An act relating to building construction policies; amending s. 162.12, F.S.; providing an additional method for local governments to provide notices to alleged code enforcement violators; amending s. 373.323, F.S.; revising the requirements of an applicant to take the water well contractor licensure examination; amending s. 377.6015, F.S.; removing a provision relating to representation in the Southern States Energy Compact; amending s. 377.703, F.S.; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to include in its annual report recommendations for energy efficiency; expanding the promotion of the development and use of renewable energy resources from goals related to solar energy to renewable energy in general; requiring the department to cooperate with the Florida Energy Systems Consortium in the development and use of renewable energy resources; amending s. 377.712, F.S.; authorizing the Commissioner of Agriculture to appoint a member to the Southern States Energy Board; authorizing the member appointed by the Governor to approve proposed activities relating to furtherance of the Southern States Energy Compact; amending s. 377.801, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending...
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s. 377.802, F.S.; amending the purpose of the Florida Energy and Climate Protection Act; amending s. 377.803, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; repealing ss. 377.806 and 377.807, F.S., relating to the Solar Energy System Incentives Program and the Energy-Efficient Appliance Rebate Program, respectively; creating s. 377.815, F.S.; authorizing the department to post on its website information relating to alternative fueling stations or electric vehicle charging stations; defining the term "alternative fuel"; authorizing the owner or operator of an alternative fueling station or an electric vehicle charging station to report certain information; creating s. 377.816, F.S.; defining terms; requiring the Office of Energy to establish a program for allocating or reallocating a federally qualified energy conservation bond volume limitation; providing program requirements; amending s. 440.103, F.S.; authorizing an employer to present certain documents electronically or physically in order to show proof and certify to the permit issuer that it has secured compensation for its employees; authorizing site plans or electronically transferred building permits to be maintained at the worksite in their original form or by electronic copy; requiring

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.
such plans or permits to be open to inspection by the
building official or authorized representative;
amending s. 514.0115, F.S.; authorizing the Department
of Health to grant certain variances relating to
public swimming pools and bathing places; amending s.
514.03, F.S.; requiring application for an operating
permit before filing an application for a building
permit for a public swimming pool; amending s.
514.031, F.S.; providing additional requirements for
obtaining a public swimming pool operating permit;
providing a procedure for an applicant to respond to a
request for additional information; requiring the
Department of Health to review and provide to the
local enforcement agency and the applicant any
comments or proposed modifications to information
submitted in the application; amending s. 553.37,
F.S.; specifying inspection criteria for construction
or modification of manufactured buildings or modules;
amending s. 553.721, F.S.; making a technical change;
amending s. 553.73, F.S.; authorizing an agency or
local government to require rooftop equipment to be
installed in compliance with the Florida Building Code
if the equipment is being replaced or removed during
reroofing and is not in compliance with the Florida
Building Code's roof-mounted mechanical units

CODING: Words **stricken** are deletions; words *underlined* are additions.
requirements; providing that make-up air is not
required for certain range hood exhaust systems;
amending s. 553.74, F.S.; adding a member to the
Florida Building Commission as a representative of the
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services'
Office of Energy; deleting obsolete provisions;
amending s. 553.77, F.S.; requiring building officials
to recognize and enforce certain variance orders
issued by the Department of Health; amending s.
553.775, F.S.; authorizing building officials, local
enforcement agencies, and the Florida Building
Commission to interpret the Florida Accessibility Code
for Building Construction; specifying procedures for
such interpretations; deleting provisions relating to
declaratory statements and interpretations of the
Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction,
to conform; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; prohibiting a
local enforcing agency from issuing a building permit
for a public swimming pool without proof of
application for an operating permit; requiring
issuance of an operating permit before a certificate
of completion or occupancy is issued; requiring the
local enforcing agency to review the building permit
application upon filing; authorizing such agency to
confer with the Department of Health if it doesn't
delay review of the application; authorizing site
plans or building permits to be maintained at the
worksite in their original form or in the form of an
electronic copy; requiring the permit to be open to
inspection; amending s. 553.80, F.S.; requiring
counties and municipalities to expedite building
construction permitting, building plans review, and
inspections of projects of certain public schools,
rather than certain public school districts; amending
s. 553.841, F.S.; revising education and training
requirements of the Florida Building Code Compliance
and Mitigation Program; creating s. 553.883, F.S.;
authorizing use of smoke alarms powered by 10-year
nonremovable, nonreplaceable batteries in certain
circumstances; requiring use of such alarms by a
certain date; providing an exemption; amending s.
553.993, F.S.; redefining the term "building energy-
efficiency rating system" to require consistency with
certain national standards for new construction and
existing construction; providing for oversight;
amending s. 633.202, F.S.; exempting certain tents
from the Florida Fire Prevention Code; amending s.
633.212, F.S.; removing the requirement that an
alternate member of the Fire Code Interpretation
Committee provide notice to the committee in order to
respond to a nonbinding interpretation when a member
is unable to respond; providing effective dates.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 162.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to
read:

162.12 Notices.—
(1) All notices required by this part must be provided to
the alleged violator by:
(a) Certified mail, and at the option of the local
government return receipt requested, to the address listed in
the tax collector's office for tax notices or to the address
listed in the county property appraiser's database. The local
government may also provide an additional notice to any other
address it may find for the property owner. For property owned
by a corporation, notices may be provided by certified mail to
the registered agent of the corporation. If any notice sent by
certified mail is not signed as received within 30 days after
the postmarked date of mailing, notice may be provided by
posting as described in subparagraphs (2)(b)1. and 2.;
(b) Hand delivery by the sheriff or other law enforcement
officer, code inspector, or other person designated by the local
governing body;
(c) Leaving the notice at the violator's usual place of

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residence with any person residing therein who is above 15 years of age and informing such person of the contents of the notice; or

(d) In the case of commercial premises, leaving the notice with the manager or other person in charge.

