Modified: Gas detection system control units are required to be listed and labeled in accordance with UL 864, not just "listed". 421.7 Modified: Requirement for explosion control to be installed where required by \$414.5.1 rather than by Chapter 9 of the International Fire Code. IFC is still referenced. Section 423: Storm Shelters 423.3 Added: In areas where the shelter design wind speed for tornadoes in accordance with Figure 304.2(1), of ICC 00 is 250 MPH, 911 call stations, emergency	G59-12					
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police stations shall have a storm shelter constructed in accordance with ICC 500. Exception: Buildings meeting the requirements for shelter design in ICC 500. 423.4 Added: In areas where the shelter design wind speed for tornados is 250 MPH all Group E occupancies with an aggregate occupant load of 50 or more shall have a storm shelter constructed in accordance with ICCC 500. The shelter shall be capable of housing the total occupant load of the Group E occupancy. Exceptions include Group E day care facilities, Group E occupancies accessory to places of religious workshop and buildings meeting. Chapter 5: General Building Heights and Areas Section 501: General F43-13	Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
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Section 504: Building Height and Number of Stories	-	numbers shall be Arabic numbers or alphabetical				
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Section 505: Mezzanines and Equipment Platforms Foot. 2.3 Deleted: Direct access to at least one exit at the mezzanine level is no longer required for any enclosed mezzanines regulated by Exception 2 of §505.2.3. Section 507: Unlimited Area Buildings G115- 12, below grade plane shall now be permitted in buildings \$25,000 X exterior exterior exit deletion						
E7-12 Sobjection 507: Unlimited Area Buildings Sobjection 2 of \$505.2.3 Sobjection 507: Unlimited Area Buildings Sobjection 2 of \$115-	Section 5					\$25,000
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Section 507: Unlimited Area Buildings G115- 507.1 Added: Basements not more than one story 12, below grade plane shall now be permitted in buildings X N/A	E7-12					exit
G115- 507.1 Added: Basements not more than one story 12, below grade plane shall now be permitted in buildings X N/A						deletion
12, below grade plane shall now be permitted in buildings X N/A	Section 5	07: Unlimited Area Buildings				
12, below grade plane shall now be permitted in buildings X N/A	G115-	507.1 Added: Basements not more than one story	1			
	12,	below grade plane shall now be permitted in buildings		Х		N/A
With diffinition of carear conference	G116-	with unlimited area restrictions.				
12	12					

Code Change # 2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY 2015 IBC-FPC COST IMPACT ESTIMATED AMOUNT		Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Sub Code: Sub Code: Sub C		2015 IBC-EPC CHANGE SLIMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	
S07.9 Added: Unlimited mixed occupancy buildings with Group H-5 are now permitted to be unlimited in area for buildings classified as B, F, H-5, M or S under the special provisions of §507.9. This section states that the building must be no more than two stories above grade plane and shall not be limited where equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system in accordance with §903.3.1.1 and is surrounded and adjoined by public ways or yards not less than 60 feet in width, provided all of the following criteria are met: AMPC3	Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
with Group H-5 are now permitted to be unlimited in area for buildings classified as B, F, H-5, M or S under the special provisions of §507.9. This section states that the building must be no more than two stories above grade plane and shall not be limited where equipped throughout with an automatic sprinkler system in accordance with §903.3.1.1 and is surrounded and adjoined by public ways or yards not less than 60 feet in width, provided all of the following criteria are met: X they are Type I or II construction, they are separated from other occupancies as required in §415.11 and §508.4, and each area shall not exceed the maximum allowable area permitted for such occupancies in Section 503.1 including modifications of §506. The exception to this last criteria is that where it does exceed the maximum allowable area, the Group H-5 shall be subdivided into areas that are separated by 2 hour fire barriers. Section 510: Special Provisions G101- 12, G133- 12, hours horizontal separation was removed. Section 601: General Table 601 Deleted: Note d which addressed that ability to substitute 1 hour fire rating was removed based on the extremely limited applicability of the footnote and the significant potential for misuse. Section 602: Construction Classification G141- Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for			,	Ī		
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Section 510: Special Provisions G101- 510.2 Deleted: The limitation for horizontally stacked building, which permits only one story above grade for the portion of the structure that occurs below the 3 12, hours horizontal separation was removed. G134- 12 Chapter 6: Types of Construction Section 601: General Table 601 Deleted: Note d which addressed that ability to substitute 1 hour fire rating was removed based on 12 the extremely limited applicability of the footnote and the significant potential for misuse. Section 602: Construction Classification G141- Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for X N/A		shall be subdivided into areas that are separated by 2				
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Chapter 6: Types of Construction Section 601: General Table 601 Deleted: Note d which addressed that ability to substitute 1 hour fire rating was removed based on the extremely limited applicability of the footnote and the significant potential for misuse. Section 602: Construction Classification G141- Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for X N/A	G133-	the portion of the structure that occurs below the 3		Χ		N/A
Chapter 6: Types of Construction Section 601: General Table 601 Deleted: Note d which addressed that ability to substitute 1 hour fire rating was removed based on the extremely limited applicability of the footnote and the significant potential for misuse. Section 602: Construction Classification G141- Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for X N/A	12,	hours horizontal separation was removed.				
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the significant potential for misuse. Section 602: Construction Classification G141- Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for X N/A	G140-	to substitute 1 hour fire rating was removed based on				
Section 602: Construction Classification G141- Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for X N/A	12	the extremely limited applicability of the footnote and		Χ		N/A
G141- Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for X N/A		the significant potential for misuse.				
	Section 6	02: Construction Classification				
12 structural composite lumber (SCL) to Table 602.4 due to	G141-	Table 602.4 Added: Equivalent size dimensions for	1	Х		N/A
	12	structural composite lumber (SCL) to Table 602.4 due to				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #	2013 IBC-11 C CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1	ı		
	increased use of engineered wood products as				
	structural members.				
	602.4.2 Added: Allowance for cross-laminated timber to				
	be used within the exterior of walls of Type IV buildings				
	where protected by one of three specified materials:				
G142-	fire retardant- treated wood sheathing complying with		Х		N/A
12 Part I	Section 2303.2 and not less than 15/32 inch thick,		_ ^		14/7
	gypsum board not less than 1/2 inch thick or a				
	noncombustible material. It is treated like a fire				
	retardant- treated wood.				
Section 60	03: Combustible Material in Types I and II Construction				
	603.1 #26 Added: Allowance for combustible materials				
	in wall construction of freezers and coolers of less than				
	1000 square feet in size, lined on both sides with	X			\$5,000
	noncombustible materials and located in a building that	^			
	is protected throughout with an automatic sprinkler				
	system in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1.				
Chapter 7	: Fire and Smoke Protection Features				
Section 70	04: Fire-resistance Ratings and Fire Tests				
	704.4 Modified: For structural fire protection purposes,				
CCC 12-	the secondary member protection requirements have				
F58,	been reformatted to clarify that in a horizontal		\ \ <u>\</u>		N1 / A
FS12-12	assembly the secondary member can be protected by a		Х		N/A
	ceiling membrane.				
Section 70	05: Exterior Walls				
	705.2 Modified: The minimum required separation				
	between the leading edge of a projection and the line				
	used to determine the fire separation distance (FSD)				\$200/
- 04440	has been changed so for all FSD greater than 3 ft but	X			linear
FS14-12	less than 30, there is a gradual increase in the size of				foot
	projection permitted as the separation increases. This				
	modification helps to eliminate the inconsistencies that				
	occurred previously with projection requirements.				
	705.2.3 Modified: Allowances changed to provide a				
FS19-12	more simple and consistent approach in addressing		Х		N/A
	combustible projections adjacent to interior lot line that				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost Impact					
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC CO	ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED	
Change #	2013 IBC-FFC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*	
	Sub Code:					
	is used to determine fire separation distance. This					
	change is less restrictive requiring only the 5 ft					
	separation to determine the need for 1-hour					
	protection.					
	705.3 Added: Exception 2 allows for openings through					
	adjacent exterior walls of a Group S-2 parking garage					
	and a Group R-2 building on the same lot and a fire				\$5,000/	
FS20-12	separation distance of zero. The S-2 parking garage				\$5,000/ S-2/R-2	
AMPC	must be construction Type I or IIA construction and the	X			CONNEC	
AIVIFC	openings shall only be required to be protected with 1				T	
	$rac{1}{2}$ hour fire protection rating in the exterior wall of the				ı	
	S-2 parking garage, not in the exterior wall openings in					
	the R-2 building.					
	705.6 Modified: Specification that only the exterior is					
	required to extend to the full height required by					
FS22-12	§705.11 and interior structural elements, like floor or					
AMPC	roof elements, that brace exterior walls are not		Х		N/A	
1, 2, 3	required to be regulated for fire resistance due to the					
	exterior wall's rating regardless of the building					
	proximity to a lot line.					
	705.8.5 Added: Specification that where a fire					
FS24-12	resistance wall is provided to address the concern of a		Х		N/A	
1324-12	fire spreading vertically, the exterior wall must be at		^		111/75	
	least 1-hour rated for exposure to fire from both sides.					
Section 70	06: Fire Walls					
FS22-12	706.2 Modified: The reference to NFPA 221 for fire wall	1				
	design and construction has been expanded to permit		Х		N/A	
AMPC	use of the tied and cantilevered options that are listed					
1,2,3	in the standard.					
Section 70	09: Smoke Barriers					

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	
Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	T		1	
	709.4 Modified: The section on horizontal continuity of				
	smoke barriers has been rewritten to clarify its use for				
FS36-	smoke barriers used to create smoke compartments vs.				
12,	those creating enclosures for elevator lobby or areas of		Χ		N/A
FS37-12	refuge. Two of the exceptions were deleted and their				
AMPC	topics are now addressed in §709.4.1 and §709.4.2 to				
	clarify which smoke barriers need to extend to exterior				
	walls. No technical changes.				
Section 7	10: Smoke Partitions				
	710.5.2.2.1 Added: Smoke and draft control doors that		Х		NI / A
FS43-12	only comply with UL 1784 are permitted to show the		^		N/A
	letter S on the manufacturers labeling.				
Section 7	11: Horizontal Assemblies				
	711 & 712 Modified: The requirements for horizontal	1			
	assemblies and vertical openings were reorganized so		х		
	that floor and roof assembly requirements are located				
5650.40	in §711 and protection of vertical openings is contained				N/A
FS50-12	in §712. Many of the requirements from these sections				
	were moved to other chapters or split into multiple				
	sections for clarity and consistency. No technical				
	changes.				
Section 7	12: Vertical Openings				
	712.1.8 Deleted: Item that restricted two- story				G54-12
E7-12,	openings between adjacent levels containing a stairway				\$75,000/
FS50-	or ramp required for egress was removed. Now all			Х	SC
12,	requirements for exit access stairways must be taken				SYSTEM
G54-12	from one location, §1019.				0.0.2
Section 7	13: Shaft Enclosures				
	713.14.1 Moved: This section on Elevator lobbies was	-	Χ		N/A
FS67-12	moved to §709.4, and Chapter 10.	ı			
Section 7	14: Penetrations				
	714.3.2 Added: Exception that allows for membrane	1			ć=00 <i>/</i>
F67.46	penetrations of maximum 2-hour fire resistance-rated				\$500/
FS74-12	walls and partitions by steel electrical boxes that exceed	Х			ELEC
AMPC 1	16 square inches in area or steel electrical boxes of any				вох
	size having an aggregate area through the membrane				
L		1		ı l	

