



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

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ESR-2555

Reissued 11/2017 This report is subject to renewal 11/2018.

DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE

SECTION: 03 16 00—CONCRETE ANCHORS

DIVISION: 06 00 00—WOOD, PLASTICS, AND COMPOSITES

SECTION: 06 05 23—WOOD, PLASTIC, AND COMPOSITE FASTENINGS

REPORT HOLDER:

SIMPSON STRONG-TIE COMPANY INC.

5956 WEST LAS POSITAS BOULEVARD PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

SIMPSON STRONG-TIE® CAST-IN-PLACE FOUNDATION ANCHOR STRAPS



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DIVISION: 03 00 00—CONCRETE Section: 03 16 00—Concrete Anchors

DIVISION: 06 00 00—WOOD, PLASTICS, AND

COMPOSITES

Section: 06 05 23—Wood, Plastic, and Composite

Fastenings

REPORT HOLDER:

SIMPSON STRONG-TIE COMPANY INC. 5956 WEST LAS POSITAS BOULEVARD PLEASANTON, CALIFORNIA 94588 (800) 999-5099 www.strongtie.com

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

SIMPSON STRONG-TIE $^{\rm 0}$ CAST-IN-PLACE FOUNDATION ANCHOR STRAPS

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

Compliance with the following codes:

- 2015, 2012 and 2009 International Building Code® (IBC)
- 2015, 2012 and 2009 International Residential Code[®] (IRC)

Property evaluated:

Structural

2.0 **USES**

The Simpson Strong-Tie® MASA and MASAP foundation anchor straps described in this report are used to connect light-frame construction foundation plates (sill plates), having a 2-inch or 3-inch nominal thickness, to concrete foundations or foundation walls. The anchor straps are structural connectors cast-in-place into normal-weight concrete, and resist uplift and sliding forces that result from the application of code-prescribed loads for light-frame construction in accordance with Sections 1604.8.1, 2308.3.3, 2308.6, 2308.11.3.1, 2308.12.8, and 2308.12.9 of the 2012 and 2009 IBC. These foundation anchor straps may also be used under the IRC in accordance with 2015, 2012 and 2009 IRC Sections R301.1.3, R403.1.6, and R602.11.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

3.1 MASA and MASAP Foundation Anchor Straps:

The MASA and MASAP foundation anchor straps are manufactured from No. 16 gage [0.0555-inch base-metal thickness (1.4 mm)], cold-formed, galvanized sheet steel.

Each anchor strap has one end that embeds into a concrete foundation. This end of the anchor strap has two standoff legs that facilitate placement onto the concrete formwork in accordance with the installation instructions prior to placement of concrete. The other end of the foundation anchor strap extends above the concrete foundation or foundation wall and is field-bent over nominally 2-inch or 3-inch foundation sill plates (sole plates) and is fastened to the foundation sill plate or bottom track, or fastened to both the foundation sill plate or bottom track and an adjacent stud, as shown in Figure 3 and Figure 6. The MASA anchor strap is die-formed into a shape that facilitates installation at the top of concrete forms as shown in Figure 1, and the MASAP anchor strap is die-formed into a shape that facilitates installation for panelized formwork as shown in Figure 2.

3.2 Materials:

3.2.1 Connector Steel: The foundation anchor straps described in this report are manufactured from galvanized steel complying with ASTM A653, SS designation, Grade 33, with minimum yield strength, F_{y} , of 33,000 psi (227 MPa), a minimum tensile strength, Fu, of 45,000 psi (310 MPa), and a tensile elongation greater than 14 percent. The foundation anchor straps have a minimum G90 zinc coating specification in accordance with ASTM A653. The anchors are also available with a G185 zinc coating, denoted by model numbers ending with Z. Model numbers in this report do not list the Z ending, but the information shown applies. The lumber treater's recommendations or recommendations of Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc., on minimum corrosion resistance and connection capacities of connectors used with the specific proprietary preservative-treated or fire-retardant treated lumber, must be followed.