(2) In addition to providing notice as set forth in subsection (1), at the option of the code enforcement board or the local government, notice may be served by publication or posting, as follows:

(a)1. Such notice shall be published once during each week for 4 consecutive weeks (four publications being sufficient) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the code enforcement board is located. The newspaper shall meet such requirements as are prescribed under chapter 50 for legal and official advertisements.

2. Proof of publication shall be made as provided in ss. 50.041 and 50.051.

(b)1. In lieu of publication as described in paragraph (a), such notice may be posted at least 10 days prior to the hearing, or prior to the expiration of any deadline contained in the notice, in at least two locations, one of which shall be the property upon which the violation is alleged to exist and the other of which shall be, in the case of municipalities, at the primary municipal government office, and in the case of counties, at the front door of the courthouse or the main county
2. Proof of posting shall be by affidavit of the person posting the notice, which affidavit shall include a copy of the notice posted and the date and places of its posting.

(c) Notice by publication or posting may run concurrently with, or may follow, an attempt or attempts to provide notice by hand delivery or by mail as required under subsection (1).

(3) Evidence that an attempt has been made to hand deliver or mail notice as provided in subsection (1), together with proof of publication or posting as provided in subsection (2), shall be sufficient to show that the notice requirements of this part have been met, without regard to whether or not the alleged violator actually received such notice.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 373.323, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373.323 Licensure of water well contractors; application, qualifications, and examinations; equipment identification.—

(3) An applicant who meets the following requirements shall be entitled to take the water well contractor licensure examination:

(b) Has at least 2 years of experience in constructing, repairing, or abandoning water wells. Satisfactory proof of such experience shall be demonstrated by providing:

1. Evidence of the length of time the applicant has been engaged in the business of the construction, repair, or
abandonment of water wells as a major activity, as attested to by a letter from three of the following persons:

- a. a water well contractor and a letter from-
- b. A water well driller.
- c. A water well parts and equipment vendor.
- d. a water well inspector employed by a governmental agency.

2. A list of at least 10 water wells that the applicant has constructed, repaired, or abandoned within the preceding 5 years. Of these wells, at least seven must have been constructed, as defined in s. 373.303(2), by the applicant. The list shall also include:

- a. The name and address of the owner or owners of each well.
- b. The location, primary use, and approximate depth and diameter of each well that the applicant has constructed, repaired, or abandoned.
- c. The approximate date the construction, repair, or abandonment of each well was completed.

Section 3. Paragraphs (f) through (i) of subsection (2) of section 377.6015, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (e) through (h), respectively, and present paragraph (e) of that section is amended, to read:

377.6015 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; powers and duties.—
(2) The department shall:

(e) Represent Florida in the Southern States Energy Compact pursuant to ss. 377.71-377.712.

Section 4. Paragraphs (f), (h), and (i) of subsection (2) of section 377.703, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

377.703 Additional functions of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.—

(2) DUTIES.—The department shall perform the following functions, unless as otherwise provided, consistent with the development of a state energy policy:

(f) The department shall submit an annual report to the Governor and the Legislature reflecting its activities and making recommendations for policies for improvement of the state's response to energy supply and demand and its effect on the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of this state people of Florida. The report shall include a report from the Florida Public Service Commission on electricity and natural gas and information on energy conservation programs conducted and underway in the past year and shall include recommendations for energy efficiency and conservation programs for the state, including, but not limited to, the following factors:

1. Formulation of specific recommendations for improvement in the efficiency of energy utilization in governmental, residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors.

2. Collection and dissemination of information relating to
energy efficiency and conservation.

3. Development and conduct of educational and training programs relating to energy efficiency and conservation.

4. An analysis of the ways in which state agencies are seeking to implement s. 377.601(2), the state energy policy, and recommendations for better fulfilling this policy.

(h) The department shall promote the development and use of renewable energy resources, in conformance with chapter 187 and s. 377.601, by:

1. Establishing goals and strategies for increasing the use of renewable solar energy in this state.

2. Aiding and promoting the commercialization of renewable energy resources solar energy technology, in cooperation with the Florida Energy Systems Consortium, the Florida Solar Energy Center, Enterprise Florida, Inc., and any other federal, state, or local governmental agency that may seek to promote research, development, and the demonstration of renewable solar energy equipment and technology.

3. Identifying barriers to greater use of renewable energy resources solar energy systems in this state, and developing specific recommendations for overcoming identified barriers, with findings and recommendations to be submitted annually in the report to the Governor and Legislature required under paragraph (f).

4. In cooperation with the Department of Environmental
Protection, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Economic Opportunity, Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Florida Economic Systems Consortium, the Florida Solar Energy Center, and the Florida Solar Energy Industries Association, investigating opportunities, pursuant to the national Energy Policy Act of 1992, the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992, and any subsequent federal legislation, for renewable energy resources, solar electric vehicles, and other renewable energy manufacturing, distribution, installation, and financing efforts that will enhance this state's position as the leader in renewable energy research, development, and use.

5. Undertaking other initiatives to advance the development and use of renewable energy resources in this state.

In the exercise of its responsibilities under this paragraph, the department shall seek the assistance of the renewable energy industry in this state and other interested parties and may be authorized to enter into contracts, retain professional consulting services, and expend funds appropriated by the Legislature for such purposes.