Change # Decrease None Increase None None Increase		Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Sub Code: Exceeding 100 square inches in any 100 square feet of wall area provided such penetrating items are protected by listed putty pads or other listed materials and methods, and installed in accordance with the listing. FS50-12, FS75-12 T14.4.1.2 Added: Exception 3 allows floor penetrations of maximum 4 inch nominal diameter penetrating directly into metal-enclosed electrical power switchgear to not require a T rating. FS50-12, FS76-12 T14.4.2 Modified: Exception 7 allows a wall that interrupts the ceilling membrane to only be sheathed with Type X Gypsum wallboard and be tight to the top plates; fire resistance rating requirement was removed. Section 715: Fire-resistance Joint System		2015 IRC-EPC CHANGE SLIMMARY				ESTIMATED
exceeding 100 square inches in any 100 square feet of wall area provided such penetrating items are protected by listed putty pads or other listed materials and methods, and installed in accordance with the listing. F550-12, F575-12 F550-12, F576-12 F550-13, F550-14, Fire-resistance rating requirement was removed. F560-15, Fire-resistance Joint System F576-16-16 F577-10 F577-10 F577-11 F577-11 F577-12 F577-12 F577-12 F577-12 F577-12 F577-13 F577-12 F577-15 F577-15 F577-17 F577-17 F577-17 F577-17 F577-18 F577-19 F577-19 F577-19 F577-10 F577-10 F577-10 F577-11 F577-12 F577-12 F577-12 F577-13 F577-14 F577-15 F577-15 F577-15 F577-15 F577-16 F577-17 F577-17 F577-17 F577-18 F577-18 F577-19 F577-19 F577-19 F577-10 F	Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
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715.4.2 Added: Requirement to protect intersections between exterior curtain walls and vertical barrier with an approved material that is securely installed in or on the intersection for its entire length so as not to dislodge, loosen or otherwise impair its ability to accommodate expected building movements and to retard the passage of fire and hot gases. Section 716: Opening Protective 716.5.7.5 Added: Requirement for fire door operators for horizontal sliding doors to be labeled and listed for use with the assembly. Section 717: Ducts and Air Transfer Openings 717.1.1 Modified: Requirement now allows ducts to exit a shaft, transition horizontally, and then enter another shaft using dampers at each exit point, instead of contiguous shaft construction. Note that this does	F3/0-12	plates; fire resistance rating requirement was removed.				
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FS100- 12 716.5.7.5 Added: Requirement for fire door operators for horizontal sliding doors to be labeled and listed for use with the assembly. X N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A		retard the passage of fire and hot gases.				
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Section 717: Ducts and Air Transfer Openings 717.1.1 Modified: Requirement now allows ducts to exit a shaft, transition horizontally, and then enter another shaft using dampers at each exit point, instead of contiguous shaft construction. Note that this does X TRANS ON	FS93-12	for horizontal sliding doors to be labeled and listed for		^		IN/ A
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FS100- 12 exit a shaft, transition horizontally, and then enter another shaft using dampers at each exit point, instead of contiguous shaft construction. Note that this does	Section 7	17: Ducts and Air Transfer Openings				
another shaft using dampers at each exit point, instead of contiguous shaft construction. Note that this does TRANS ON		717.1.1 Modified: Requirement now allows ducts to				\$1,000/
another shaft using dampers at each exit point, instead of contiguous shaft construction. Note that this does ON	FC100	exit a shaft, transition horizontally, and then enter	V			DUCT
of contiguous shaft construction. Note that this does ON		another shaft using dampers at each exit point, instead	\			TRANSITI
	12	of contiguous shaft construction. Note that this does				ON
not allow for the violation of any other code.		not allow for the violation of any other code.				
717.3 Modified: Clarification for damper testing, ratings		717.3 Modified: Clarification for damper testing, ratings				
and actuation requirements that specify where a duct	FC40C	and actuation requirements that specify where a duct				
FS106- penetration occurs at a lid of the corridor, which is				X		N/A
constructed using a corridor wall placed horizontally, a	12					
corridor damper is now specifically mandated.						

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1	Г	1	
	717.5.4.1 Added and Modified: Code changed to reflect				
FS106-	§717.3 modification and change from requiring smoke				
12	dampers in corridor penetrations, to requiring either		Х		N/A
12	smoke dampers, corridor dampers, or ceiling radiation				
	dampers based on the location of the penetration.				
Chapter 8	: Interior Finishes				
Section 80	03: Wall and Ceiling Finishes		х		N/A
	803.12 Deleted: Section on High density Polyethylene		^		IN/A
	(HDPE) and Polypropylene (PP) removed.				
	803.13 Deleted: Section on site fabricated stretch		V		NI / A
	systems removed.		Х		N/A
Chapter 9	: Fire Protection Systems				
Section 9	03: Automatic Sprinkler Systems				
	903.2.1.6 Added: Requirement for a roof that is	1			
	occupied by an assembly occupancy with an occupant		Х		¢4/coet
	load exceeding 100 for Group A-2 and 300 for other			V	\$4/SQFT
F124 12	Group A occupancies, all floors between the occupied			SPRK	
F124-13	roof and the level of exit discharge must be sprinkler				SYSTEM
	protected in accordance with Section 903.3.1.1 or				
	903.3.1.2, except for open parking garages of Type I or				
	Type II construction.				
	903.2.1.7 Added: Requirement to provide a sprinkler				¢4/coet
	system where multiple fire areas of Group A-1, A-2, A-3,			V	\$4/SQFT
	or A-4 occupancies share exit or exit access components			X	SPRK
	and the combined occupant load is 300 or more.				SYSTEM
	903.2.8 Added and Modified: Sprinkler requirements				
C21 12	are now dependent on the capabilities of the occupants				\$4/SQFT
G31-12	in Group R-4 occupancies. In buildings where occupants			Х	SPRK
Part II	require limited assistance with evacuation, additional				SYSTEM
	sprinkler protection is required for attic spaces.				
	903.3.1.1.2 Added: Allowance for bathrooms in Group R				
	occupancies, other than Group R-4 occupancies, to be				
F422.42	exempt from sprinkler requirements when bathrooms		\ \ \	Х	N1 / A
F133-13	are less than 55 sq ft and located within individual		X		N/A
	dwelling or sleeping units and the walls and ceilings				
	behind a shower enclosure or tub are of				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	ı	1	1	
	noncombustible or limited-combustible materials with a				
	15-minute thermal rating.				
	903.3.1.2.2 Added: Requirement for sprinkler				
	protection, from NFPA 13R systems, to be provided in				
F137-13	open ended corridors and associated exterior stairways		Х		N/A
	and ramps as specified in §1027.6 Exception 3. This is an				
	additional requirement to the NFPA 13R standard.				
	903.3.8 Added and Modified: More restrictions have				
	been placed on limited area sprinkler systems, including				\$5,000/
F138-13	a reduction in the system size to a maximum of six			X	SPRK
1130-13	sprinklers within a single fire area. Additional sections			^	SYSTEM
	were added to clarify requirements for piping				SISIEIVI
	arrangement, supervision, and calculations.				
Section 9	04: Alternative Automatic Fire-extinguishing System				
	904.5-904.10 Added: Requirement to maintain records				¢5007
ADM43-	of inspections and testing for wet chemical systems, dry			Х	\$500/
13 Part I	chemical systems, foam systems, carbon dioxide				SYSTEM
	systems, halon systems, and clean agent systems				
	904.11 Added: Requirements for automatic water mist				
	systems were added, including design and installation		\ \		N1 / A
	requirements, supervision and alarms, monitoring, floor		Х		N/A
	control valves, and testing and maintenance.				
Section 9	07: Fire Alarm and Detection Systems				
	907.2.3 Added and Modified: Exception 1 was changed				
	to allow Group E occupancies with an occupant load of				
F157-	50 or less to be exempt from the manual fire alarm				\$5,000/
13,	system requirement. Exception 2 was added to require				ALARM
F158-13	only a manual fire alarm system for Group E	Х			SYSTEM
	occupancies with an occupant load ranging from 51-				
	100.				
	907.2.11.3 & 907.2.11.4 Added: Guidance on the				
	placement of smoke alarms and requirements of the				
F359-13	type of alarm to be used near cooking appliances and		Х		N/A
	bathrooms to avoid false alarms. This addition reflects				
	the new requirements of NFPA 72.				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #	2015 IBC-FFC CHANGE SOMMANY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1			
	907.6.3 Added: Initiating device identification requires				
	that the fire alarm system identifies the specific				
	initialing device address, location, device type, floor				
	level status as well as indication of normal alarm,				
F174-13	trouble, and supervisor status, as appropriate.			Х	\$5,000
	Exceptions include single story building less than 22,500				
	sq ft, manual systems with no more than water flow				
	and 10 extra initiating devices, replacing existing				
	systems, and special initiating devices.				
Section 9	09: Smoke Control Systems				
	909.4.7 Added: Requirement to consider the effects of				
F185-13	interaction with the operation of multiple smoke			Х	\$3,000
L192-13	control systems for all smoke control system designs				
	scenarios.				
	909.20.6.1 Added: Allowance for smoke proof				
	enclosure ventilation systems wiring to share other				
FS138-	ventilation systems control wiring and power wiring		Х		NI/A
12	when protected by a listed electrical circuit protective		^		N/A
	system with a fire-resistance rating of not less than 2				
	hours.				
	909.21.1 Modified: The requirements for hoist way				
	pressurization are changed to remove the minimum				
FS140-	pressure differential requirement at the floor of recall				
12,	with the doors open and identifies the appropriate		Х		N/A
FS141-	areas to measure the differential from (the most		^		IN/A
12	notable change being that in Group R occupancies the				
	pressure differential can be measured between the				
	dwelling unit and the hoist way).				
	909.21.1.1 Added: Permission for ventilation systems,				
	other than hoist way supply air systems, to be				
	permitted to exhaust air from adjacent spaces on the				
FS141-	fire floor, two floors, immediately below and one floor				ć1 000
12	immediately above the fire floor to the building's			Х	\$1,000
	exterior where necessary to maintain positive pressure				
	relationships during operation of the elevator shaft				
	pressurization system.				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	Т ІМРАСТ	ESTIMATED
Change #	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
Section 9	10: Smoke and Heat Removal				
	910 Added and Modified: The format and technical				
	requirements for smoke and heat removal systems has	X			\$1,000
	been modified. A new allowance permitting the use of a	^			71,000
	mechanical smoke removal system as an alternative to				
	smoke and heat vents was added.				
Section 9	11: Fire Command Center				
	911.1.5 Added: Requirement prohibiting storage		Х		N/A
E2-12	unrelated to operation of fire command center to be				•
Part III	within fire command center.				
Section 9	12: Fire Department Connections				
	912.3 Added: Requirement for fire hose threads used in			V	\$500
	connection with standpipe systems to be approved and			Х	
	compatible with fire department hose threads.				
Section 9	13: Fire Pumps				
	913.2.2 Added: Requirement for circuits supplying fire				
	pumps to be listed in accordance with UL 2196.			Х	\$500
	Electrical circuit protective systems shall be installed in				
	accordance with their listing requirements.				
Section 9	15: Carbon Monoxide Detection				
	915 Modified: The carbon monoxide alarm provisions				
	have been relocated, reformatted and revised. The		X		N/A
F180-13	scope has been modified to exclude Group I-3		^		
	occupancies while adding Group E occupancies with an				
	occupant load greater than 30.				
Chapter 1	.0: Means of Egress				
Section 1	004: Occupant Load				
	1004.1.1.1 Modified: Clarified that design occupant				
	loads shall be the combined occupant load of all		Х		N/A
E15-12	interconnected accessory or intervening spaces. This		`		14//
AMPC	modified code language emphasizes that aggregate				
	occupant load is what shall be used to design egress				
	systems.				
E15-12	1004.1.1.3 Added: Requirement clarifies that other		Х		N/A
AMPC	than the egress components designed for convergence		^		11/7

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	т імраст	ESTIMATED
Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	T	ı	T	
	in accordance with §1005.6, the occupant load from				
	separate stories shall not be added.				
	Tables 1004.1.2 Modified: All floors of mercantile				
E18-12	occupancies are now given an occupant load factor of		Х		N/A
210 12	60 sq ft/occ gross. The exception for basements and				
	grade level floors at 30 sq ft/occ gross was removed.				
Section 10	005: means of Egress Sizing				
	1005.3.2 Added: Two exceptions to the 0.2 inch means				
	of egress capacity factor for "other egress components"		X		N/A
E20-12	which allow for smoke protected assembly seating to		^		
	use aisle requirements from §1029.6 as directed by the				
	exceptions.				
Section 10	006: Number of Exits and Exit Access Doorways				
	1006 Moved and Modified: Common path				
	requirements are moved to §1006 and provisions for		Х		N/A
	paths that merge are removed; paths that merge do not				
	provide two distinct paths.				
	1006 Moved: Number of Exits and Exit Access Doorways				
E1-12	has been moved from §1015 to §1006. All applicable		x		NI/A
E1-12	requirements for rooms, spaces and those for stories		^		N/A
	have been consolidated in this chapter.				
	Table 1006.3.2(1) & 1006.3.2(2) Modified: Tables				
	1021.2(1) and 1021.2(2) were relabeled as Tables				
E1-12,	1006.3.2(1) and 1006.3.2(2). The last column in the		V		N/A
E127-12	tables was changed from limiting exit access travel		Х		
	distance to limiting the common path of egress travel to				
	clarify how the distance should be measured.				
Section 10	007: Exit and Exit Access Doorway Configuration				
	1007 Moved and Modified: Exit and Exit Access				
	Doorway Configuration has been moved from §1021 to				
	§1007. All applicable requirements for rooms, spaces				
E1 13	and those for stories have been consolidated in this				N/A
E1-12	chapter. Section now provides specific guidance				
	regarding how the distance between means of egress		Х		
	doors, exit access stairways, or exit access ramps is to				
	be measured.				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #	2015 IDC-1 FC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
E1-12,	1007.1.1.1 Modified: Provides specific guidance for how				
E7-12	exit separation is to be measured, including three ways		Χ		N/A
AMPC	to measure distance and diagrams.				
F1 12	1007.1.3.1 Modified: Requirements for measuring the				
E1-12,	separation distance when two or more means of egress		\ \		NI /A
E7-12	are required, this separation extends through all		Х		N/A
AMPC	portions of the exit access stairways and ramps.				
Section 10	009: Accessible Means of Egress				
E36-12,	1009 Moved: Accessible Means of Egress moved from	-			
E86-12,	§1007 to §1009.				
E87-12,					
E7-12 AMPC,					
E46-12					
AS, E38-			Х		N/A
12, E39-					
12 AMPC,					
E41-12,					
E202-12,					
E212-12, E43-12,					
E45-12					
	1009.8 Moved and Modified: The requirement for two-				
	way communication systems in elevators was moved				
	from §1007.8 to §1009.8. Two-way communication				N/A
E48-12	systems may serve multiple elevators and are not		Х		,
	required at service elevators, freight elevators, or				
	private residence elevators. This is reflected in the				
	addition of Exceptions 3, 4, and 5.				
Section 10	010: Doors, Gates and Turnstiles				
	1010.1.9 Moved and Modified: The requirement for	-			
E60-12,	locking provisions was moved from §1008.1.9 to		Х		N/A
E62-12,	§1010.1.9. The code was modified to provide clear and				, , ,
E63-12	consistent requirements and terminology.				
	1010.1.10 Added: Exception for Group A and E				
E84-12	occupancies allowing electromagnetically locks systems		х		N/A
L04-12	to be installed provided they comply with §1010.1.9.9		_ ^		IN/ A
C1' 4'					N1 / A
Section 10	011: Stairways		Х		N/A

