

# RAS-127

## ROOFING APPLICATION STANDARD (RAS) No. 127-20 PROCEDURE FOR DETERMINING THE MOMENT OF RESISTANCE AND MINIMUM CHARACTERISTIC RESISTANCE LOAD TO INSTALL A TILE SYSTEM ON A BUILDING OF A SPECIFIED ROOF SLOPE AND HEIGHT USING ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN (ASD) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASCE 7

Revise the following sections as follows:

### 1. Scope

This standard covers the procedure for determining the Moment of Resistance ( $M_r$ ) and Minimum Characteristic Resistance Load ( $F'$ ) to install a tile system on buildings of a specified roof slope and height. Compliance with the requirements and procedures herein specified, where the design wind uplift pressures ( $P_{asd}$ ) have been determined based on Tables 1-3, or Tables 2 4-6, Tables 7-9 or Tables 10-12 of this standard, as applicable, do not require additional signed and sealed engineering design calculation. All other calculations must be prepared, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or registered architect. Tables 1-3 ~~is~~ are applicable to a wind speed of 175 mph, risk category II buildings with gable roofs with overhangs, and exposure category C. Tables 2 4-6 ~~is~~ are applicable to a wind speed of 175 mph, risk category II buildings with gable roofs with overhangs, and exposure category D. Tables 7-9 are applicable to a wind speed of 175 mph, for risk category II buildings with hip roofs and overhangs, and exposure category C. Tables 10-12 are applicable to a wind speed of 175 mph, for risk category II buildings with hip roofs and overhangs, and exposure category D.

For steep slope roof systems other than tile, Tables 1-3, Tables 4-6, Tables 7-9 or Tables 10-12 of this standard, as applicable, do not require additional signed and sealed engineering design calculation when determining the use of a specific product approval. All other calculations must be prepared, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or registered architect.

All calculations must be submitted to the building official at time of permitting.

### 2. How to determine the Moment Resistance ( $M_r$ ) (Moment Based Systems)

2.1 Determine the minimum design wind pressures for ~~the field, perimeter and corner areas ( $P_{asd-1}$ ,  $P_{asd-2}$  and  $P_{asd-3}$ , respectively)~~ each roof pressure zone using the values given in Tables 1-3, or Tables 2 4-6, Tables 7-9 or Tables 10-12, as applicable, or those obtained by engineering analysis prepared, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or registered architect based on ASCE 7.

2.2 Locate the aerodynamic multiplier (?) in tile Product Approval.

2.3 Determine the restoring moment due to gravity (Mg) per Product Approval.

2.4 Determine the attachment resistance (Mf) per Product Approval.

2.5 Determine the Moment of Resistance (Mr) per following formula:

$$M_r = (P_{asd} \cdot ?) - M_g$$

2.6 Compare the values for Mr, with the values for Mf, noted in the Product Approval. If the Mf values are greater than or equal to the Mr values, for each area of the roof [i.e., field Pasd(1), perimeter Pasd(2) and corner Pasd(3) areas], then the tile attachment method is acceptable.

### 3. How to determine the Minimum Characteristic Resistance Load (F') (Uplift Based System)

3.1 Determine the minimum design pressures for the field, perimeter and corner areas [Pasd(1), Pasd(2) and Pasd(3), respectively] each roof pressure zone using the values given in Table 1 or Table 2, as applicable, or those obtained by engineering analysis prepared, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or registered architect based on the criteria set forth in ASCE 7.

3.2 Determine the angle (θ) of roof slope, from Tables 1-3, or Tables 4-6, Tables 7-9 or Tables 10-12, as applicable.

3.3 Determine the length (l), width (w) and average tile weight (W) of tile, per Product Approval.

3.4 Determine the required uplift resistance (Fr) per following formula:

$$F_r = [(P_{asd} \times l \times w) - W] \times \cos \theta$$

3.5 Compare the values for Fr with the values for F' noted in the Product Approval. If the F' values are greater than or equal to the Fr values, for each area of roof [i.e., field Pasd(1) perimeter Pasd(2) and corner Pasd(3) areas], then the tile attachment method is acceptable.