(i) The department shall promote energy efficiency and conservation in all energy use sectors throughout the state and shall constitute the state agency primarily responsible for this function. The Department of Management Services, in consultation with the department, shall coordinate the energy
conservation programs of all state agencies and review and comment on the energy conservation programs of all state agencies.

Section 5. Section 377.712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

377.712 Florida participation.—
(1)(a) The Governor shall appoint one member of the Southern States Energy Board. The member or the Governor may designate another person as the deputy or assistant to such member.

(b) The Commissioner of Agriculture may appoint one member of the Southern States Energy Board. The member or the commissioner may designate another person as the assistant or deputy to such member.

(c) The President of the Senate shall appoint one member of the Southern States Energy Board. The member or the president may designate another person as the assistant or deputy to such member.

(d) The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one member of the Southern States Energy Board. The member or the speaker may designate another person as the assistant or deputy to such member.

(2) Any supplementary agreement entered into under s. 377.711(6) requiring the expenditure of funds may not become effective as to Florida until the required funds are
appropriated by the Legislature.

(3) Departments, agencies, and officers of this state, and its subdivisions are authorized to cooperate with the board in the furtherance of any of its activities pursuant to the compact, provided such proposed activities have been made known to, and have the approval of, either the Governor or the member appointed by the Governor, Department of Health.

Section 6. Section 377.801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

377.801 Short title.—Sections 377.801-377.804 may be cited as the "Florida Energy and Climate Protection Act."

Section 7. Section 377.802, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

377.802 Purpose.—This act is intended to provide incentives for Florida's citizens, businesses, school districts, and local governments to take action to diversify the state's energy supplies, reduce dependence on foreign oil, and mitigate the effects of climate change by providing funding for activities designed to achieve these goals. The grant programs in this act are intended to stimulate capital investment in and enhance the market for renewable energy technologies and technologies intended to diversify Florida's energy supplies, reduce dependence on foreign oil, and combat or limit climate change impacts. This act is also intended to provide incentives...
for the purchase of energy-efficient appliances and rebates for solar energy equipment installations for residential and commercial buildings.

Section 8. Section 377.803, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

377.803 Definitions.—As used in ss. 377.801-377.804, the term:

(1) "Act" means the Florida Energy and Climate Protection Act.

(2) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

(3) "Person" means an individual, partnership, joint venture, private or public corporation, association, firm, public service company, or any other public or private entity.

(4) "Renewable energy" means electrical, mechanical, or thermal energy produced from a method that uses one or more of the following fuels or energy sources: hydrogen, biomass, as defined in s. 366.91, solar energy, geothermal energy, wind energy, ocean energy, waste heat, or hydroelectric power.

(5) "Renewable energy technology" means any technology that generates or utilizes a renewable energy resource.

(6) "Solar energy system" means equipment that provides for the collection and use of incident solar energy for water heating, space heating or cooling, or other applications that would normally require a conventional source of energy such as
petroleum products, natural gas, or electricity that performs primarily with solar energy. In other systems in which solar energy is used in a supplemental way, only those components that collect and transfer solar energy shall be included in this definition.

(7) "Solar photovoltaic system" means a device that converts incident sunlight into electrical current.

(8) "Solar thermal system" means a device that traps heat from incident sunlight in order to heat water.

Section 9. Sections 377.806 and 377.807, Florida Statutes, are repealed.

Section 10. Section 377.815, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

377.815 Alternative fueling stations and electric vehicle charging stations.—The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services may post information on its website relating to alternative fueling stations or electric vehicle charging stations that are available for public use in this state.

(1) As used in this section, the term "alternative fuel" means nontraditional transportation fuel, such as pure methanol, ethanol, and other alcohols; blends of 85 percent or more of alcohol with gasoline; natural gas and liquid fuels domestically produced from natural gas; liquefied petroleum gas; coal-derived liquid fuels; hydrogen; electricity; pure biodiesel; fuels, other than alcohol, derived from biological materials; and P-
series fuels.

(2) An owner or operator of an alternative fueling station that is available in this state may report the following information to the department:
(a) The type of alternative fuel available;
(b) The station's name, address, or location; or
(c) The fees or costs associated with the alternative fuel that is available for purchase.

(3) The owner or operator of an electric vehicle charging station that is available in this state may report the following information to the department:
(a) The station's name, address, or location; or
(b) The fees or costs, if any, associated with the electric vehicle charging services provided by the station.

Section 11. Section 377.816, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

377.816 Qualified energy conservation bond allocation.—
(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
(a) "Eligible issuer" means an entity that is created under or pursuant to the constitution or laws of this state and that is authorized by this state to issue bonds or enter into a lease-purchase agreement, or any other entity in this state authorized to issue qualified energy conservation bonds pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.
(b) "Office" means the Office of Energy within the
Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

(c) "Qualified energy conservation bond" means a bond described in 26 U.S.C. s. 54D(a).

(d) "Qualified project" means a project eligible to be financed pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 54D(f).

(2) ALLOCATION OF STATE VOLUME LIMITATION.—

(a) The office shall establish an allocation program for allocating or reallocating the qualified energy conservation bond volume limitation provided by 26 U.S.C. s. 54D. The allocation program must provide notification of all mandatory allocations required or authorized pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.

1. All mandatory allocations pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 54D(e)(2)(A) shall be allocated to eligible issuers as provided therein.

2. An eligible issuer receiving a mandatory allocation pursuant to subparagraph 1. may elect to reallocate all or any portion of its allocation back to the state pursuant to 26 U.S.C. s. 54D(e)(2)(B).