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-	FPC COS	T IMPACT	ESTIMATED
Change #	2013 IDE IT C CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:	1	ı		
	1011.16 Added: Requirements and allowances for				
E102-12	permanent ladders to serve as access to certain areas				
	but may not be used as part of the means of egress.				
Section 10	012: Ramps				
	1012.2 Deleted and modified: Exception in §1010.3 for				
E86-12,	aisle ramps in assembly purpose spaces was removed.		x		N/A
E87-12	Slope requirement in §1012.2 changed to require all				
L07-12	slopes to be not steeper than 1 in 12 or 1 in 8				
	depending on the type of aisle ramp.				
Section 10	014: Handrails				
	1014.8 Added: Allowance for the entire stair width to be				
E87-12,	used as the provided egress width when the		X		N/A
E104-12	intermediate railings are less than 6 in apart. When the		^		
AMPC	railings are more than 6 in apart then the egress width				
	of the stair is reduced by that excess amount.				
Section 10	016: Exit Access				
	1016.2 Moved and Modified: The requirements for				
	egress through intervening spaces were moved from				N/A
E110-12	§1014.2 to §1016.2. A provision is added to permit exit		X		
E110-12	access through an enclosed elevator lobby with no				
	added protection required through the space unless				
	direct exit access is required.				
Section 10	018: Aisles				
	1018.3 Moved and Modified: The requirements for				
	egress through intervening spaces were moved from				
F110 13	§1017.3 to §1018.3. Requirement for the width of		Х		N/A
E118-12	aisles in Group B and M occupancies is consistent with				
	the widths required for corridors and is no longer				
	limited only to the capacity of the occupant load served.				
	1018.5 Added: Exception allowing nonpublic aisles		х		
E9-12,	serving less than 50 people and not required to be				N/A
E118-12	accessible by Chapter 11 to have a minimum width of				
	28 inches.				
Section 10	023: Interior Exit Stairways and Ramps		Х		

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-FPC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
Change #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:		•	T	
	1023.3.1 Moved and Added: The requirements for				
	egress through intervening spaces were moved from				
E141-12	§1022.3.1 to §1023.3.1. Exception to allow interior exit				N/A
AMPC	stairways or ramps connect directly to the exit				
7.11411 C	passageway extension with no separation requirements				
	when there are no openings into the exit passageway				
	extension.				
Section 1	028: Exit Discharge				
	1028.1 Moved and Added: The requirements for egress				
E7-12	through intervening spaces were moved from §1027.1				
AMPC,	to §1028.1. Requirement clarifying the required				
E9-12,	separation distance between interior stairs and exit				
E155-12	access stairs/ramps when the interior stairs discharge				N/A
AMPC,	onto level of discharge. This distance must be a				
G175-	minimum of 30 feet or one fourth the maximum		Х		
12	diagonal dimensions of the building with the distance		^		
12	measured in a straight line between the interior stair				
	and exit access doors.				
Section 1	029: Assembly				
	1029 Moved: Requirements for assembly means of		Χ		N/A
	egress were moved from §1028 to §1029.				
	1029.10.3 Added: Requirement that a distinctive				
	marking strip shall be provided at each nosing or				
	leading edge adjacent to the transition between				
E86-12,	stairways and stepped aisled. Such stripe shall not be				\$500
E159-12	less than 1 inch and not more than 2 inches wide. The			Х	
CCC	edge-marking stripe shall be distinctively different from				
	the stepped aisle contrasting marking stripe. This				
	requirement used to be only for assembly aisle walking				
	surfaces per §1028.11.3.				
E86-12,	1029.11 Added: Construction requirements for aisles,				
E159-12	stepped aisles and ramped aisles, with an exception		Х		N/A
CCC	added that allows wood handrails for all types of				, , .
	construction.				

	Table 8. 2015 IBC-FPC Changes Cost	Impact			
Code	2015 IBC-FPC CHANGE SUMMARY	2015 IBC-FPC COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
Change #	2013 IBC-FFC CHANGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	Sub Code:				
E86-12,	1029.11.2 Added: Requirements for outdoor conditions				
E159-12	of stepped aisles and ramps to be designed so that the			Х	\$500
CCC	water will not accumulate on the walking surface.				
	1029.13.2.2 Moved: Requirements for aisle risers are		٧,	х	NI/A
	moved from §1028.11.2 to §1029.13.2.2.		Χ		N/A
	1029.13.2.2.1 Added: Requirements which limit the				
	tolerance between adjacent risers on a stepped aisle				
	that were designed to be equal height shall not exceed				
	3/16 of an inch. Where the stepped aisle is designed in				
	accordance with Exception 1 of §1029.13.2.2 the				
F0C 13	stepped aisle shall be constructed so that each riser of		V		NI/A
E86-12	unequal height, determined in the direction of descent,		Х		N/A
	is not more than 3/8 inch in height difference from				
	adjacent riser where stepped aisle treads are less than				
	22 inches in depth and 3/4 inch in height difference				
	from adjacent risers where stepped aisle treads are 22				
	inches or greater in depth.				

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX I

	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost	Impact	t		
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	ncrease	
	Sub Code:				
S2-12	Clarifications of the terminology for photovoltaic shingles		Х		
	in Sections 202, 1505.8, 1507.17, 1507.17.1, 1507.17.2 and				
	1507.17.3.				
S3-12	Clarifications of the terminology for photovoltaic devices in		Χ		
	Sections 202 (NEW), 1505.8, 1509.7, 1509.7.1, 1509.7.2,				
	1509.7.3, 1511, 1511.1, 3111 and 3111.1				
S4-12	Changed terminology to vegetative roof from what is		Χ		
	referred to as roof garden or landscaped roof in Sections				
	202 (NEW), 1507.16, 1507.16.1, 1607.12.3 and				
	1607.12.3.1.				
S5-12	Changed to provide basic definitions for photovoltaic		Χ		
	systems that are embedded in building construction				
	elements (BIPV's) and for systems that are installed				
	extraneous to new or existing building elements (Panel				
	Systems) in Section 202 (NEW).				
S7-12	Clarification of ventilation terminology in Section S7-12.		Χ		
S8-12	Changed to relocate wind resistance requirements for		Χ		
	asphalt shingles to Chapter 15 where similar wind				
	resistance requirements are provided for other roof system				
	types in Sections 1504.1.1, 1507.2.7.1 and 1609.5.2 and				
	Table 1504.1.1(1), Table 1504.1.1(2), Table 1507.2.7.1(1),				
	Table 1507.2.7.1(2).				
S11-12	Changed to delete redundant wording and to make sure		Х		
	that metal panel roof systems installed over solid decking				
	are covered in Section 1504.3.1.				
S12-12	Changed to permit the use of the Aluminum Association's		Х		
	Aluminum Design Manual (ADM1) for the design of wind				
	resistance for aluminum structural panel roof systems in				
	lieu of the test methods prescribed in Section 1504.3.2.				
S13-12	Clarification of the application of Section 1504.3.2 to		Х		
	different types of structural metal panel roof systems.				
	amerent types of structural metal panel roof systems.				

	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost	Impac	t		
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRU	JCTURA MPACT		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	D	Decrease	None	Increase	
S19-12	Modification to Section 1505.1 to put requirements for		Х		
	rooftop mounted photovoltaic panels and modules in				
	Section 1509.7.2.				
S20-12	Addition of slate roofing as a Class A roof covering in		Х		
	Section 1505.2.				
S21-12	Modification in Section 1505.8 added a definition for		Х		
	BUILDING INTEGRATED PHOTOVOATAIC (BIPV) PRODUCT				
	that clarifies the types of photovoltaic (BIPV) that must				
	meet the requirements of Section 1505.1.				
S24-12	Added standard for external fire design for vegetative roofs			Х	
	in 1505.9 (NEW) and Chapter 35 (NEW).				
S26-12	Deleted of Section 1506.2.		Х		
S27-12	Clarified in Section 1506.3 that roof-covering materials		Х		
	shall conform to the applicable standards in Chapter 15.				
S32-12	Combined the classification of asphalt shingles into a single		Х		
	table and addressed the conversion to ultimate design				
	wind speed in Section 1507.2.7.1 and Table 1507.2.7.1(1)				
	and Table 1507.2.7.1(2).				
S36-12	Changed to provide direction on drip edge installation in		Х		
	Section 1507.2.9.3.				
S38-12	Added aluminum fasteners as acceptable for aluminum		Х		
	roofs in Section 1507.4.4.				
S40-12	Updated minimum requirement for underlayment used		Х		
	with slate roof systems in Section1507.7.3.				
S43-12	Added ASTM D 7665-12 for the size classification of		Х		
	aggregate used as ballast for membrane roof systems in				
	Sections 1507.12.3 and 1507.13.3 and Chapter 35 (NEW).				
S47-12	Added specific requirements for roof decks, roof deck		Х		
	slope, underlayment, underlayment application,				
	underlayment attachment in high wind regions, ice barrier				
	and fasteners to photovoltaic shingles in Sections				
	1507.17.1 (NEW), 1507.17.2 (NEW), 1507.17.3 (NEW),				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost I 2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	,			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
	1507.17.4 (NEW), 1507.17.4.1 (NEW), 1507.17.4.2 (NEW)				
	and 1507.17.5 (NEW)				
S50-12	Added ASTM C12788 and ASTM C 1177 recognized product		Х		
	standards to Table 1508.2 for fiber-reinforced gypsum				
	board and glass-faced gypsum board commonly used in				
	roof insulation assemblies.				
S51-12	Clarification of above deck radiant barriers use in Sections		Х		
	202 (New), 1509 (New), 1509.1 (New), 1509.2 (New) and				
	1509.3 (New) and Chapter 35 (New).				
S59-12	Clarification of the applicability of the exception to material		Х		
	and methods of reroofing in Section 1510.1.				
S60-12	Added an exception in Section 1510.1 that waives the		Х		
	secondary drainage provision when reroofing existing				
	buildings when the roof drains properly, while preventing				
	required, existing secondary drainage system, from being				
	removed unless replaced by a code-compliant system.				
S62-12	Added clarifications between roof replacement and roof		Х		
	recovering in Sections 1510.3 (New) and 1510.4.				
S65-12	Clarification with respect to photovoltaics in Section		Х		
	1511.1.1.				
S66-12	Editorial changes deleting unused definitions in Section		Х		
	202.				
S67-12	Made Section 1602 consistent with ASCE 7.		Х		
S69-12	Addition on plans of loading information and design		Х		
	assumptions for snow drifts design in Section 1603.1.3.				
S71-12	Added flood design classes from ASCE 24-12 to Section		Х		
	1603.1.7.				
S72-12	Added new requirements for Solar PV panels in Sections		Х		
	1603.1.8.1 (New), 1607.12.5 (New), 1607.12.5.1 (New),				
	1607.12.5.2 (New), 1607.12.5.3 (New) and 1607.12.5.4				
	(New).				
S73-12	Deleted Section 1603.1.9.		Х		
S74-12	Editorial improvement in Table 1604.3.		Х		

CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Impact IBC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease			
S75-12	Separated the deflection limits for interior partitions from		Х		
	those for exterior walls and bases the interior partition				
	limits on live load in Table 1604.3 and Sections 1607.14 and				
	1607.14.1.				
S76-12	Made the deflection limit determination consistent with		Х		
	the AF&PA NDS and clarified the meaning of dry conditions				
	in Table 1604.3.				
S78-12	Clarification to nominal wind loads and deflection criteria		Х		
	for glazing under wind loading in Table 1604.3.				
S79-12	Clarification of use of diaphragms in Sections 202, 1602.1,		Χ		
	1604.4, 1610.1 and 1613.5.6.1.				
S82-12	Changed Section 1604.5 so as to require Table 1604.5 use		Х		
	instead of ASCE 7 to determine risk category.				
S83-12	Clarification of Risk Category III in Table 1604.5 by		Х		
	correlating the table entries with Chapter 3 occupancy				
	groups.				
S87-12	Clarified the definition, use and load requirements for		Х		
	marquees in Section 202 and Table 1607.1.				
S88-12	Added uniformly distributed live loads for ice rinks and		Х		
	roller rinks back in Table 1607.1.				
S89-12	Clarification in Section 1607.5 of the partition loading		Х		
	requirement that brings consistency with the live load				
	value of 80 psf for corridors that is commonly applied to an				
	entire floor.				
S90-12	Clarification of owner's responsibilities and recognition		Х		
PART I	that the owner's authorized agent in Sections 901.5,				
	1004.3, 1607.7.2, 1703.4.1, 1703.6, 1703.6.1, 17042,				
	1704.2.4, 1704.4, 1704.5, 1707.1, 1803.6, 2211.3.3,				
	2303.4.1.3, 3306.8, 3401.2, G104.1, J106.1 and K102.3.				
S90-12	Updated the references to "applicant" and "owner"		Х		
PART II	throughout the building code by changing them to the				
	"owner or the owner's authorized agent" where it is				
	warranted in Sections 901.5, 1004.3, 1607.7.2, 1703.4.1,				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost 2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*	
		Decrease	None	ncrease	
	1703.6, 1703.6.1, 17042, 1704.2.4, 1704.4, 1704.5, 1707.1,				
	1803.6, 2211.3.3, 2303.4.1.3, 3306.8, 3401.2, G104.1,				
	J106.1 and K102.3.				
S90-12	Updated the references to "applicant" and "owner"		Х		
PART III	throughout the building code by changing them to the				
	"owner or the owner's authorized agent" where it is				
	warranted in Sections 901.5, 1004.3, 1607.7.2, 1703.4.1,				
	1703.6, 1703.6.1, 17042, 1704.2.4, 1704.4, 1704.5, 1707.1,				
	1803.6, 2211.3.3, 2303.4.1.3, 3306.8, 3401.2, G104.1,				
	J106.1 and K102.3.				
S90-12	Updated the references to "applicant" and "owner"		Х		
PART IV	throughout the building code by changing them to the				
	"owner or the owner's authorized agent" where it is				
	warranted in Sections 901.5, 1004.3, 1607.7.2, 1703.4.1,				
	1703.6, 1703.6.1, 17042, 1704.2.4, 1704.4, 1704.5, 1707.1,				
	1803.6, 2211.3.3, 2303.4.1.3, 3306.8, 3401.2, G104.1,				
	J106.1 and K102.3.				
S92-12	Added requirements for supporting facade access		Х		
	equipment and for designing structural elements that				
	support equipment loads in Section 1607.9.3 (New).				
S93-12	Added requirements for supporting lifeline anchorages in		Х		
	Section 1607.9.3 (New)				
S94-12	Clarified the alternative live load reduction method in		Х		
	Section 1607.10.2.				
S95-12	Clarified the roof live load applicable to vegetative roofs		Х		
	and added a uniform approach (ASTM E 2397-11) for				
	determining the weight of the landscaping materials in				
	Section 1607.12.3.1 and Chapter 35 (NEW)				
S96-12	Eliminated redundant requirements for interior partition		Х		
	loads in Sections 1607.14 and 1607.14.1.				
S98-12	Clarifications of nominal design wind speeds for Sections		Х		
	1609.1.1 and 1609.3.1.				

CODE CHANGE #	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost 2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	,			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
S99-12	Restored the applicability of the exception allowing wood		Х		
	structural panel opening protection based on building				
	height in feet as opposed to the number of stories in				
	Section 1609.1.2.				
S100-12	Added ASCE49-07 standard that provides more		Х		
	comprehensive requirements for wind tunnel testing in				
	Section 1609.1.1 and Chapters 35 (NEW).				
S102-12	Defined the Coastal A Zone not just by the presence of	Х	Х		
	specific wave conditions, but whether the Limit of				
	Moderate Wave Action has been delineated, or the coastal				
	A zone is otherwise designated by the AHJ in Sections 202				
	(New), 1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.4, 1612.5, G103.7, G301.2,				
	G401.2, IPC 309.3 and IMC301.16.1				
S103-12	Changed to create consistency with the definition of		Х		
PART I	"coastal high hazard area" in ASCE 24 in Sections 202,				
	1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.3, 1612.5, 1804.4, G103.7, G301.2,				
	G401.2, G601.1; IPC P309.3 and IMC M301.16.1.				
S103-12	Changed to create consistency with the definition of		Х		
PART II	"coastal high hazard area" in ASCE 24 in Sections 202,				
	1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.3, 1612.5, 1804.4, G103.7, G301.2,				
	G401.2, G601.1; IPC P309.3 and IMC M301.16.1.				
S103-12	Changed to create consistency with the definition of		Х		
PART III	"coastal high hazard area" in ASCE 24 in Sections 202,				
	1403.7, 1603.1.7, 1612.3, 1612.5, 1804.4, G103.7, G301.2,				
	G401.2, G601.1; IPC P309.3 and IMC M301.16.1.				
S104-12	Changed definition of "dry floodproofing" to provide		Х		
	consistency with ASCE 24 in in Section 202.				
S106-12	Changed to provide coordination with Section 110 which		Х		
	requires that surveyed building elevations be submitted to				
	the building official prior to the final inspection in Section				
	1612.5.				
S109-12	Added ground motion maps for Guam and American		Х		
	Samoa in Section 1613.3.1.				

		ICTLID /	LCOCT	CCTINANTED
2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
	Decrease	None	Increase	
Corrected a mistake by amending the ASCE 7 provision for		Х		
diaphragm anchorage forces and clarified that the				
subdiaphragm aspect ratio limit applies only to specific				
types of diaphragms in Sections 1613.5 (NEW) and 1613.5.1 (NEW).				
Deleted Section 1701.3 on used materials.		Х		
DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
Changed to correlate the references to "product," "material" and "assembly" for internal consistency in		Х		
Sections 1703.4, 1703.4.1, 1703.4.2, 1703.5, 1703.5.1, 1703.5.2, 1703.5.3 and 1703.5.4.				
Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2.		Х		
Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2.		Х		
Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2.		Х		
Changed to comprehensively specify the requirements for the submittal of reports and certificates related to construction that is subject to special inspections and tests in Sections 1704.1, 1704.2.5.2, 1704.5 (New), 1705.12.3, 1910.5 and 2207.5.		Х		
Changed editorially the language of Section 1704.1 to make		Х		
•				
	diaphragm anchorage forces and clarified that the subdiaphragm aspect ratio limit applies only to specific types of diaphragms in Sections 1613.5 (NEW) and 1613.5.1 (NEW). Deleted Section 1701.3 on used materials. DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA Changed to correlate the references to "product," "material" and "assembly" for internal consistency in Sections 1703.4, 1703.4.1, 1703.4.2, 1703.5, 1703.5.1, 1703.5.2, 1703.5.3 and 1703.5.4. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Changed to comprehensively specify the requirements for the submittal of reports and certificates related to construction that is subject to special inspections and tests in Sections 1704.1, 1704.2.5.2, 1704.5 (New), 1705.12.3, 1910.5 and 2207.5.	Corrected a mistake by amending the ASCE 7 provision for diaphragm anchorage forces and clarified that the subdiaphragm aspect ratio limit applies only to specific types of diaphragms in Sections 1613.5 (NEW) and 1613.5.1 (NEW). Deleted Section 1701.3 on used materials. DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA Changed to correlate the references to "product," "material" and "assembly" for internal consistency in Sections 1703.4, 1703.4.1, 1703.4.2, 1703.5, 1703.5.1, 1703.5.2, 1703.5.3 and 1703.5.4. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Changed to comprehensively specify the requirements for the submittal of reports and certificates related to construction that is subject to special inspections and tests in Sections 1704.1, 1704.2.5.2, 1704.5 (New), 1705.12.3, 1910.5 and 2207.5. Changed editorially the language of Section 1704.1 to make it mandatory. DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA	Corrected a mistake by amending the ASCE 7 provision for diaphragm anchorage forces and clarified that the subdiaphragm aspect ratio limit applies only to specific types of diaphragms in Sections 1613.5 (NEW) and 1613.5.1 (NEW). Deleted Section 1701.3 on used materials. DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA Changed to correlate the references to "product," "material" and "assembly" for internal consistency in Sections 1703.4, 1703.4.1, 1703.4.2, 1703.5, 1703.5.1, 1703.5.2, 1703.5.3 and 1703.5.4. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Changed to comprehensively specify the requirements for the submittal of reports and certificates related to construction that is subject to special inspections and tests in Sections 1704.1, 1704.2.5.2, 1704.5 (New), 1705.12.3, 1910.5 and 2207.5. Changed editorially the language of Section 1704.1 to make it mandatory. DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA	diaphragm anchorage forces and clarified that the subdiaphragm aspect ratio limit applies only to specific types of diaphragms in Sections 1613.5 (NEW) and 1613.5.1 (NEW). Deleted Section 1701.3 on used materials. DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA Changed to correlate the references to "product," " X "material" and "assembly" for internal consistency in Sections 1703.4, 1703.4.1, 1703.4.2, 1703.5, 1703.5.1, 1703.5.2, 1703.5.3 and 1703.5.4. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Updated the references to approved agencies for consistency in Sections 202, 1703.4, 1704.2.5.2, 1705.16.1, 1705.16.2, [F]909.18.8.2, [F]909.18.8.3 and [F]1705.17.2. Changed to comprehensively specify the requirements for the submittal of reports and certificates related to construction that is subject to special inspections and tests in Sections 1704.1, 1704.2.5.2, 1704.5 (New), 1705.12.3, 1910.5 and 2207.5. Changed editorially the language of Section 1704.1 to make it mandatory. DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA

CODE CHANGE #	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost 2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRU			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
C	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUIVIIVIARY	Decrease			
S123-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S124-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S128-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S129-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S130-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S131-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S136-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S137-12	Clarified the meaning of "base" and "storage rack" in		Х		
	Sections 1704.5.1, 1705.11, 1705.11.7, 1905.1.8 and				
	2209.1				
S138-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S139-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S140-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S141-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S142-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S144-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S146-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S147-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S148-12	Updated references to "construction documents" in the		Х		
	building code in Section 202, 1705.3, 1705.11.6, 1705.12.3,				
	2105.1, 2105.2.2.2.1, 2204.2.1 and 2207.4.				
S149-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S151-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S152-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S153-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S157-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S158-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S159-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S160-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S161-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S162-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S165-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				

CODE CHANGE #		Impact IBC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	ncrease	
S166-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S169-12	DOES NOT APPLY TO FLORIDA				
S170-12	Merged content of Sections 1708.1 and 1710.1 into Section		Х		
	1710.1 and deleted Section 1708.1.				
S171-12	Changes the required static test to a minimum of the		Х		
	specified factored design loads, and specifies how to test				
	components that carry dynamic loads in Section 1709.3.2.				
S173-12	Clarified that ASD loads are to be used in the application of		Х		
	Section 1710.5.				
S176-12	Clarified the requirements for tubular daylighting devices,		Х		
	within the context of skylights and sloped glazing in				
	Sections 202, 1710.6, 2404.2, 2405.5, 2405.5.1 and				
	2405.5.2.				
S177-12	Deleted Section 1711.1 and added ASTM D 7147-05 for		Х		
	testing joists in Sections 2303.5 and 2304.9.3 and Chapter				
	35 (NEW)				
S180-12	Required evaluation of rock materials in Section 1803.5.6.		Х		
S181-12	Specific guidelines are provided to identify responsibilities		Х		
	and basic requirements for providing safe and successful				
	underpinning and excavations near adjacent structures in				
	Sections 1803.5.7, 1804.1, 1804.2 (New) and 1804.2.1				
	(New).				
S184-12	Changed to address permanent loads surcharging a		Х		
	neighboring structure in Section 1808.3.2 (New).				
S185-12	Clarification that the evaluation of group effects on uplift		Х		
	needs to be performed where spacing is less than three				
	times the least horizontal dimension in Section 1810.2.5.				
S187-12	Corrected and clarified the requirements for steel		Х		
	foundation elements and added material referenced				
	standard in Sections 1810.3.2.3, 1810.3.5.3.1, 1810.3.5.3.2				
	(NEW) and 1810.3.5.3.3 (NEW), Table 1810.3.2.6 and				
	Chapter 35 (NEW).				
S190-12	Clarification of requirements in Section 1810.3.3.1.6.		Х		

