Product class	Energy efficiency ratio, effective from Oct. 1, 2000 to May 31, 2014	Combined energy efficiency ratio, effective as of June 1, 2014
10. Without reverse cycle, without louvered sides, and 20,000 Btu/h or more	8.5	9.4
11. With reverse cycle, with louvered sides, and less than 20,000 Btu/h	9.0	9.8
12. With reverse cycle, without louvered sides, and less than 14,000 Btu/h	8.5	9.3
13. With reverse cycle, with louvered sides, and 20,000 Btu/h or more	8.5	9.3
14. With reverse cycle, without louvered sides, and 14,000 Btu/h or more	8.0	8.7
15. Casement-Only	8.7	9.5
16. Casement-Slider	9.5	10.4

- <u>ල</u> Central air conditioners and heat pumps. The energy conservation standards defined in terms of the heating seasonal performance factor are based on Region IV, the minimum standardized design heating requirement, and the provisions of 10 CFR 429.16.
- (1) Central air conditioners and central air conditioning heat pumps manufactured on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2023, must have Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio and Heating Seasonal Performance Factor not less than:

(i) Split systems - air conditioners	Product class	
13	Seasonal energy efficiency ratio (SEER)	
	Heating seasonal performance factor (HSPF)	

(vi)(B) Space-constrained products - heat numps	(vi)(A) Space-constrained products - air conditioners	(v) Small-duct, high-velocity systems	(iv) Single package units - heat pumps	(iii) Single package units - air conditioners	(ii) Split systems - heat pumps	Se Product class effici
12	12	12	14	14	14	Seasonal energy efficiency ratio (SEER)
74		7.2	8.0		8.2	Heating seasonal performance factor (HSPF)

(2) In addition to meeting the applicable requirements in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, products in product class (i) of paragraph (c) Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, or Virginia, or in the District of Columbia, must have a Seasonal Energy Efficiency the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Ratio (SEER) of 14 or higher. Any outdoor unit model that has a certified combination with a rating below 14 SEER cannot be (1) of this section (i.e. split systems - air conditioners) that are installed on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2023, in installed in these States. The least efficient combination of each basic model must comply with this standard.

(3)

 $\equiv$ In addition to meeting the applicable requirements in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, products in product classes (i) and (iii) of paragraph (c)(1) of this section (i.e., split systems - air conditioners and single-package units - air conditioners) that are rating of 95 °F dry bulb outdoor temperature) not less than the following: must have a Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio (SEER) of 14 or higher and have an Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER) (at a standard installed on or after January 1, 2015, and before January 1, 2023, in the States of Arizona, California, Nevada, or New Mexico

11.0	(iii) Single-package units - air conditioners
11.7	(ii) Split systems - air conditioners with rated cooling capacity equal to or greater than 45,000 Btu/hr
12.2	(i) Split systems - air conditioners with rated cooling capacity less than 45,000 Btu/hr
Energy efficiency ratio (EER)	Product class

- Any outdoor unit model that has a certified combination with a rating below 14 SEER or the applicable EER cannot be installed in this region. The least-efficient combination of each basic model must comply with this standard.
- 4 Each basic model of single-package central air conditioners and central air conditioning heat pumps and each individual 2015, shall have an average off mode electrical power consumption not more than the following: combination of split-system central air conditioners and central air conditioning heat pumps manufactured on or after January 1,

(vii) Space-constrained heat pumps	(vi) Space-constrained air conditioners	(v) Small-duct, high-velocity systems	(iv) Single-package heat pumps	(iii) Single-package air conditioners	(ii) Split-system heat pumps	(i) Split-system air conditioners	Product class
33	30	30	33	30	33	30	Average off mode power consumption P <sub>W,OFF</sub> (watts)

(5) Central air conditioners and central air conditioning heat pumps manufactured on or after January 1, 2023, must have a Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio 2 and a Heating Seasonal Performance Factor 2 not less than:

Product class Pr	ners with a certified cooling	(i)(B) Split systems - air conditioners with a certified cooling capacity equal to or greater than 45,000 Btu/hr	(ii) Split systems - heat numps
onal rgy ency o 2 :R2)	13.4	13.4	14.3
Heating seasonal performance factor 2 (HSPF2)			7.5

(vi)(B) Space-constrained products - heat pumps	(vi)(A) Space-constrained products - air conditioners	(v) Small-duct, high-velocity systems	(iv) Single-package units - heat pumps	(iii) Single-package units - air conditioners	Product class
11.9	11.7	12	13.4	13.4	Seasonal energy efficiency ratio 2 (SEER2)
6.3		6.1	6.7		Heating seasonal performance factor 2 (HSPF2)

6

 $\equiv$ In addition to meeting the applicable requirements in paragraph (c)(5) of this section, products in product classes (i) and (iii) of Energy Efficiency Ratio 2 not less than installed on or after January 1, 2023, in the southeast or southwest must have a Seasonal Energy Efficiency Ratio 2 and a paragraph (c)(5) of this section (i.e., split systems - air conditioners and single-package units - air conditioners) that are

	Southeast *	South	Southwest **
Product class	SEER2	SEER2	EER2
(i)(A) Split-systems - air conditioners with a certified cooling capacity less than 45,000 Btu/hr	14.3	14.3	14.3 14.3 11.7/9.8 †
(i)(B) Split-systems - air conditioners with a certified cooling capacity equal to or greater than 45,000 Btu/hr	13.8	13.8	13.8 11.2/9.8 ††
(iii) Single-package units - air conditioners		supposed years above	10.6

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Southeast" includes the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Florida, Georgia, Hawaii, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, Puerto Rico, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, the District of Columbia, and the U.S. Territories.

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;Southwest" includes the States of Arizona, California, Nevada, and New Mexico.

\*\*\* EER refers to the energy efficiency ratio at a standard rating of 95 °F dry bulb outdoor temperature.

t The 11.7 EER2 standard applies to products with a certified SEER2 less than 15.2. The 9.8 EER2 standard applies to products with a certified SEER2 greater than or equal to 15.2.

†† The 11.2 EER2 standard applies to products with a certified SEER2 less than 15.2. The 9.8 EER2 standard applies to products with a certified SEER2 greater than or equal to 15.2.

- $\equiv$ Any outdoor unit model that has a certified combination with a rating below the applicable standard level(s) for a region cannot be installed in that region. The least-efficient combination of each basic model must comply with this standard.
- <u>a</u> Water heaters. The uniform energy factor of water heaters shall not be less than the following:

					1		Gas-fired Storage Water Heater	Product class
			>55 gal and ≤100 gal				≥20 gal and ≤55 gal	Rated storage volume and input rating (if applicable)
High	Medium	Low	Very Small	High	Medium	Low	Very Small	Draw pattern
0.8072 - (0.0003 × V <sub>r</sub> )	0.7897 - (0.0004 × V <sub>r</sub> )	0.7689 - (0.0005 × V <sub>r</sub> )	0.6470 - (0.0006 × V <sub>r</sub> )	0.6920 - (0.0013 × V <sub>r</sub> )	0.6483 - (0.0017 × V <sub>r</sub> )	0.5982 - (0.0019 × V <sub>r</sub> )	0.3456 - (0.0020 × V <sub>r</sub> )	Uniform energy factor