(b) The office may reallocate to eligible issuers in the state any allocation that was retained by the state from the original federal allocation or any allocation that is waived by an eligible issuer pursuant to subparagraph (a)2.

(c) Each eligible issuer receiving an allocation shall notify the department in writing of the amount of bonds issued
and any other information relating to the bonds or the
allocation at such time and in such manner as is required by the
office.

(d) A bond subject to the limitations provided in 26
U.S.C. s. 54D may not be issued in this state unless issued
pursuant to this section.

(3) INFORMATION AVAILABILITY.—The office shall determine
the amount of qualified energy conservation bond allocations for
each qualified issuer in this state under 26 U.S.C. s. 54D and
shall make such information available upon request to any person
or agency.

Section 12. Section 440.103, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:

440.103 Building permits; identification of minimum
premium policy.—Every employer shall, as a condition to applying
for and receiving a building permit, show proof and certify to
the permit issuer that it has secured compensation for its
employees under this chapter as provided in ss. 440.10 and
440.38. Such proof of compensation must be evidenced by a
certificate of coverage issued by the carrier, a valid exemption
certificate approved by the department, or a copy of the
employer's authority to self-insure and shall be presented,
electronically or physically, each time the employer applies for
a building permit. As provided in s. 553.79(19), for the purpose
of inspection and record retention, site plans or building
permits may be maintained at the worksite in the original form or in the form of an electronic copy. These plans and permits must be open to inspection by the building official or a duly authorized representative, as required by the Florida Building Code. As provided in s. 627.413(5), each certificate of coverage must show, on its face, whether or not coverage is secured under the minimum premium provisions of rules adopted by rating organizations licensed pursuant to s. 627.221. The words "minimum premium policy" or equivalent language shall be typed, printed, stamped, or legibly handwritten.

Section 13. Subsection (5) of section 514.0115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

(5) The department may grant variances from any rule adopted under this chapter pursuant to procedures adopted by department rule. The department may also grant, pursuant to procedures adopted by department rule, variances from the provisions of the Florida Building Code specifically pertaining to public swimming pools and bathing places when requested by the pool owner or their representative to relieve hardship in cases involving deviations from the Florida Building Code provisions, when it is shown that the hardship was not caused intentionally by the action of the applicant, where no reasonable alternative exists, and the health and safety of the
501 pool patrons is not at risk.
502
503 Section 14. Effective October 1, 2014, section 514.03,
504 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
505
514.03 Approval necessary to construct, develop, or modify
506 public swimming pools or public bathing places.—
507
508 (1) A person or public body desiring to construct,
509 develop, or modify a public swimming pool must submit an
510 application, containing the information required under s.
511 514.031(1)(a)1.–6. to the department for an operating permit
512 before filing an application for a building permit under s.
513 553.79. A copy of the final inspection required under s.
514 514.031(1)(a)5. shall be submitted to the department upon
515 receipt by the applicant. The application shall be deemed
516 incomplete pursuant to s. 120.60 until such copy is submitted to
517 the department.
518
519 (2) Local governments or local enforcement districts may
520 determine compliance with the general construction standards of
521 the Florida Building Code, pursuant to s. 553.80. Local
522 governments or local enforcement districts may conduct plan
523 reviews and inspections of public swimming pools and public
524 bathing places for this purpose.
525
526 Section 15. Effective October 1, 2014, paragraph (a) of
527 subsection (1) of section 514.031, Florida Statutes, is amended,
528 present paragraphs (b) and (c) of that subsection are
529 redesignated as paragraphs (c) and (d), respectively, and a new
paragraph (b) is added to that subsection, to read:

514.031 Permit necessary to operate public swimming pool.—
(1) It is unlawful for any person or public body to operate or continue to operate any public swimming pool without a valid permit from the department, such permit to be obtained in the following manner:

(a) Any person or public body desiring to operate any public swimming pool shall file an application for an operating permit with the department, on application forms provided by the department, and shall accompany such application with:

1. A description of the structure, its appurtenances, and its operation.
2. A description of the source or sources of water supply, and the amount and quality of water available and intended to be used.
3. The method and manner of water purification, treatment, disinfection, and heating.
4. The safety equipment and standards to be used.
5. A copy of the final inspection from the local enforcement agency as defined in s. 553.71.
6. Any other pertinent information deemed necessary by the department.

(b) The applicant shall respond to a request for additional information due to an incomplete application for an operating permit pursuant to s. 120.60. Upon receipt of an...
application, whether complete or incomplete, as required in s. 514.03 and as set forth under this section, the department shall review and provide to the local enforcement agency and the applicant any comment or proposed modifications on the information received pursuant to subparagraphs (a)1.-6.

Section 16. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 553.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.37 Rules; inspections; and insignia.— (1) The Florida Building Commission shall adopt within the Florida Building Code requirements for construction or modification of manufactured buildings and building modules, to address:

(c) Minimum Inspection criteria, which shall require the approved inspection agency to:

1. Observe the first building built, or with regard to components, observe the first unit assembled, after certification of the manufacturer, from start to finish, inspecting all subsystems: electrical, plumbing, structural, mechanical, or thermal.

2. Continue observation of the manufacturing process until the approved inspection agency determines that the manufacturer's quality control program, in conjunction with the application of the plans approved by the approved inspection agency, will result in a building and components that meet or exceed the applicable Florida Building Code requirements.
3. Thereafter, inspect each module produced during at least one point of the manufacturing process and inspect at least 75 percent of the subsystems of each module: electrical, plumbing, structural, mechanical, or thermal.