CODE	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost			TPO I	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
S196-12	Updated concrete construction requirements by adding		Х		
	up-to-date ASTM requirements for hydraulic cement in				
	Section 1903.1 and 1903.2 (NEW) and Chapter 35 (NEW).				
S199-12	Replaced the weathering probability map with ACI 318's			Х	Not in
	performance requirements; removed the exception for			(Col	FL
	structural concrete; and clarified the durability			d	
	requirements for nonstructural concrete in Section 1904.1			Reg	
	and 1904.2, Figure 1904.2 and Table 1904.2.			ions	
)	
S203-12	Removed redundant requirements for wall piers in Sections		Х		
	1905.1, 1905.1.1, 1905.1.3 and 1905.1.4.				
S213-12	Removed allowable stress design for anchoring to concrete		Х		
	in Sections 1908, 1908.1, 1908.2, 1908.3, 1908.4 and				
	1908.5, Table 1705.3 and Table 1908.2.				
S215-12	Updated the special inspection requirements for concrete		Х		
	anchors to be based on the latest edition of ACI 318 in				
	Sections 1901.3 (NEW) and 1909 and Table 1705.3.				
S217-12	Moved reinforced gypsum concrete in Section 1911 to		Х		
	Sections 2501.1.1 and 2514 (NEW).				
S218-12	Replaced obsolete requirements in Chapter 19 of the IBC		Х		
	with a reference to Section 2206 and modified provisions				
	allowing unprotected concrete-filled pipe columns by				
	adding them to Section 704.2 in Section 1901.3 (NEW) and				
	1912.				
S219-12	Removed unnecessary portions of Sections 202, 2101.2,		Х		
	2101.2.1, 2101.2.2, 2101.2.3, 2101.2.4, 2101.2.5, 2101.2.7,				
	2101.3, 2101.3.1, 2102.1 and 2111.2				
S220-12	Adjusted the definitions in Section 202 to (1) clarify their		Х		
	purpose and (2) to correct errors from approved changes in				
	previous ICC code development cycles that were not made				
	in the building code.				
S222-12	Replaced 2103 material references with appropriate		Х		
	reference to the TMS 402				

CODE	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost	•			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IMPACT			
		Decrease	None	ncrease	
	Standard in Sections 202, 2102.1, 2103.1, 2103.2, 2103.3,				
	2103.4, 2103.5, 2103.6, 2103.7, 2103.8, 2103.9, 2103.12,				
	2103.13 and 2103.14.				
S225-12	Removed duplicate language from Section 2104 to better		Х		
	coordinate masonry construction requirements with the				
	TMS 402 standard in Sections 2104.1, 2104.1.1, 2104.1.2,				
	3104.1.3, 2104.1.4, 2104.1.5, 2104.1.6, 2104.2, 2104.2.1,				
	2104.3 and 2104.4.				
S226-12	Modified to consolidate the masonry quality assurance		Х		
	requirements of Section 2105 by referencing the				
	requirements of TMS 602 in Sections 202, 2102.1 and				
	2105.1 thru 2105.3.3.				
S228-12	Removed unnecessary wording referring to a masonry wall		Х		
	frames in Section 2108.3.				
S229-12	Clarified the requirements for fireplaces and chimneys in		Х		
	Sections 2111.1, 2111.3, 2111.4, 2113.1, 2113.3 and				
	2113.4.				
S234-12	Added reference standard EN 15250 for masonry heaters		Х		
	in Sections 2112.2 and 2112.5 and Chapter 35 (NEW).				
S236-12	Made editorial corrections to Section 2112.5.		Χ		
S238-12	Modifications in Sections 202, 722.5.1, 722.5.1.1,		Х		
	722.6.1.4, 722.5.1.4.1, 722.5.1.4.5, 722.5.2, 722.5.2.1,				
	722.5.2.2.1, 1615.3.2, 1809.11, 2205.1, 2205.2 (NEW),				
	2205.2.1 (NEW), 2205.2.1.1 (NEW), 2205.2.1.2 (NEW),				
	2205.2.2 (NEW), 2203.1, 2203.2, 2206.1, 2206.2 and				
	2206.2.1 (NEW) to make consistent with AISC terms and				
	requirements.				
S239-12	Implemented editorial changes in Sections 2204.1, 2204.2		Х		
	and 2204.2.1.				
S240-12	Clarified the intent of steel joist requirements in Sections		Χ		
	1604.3.3, 2203.2, 2207.1, 2207.1.1 (New), 2207.2, 2207.3,				
	2207.4, and 2207.5.				
S243-12	Made editorial changes in Section 2209.1.		Х		

	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost	Impac [*]	t		
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IMPACT			ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease		ncrease	
S244-12	Added reference standard SDI-C-2011 for composite slab		Х		
	construction in Section 2210.1.1.3 (NEW) and Chapter 35				
	(NEW).				
S245-12	Adds a new performance standard AISI S220—11 for cold-		Х		
	formed steel in Sections 2201.1, 2203.1, 2203.2, 2211.1				
	and 2211.4, Table 2506.2 and Table 2507.2 and Chapter 35.				
S246-12	Changed to allow wider use of the AWC Wood Frame		Х		
	Construction Manual in Sections 2301.2, 2308.1 and 2309				
	(NEW).				
S248-12	Added definition of commonly used wood engineered		Х		
	products (engineered wood rim board) as well as				
	consensus standards necessary for determining				
	appropriate applications in Sections 202 (NEW) and				
	2303.1.12 (NEW) and Chapter 35 (NEW).				
S250-12	Added definition of commonly used wood engineered		Х		
	products (cross-laminated timber) as well as consensus				
	standards necessary for determining appropriate				
	applications in Sections 202 (NEW) and 2303.1.4 (NEW) and				
	Chapter 35 (NEW).				
S260-12	Changed required thickness of steel in Section 2304.9.6.		Х		
S261-12			X		
3201-12	Changed to provide latitude in fastening a rim joist to		^		
6262.42	whatever framing is below in Table 2304.9.1.				
S263-12	Changed to require connections at blocking to a foundation		Х		
	sill in the case where a framed floor is built over a				
	crawlspace without cripple-walls (the foundation walls				
	extend to the underside of the floor framing) in Table				
	2304.9.1.				
S265-12	Reformatted and reorganized of the fastener schedule in		Х		
	Table 2304.9.1.				
S266-12	Removed fasteners for fiberboard sheathing in Table		Х		
	2304.9.1 that are no longer recommended.				
S267-12	Made requirements consistent for toe-nail connection of		Х		
	stud to top and bottom (sole) plates in Table 2304.9.1.				

6005	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost			L COST	ECTINA A TED
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRU	MPACT		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	ncrease	
S268-12	Made improvements editorial regarding preservative		Х		
	treated and naturally durable wood in Sections 2304.11,				
	2304.11.1, 2304.11.2, 2304.11.2.1, 2304.11.2.2,				
	2304.11.2.3, 2304.2.4, 2304.11.2.5, 2304.11.2.6,				
	2304.11.2.7, 2304.11.3, 2304.11.4, 2304.11.4.1,				
	2304.11.4.2, 2304.11.5, 2304.11.6 and 2304.11.7.				
S273-12	Made editorial changes and reorganized construction		Х		
	requirements in Section 2308 (New).				
S274-12	Improved the alignment of the wind threshold with the				
	referenced standards in Section 2308.2.1				
S277-12	Updated the wind speed thresholds in Section 2308.2 to be		Х		
	consistent with the wind maps in Section 1609.				
S278-12	Clarified permitted roof framing spans and use of		Х		
	permitted joist spans in Section 2308.2.				
S279-12	Corrected error in top plate connection requirements and		Х		
	makes clarified that blocking extends to the diaphragm in				
	Section 2308.3.2.2.				
S280-12	Clarified connections and blocking requirements in Section		Х		
	2308.2.2.				
S281-12	Coordinated between spans in girder tables in IRC and IBC		Х		
	in Sections 2308.7, 2308.9.1, 2308.9.5.1, 2308.9.5.2 and				
	2308.9.6 and Table 2308.9.5 and Table 2308.9.6.				
S283-12	Coordinated between spans in joists and rafters tables in		Х		
	IRC and IBC in Section 2308.8 and Table 2308.8(1), Table				
	2308.8(2), 2308.10.2, Table 2308.10.2(1), Table				
	2308.10.2(2), 2308.10.3, Table 2308.10.3(1), Table				
	2308.10.3(2), Table 2308.10.3(3), Table 2308.10.3(4), Table				
	2308.10.3(5) and Table 2308.10.3(6).				
S284-12	Corrected the exception allowing a single top plate and		Х		
	clarified the header positioning that allows the top plate to				
	be discontinued in Section 2308.9.2.1.				
S285-12	Implemented minor modifications to nonbearing walls and		Х		
	partitions in Table 2308.9.1 and Section, 2308.9.2.3.				

	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost Impact							
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRU	IBC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT Decrease None Increase		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*			
S287-12		Decrease		Increase				
3287-12	Clarified the details of exterior wall sheathing and allowed		Х					
	alternative sheeting that meets performance requirements							
	in Sections 202 (New), 2302, 2308.9.3 (New), 2304.6,							
	2304.6.1 and 2304.6.2 and Table 2304.6							
S288-12	Changed to clean up references to removed tables and		Х					
	coordinated the bracing requirements with other code							
	sections on gypsum board in Table 2308.9.3.							
S289-12	Changed to recognize screws for fastening gypsum board		Х					
	braced wall panels in Table 2308.9.3.							
S291-12	Implemented technical and editorial changes for portal		Х					
	frame bracing alternative in Section 2308.9.3.2 and Figure							
	2308.9.3.2.							
S292-12	Clarified the requirements and limitations of openings in		Х					
	diaphragms in structures assigned to Seismic Design							
	Category B, C, D and E in Section 2308.11.3.3.							
S293-12	Editorial clarification in Figure 2308.11.3.3.		Х					
S294-12	Changed to move testing requirements to IBC Chapter 15		Х					
	in Sections 1504.2.1.1 (NEW), 1504.2.1.2 (NEW), 1711.1,							
	1711.1.1, 1711.1.2, 1711.1.2.1, 1711.1.3, 1711.2, 1711.2.1,							
	1711.2.2 and 2309 (NEW).							
S295-12	Update to ultimate design wind speed in Sections 2404.1,		Х					
	2404.2, 2404.3.1, 2404.3.2, 2404.3.3, 2404.3.4, 2404.3.5							
	and 2405.5.2.							
S297-12	Changed requirements for safety glazing that is less than 60		Х					
	inches above stairs landing in Section 2604.7.							
S298-12	Clarified safety glazing requirement in Section 2604.7.		Х					
S300-12	Clarification of glazing used in handrails and design factor			Х				
	for loads in Sections 2407.1 and 2407.1.1.							
S301-12	Added criteria for glass walkways in Sections 2409 and		Х					
	2409.1 (NEW) and Chapter 35 (NEW).							
S304-12	Added gypsum panel products in Sections [A]110.3.5, 202,		Х					
PART I	2501.1.1, 2502.1, 2503.1, 2504, 2505, 2506 and 2508.							
	2301.1.1, 2302.1, 2303.1, 2304, 2303, 2300 dilu 2308.							

	Table 9. 2015 IBC Structural Changes Cost	Impact	t		
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IBC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IBC STRU	JCTURA MPACT		ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
		Decrease	None	Increase	
S304-12	Added gypsum panel products in Sections [A]110.3.5, 202,		Х		
PART II	2501.1.1, 2502.1, 2503.1, 2504, 2505, 2506 and 2508.				
S305-12	Implemented editorial change (fiber-cement products) in		Х		
	Sections 202, 2102.1 (New) and 2502.1 (New).				
S306-12	Changed to add new referenced standards on hydraulic		Х		
	cement that can be used in plastering applications. Table				
	2507.2 and Chapter 35 (New).				
S307-12	Changed to reference permitted backer board materials		Х		
	defined in TABLE 2509.2 in Sections G103.4, G103.5,				
	G103.6.1 and G401.1.				
S308-12	Removed requirement for supplemental framing in Section	Х			
	2509.3.				
S310-12	Updated installation and performance required for a		Х		
	weather-resistive barrier. Section 2510.6 and Chapter 35				
	(NEW)				

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.