3.2.2 Cold-formed Steel (CFS) Structural Members: The allowable loads for connectors described in this evaluation report are based on CFS members (see applicable portions of <u>Table 1</u> and <u>Figure 6</u>) evaluated using No. 18 gage [43-mil (1.09 mm) base-metal thickness] steel complying with ASTM A653, Grade 33, Fy = 33 ksi, Fu = 45 ksi. Connectors used with CFS members must not be installed over sheathing.

3.2.3 Wood: Wood members with which the connectors are used must be either sawn dimension lumber or, when approved by the code official, engineered lumber complying with an ICC-ES evaluation report. The maximum moisture content is 19 percent for sawn dimension lumber and 16 percent for engineered lumber except as noted in Section 4.1 of this report, and the minimum specified specific gravity is 0.50, such as for



Douglas fir-larch. Nominally 2-inch- and 3-inch-thick wood foundation plates (sole plates) must comply with Sections 2304.3.1 and 2304.12.1.2 of the 2015 IBC, Sections 2304.3.1 and 2304.11.2.2 of the 2012 and 2009 IBC; or Sections R404.3 and R602.3.4 of the IRC. Installations over sheathing shown in Figure 5 shall be for maximum ¹/₂inch nominal sheathing thickness. The sheathing must comply with Section 2304.12.1.2 of the 2015 IBC or Section 2304.11.2.2 of the 2012 and 2009 IBC.

3.2.4 Fasteners: Nails for wood installations must comply with ASTM F1667, as referenced in Section 2303.6 of the IBC. The following table provides the minimum dimensions and bending yield strength (F_{Vb}) for the fastener used with foundation anchor straps described in this report. Selftapping screw fasteners for steel-to-steel connections must comply with ASTM C1513 and must extend through the steel connection a minimum of three exposed threads in accordance with American Iron and Steel Institute (AISI) \$200 General Provisions. See Table A below for further fastener information:

TABLE A

NAIL TYPE	SHANK DIAMETER (in.)	LENGTH (in.)	Fyb (psi)	
10d×1 ¹ / ₂ common	0.148	1 ¹ / ₂	90,000	
#10 Screw	0.190 (nominal diameter)	3/4	See Section 3.2.4 above	

For **SI:** 1 in. = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 6.89 kPa.

Fasteners used in contact with preservative-treated or fire-retardant-treated lumber must comply with Section 2304.10.5 of the 2015 IBC, Section 2304.9.5 of the 2012 and 2009 IBC, or Section R317.3 of the 2015, 2012, and 2009 IRC, as applicable.

lumber treater's recommendations recommendations of Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc., on minimum corrosion resistance and connection capacities of fasteners used with the specific proprietary preservative-treated or fire-retardant treated lumber, must be followed.

3.2.5 Concrete: Concrete must be normal-weight concrete complying with the provisions of IBC Chapter 19 or IRC Section R402.2, as applicable, and must have a minimum specified concrete compressive strength, f'_c , of 2,500 psi (17.2 MPa) at 28 days, unless required otherwise by Section 1904 of the 2015 IBC, Section 1904.2 of the 2012 IBC, Section 1904.3 of the 2009 IBC, or Section R402.2 of the IRC, as applicable.

4.0 DESIGN AND INSTALLATION

4.1 Design Strength:

The allowable loads shown in the product tables of this report are based on Allowable Stress Design (ASD) and include the load duration factor, CD, corresponding with the applicable loads in accordance with the National Design Specification® (NDS) for Wood Construction, where applicable. The allowable loads are shown for different conditions, including installation configuration (2x- and 3xwood members, CFS, standard, one leg up, two legs up, etc.), load direction (Uplift, F1, F2), load type (seismic design category or wind) and whether the concrete is cracked or uncracked. The allowable load values based on uncracked concrete are for use where analysis indicates no concrete cracking ($f_t < f_r$) at service (unfactored) load levels. Footnote 6 of Table 1 describes a procedure for converting the tabulated allowable stress (ASD) loads to strength design (LRFD) load values.