4. With respect to components, inspect at least 75 percent of the manufactured building components and at least 20 percent of the storage sheds that are not designed for human habitation and that have a floor area of 720 square feet or less.

Section 17. Section 553.721, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.721 Surcharge.—In order for the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to administer and carry out the purposes of this part and related activities, there is created a surcharge, to be assessed at the rate of 1.5 percent of the permit fees associated with enforcement of the Florida Building Code as defined by the uniform account criteria and specifically the uniform account code for building permits adopted for local government financial reporting pursuant to s. 218.32. The minimum amount collected on any permit issued shall be $2. The unit of government responsible for collecting a permit fee pursuant to s. 125.56(4) or s. 166.201 shall collect the surcharge and electronically remit the funds collected to the department on a quarterly calendar basis for the preceding quarter and continuing each third month thereafter. The unit of government shall retain 10 percent of the surcharge collected to
fund the participation of building departments in the national
and state building code adoption processes and to provide
education related to enforcement of the Florida Building Code.
All funds remitted to the department pursuant to this section
shall be deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund.
Funds collected from the surcharge shall be allocated to fund
the Florida Building Commission and the Florida Building Code
Compliance and Mitigation Program under s. 553.841. Beginning in
the 2013-2014 fiscal year, Funds allocated to the Florida
Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program shall be
$925,000 each fiscal year. The funds collected from the
surcharge may not be used to fund research on techniques for
mitigation of radon in existing buildings. Funds used by the
department as well as funds to be transferred to the Department
of Health shall be as prescribed in the annual General
Appropriations Act. The department shall adopt rules governing
the collection and remittance of surcharges pursuant to chapter
120.

Section 18. Subsection (15) of section 553.73, Florida
Statutes, is amended, and subsection (18) is added to that
section, to read:

553.73 Florida Building Code.—

(15) An agency or local government may not require that
existing mechanical equipment located on or above the surface of
a roof be installed in compliance with the requirements of the
Florida Building Code except when until the equipment is being required to be removed or replaced or moved during reroofing and is not in compliance with the provisions of the Florida Building Code relating to roof-mounted mechanical units.

(18) In a single-family dwelling, make-up air is not required for range hood exhaust systems capable of exhausting:

(a) Four hundred cubic feet per minute or less; or

(b) More than 400 cubic feet per minute but no more than 800 cubic feet per minute if there are no gravity vent appliances within the conditioned living space of the structure.

Section 19. Subsection (1) of section 553.74, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.74 Florida Building Commission.—

(1) The Florida Building Commission is created and located within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation for administrative purposes. Members are appointed by the Governor subject to confirmation by the Senate. The commission is composed of 27 members, consisting of the following:

(a) One architect registered to practice in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The American Institute of Architects, Florida Section, is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(b) One structural engineer registered to practice in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Engineering Society is encouraged to recommend a list of
candidates for consideration.

(c) One air-conditioning or mechanical contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Air Conditioning Contractors Association, the Florida Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Contractors Association, and the Mechanical Contractors Association of Florida are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(d) One electrical contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Association of Electrical Contractors Association and the National Electrical Contractors Association, Florida Chapter, are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(e) One member from fire protection engineering or technology who is actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Chapter of the Society of Fire Protection Engineers and the Florida Fire Marshals and Inspectors Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(f) One general contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Associated Builders and Contractors of Florida, the Florida Associated General Contractors Council, and the Union Contractors Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.
(g) One plumbing contractor licensed to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Association of Plumbing, Heating, and Cooling Contractors is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(h) One roofing or sheet metal contractor certified to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Roofing, Sheet Metal, and Air Conditioning Contractors Association and the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(i) One residential contractor licensed to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Home Builders Association is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(j) Three members who are municipal or district codes enforcement officials, one of whom is also a fire official. The Building Officials Association of Florida and the Florida Fire Marshals and Inspectors Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(k) One member who represents the Department of Financial Services.

(l) One member who is a county codes enforcement official. The Building Officials Association of Florida is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(m) One member of a Florida-based organization of persons
with disabilities or a nationally chartered organization of
persons with disabilities with chapters in this state.

    (n) One member of the manufactured buildings industry who
is licensed to do business in this state and is actively engaged
in the industry. The Florida Manufactured Housing Association is
encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

    (o) One mechanical or electrical engineer registered to
practice in this state and actively engaged in the profession.
The Florida Engineering Society is encouraged to recommend a
list of candidates for consideration.

    (p) One member who is a representative of a municipality
or a charter county. The Florida League of Cities and the
Florida Association of Counties are encouraged to recommend a
list of candidates for consideration.

    (q) One member of the building products manufacturing
industry who is authorized to do business in this state and is
actively engaged in the industry. The Florida Building Material
Association, the Florida Concrete and Product Products
Association, and the Fenestration Manufacturers Association are
encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

    (r) One member who is a representative of the building
owners and managers industry who is actively engaged in
commercial building ownership or management. The Building Owners
and Managers Association is encouraged to recommend a list of
candidates for consideration.
(s) One member who is a representative of the insurance industry. The Florida Insurance Council is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(t) One member who is a representative of public education.

(u) One member who is a swimming pool contractor licensed to do business in this state and actively engaged in the profession. The Florida Swimming Pool Association and the United Pool and Spa Association are encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(v) One member who is a representative of the green building industry and who is a third-party commission agent, a Florida board member of the United States Green Building Council or Green Building Initiative, a professional who is accredited under the International Green Construction Code (IGCC), or a professional who is accredited under Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED).