APPENDIX J

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost	t Impac	t		
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY			ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
CHANGE #	Sub Code:	Decrease	None	Increase	AWOON
RB208-13	R402.2.1 Materials for concrete. Materials for concrete shall		Х		
110200 13	comply with the requirements of Section R611.5.1.		Λ		
RB209-13	R402.4 Masonry. Masonry systems shall be designed and		Х		
	installed in accordance with this chapter and shall have a		^		
	minimum specified compressive strength of 1,500 psi (10.3				
	MPa).				
RB211-13	R403.1.1 Minimum size. The minimum sizes width, W, and		Х		
	thickness, T, for concrete and masonry footings shall be as				
	set forth in accordance with Table R403.1(1) through				
	R403.1(3) and Figure R403.1(1). The footing width, W, shall				
	be based on the load-bearing value of the soil in accordance				
	with Table R401.4.1. Spread footings shall be at least 6 inches				
	(152 mm) in thickness, T. Footing projections, P, shall be at				
	least 2 inches (51 mm) and shall not exceed the thickness of				
	the footing. Footing thickness and projection for fireplaces				
	shall be in accordance with Section R1001.2. The size of				
	footings supporting piers and columns shall be based on the				
	tributary load and allowable soil pressure in accordance with				
	Table R401.4.1. Footings for wood foundations shall be in				
	accordance with the details set forth in Section R403.2, and				
	Figures R403.1(2) and R403.1(3).				
RB212-13	Changes to revise and update existing Footing Foundation		Χ		
	Detail Figures R403.1(1), R403.1(2), R403.1(3), R403.1.3.2,				
	and R403.1.3.2.				
RB213-13	Changes to help clarify and bring conformity to Wood		Х		
	Foundation Detail in Figures R403.1(2) and R403.1(3).				
RB214-13	R602.10.9.1 Braced wall panel support for Seismic Design		Χ		
	Category Categories D0, D1 and D2 clarification for the				
	foundation requirements under braced wall panels in high				
	seismic areas.				

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost	t Impac	t		
CODE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY			ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	Compatible position and the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a second section in the second section in the second section is a section in the second section in the second section is a section in the second section in the second section is a section in the second section in the second section is a section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the section in the section in the section in the section is a section in the se	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
RB215-13	Correct inconsistencies in language referring to Seismic		Х		
	Design Categories between R403.1.2 and R403.1.4.2.				
RB216-13	Correct inconsistencies in language referring to		Х		
	reinforcement in Seismic Design Categories in R403.1.3.				
RB217-13	Clarification of the foundation anchorage requirements for		Χ		
	cold-formed steel framing systems in R403.1.6.				
RB218-13	Clarify the foundation anchorage requirements by moving		Χ		
	the existing exception for alternate foundation anchor				
	systems providing equivalent capacity to ½" anchor bolts				
	spaced at 6'-0" (or as otherwise required by the code or				
	design) into the main text of R403.1.6. The revised language				
	is similar to 2012 IBC Section 2308.6. This places the use of				
	wedge anchors, expansion anchors, adhesive anchors,				
	mudsill anchors and other alternatives approved by the				
	building official on an equal level with cast-in-place anchor				
	bolts.				
RB219-13	Spelling Correction in Figure R403.4(1) and clarification of		Χ		
	Table R403.4.				
RB221-13	change adds expanded polystyrene insulation as an		Х		
	alternate product for horizontal insulation for frost				
	protection of footings to Table R403.3(1)				
RB222-13	Clarification and note were added to Table 403.4 pointing		Х		
	out that linear interpolation may be used under certain				
	conditions to determine stone depth for wall widths not				
	shown.				
RB223-13	Removed standard no longer available from R404.1.1		Х		

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost	-			1
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		Increase	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
RB224-13	Table R404.1.1(1) 530/ASCE 5, using the allowable flexural	Decrease	None	X	Minim
	tensile stresses in Table 2.2.3.2, the values shown in Table				al cost
	R404.1.1 (1) cannot be justified. The proposed change is to				increas
	make the values shown in Table R404.1.1 (1) compliant with				е
	the prescriptive and analytical requirements of TMS 402/ACI				primar
	530/ASCE 5.				ily
	It should be noted that in Table R404.1.1 (1) footnote d				impact
	currently lumps solid grouted hollow units with solid				ing 8ft
	masonry units.				and 9ft
	However, in both TMS 402/ACI 530/ASCE 5 Tables 5.6.3.1 and				walls
	2.2.3.2 the limitations of solid units are less than those of				where
	solid grouted hollow units. Depending on the type of mortar,				solid
	the capacity from Table 2.2.3.2 for solid units is either 62% or				mason
	40% the capacity of solid grouted hollow units.				ry
	With this proposal the IRC table for plain masonry wall will				units
	meet the requirements found in the referenced standard.				are
					curren
					tly
					specifi
					ed.
RB225-13	The use of Tables R404.1.1(1), R404.1.1(2), R404.1.1(3),			X	
	R404.1.1(4) and R404.1.2(2) thru R404.1.2(8) is prohibited				
	for soil classifications not shown. Wall design is a function of				
	a maximum of 60 psf hydraulic pressure. Soils with CH, MH,				
	OL, OH and Pt have higher hydraulic pressures and therefore				
	are not allowed for backfilling purposes unless the wall is				
RB226-13	designed by a registered design professional.			X	Cliabt
KD220-13	The first sentence in Section R404.1.4.1 is changed so that			X	Slight
	the requirements for masonry and concrete foundation walls follow the same format.				increas
	No. 3 bars are changed to No. 4 bars for seismic				е
	reinforcement in SDC D0, D1 and D2. TMS 402/ACI 530/ASCE				
	5, the adopted standard for masonry design, section				
	1.18.4.4.1 requires vertical reinforcement to be a minimum				
	1.10.7.7.1 requires vertical relinioncement to be a minimum				

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost	Impac	t		
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
CITATOL II	diameter of No. 4 bar spaced at a maximum of 48 inches.	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOON
	Footnote b in Tables R404.1.1(2), R404.1.1(3) and				
	R404.1.1(4), are modified to reflect the maximum spacing				
	limitation. The change in bar size and spacing will bring the				
	minimum requirements of the referenced standard into the				
	IRC.				
RB227-13	Editorial change in Sections R403.3.4 and R404.1.2.3.6.1		Х		
RB228-13	Changes addresses conflicts and confusing language for		Χ		
	when a design is required in Section R404.1.3 and retaining				
	walls in Section R404.4.				
RB230-13	Section R405.1 revision provides an exception to the filter		Х		
	fabric requirement if the drain manufacturer's installation				
	instructions recommend against using the filter fabric.				
RB233-13	Change the requirements of R406.1 and R406.2 for damp-		Χ		
	proofing and water-proofing of concrete and masonry				
	foundation walls to eliminate unnecessary damp-proofing				
	or water-proofing on wall areas that do not affect the				
	livability of interior spaces and floors below grade.				
RB234-13	Section R501.3 moved to R302.13		Х		
RB235-13	Changed Section R501.3 to allow openings for drainage		Χ		
	where membranes protect the underside of floors exposed				
	to the weather.				
RB241-13	Changes R502.1 (NEW), R502.1.1, R502.1.1.1, R502.1.2,		Χ		
	R502.2.2 (NEW) to a format nearly identical to what is used				
	in Section 2302 of the International Building Code and				
	addresses the use of wood structural panels				
	in subflooring in Sec. R503.2				
RB242-13	R502.1.6, R602.1.3 and R802.1.5 adds language referring to		Χ		
	ICC400 where Section 302.2.1 covers stress grading of logs.				
RB243-13	Adds cross-Laminated timber to Sections R202 (NEW),		Х		
	R502.1.8 (NEW), R502.8.2, R602.1.5 (NEW), R802.1.6 (NEW),				
	R802.7.2 and Chapter 44.				

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost				T
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
RB244-13	Add language in R202 (NEW), R502.1.8 (NEW), R602.1.5	Decrease	X	merease	
	(NEW), R802.1.7 (NEW), Chapter 44 for classifying the				
	structural capacities engineered wood rim boards in				
	accordance with ANSI/APA PRR 410 or ASTM D 7672.				
RB247-13	Add in Tables R502.3.3(1) and R502.3.3(2) an exception to		Χ		
	the requirement for full-depth blocking at the supported end				
	of cantilever floor joists for low-seismic areas and short cantilevers.				
RB248-13	Revises span Tables R502.3.1(1), R502.3.1(2), 802.4(1),		Χ		
	R802.4(2) and Tables R802.5.1(1) through R802.5.1(8) for				
	Select Structural, #2, and #3 grades of Douglas fir-Larch and				
	#1 grade of Hem-Fir using the slightly higher bending values.				
RB249-13	Change to footnote "b" of Tables R502.3.3(1) and R502.3.3(2)		Х		
	to prohibit the unintended use of these spans with southern				
	pine lumber until they have been corrected for anticipated				
	changes in design values.				
RB250-13	Changes to Tables R502.5(1), R502.5(2), Table R802.4(1),		Х		
	R802.4(2) and Tables R802.5.1(1) through R802.5.1(8) to				
	reflect lower spans resulting from newly certified design				
	values.				
RB251-13	Changes in Section R502.5 and Table R502.5(3) (NEW)		Х		
	provide a table based on post construction to support				
	headers for porches with an 8 foot or 14 foot width.				
RB252-13	Change to R301.2.2.2.5, R404.1.9.2, R502.5, Table R502.5(1),		Χ		
	Table R502.5(2), R602.3, R602.7 and Table R602.7.1				
	incorporate the single-ply header table into the main header				
	table and moves the main header tables back to Chapter 6,				
	the wall chapter, since headers and girders are often				
	considered wall elements and the header tables are				
	commonly referenced in wall provisions.				
RB254-13	Change to R502.10 to correct conflicting language		Х		
RB255-13	Clarification of R503.2.1, R602.3, R604.1 and R803.2.1		Х		
RB256-13	Addition of fiber-cement underlayment to the Table		Х		
	R503.2.1.1(1) provides for the choice and use of fiber-cement				

CODE	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost			OST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
	underlayment currently used in this type of application and				
	permitted in ICC-ES Evaluation Service Reports.				
RB257-13	Addition of fiber-cement underlayment to the Table		Х		
	R503.2.1.1(2) provides for the choice and use of fiber-cement				
	underlayment currently used in this type of application and				
	permitted in ICC-ES Evaluation Service Reports.				
RB258-13	Section 505 - Skipped				
RB259-13	Change specifically adds crushed (recycled) concrete to the		Χ		
	list of acceptable base materials in R506.2.2.				
RB260-13	Change to R507.2.3 to provide guidance as to where to locate	Х			Min.
	the lateral load hold-down devices for decks with an upper				
	limit of 24".				
RB262-13	Provides an alternative prescriptive method in R507.2.3 and	Х			Min.
	Figure R507.2.3(2) (NEW) to achieve an acceptable lateral				
	load connection for residential decks.				
RB264-13	Added additional guidance for wood decks in residential		Χ		
	structures to R507.1, R507.4 (NEW), R507.5 (NEW), Figure				
	R507.5 (NEW), Table R507.5 (NEW), R507.5.1, R507.6, Figure				
	R507.6 (NEW), Table R507.6 (NEW), R507.7 (NEW), R507.8				
	(NEW), R507.8.1 (NEW), Figure R507.8.1 (NEW), R507.8.2				
	(NEW), Figure R507.8.2 (NEW)				
RB265-13	Clarified deck ledger to band joist connection in R507.2,		Х		
	Table 507.2, R507.2.1, R507.2.2, R507.2.3 (NEW)				
RB267-13	Clarification of requirements in R202, Table R301.5,		Х		
	R311.7.5.4, R311.7.8.1, R311.7.8.4, R312.1.4, R317.4,				
	R317.4.1, R317.4.2, R318.1, R507, R507.3, R507.3.1, R507.3.2				
	(NEW), R507.3.3 (NEW), R507.3.4 (NEW), R507.3.5 (NEW),				
	and INDEX B for plastic composite (i.e. wood /plastic				
	composite or plastic lumber) exterior deck boards, stair				
	treads, guards, and handrails.				
RB269-13	Clarification of the process by which sawn lumber design		Х		
	values are certified and recognized in R602.1 (NEW),				
	R602.1.5 (NEW), R602.1.6 (NEW) and R602.3.				