<b>TABLE 1 — RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY “C”<sup>1</sup>            MINIMUM DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF FOR FIELD [Pasd(1)],            PERIMETER [Pasd(2)] AND CORNER [Pasd(3)] AREAS OF ROOFS            FOR EXPOSURE C BUILDINGS WITH A ROOF MEAN HEIGHT AS SPECIFIED<sup>3</sup> </b>					
ROOF SLOPE	> 2:12 to 6:12			> 6:12 to 12:12	
Roof mean height	Pasd(1)	Pasd(2)	Pasd(3) <sup>2</sup>	Pasd(1)	Pasd(1) Pasd(2) & Pasd(3)
£ 20'	-39.1	-68.1	-100.7	-42.8	-50.0

> 20' to = 25'	-40.9	-71.3	-105.4	-44.8	-52.3
> 25' to = 30'	-42.4	-73.9	-109.3	-46.4	-54.3
> 30' to = 35'	-43.9	-76.6	-113.2	-48.1	-56.2
> 35' to = 40'	-45.1	-78.7	-116.3	-49.4	-57.8

1 Calculated in accordance with ASCE-

2 For Hip Roofs with slope  $\geq 5:12$ ,  $P_{asd(3)}$  shall be treated as  $P_{asd(2)}$ .

3  $P_{asd} = 0.6P_{ult}$

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<b>TABLE 2 — RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY “D”<sup>1</sup> MINIMUM DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF FOR FIELD [<math>P_{asd(1)}</math>], PERIMETER [<math>P_{asd(2)}</math>] AND CORNER [<math>P_{asd(3)}</math>] AREAS OF ROOFS FOR EXPOSURE D BUILDINGS WITH A ROOF MEAN HEIGHT AS SPECIFIED<sup>3</sup></b>					
ROOF SLOPE	> 2:12 to ≤ 6:12			> 6:12 to ≤ 12:12	
Roof mean height	$P_{asd(1)}$	$P_{asd(2)}$	$P_{asd(3)2}$	$P_{asd(1)}$	$P_{asd(1)}$ $P_{asd(2)}$ & $P_{asd(3)}$
≤ 20'	-47.0	-81.9	-121.0	-51.4	-60.1
> 20' to = 25'	-48.8	-85.0	-125.7	-53.4	-62.4
> 25' to = 30'	-50.3	-87.7	-129.6	-55.0	-64.4
> 30' to = 35'	-51.5	-89.9	-132.7	-56.4	-65.9
> 35' to = 40'	-52.7	-91.9	-135.8	-57.7	-67.9

1 Calculated in accordance with ASCE 7.

2 For Hip Roofs with slope  $\leq 5:12$ ,  $P_{asd(3)}$  shall be treated as  $P_{asd(2)}$ .

3  $P_{asd} = 0.6P_{ult}$

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<b>TABLE 1 — Gable Roofs</b>			
<b>MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF FOR ROOF SLOPE <math>\geq 2:12</math> to <math>\leq 4:12</math> RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY “C”</b>			
<b>(Overhang)</b>			
<b>Roof Mean Height</b>	<b>Roof Pressure Zones</b>		
	<b>1 and 2e</b>	<b>2n, 2r and 3e</b>	<b>3r</b>

<b>≤15'</b>	<b>-74</b>	<b>-108</b>	<b>-128</b>
<b>&gt;15 to ≤20'</b>	<b>-78</b>	<b>-114</b>	<b>-136</b>
<b>&gt;20' to ≤25'</b>	<b>-82</b>	<b>-120</b>	<b>-142</b>
<b>&gt;25' to ≤30'</b>	<b>-85</b>	<b>-125</b>	<b>-148</b>
<b>&gt;30 to ≤35'</b>	<b>-88</b>	<b>-129</b>	<b>-153</b>
<b>&gt;35 to ≤40'</b>	<b>-91</b>	<b>-132</b>	<b>-157</b>
<b>&gt;40' to ≤45'</b>	<b>-93</b>	<b>-136</b>	<b>-162</b>
<b>&gt;45' to ≤50'</b>	<b>-95</b>	<b>-139</b>	<b>-165</b>
<b>&gt;50' to ≤55'</b>	<b>-97</b>	<b>-142</b>	<b>-169</b>
<b>&gt;55' to ≤60'</b>	<b>-98</b>	<b>-144</b>	<b>-171</b>