(w) One member who is a representative of a natural gas distribution system and who is actively engaged in the distribution of natural gas in this state. The Florida Natural Gas Association is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates for consideration.

(x) One member who is a representative of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services' Office of Energy. The Commissioner of Agriculture is encouraged to recommend a list of candidates.
candidates for consideration.

(y)(x) One member who shall be the chair.

Any person serving on the commission under paragraph (e) or paragraph (h) on October 1, 2003, and who has served less than two full terms is eligible for reappointment to the commission regardless of whether he or she meets the new qualification.

Section 20. Subsection (7) is added to section 553.77, Florida Statutes, to read:

553.77 Specific powers of the commission.—

(7) Building officials shall recognize and enforce variance orders issued by the Department of Health pursuant to s. 514.0115(5), including any conditions attached to the granting of the variance.

Section 21. Section 553.775, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.775 Interpretations.—

(1) It is the intent of the Legislature that the Florida Building Code and the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction be interpreted by building officials, local enforcement agencies, and the commission in a manner that protects the public safety, health, and welfare at the most reasonable cost to the consumer by ensuring uniform interpretations throughout the state and by providing processes for resolving disputes regarding interpretations of the Florida
Building Code and the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which are just and expeditious.

(2) Local enforcement agencies, local building officials, state agencies, and the commission shall interpret provisions of the Florida Building Code and the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction in a manner that is consistent with declaratory statements and interpretations entered by the commission, except that conflicts between the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Florida Building Code shall be resolved in accordance with s. 553.73(11)(c) and (d).

(3) The following procedures may be invoked regarding interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction:

(a) Upon written application by any substantially affected person or state agency or by a local enforcement agency, the commission shall issue declaratory statements pursuant to s. 120.565 relating to the enforcement or administration by local governments of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.

(b) When requested in writing by any substantially affected person or state agency or by a local enforcement agency, the commission shall issue a declaratory statement pursuant to s. 120.565 relating to this part and ss. 515.25, 515.27, 515.29, and 515.37. Actions of the commission are subject to judicial review under s. 120.68.
(c) The commission shall review decisions of local building officials and local enforcement agencies regarding interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction after the local board of appeals has considered the decision, if such board exists, and if such appeals process is concluded within 25 business days.

1. The commission shall coordinate with the Building Officials Association of Florida, Inc., to designate panels composed of five members to hear requests to review decisions of local building officials. The members must be licensed as building code administrators under part XII of chapter 468 and must have experience interpreting and enforcing provisions of the Florida Building Code and the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.

2. Requests to review a decision of a local building official interpreting provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction may be initiated by any substantially affected person, including an owner or builder subject to a decision of a local building official or an association of owners or builders having members who are subject to a decision of a local building official. In order to initiate review, the substantially affected person must file a petition with the commission. The commission shall adopt a form for the petition, which shall be published on the
Building Code Information System. The form shall, at a minimum, require the following:

a. The name and address of the county or municipality in which provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction are being interpreted.

b. The name and address of the local building official who has made the interpretation being appealed.

c. The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner; the name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any; and an explanation of how the petitioner's substantial interests are being affected by the local interpretation of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.

d. A statement of the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which are being interpreted by the local building official.

e. A statement of the interpretation given to provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction by the local building official and the manner in which the interpretation was rendered.

f. A statement of the interpretation that the petitioner contends should be given to the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and a statement supporting the petitioner's
interpretation.

g. Space for the local building official to respond in writing. The space shall, at a minimum, require the local building official to respond by providing a statement admitting or denying the statements contained in the petition and a statement of the interpretation of the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which the local jurisdiction or the local building official contends is correct, including the basis for the interpretation.

3. The petitioner shall submit the petition to the local building official, who shall place the date of receipt on the petition. The local building official shall respond to the petition in accordance with the form and shall return the petition along with his or her response to the petitioner within 5 days after receipt, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. The petitioner may file the petition with the commission at any time after the local building official provides a response. If no response is provided by the local building official, the petitioner may file the petition with the commission 10 days after submission of the petition to the local building official and shall note that the local building official did not respond.

4. Upon receipt of a petition that meets the requirements of subparagraph 2., the commission shall immediately provide
copies of the petition to a panel, and the commission shall
publish the petition, including any response submitted by the
local building official, on the Building Code Information System
in a manner that allows interested persons to address the issues
by posting comments.

5. The panel shall conduct proceedings as necessary to
resolve the issues; shall give due regard to the petitions, the
response, and to comments posed on the Building Code Information
System; and shall issue an interpretation regarding the
provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida
Accessibility Code for Building Construction within 21 days
after the filing of the petition. The panel shall render a
determination based upon the Florida Building Code or the
Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction or, if the
code is ambiguous, the intent of the code. The panel's
interpretation shall be provided to the commission, which shall
publish the interpretation on the Building Code Information
System and in the Florida Administrative Register. The
interpretation shall be considered an interpretation entered by
the commission, and shall be binding upon the parties and upon
all jurisdictions subject to the Florida Building Code or the
Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction, unless it
is superseded by a declaratory statement issued by the Florida
Building Commission or by a final order entered after an appeal
proceeding conducted in accordance with subparagraph 7.
6. It is the intent of the Legislature that review proceedings be completed within 21 days after the date that a petition seeking review is filed with the commission, and the time periods set forth in this paragraph may be waived only upon consent of all parties.

7. Any substantially affected person may appeal an interpretation rendered by a hearing officer panel by filing a petition with the commission. Such appeals shall be initiated in accordance with chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure and must be filed within 30 days after publication of the interpretation on the Building Code Information System or in the Florida Administrative Register. Hearings shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure. Decisions of the commission are subject to judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68. The final order of the commission is binding upon the parties and upon all jurisdictions subject to the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.