Tabulated allowable loads apply to foundation anchor straps connected to wood used under dry conditions and where sustained temperatures are 100°F (37.8°C) or less. When foundation anchor straps are nailed to wood that will experience sustained exposure to temperatures exceeding 100°F (37.8°C), the allowable loads based on wood connection strength shown in Table 1 must be adjusted by the temperature factor, C_t , specified in the NDS. When foundation anchor straps are nailed to sawn lumber having a moisture content greater than 19 percent (16 percent for engineered wood products), or where wet service is expected, the allowable loads must be adjusted by the wet service factor, C_M , specified in the NDS.

IBC Section 1613.1 contains an exception that permits detached one- and two-family dwellings assigned to Seismic Design Category (SDC) A, B, or C to be exempt from the seismic design provisions of IBC Section 1613. When this is the case, as determined by the code official, the allowable wind (or SDC A and B) loads assigned to the anchor straps in Table 1 may be used.

4.2 Installation:

The foundation anchor straps must be installed in accordance with this evaluation report and the manufacturer's published installation instructions. In the event of a conflict between this report and the manufacturer's published installation instructions, the most restrictive requirements govern. For buildings regulated under the IRC and conventional light-frame construction regulated under IBC Section 2308, the MASA and MASAP foundation anchor straps may be used to attach foundation plates (sole/sill plates) to concrete foundations or foundation walls, provided a satisfactory design is submitted to the code official showing that the specified spacing of the anchor straps provides equivalent anchorage as described in IRC Section R403.1.6 or Section R602.11.1, as applicable, or Section 2308.3 of the 2015 IBC or Sections 2308.6, 2308.12.8 and 2303.12.9 of the 2012 and 2009 IBC.

4.3 Special Inspection:

- 4.3.1 For the purpose of determining special inspection requirements, connectors may be considered to be special cases in accordance with Section 1705.1.1 of the IBC (Section 1704.15 of the 2009 IBC). Periodic special inspection shall be provided except where otherwise required or excepted by specific provisions of the IBC.
- 4.3.2 For installations under the IRC, special inspection are not required.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The Simpson Strong-Tie foundation anchor straps described in this report comply with, or are suitable alternatives to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- The connectors must be manufactured, identified and installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer's published installation instructions. A copy of the instructions must be available at the jobsite at all times during installation. In the event of a conflict between this report and the manufacturer's published installation instructions, the more restrictive requirements shall govern.
- 5.2 Calculations and details showing compliance with this report must be submitted to the code official. The calculations must be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statutes of the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed.

- 5.3 Adjustment factors noted in Section 4.1 and the applicable codes must be considered, where applicable.
- 5.4 The supporting concrete member must be designed by others to resist the applied uplift and shear forces resisted by the connectors.
- 5.5 Connected wood members and fasteners must comply with Sections 3.2.3 and 3.2.4 respectively of this report. Connected cold-formed steel members and fasteners must comply with Sections 3.2.2 and 3.2.4 respectively of this report.
- 5.6 Use of connectors with preservative- or fire-retardant-treated lumber shall be in accordance with Section 3.2.1 of this report. Use of fasteners with preservative- or fire-retardant-treated lumber shall be in accordance with Section 3.2.4 of this report.
- 5.7 Special inspection must be provided in accordance with Section 4.3 of this report.
- **5.8** The connectors are manufactured under a quality control program with inspections by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Cast-in-place Cold-formed Steel Connectors in Concrete for Light-frame Construction (AC398), dated June 2017.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

The Simpson Strong-Tie foundation anchor straps described in this report are identified with a die-stamped label or an adhesive label indicating the name of the manufacturer (Simpson Strong-Tie), the model number, and the number of an index evaluation report (ESR-2523) that is used as an identifier for the products recognized in this report.