<b><u>TABLE 2 — Gable Roofs</u></b>  <b><u>MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF</u></b> <b><u>FOR ROOF SLOPE &gt;4:12 to ≤6:12</u></b> <b><u>RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "C"</u></b>  <b><u>(Overhang)</u></b>	
	<b><u>Roof Pressure Zones</u></b>

<u>Roof Mean Height</u>	<u>1 and 2e</u>	<u>2n, 2r and 3e</u>	<u>3r</u>
<u>≤15'</u>	<b>-57</b>	<b>-91</b>	<b>-128</b>
<u>&gt;15 to ≤20'</u>	<b>-60</b>	<b>-96</b>	<b>-136</b>
<u>&gt;20' to ≤25'</u>	<b>-63</b>	<b>-101</b>	<b>-142</b>
<u>&gt;25' to ≤30'</u>	<b>-66</b>	<b>-105</b>	<b>-148</b>
<u>&gt;30 to ≤35'</u>	<b>-68</b>	<b>-109</b>	<b>-153</b>
<u>&gt;35 to ≤40'</u>	<b>-70</b>	<b>-111</b>	<b>-157</b>
<u>&gt;40' to ≤45'</u>	<b>-72</b>	<b>-115</b>	<b>-162</b>
<u>&gt;45' to ≤50'</u>	<b>-73</b>	<b>-117</b>	<b>-165</b>
<u>&gt;50' to ≤55'</u>	<b>-75</b>	<b>-120</b>	<b>-169</b>
<u>&gt;55' to ≤60'</u>	<b>-76</b>	<b>-121</b>	<b>-171</b>

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**TABLE 3 — Gable Roofs**

**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF  
FOR ROOF SLOPE >6:12 to ≤12:12  
RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "C"**

**{Overhang}**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones		
	1, 2e and 2r	2n and 3r	3e
≤15'	-67	-74	-115
>15 to ≤20'	-71	-78	-122
>20' to ≤25'	-74	-82	-127
>25' to ≤30'	-78	-85	-132
>30 to ≤35'	-80	-88	-137
>35 to ≤40'	-82	-91	-141
>40' to ≤45'	-85	-93	-146
>45' to ≤50'	-86	-95	-147
>50' to ≤55'	-88	-97	-151
>55' to ≤60'	-89	-98	-153

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**TABLE 4 — Gable Roofs**

**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF  
FOR ROOF SLOPE  $\geq 2:12$  to  $\leq 4:12$   
RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "D"**

**(Overhang)**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones		
	1 and 2e	2n, 2r and 3e	3r
$\leq 15'$	-90	-131	-156
>15 to $\leq 20'$	-94	-137	-163
>20' to $\leq 25'$	-98	-142	-169
>25' to $\leq 30'$	-101	-148	-175
>30 to $\leq 35'$	-104	-152	-180
>35 to $\leq 40'$	-106	-155	-184
>40' to $\leq 45'$	-109	-157	-189
>45' to $\leq 50'$	-111	-161	-192
>50' to $\leq 55'$	-113	-164	-195

>55' to ≤60'	-114	-167	-198
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**TABLE 5 — Gable Roofs**  
**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF**  
**FOR ROOF SLOPE >4:12 to ≤6:12**  
**RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "D"**  
~~(Overhang)~~

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones		
	1 and 2e	2n, 2r and 3e	3r
≤15'	-69	-110	-156
>15 to ≤20'	-73	-116	-163
>20' to ≤25'	-75	-120	-169
>25' to ≤30'	-78	-124	-175
>30 to ≤35'	-80	-128	-180
>35 to ≤40'	-82	-131	-184
>40' to ≤45'	-84	-134	-189
>45' to ≤50'	-85	-136	-192