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cos				1
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
RB271-13	Update to bring the wind provisions of the IRC in line with the 2012 IBC and ASCE 7-10 in Tables R602.3(1), R602.3(2), R602.3(3), R602.3.1, R602.3.5, R602.10.1.3, R602.10.3(1), R602.10.4, R602.10.4.1, R602.10.5, R602.10.6.1, R602.10.6.4, R613.5(1) and R613.5(2) and Sections R602.10.6.5.1, R602.10.8.2, R602.12, R612.2 and R613.2.	betrease	X	increase	
RB272-13	Changes in Table R602.3(1) to create greater consistency between the IRC Table R602.3(1) wood frame nailing schedule and IBC Table 2304.9.1, as it will appear in the 2015 edition of the IBC.				
RB273-13	Clarification of attachment requirements for wood structural panel exterior wall sheathing in Table R602.3(1).		Х		
RB274-13	Clarifies Table R602.3(1) by removing the top plate splice nailing for seismic from the footnote into the fastener schedule.		Х		
RB275-13	Provides a toenail connection option for the stud to top plate connection in Table R602.3(1)		Х		
RB276-13	Changes to create greater consistency between the IRC Table R602.3(1) and IBC Table 2308 with respect to Band or Rim Joist to Joist nailing requirements.		Х		
RB278-13	Changes in the ordering, modification, addition, and combination of the fastening descriptions to create greater consistency between the IRC Table R602.3(1) and IBC Table 2304.9.1.		X		
RB279-13	Deletion of footnote "f "in Table R602.3(1) to remove a conflict with wind limitations of R301.2.1.1.		Х		
RB280-13	Added fiber cement to the allowable type of permitted underlayment in Table R602.3(2) and Chapter 44.		Х		
RB281-13	Change to remove ambiguous language and add clarity to the footnote "a" of Table 602.3(5)		Х		
RB283-13	Clarified stud size, height and spacing Exception (2) in Section R602.3.1 and Table R602.3.1.		Х		
RB284-13	Clarified exception for single top plate used as an alternative to a double top plate in R602.3.2.		Х		

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost				1
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		Increase	ESTIMATED AMOUNT*
RB285-13	Requires that the bottom plate as well as the top plate are		Х		
	continuous at the header locations in Figure R602.7.2.				
RB286-13	Clarification on supporting headers to prevent header		Х		
	rotation in Figure R602.3(2) and Section R602.7.4 (New).				
RB287-13	Specified king stud requirements for wall openings spanned			Х	~\$100
	by single member headers over the span of wall openings in				
	Sections R602.7 and R602.7.1 and Tables R602.7.1 and Table				
	R602.7.1(2) (NEW).				
RB288-13	Rim board header and king stud requirements are added to		Х		
	ensure adequate support of rim board headers in R602.7,				
	R602.7.2 (NEW), Table R602.7.2(1) (NEW), Table R602.7.2(2)				
	(NEW), Table R602.7.3(1) (NEW), R602.7.3(2) (NEW), Figure				
	R602.7.2 (NEW)				
RB290-13	Addition as Exception 4 of Methods ABW or PFH to a list of		Х		
	methods to provide alternative corner attachment				
	requirements for braced wall panels in R602.10.2.2.1.				
RB292-13	Remove Exception 3 under R602.10.2.2.1.		Χ		
RB293-13	Change in Table R602.10.3(1) provides a method to	Х	Χ		~\$100
	determine the bracing where the braced wall line spacing is				
	different on each side.				
RB295-13	Deleted and explained footnotes in Tables R602.10.3(1),		Χ		
	R602.10.3(3) and R602.10.4 to clarify the use of Structural				
	Fiber Board for wall bracing.				
RB296-13	Correct editorial deficiencies in Tables R602.10.3(2) and		Х		
	R602.10.3(4).				
RB297-13	Clarification in Table R602.10.3(3) of what to do where a	Х			Min.
	building is greater than 50 feet in length.				
RB301-13	Clarify the number of building stories in Table R602.10.3(4).		Х		
RB302-13	Editorial clarification of Table R602.10.3(4).		Х		
RB306-13	Clarification in Section R602.10.4.1 that intermittent		Χ		
	methods ABW, PFH and PFG are permitted with continuous				
	sheathing methods.				

CODE	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost			OST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
RB307-13	Clarification in Section R602.10.4.1 of when intermittent and		Χ		
	continuous bracing methods can be mixed within a building				
	story.				
RB310-13	Clarification of Table R602.10.5 to allow for using method CS-		Х		
	PF in low seismic areas.				
RB311-13	Reduction in the hold-down capacity of straps in Figure		Х		
	R602.10.6.2.				
RB312-13	Clarified where the panel splice is to be made in Figures		Χ		
	R602.10.6.2, R602.10.6.3 and R602.10.6.4.				
RB313-13	Restored missing notes to add clarity and direction for the		Х		
	spacer and fastening of the king stud in Figures R602.10.6.2,				
	R602.10.6.3 and R602.10.6.4.				
RB315-13	Clarification of Section R602.10.6.5.1 of the required	Х	Х		None in
	maximum spacing of braced wall lines supporting brick				FL
	veneer in Seismic Design and when the spacing is permitted				
	to be increased.				
RB319-13	Clarified the use of blocking panels in R602.10.8.2		Х		
RB320-13	Clarified the placing of ventilation in openings in blocking		Х		
	panels in R602.10.8.2(3)				
RB321-13	Provides for the proper adjustment in R602.10.11 when		Х		
	cripple walls do not have gypsum board on the interior side.				
RB322-13	Error correction in braced wall spacing for cripple wall		Χ		
	bracing in low seismic areas in R602.10.11.				
RB324-13	Adjusted wind speeds in Section R602.12 and Table		Х		
	R602.12.4 to comply with ASCE 7-10.				
RB325-13	Clarified Section R602.12, Table R602.12.4 to allow the		Χ		
	simplified method to be used where the exposure category is				
	C.				
RB327-13	Increased contribution of each CS-PF Braced–Wall panel to		Х		
	0.75 bracing units in Section R602.12.6.2.				
RB328-13	Added the traditional bracing method with hold-downs		Х		
	(Method ABW (narrow wall bracing)) to permitted bracing				

CODE	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost	•		ST IMPACT	ESTIMATED
CODE CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease			AMOUNT*
	methods that may be used with the Simplified Bracing				
	Provisions in Section R602.12.6.3.				
RB330-13	Added the traditional bracing method with hold-downs		Χ		
	(Method ABW (narrow wall bracing)) to permitted bracing				
	methods that may be used with the Simplified Bracing				
	Provisions in Sections R603, M1308.1, M2101.6 and P2603.2.				
RB331-13	Clarification and editorial change to Section R604.3.		Χ		
RB332-13	Consolidated and organized the masonry design and		Χ		
	construction requirements into one section and added				
	reference standards in Sections R606.2 , R606.2.1, R606.2.2,				
	R606.2.3, R606.2.4, R606.2.5 (NEW), R606.2.6 (NEW),				
	R606.2.7 (NEW), R606.2.8 (NEW), R606.2.9 (NEW), R606.2.10				
	(NEW), R606.2.12 (NEW), R606.3, R606.3.4 (NEW),				
	R606.3.4.1 (NEW), R606.3.4.2 (NEW), R606.3.4.3 (NEW),				
	R606.8, R606.11, R606.12, R606.12.3, R606.13, R606.14				
	(NEW), R606.14.1 (NEW), R606.14.2 (NEW), R606.15,				
	R606.15.1, Table R606.15.1, R607.1.1, R607, R607.1.2,				
	R607.1.3, R607.2.1, R607.2.1.1, R607.2.2, R607.2.2.1,				
	R607.2.2.2, R607.3, R608, R608.1, R608.1.1, R608.1.1.1,				
	R608.1.1.2, R608.1.2, R608.1.2.1, R608.1.2.2, R608.1.2.3,				
	R608.1.3, R608.1.3.1, R608.1.3.2, R608.2, R608.2.1,				
	R608.2.2, R609, R609.1, R609.1.1, Table R609.1.1, R609.1.2,				
	Table R609.1.2, R609.1.3, R609.1.4, R609.1.4.1, R609.1.5,				
	R609.1.5.1, R609.1.5.2, R609.2, R609.2.1, R609.2.2,				
	R609.2.3, R609.3, R609.3.1, R609.4, R609.4.1 and Chapter				
	44.				
RB334-13	Updates the concrete wall provisions to agree with PCA 100-		Χ		
	2012, ACI 318-11, ASCE 7-10 and the 2012 IBC in Sections				
	R611.2, R611.6.2, Table R611.6(1), Table R611.6(2), Table				
	R611.6(3), Table R611.6(4), R611.7.1.1, Table R611.7(1A),				
	Table R611.7(1B), Table R611.7(1C), Figure R611.9(1), Table				
	R611.9(1), Figure R611.9(2), Table R611.9(2), Figure				
	R611.9(3), Table R611.9(3), Figure R611.9(4),				

2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY		Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost Impact						
Table R611.9(4), Figure R611.9(5), Table R611.9(5), Figure R611.9(6), Table R611.9(6), Figure R611.9(7), Table R611.9(7), Figure R611.9(8), Figure R611.9(9), Figure R611.9(10), Table R611.9(10), Figure R611.9(11), Figure R611.9(11), Figure R611.9(12), Table R611.9(12), R611.9(2), R611.9(2), R611.9(2), R611.9(2), R611.9.3 and R611.10. R8336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. R8340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. R8343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. R8344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). R8345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel R8346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. R8349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3.8, R702.3.1, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.1, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.5, R702.3.1, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R702.3.1 standards for Cold-		2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY				ESTIMATED		
R611.9(7), Figure R611.9(8), Table R611.9(8), Figure R611.9(9), Table R611.9(10), Table R611.9(10), Figure R611.9(10), Figure R611.9(11), Table R611.9(11), Figure R611.9(12), Table R611.9(12), R611.9.2, R611.9.3 and R611.10. R8335-13 Changed Section 611.5.1 to provide coordination with PCA 100 R8336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. R8340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. R8343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. R8344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). R8345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the Dottom edge of the SIPs panel R8346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. R8349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2.	CHANGE #	Table R611.9(4), Figure R611.9(5), Table R611.9(5), Figure	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*		
R611.9(9), Table R611.9(1), Figure R611.9(10), Table R611.9(10), Figure R611.9(11), Table R611.9(11), Table R611.9(12), Table R611.9(12), R611.9.2, R611.9.3 and R611.10. R8335-13 Changed Section 611.5.1 to provide coordination with PCA 100 R8336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. R8340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. R8343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. R8344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). R8345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel R8346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. R8349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2.		R611.9(6), Table R611.9(6), Figure R611.9(7), Table						
R611.9(10), Figure R611.9(11), Table R611.9(11), Figure R611.9(12), Table R611.9(12), R611.9.2, R611.9.3 and R611.10. RB335-13 Changed Section 611.5.1 to provide coordination with PCA 100 RB336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 100 RB336-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB340-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2.		R611.9(7), Figure R611.9(8), Table R611.9(8), Figure						
R611.9(12), Table R611.9(12), R611.9.2, R611.9.3 and R611.10. RB335-13 Changed Section 611.5.1 to provide coordination with PCA 100 RB336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. RB340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		R611.9(9), Table R611.9(9), Figure R611.9(10), Table						
RB335-13 Changed Section 611.5.1 to provide coordination with PCA 100 RB336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. RB340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		R611.9(10), Figure R611.9(11), Table R611.9(11), Figure						
RB335-13 Changed Section 611.5.1 to provide coordination with PCA 100 RB336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. RB340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		R611.9(12), Table R611.9(12), R611.9.2, R611.9.3 and						
RB336-13 Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11 standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. RB340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). X RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		R611.10.						
standards for cement to Section R611.5.1.1 (NEW), Chapter 44. RB340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). X RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB335-13	•		Х				
A44. RB340-13 Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB336-13	Added ASTM C 150-12, ASTM C 595-12 and ASTM C 1157-11		Х				
tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter 44. RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). X Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-								
RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB340-13	Added AMD-100 standard for component substitution for		Х				
RB343-13 Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		tested side hinged exterior doors to Section R612.3, Chapter						
Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		44.						
units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44. RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB343-13	Changed to add method WDMA I.S. 11-13 for use in for		Х				
RB344-13 Corrected error in Table R613.5(1). RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		Design Pressure rating based on comparative analysis for						
RB345-13 Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches (360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		units larger than tested in Section R612.3.1 and Chapter 44.						
(360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB344-13	Corrected error in Table R613.5(1).		Х				
of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB345-13	Changed R613.7 to allow one horizontal chase at 14 inches		Х				
at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		(360 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from the bottom						
the bottom edge of the SIPs panel RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		of the SIP panel and one at mid-height of the wall panel core						
RB346-13 Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		at 48 inches (1 220 mm) plus or minus 2 inches (51 mm) from						
only were justified by analysis. RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		the bottom edge of the SIPs panel						
RB349-13 Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB346-13	Changed R613.7 to allow additional SIP wall penetrations		Х				
consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		only were justified by analysis.						
R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2, R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-	RB349-13	Updates code terminology for gypsum products to be		Х				
R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7, Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		consistent with ASTM standards and the IBC in Sections						
Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2. RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		R109.1.5.1, R202 (NEW), R702.3, R702.3.1, R702.3.2,						
RB350-13 Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		R702.3.3, R702.3.5, Table R702.3.5, R702.3.6, R702.3.7,						
		Table R702.3.7, R702.5, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2.						
formed Steel Framing into Section R702.3.3 and Chapter 44.	RB350-13	Integrates AISI S200-12 and S220-11 standards for Cold-		X				
		formed Steel Framing into Section R702.3.3 and Chapter 44.						