TABLE 1—ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) LOADS FOR MASA AND MASAP FOUNDATION ANCHOR STRAPS

			OC A&B - A	Allowable Loa	ads (lbs) ^{1,4,5,6,8,9}	9,10		
Sill Size	Fasteners ²		Uncracked Concrete ^{3,7}			Cracked Concrete ^{3,7}		
	Sides	Тор	Uplift	F1	F2	Uplift	F1	F2
			STANDAR	D INSTALLAT	ION			
2x4, 2x6	3-10dx1.5	6-10dx1.5	920	1475	1095	750	1475	875
3x4, 3x6	5-10dx1.5	4-10dx1.5	630	1165	725	475	1165	725
		C	NE LEG L	IP INSTALLA				
2x4, 2x6	6-10dx1.5	3-10dx1.5	755	965	995	570	965	930
3x4, 3x6	7-10dx1.6	2-10dx1.6	-	760	-	-	760	-
		TV	NO LEGS	UP INSTALLA	TION			
2x4, 2x6 3x4, 3x6	9-10dx1.5	-	810	1105	865	620	1105	630
		DO	UBLE 2x S	SILL INSTALL	ATION			
DBL 2x4, DBL 2x6	5-10dx1.5	2-10dx1.5	840	1030	785	635	1030	785
		STANI	DARD INS	TALLATION C	N 2" CFS			
2" CFS Sill	3- #10 Screws	9- #10 Screws	645	1155	855	490	1155	630
	•	ONE L	EG UP INS	TALLATION	ON 2" CFS			
2" CFS Sill and Stud	6- #10 Screws	3- #10 Screws	-	985	-	-	985	-
		SDC C-	F - Allowa	ble Loads (Ik	os) ^{1,4,5,6,8,9,10}			
	Fasteners ²		Uncracked Concrete ^{3,7}			Cracked Concrete ^{3,7}		
Sill Size	Sides	Тор	Uplift F1 F2			Uplift F1 F2		
				D INSTALLAT		Opini		12
2x4, 2x6	3-10dx1.5	6-10dx1.5	745	1235	1045	660	1235	765
3x4, 3x6	5-10dx1.5	4-10dx1.5	550	1020	725	415	1020	640
·	•	C	NE LEG L	JP INSTALLA	TION			
2x4, 2x6	6-10dx1.5	3-10dx1.5	660	845	995	500	845	810
3x4, 3x6	7-10dx1.6	2-10dx1.6	-	665	-	-	665	-
·		TV	WO LEGS	UP INSTALLA	TION			
2x4, 2x6 3x4, 3x6	9-10dx1.5	-	740	965	755	560	965	555
2, 2		DO	UBLE 2x S	SILL INSTALL	ATION			
DBL 2x4, DBL 2x6	5-10dx1.5	2-10dx1.5	735	900	785	555	900	785
	•	STANI	DARD INS	TALLATION C	ON 2" CFS			
2" CFS Sill	3- #10 Screws	9- #10 Screws	565	1010	750	425	1010	550
		ONE LI	EG UP INS	TALLATION	ON 2" CFS			

For **SI**: 1 in. = 25.4 mm, 1 lbf = 4.45 N, 1 psi = 6.895 kPa, 1 plf = 14.59 N/m.

¹Refer to Figures 3 - 6 for illustrations of anchor straps installed to wood plates or CFS tracks and wood plate/stud or CFS track/stud. Allowable loads are applicable to anchors fastened directly to the sill plate, stud, or both. For wood installations, the members must have a S.G. ≥ 0.50 (S.G. = Specific Gravity; refer to Table 12.3.3A of the 2015 NDS, Table 11.3.3A of the 2012 NDS, and Table

^{11.3.2}A of the 2015 NDS). ²Nails and screws must comply with Section 3.2.4 of this report.

³Load direction F1 is parallel to the foundation plate wood member, and load direction F2 is perpendicular to the foundation plate wood member. For simultaneous loads in more than one direction, the connector must be evaluated using the straight line interaction

 $^{^4}$ Minimum specified concrete compressive strength, f_c must be 2,500 psi.