8. The burden of proof in any proceeding initiated in accordance with subparagraph 7. is on the party who initiated the appeal.

9. In any review proceeding initiated in accordance with this paragraph, including any proceeding initiated in accordance with subparagraph 7., the fact that an owner or builder has proceeded with construction may not be grounds for determining
an issue to be moot if the issue is one that is likely to arise in the future.

This paragraph provides the exclusive remedy for addressing requests to review local interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and appeals from review proceedings.

(d) Upon written application by any substantially affected person, contractor, or designer, or a group representing a substantially affected person, contractor, or designer, the commission shall issue or cause to be issued a formal interpretation of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction as prescribed by paragraph (c).

(e) Local decisions declaring structures to be unsafe and subject to repair or demolition are not subject to review under this subsection and may not be appealed to the commission if the local governing body finds that there is an immediate danger to the health and safety of the public.

(f) Upon written application by any substantially affected person, the commission shall issue a declaratory statement pursuant to s. 120.565 relating to an agency's interpretation and enforcement of the specific provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which the agency is authorized to enforce. This
subsection does not provide any powers, other than advisory, to the commission with respect to any decision of the State Fire Marshal made pursuant to chapter 633.

(g) The commission may designate a commission member who has demonstrated expertise in interpreting building plans to attend each meeting of the advisory council created in s. 553.512. The commission member may vary from meeting to meeting, shall serve on the council in a nonvoting capacity, and shall receive per diem and expenses as provided in s. 553.74(3).

(h) The commission shall by rule establish an informal process of rendering nonbinding interpretations of the Florida Building Code and the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction. The commission is specifically authorized to refer interpretive issues to organizations that represent those engaged in the construction industry. The commission shall immediately implement the process before completing formal rulemaking. It is the intent of the Legislature that the commission create a process to refer questions to a small, rotating group of individuals licensed under part XII of chapter 468, to which a party may pose questions regarding the interpretation of code provisions. It is the intent of the Legislature that the process provide for the expeditious resolution of the issues presented and publication of the resulting interpretation on the Building Code Information System. Such interpretations shall be advisory only and
nonbinding on the parties and the commission.

(4) In order to administer this section, the commission may adopt by rule and impose a fee for filing requests for declaratory statements and binding and nonbinding interpretations to recoup the cost of the proceedings which may not exceed $125 for each request for a nonbinding interpretation and $250 for each request for a binding review or interpretation. For proceedings conducted by or in coordination with a third party, the rule may provide that payment be made directly to the third party, who shall remit to the department that portion of the fee necessary to cover the costs of the department.

(5) The commission may render declaratory statements in accordance with s. 120.565 relating to the provisions of the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction not attributable to the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and chapter 11 of the Florida Building Code may not be interpreted by, and are not subject to review under, any of the procedures specified in this section. This subsection has no effect upon the commission's authority to waive the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction as provided by s. 553.512.

Section 22. Effective October 1, 2014, present subsections
(11) through (18) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (12) through (19), respectively, a new subsection (11) is added to that section, and present subsection (18) is amended, to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.—

(11) The local enforcing agency may not issue a building permit to construct, develop, or modify a public swimming pool without proof of application, whether complete or incomplete, for an operating permit pursuant to s. 514.031. A certificate of completion or occupancy may not be issued until such operating permit is issued. The local enforcing agency shall conduct their review of the building permit application upon filing and in accordance with this chapter. The local enforcing agency may confer with the Department of Health, if necessary, but may not delay the building permit application review while awaiting comment from the Department of Health.

(19) For the purpose of inspection and record retention, site plans or building permits for a building may be maintained in the original form or in the form of an electronic copy at the worksite. These plans and permits must be open to inspection by the building official or a duly authorized representative, as required by the Florida Building Code.

Section 23. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section 553.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.80 Enforcement.—

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.
(6) Notwithstanding any other law, state universities, community colleges, and public school districts shall be subject to enforcement of the Florida Building Code under this part.

(b) If a state university, state community college, or public school district elects to use a local government's code enforcement offices:

1. Fees charged by counties and municipalities for enforcement of the Florida Building Code on buildings, structures, and facilities of state universities, state colleges, and public school districts may not be more than the actual labor and administrative costs incurred for plans review and inspections to ensure compliance with the code.

2. Counties and municipalities shall expedite building construction permitting, building plans review, and inspections of projects of state universities, state community colleges, and public school districts that are subject to the Florida Building Code according to guidelines established by the Florida Building Commission.

3. A party substantially affected by an interpretation of the Florida Building Code by the local government's code enforcement offices may appeal the interpretation to the local government's board of adjustment and appeal or to the commission under s. 553.775 if no local board exists. The decision of a local board is reviewable in accordance with s. 553.775.
This part may not be construed to authorize counties, municipalities, or code enforcement districts to conduct any permitting, plans review, or inspections not covered by the Florida Building Code. Any actions by counties or municipalities not in compliance with this part may be appealed to the Florida Building Commission. The commission, upon a determination that actions not in compliance with this part have delayed permitting or construction, may suspend the authority of a county, municipality, or code enforcement district to enforce the Florida Building Code on the buildings, structures, or facilities of a state university, state community college, or public school district and provide for code enforcement at the expense of the state university, state community college, or public school district.