CODE	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost 2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IRC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
CHANGE #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
RB351-13	Clarification of application of Table R702.3.5, and that the fastening requirements of current Section R702.3.6 are actually a subsection of Section R702.3.5 and Table R702.3.5.		Х		
RB352-13	Removed the term drywall and replaced it with the proper term and definition in Sections R202, Table R702.3.5, R1001.11 and Table N1102.4.1.1 (IECC R402.4.1.1)		Х		
RB353-13	Clarified requirements for gypsum boards on garage ceilings underneath habitable rooms in Section R302.6 and Table R702.3.5		Х		
RB354-13	Changed to make the 2015 IRC consistent with referenced industry standards and the 2015 IBC for water-resistant gypsum board in Section R702.3.8 (Will require fewer framing members).	Х			~\$100
RB355-13	Editorial changes to Section R702.4.2, Table R702.4.2 (NEW) and Chapter to better clarify and present the code recognized backer board products.		Х		
RB357-13	Replaces spray foam density requirement with a permeance requirement for consistency with ASHRAE 90.1 and other IECC proposals in Section R202 (NEW) and Table R702.7.1.		Х		
RB359-13	Changed Section R703.1 to accept that where exterior walls are constructed using logs, the log components and joinery system provide the exterior covering, structure, thermal barrier, and interior covering all in one assembly in accordance with ICC400. Weather protection is specifically covered in 305.1.		X		
RB363-13	Clarified Section R703.2 by deleting reference to paperbacked stucco lath.		Χ		
RB366-13	Changed Sections R703.4, R703.11.2.1 and R703.11.2.2 to align the wind speed in with the 2012 IBC and ASCE 7-10.		Х		
RB367-13	Changed Section R703.4 and Table R703.5 (NEW) to better establish the current limits of the prescriptive fastening table (Table 703.4) for wall coverings.		Х		
RB368-13	Addition of a new hardboard standard to Table R703.4 and Chapter 44.		Х		

CODE	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost	IRC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
RB369-13	Sections R703.5.1, R703.5.3, Table R703.5.1(2) (New), Table		Χ		
	R703.5.1(3) (NEW), Table R703.5.2, R703.5.3.1, R905.7.5,				
	Table R905.7.5(2) (NEW) and R905.8.6				
RB371-13	Changed to provide for masonry veneer to be used with cold-			Х	None
	formed steel framing in high seismic areas and limits Table				in FL
	R603.9.5(4) to two stories since the overturning anchorage				
	for 3 story is marginal in Sections R603.9.2, R603.9.5,				
	R603.9.5.1 (NEW) and R603.9.5.2 (NEW) and Table				
	R603.9.5(1) (NEW), Table R603.9.5(2) (NEW),				
	TableR603.9.5(3) (NEW), Table R603.9.5(4) and Table				
	R703.7(2).				
RB374-13	Changed to consolidate and clarify the requirements for		Х		
	adhered masonry veneer in Table R703.4 and Sections				
	R703.7 and R703.12.				
RB376-13	Changed to address potential misapplication of, and		Χ		
	particularly improper enforcement of, the masonry veneer				
	wall details in Figure R703.7.				
RB378-13	Added new requirements for mechanically attached flexible		Χ		
	flashing materials in Section R703.8 and Chapter 44.				
RB379-13	Added new requirements for fluid-applied membranes used		Χ		
	as flashing materials in Section R703.8 and Chapter 44				
RB380-13	Provided a pointer to the code section which specifies water-		Χ		
	resistive barriers and their installation in R703.8.				
RB381-13	Clarification of EIFS use in Sections R703.9, R703.9.1,		Χ		
	R703.9.2, R703.9.2.1, R703.9.2.2, R703.9.3, R703.9.4,				
	R703.9.4.1 and R703.9.4.2.				
RB382-13	Added ISO 8336 as an accepted product standard to Section		Χ		
	R703.10.1 and Chapter 44.				
RB383-13	Adds information on vinyl siding fastener specifications,		Χ		
	penetration, and spacing in Sections R202 (NEW), Table				
	R703.4, R703.11.1.1, R703.11.1.2 (NEW) and R703.11.1.3				
	(NEW).				
RB385-13	Added insulated vinyl siding in Table R703.4 and Section		Х		
	R703.11.2.				

CODE	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost 2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IRC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
CHANGE #		Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*
RB386-13	Added ASTM D 7793-12 Standard Specification for Insulated		Х		
	Vinyl Siding in Sections R202 (New), R703.13 (New) and				
	R703.13.1 (New) and Chapter 44.				
RB387-13	Added requirements for polypropylene siding conforming to		Х		
	ASTM D7254 in Sections R202 (NEW), Table R703.4, R703.13				
	(NEW), R703.13.1 (NEW), R703.13.1.1 (NEW), R703.13.1.2				
	(NEW), R703.13.2 (NEW) and R703.13.2.1 (NEW) and Chapter				
	44.				
RB389-13	Added cladding connections requirements in Sections		Χ		
	R703.4, R703.13 (NEW) and R703.13.1 (NEW), R703.13.2				
	(NEW) and Table R703.4, Table R703.13.1 (NEW) and Table				
	R703.13.2 (NEW).				
RB390-13	Added cladding attachment requirements and foam		Χ		
	sheathing thickness limits in Sections R703.4, R703.13 (NEW)				
	and R703.13.1 (NEW), R703.13.2 (NEW) and Table R703.4,				
	Table R703.13.1 (NEW) and Table R703.13.2 (NEW).				
RB391-13	Added requirement for engineered design of cladding		Х		
	connections through foam sheathing to masonry/concrete in				
	Sections R703.4 and R703.13 (NEW) and Table R703.4.				
RB392-13	Changed and replaced the existing Table R703.4 with a		Χ		
	revised and simplified version and improved content relating				
	to siding attachment in Sections R703.2, R703.3, Table				
	R703.3 (New), R703.3.1, R703.3.2, R703.4, R703.3.1,				
	R703.3.2, R703.3.3 (New), R703.5.1 (New), R703.8, R703.12				
	and R703.12.3 (New) and Table R703.4.				
RB393-13	Clarified in Sections R802.1, R802.1.1, R802.1.2, R802.1.3,		Х		
	R802.1.3.1, R802.1.3.2, R802.1.3.3, R802.1.3.4, R802.1.3.5,				
	R802.1.3.5.1, R802.1.3.5.2, R802.1.3.6, R802.1.3.7,				
	R802.1.3.8, R802.1.4, R802.1.5 and R802.1.6 that wood				
	products other than sawn lumber must comply with specific				
	product standards.				
RB394-13	Required rafters to be framed directly opposite each other to		Х		
	ridge board or directly opposite or to each other with a				
	gusset plate as a tie in R802.3.				

CODE	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost	IRC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED
CHANGE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	Decrease		Increase	AMOUNT*
RB396-13	Changed the wind provisions of the IRC to bring them in line		Х		
	with the 2012 IBC and ASCE 7-10 in R802.10.2.1 and				
	R802.11.1 and Table R802.11.				
RB397-13	Clarified requirements for determining uplift loads for		Х		
	trusses in R802.11.1.2.				
RB400-13	Skip Section R804.				
RB401-13	Remove attic ventilation exception in Section R806.1.		Х		
RB404-13	Clarified insulation requirements to align IRC and IBC		Х		
	requirements in Section R806.5.				
RB405-13	Provided a calculation procedure to determine rigid board or		Х		
	air impermeable insulation R-values for roof assemblies that				
	have different ceiling insulation R-values in footnote to Table				
	R806.5.				
RB407-13	Clarified that the volume of space required for an attic access		Х		
	should be measured as the actual usable space in Section				
	R807.1.				
RB408-13	Added fire testing exception for slate roofs in Section R902.1.		Х		
RB412-13	Clarified the intent for roofing materials not complaint with		Х		
	Section R904.3.				
RB417-13	Modified Section R905.2.4 to remove ASTM D 225 (organic		Х		
	felt-reinforced asphalt shingles) as an acceptable product				
	standard.				
RB418-13	Changes change to bring the wind provisions of the IRC in line		Х		
	with the 2012 IBC and ASCE 7-10 in Sections R905.2.4.1,				
	R905.2.7.2, R905.3.3.3, R905.3.7, R905.4.3.2, R905.5.3.2,				
	R905.6.3.2, R905.7.3.2, R905.8.3.2, R905.10.5.1 and Table				
	R905.2.4.1, Table R905.2.4.1(1) and Table R905.2.4.1(2).				
RB422-13	Changed to remove a redundant requirement in Section		Х		
	R905.2.5.				
RB425-13	Aligned Section R905.2.7.1 with the practical application of		Х		
	the ice barrier underlayment products in the field.				
RB429-13	Provided for the use of cap staples for underlayment		Х		
	attachment in Sections R905.2.7.2, R905.3.3.3, R905.4.3.2,				

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost Impact					
CODE #	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IRC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT		1	*	
CHANGE #	R905.5.3.2, R905.6.3.2, R905.7.3.2, R905.8.3.2 and R905.10.5.1.	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*	
RB430-13	Changed to lower the minimum shank diameter based on tests indicating underlayment tears before proposed cap nails fail attachment in Sections R905.2.7.2, R905.3.3.3, R905.4.3.2, R905.5.3.2, R905.6.3.2, R905.7.3.2, R905.8.3.2 and R905.10.5.1.		Х			
RB435-13	Reorganization of the underlayment provisions in Sections R905.1.1 (NEW), R905.1.2 (NEW), R905.2.3, R905.2.7, R905.2.7.1, R905.2.7.2, R905.3.3, R905.3.3.1, R905.3.3.2, R905.3.3.3, R905.4.3, R905.4.3.1, R905.4.3.2, R905.5.3.1, R905.5.3.2, R905.6.3, R905.6.3.1, R905.6.3.2, R905.7.3, R905.7.3.1, R905.7.3.2, R905.8.3, R905.8.3.1, R905.8.3.2, R905.10.5 and R905.10.5.1 and Table R905.1.1(1) (NEW), Table R905.1.1(2) (NEW) and Table R905.1.1(3) (NEW).		X			
RB439-13	Clarification regarding drip edges for asphalt shingle roofs in Section R905.2.8.5.		Х			
RB442-13	Removed "slate-type" shingle products Section R905.6.		Х			
RB443-13	Added ASTM D 7425-11 for spray polyurethane foam used for roofing in Section R905.14.2 and Chapter 44.		Х			
RB445-13 PART I	Clarified the use of Photovoltaic shingles in Sections R202, R905.16, R905.16.1, R905.16.2 and R905.16.3.		Х			
RB446-13	Added specific requirements for roof decks, roof deck slope, underlayment, underlayment application, ice barrier, and underlayment for high wind areas in Sections R905.16, R905.16.1, R905.16.2, R905.16.3, R905.16.4, R905.16.4.1, and R905.16.4.2.		Х			
RB447-13	Added specific requirements applicable to rooftop-mounted photovoltaic panels and modules to Section R907.		Х			
RB449-13	Added ASTM C 1278 and ASTM C1177 to Table R906.2 for fiber reinforced gypsum board and glass-faced gypsum board used in roof assemblies.		Х			

	Table 10. 2015 IRC Structural Changes Cost Impact							
CODE	2015 IRC STRUCTURAL CHANGE SUMMARY	IRC STRUCTURAL COST IMPACT			ESTIMATED			
CHANGE #	2013 INC STRUCTORAL CHARGE SOMMAN	Decrease	None	Increase	AMOUNT*			
RB451-13	Added an exception in Section R907.1 that waives the		Х					
	secondary drainage requirement when reroofing existing							
	buildings when the roof drains properly.							
RB453-13	Clarification of requirements for roof recover and roof		Х					
	replacement in Sections R907.3, R907.3.1 (NEW) and							
	R907.3.1.1 (NEW).							
RB455-13	Clarified the use of thermal mass storage devices of masonry		Χ					
	construction in Sections R1002.2 and R1002.5 and Chapter							
	44.							
RB458-13	Reduce required 12" chimney wall thickness for the chimney		Χ					
	to be in contact with combustible trim in Section R1003.18.							
RB459-13	Changed in Section R1004.5 to restrict installation of		Χ					
	gasketed fireplace doors on factory -built fireplaces.							
RB461-13	Restricted requirement that exterior air intake not be located							
	higher than the firebox to masonry fireplaces in Sections							
	R1006.2 and R1006.5.							

^{*}For prescriptive Code changes only.