⁵For full allowable loads, the minimum anchor end distance is 4 inches, the minimum anchor spacing is 8 inches, and the minimum concrete stem wall width is 6-inches.

⁶Multiply tabulated seismic and wind ASD load values by 1.43 or 1.67 respectively to obtain LRFD capacities.

⁷The allowable load values based on uncracked concrete are for use where analysis indicates no concrete cracking at service (unfactored) load levels.

⁸IBC Section <u>1613.1</u> contains an exception that permits detached one- and two-family dwellings assigned to Seismic Design Category (SDC) A, B, or C to be exempt from the seismic design provisions of IBC Section 1613. When this is the case, the allowable wind loads assigned to the anchor straps should be used.

⁹The allowable loads for anchors fastened to wood members are based on allowable stress design (ASD) and include the load duration factor (C_D) corresponding with wind and earthquake loading in accordance with the NDS ($\bar{C}_D = 1.6$). No further increase is allowed.

10 Deflection at allowable load based on wood connection strength is less than or equal to 1/8 inch.

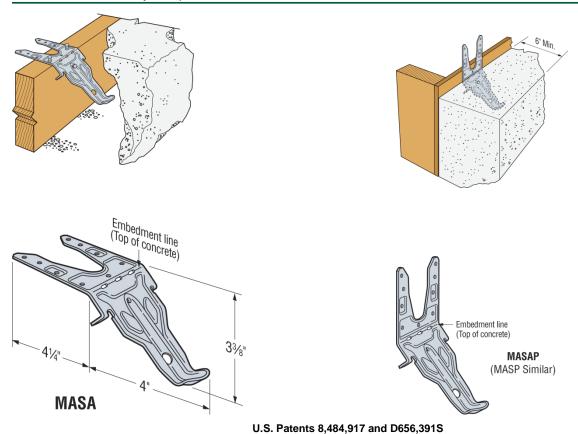


FIGURE 1—MASA FOUNDATION ANCHOR STRAP

FIGURE 2—MASAP FOUNDATION ANCHOR STRAP

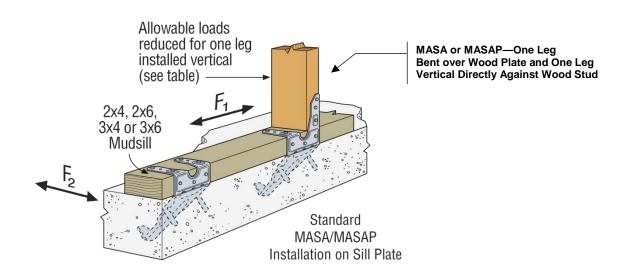
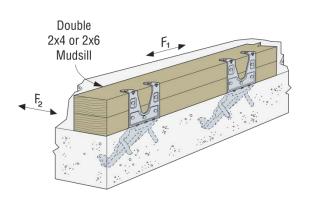


FIGURE 3—TYPICAL INSTALLATION OF MASA AND MASAP FOUNDATION ANCHOR STRAPS ON SILL PLATE



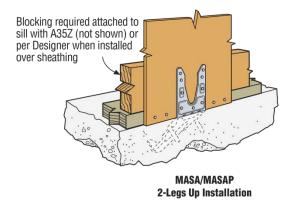


FIGURE 4—MASA/P INSTALLATION ON DOUBLE 2x MUDSILL

FIGURE 5—MASA/P INSTALLATION FOR TWO LEGS UP

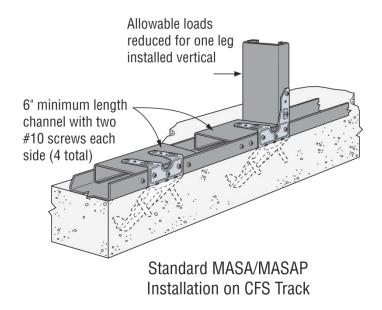


FIGURE 6—MASA/P INSTALLATION ON CFS TRACK