Section 24. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 553.841, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.841 Building code compliance and mitigation program.—

(1) The Legislature finds that knowledge and understanding by persons licensed or employed in the design and construction industries of the importance and need for complying with the Florida Building Code and related laws is vital to the public health, safety, and welfare of this state, especially for protecting consumers and mitigating damage caused by hurricanes to residents and visitors to the state. The Legislature further finds that the Florida Building Code can be effective only if...
all participants in the design and construction industries
maintain a thorough knowledge of the code, code compliance and
enforcement, duties related to consumers, and changes that
additions thereto which improve construction standards, project
completion, and compliance of design and construction to protect
against consumer harm, storm damage, and other damage.

Consequently, the Legislature finds that there is a need for a
program to provide ongoing education and outreach activities
concerning compliance with the Florida Building Code, the
Florida Fire Prevention Code, construction plan and permitting
requirements, construction liens, and hurricane mitigation.

(2) The Department of Business and Professional Regulation
shall administer a program, designated as the Florida Building
Code Compliance and Mitigation Program, to develop, coordinate,
and maintain education and outreach to persons required to
comply with the Florida Building Code and related provisions as
specified in subsection (1) and ensure consistent education,
training, and communication of the code's requirements,
including, but not limited to, methods for design and
construction compliance and mitigation of storm-related damage.
The program shall also operate a clearinghouse through which
design, construction, and building code enforcement licensees,
suppliers, and consumers in this state may find others in order
to exchange information relating to mitigation and facilitate
repairs in the aftermath of a natural disaster.
Section 25. Section 553.883, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

553.883 Smoke alarms in one-family and two-family dwellings and townhomes.—One-family and two-family dwellings and townhomes undergoing a repair, or a level 1 alteration as defined in the Florida Building Code, may use smoke alarms powered by 10-year nonremovable, nonreplaceable batteries in lieu of retrofitting such dwelling with smoke alarms powered by the dwelling's electrical system. Effective January 1, 2015, a battery-powered smoke alarm that is newly installed or replaces an existing battery-powered smoke alarm must be powered by a nonremovable, nonreplaceable battery that powers the alarm for at least 10 years. The battery requirements of this section do not apply to a fire alarm, smoke detector, smoke alarm, or ancillary component that is electronically connected as a part of a centrally monitored or supervised alarm system.

Section 26. Subsection (3) of section 553.993, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.993 Definitions.—For purposes of this part:

(3) "Building energy-efficiency rating system" means a whole building energy evaluation system that provides a reliable and scientifically-based analysis of a building's energy consumption or energy features and allows a comparison to similar building types in similar climate zones where applicable. Specifically, the rating system shall use standard
calculations, formulas, and scoring methods; be applicable
nationally; compare a building to a clearly defined and
researched baseline or benchmark; require qualified
professionals to conduct the rating or assessment; and provide a
labeling and recognition program with specific criteria or
levels. Residential program benchmarks for new construction must
be consistent with national building standards. Residential
building program benchmarks for existing construction must be
consistent with national home energy rating standards. The
building energy-efficiency rating system shall require at least
one level of oversight performed by an organized and balanced
group of professionals with subject matter expertise in energy
efficiency, energy rating, and evaluation methods established by
the Residential Energy Services Network, the Commercial Energy
Services Network, the Building Performance Institute, or the
Florida Solar Energy Center.

Section 27. Subsection (15) of section 633.202, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

633.202 Florida Fire Prevention Code.—
(15)(a) For one-story or two-story structures that are
less than 10,000 square feet, whose occupancy is defined in the
Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code as
business or mercantile, a fire official shall enforce the wall
fire-rating provisions for occupancy separation as defined in
the Florida Building Code.
1151  (16)(a)  A structure, located on property that is
classified for ad valorem purposes as agricultural, which is
part of a farming or ranching operation, in which the occupancy
is limited by the property owner to no more than 35 persons, and
which is not used by the public for direct sales or as an
educational outreach facility, is exempt from the Florida Fire
Prevention Code, including the national codes and Life Safety
Code incorporated by reference. This paragraph does not include
structures used for residential or assembly occupancies, as
defined in the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

(b)  A tent up to 30 feet by 30 feet is exempt from the
Florida Fire Prevention Code, including the national codes
incorporated by reference.

Section 28.  Subsection (1) of section 633.212, Florida
Statutes, is amended to read:

633.212  Legislative intent; informal interpretations of
the Florida Fire Prevention Code.—It is the intent of the
Legislature that the Florida Fire Prevention Code be interpreted
by fire officials and local enforcement agencies in a manner
that reasonably and cost-effectively protects the public safety,
health, and welfare; ensures uniform interpretations throughout
this state; and provides just and expeditious processes for
resolving disputes regarding such interpretations. It is the
further intent of the Legislature that such processes provide
for the expeditious resolution of the issues presented and that
the resulting interpretation of such issues be published on the
website of the division.

(1) The division shall by rule establish an informal
process of rendering nonbinding interpretations of the Florida
Fire Prevention Code. The division may contract with and refer
interpretive issues to a third party, selected based upon cost
effectiveness, quality of services to be performed, and other
performance-based criteria, which has experience in interpreting
and enforcing the Florida Fire Prevention Code. It is the intent
of the Legislature that the division establish a Fire Code
Interpretation Committee composed of seven persons and seven
alternates, equally representing each area of the state, to
which a party can pose questions regarding the interpretation of
the Florida Fire Prevention Code provisions. The alternate
member may respond to a nonbinding interpretation if a the
member notifies the Fire Code Interpretation Committee that he
or she is unable to respond.

Section 29. Except as otherwise provided in this act, this
act shall take effect July 1, 2014.