>50' to ≤55'	-87	-138	-195
>55' to ≤60'	-88	-140	-198

**TABLE 6 — Gable Roofs**

**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF  
FOR ROOF SLOPE  $>6:12$  to  $\leq 12:12$   
RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "D"**

**(Overhang)**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones		
	1, 2e and 2r	2n and 3r	3e
$\leq 15'$	<b>-82</b>	<b>-90</b>	<b>-140</b>
$>15$ to $\leq 20'$	<b>-86</b>	<b>-94</b>	<b>-146</b>
$>20'$ to $\leq 25'$	<b>-87</b>	<b>-98</b>	<b>-151</b>
$>25'$ to $\leq 30'$	<b>-92</b>	<b>-101</b>	<b>-157</b>
$>30$ to $\leq 35'$	<b>-94</b>	<b>-103</b>	<b>-161</b>
$>35$ to $\leq 40'$	<b>-97</b>	<b>-106</b>	<b>-165</b>
$>40'$ to $\leq 45'$	<b>-99</b>	<b>-109</b>	<b>-168</b>
$>45'$ to $\leq 50'$	<b>-101</b>	<b>-111</b>	<b>-172</b>
$>50'$ to $\leq 55'$	<b>-102</b>	<b>-112</b>	<b>-174</b>

>55' to ≤60'	-104	-114	-177
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**TABLE 7 — Hip Roofs**  
**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF**  
**FOR ROOF SLOPE ≥2:12 to ≤4:12**  
**RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY “C”**  
**(Overhang)**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones		
	1	2r	2e and 3
≤15'	-67	-88	-94
>15 to ≤20'	-71	-93	-100
>20' to ≤25'	-75	-97	-104
>25' to ≤30'	-78	-101	-109
>30 to ≤35'	-80	-105	-113
>35 to ≤40'	-82	-107	-115
>40' to ≤45'	-85	-110	-119
>45' to ≤50'	-86	-112	-121

>50' to ≤55'	-88	-115	-124
>55' to ≤60'	-89	-117	-125

**TABLE 8 — Hip Roofs**

**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF  
FOR ROOF SLOPE >4:12 to ≤6:12  
RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY “C”**

**(Overhang)**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones		
	1	2r and 2e	3
≤15'	-71	-91	-111
>15 to ≤20'	-75	-97	-118
>20' to ≤25'	-79	-101	-124
>25' to ≤30'	-82	-105	-129
>30 to ≤35'	-84	-109	-133
>35 to ≤40'	-87	-112	-137
>40' to ≤45'	-89	-114	-140
>45' to ≤50'	-91	-117	-143
>50' to ≤55'	-93	-120	-146

>55' to ≤60'	-94	-122	-149
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**TABLE 9 — Hip Roofs**  
**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF**  
**FOR ROOF SLOPE >6:12 to ≤12:12**  
**RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY “C”**  
**(Overhang)**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones			
	1	2r	2e	3
≤15'	-57	-98	-101	-128
>15 to ≤20'	-60	-104	-108	-136
>20' to ≤25'	-63	-109	-113	-143
>25' to ≤30'	-66	-113	-117	-149
>30 to ≤35'	-67	-117	-121	-153
>35 to ≤40'	-70	-120	-124	-158
>40' to ≤45'	-71	-123	-128	-162
>45' to ≤50'	-73	-126	-130	-165

>50' to ≤55'	-75	-129	-133	-169
>55' to ≤60'	-76	-131	-135	-172

**TABLE 10 — Hip Roofs**

**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF  
FOR ROOF SLOPE  $\geq 2:12$  to  $\leq 4:12$   
RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "D"<sup>1,2</sup>**

**(Overhang)**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones		
	1	2r	2e and 3
$\leq 15'$	-82	-106	-114
>15 to $\leq 20'$	-86	-111	-120
>20' to $\leq 25'$	-89	-116	-124
>25' to $\leq 30'$	-91	-120	-129
>30 to $\leq 35'$	-94	-123	-132
>35 to $\leq 40'$	-97	-126	-136
>40' to $\leq 45'$	-99	-128	-138
>45' to $\leq 50'$	-101	-131	-141
>50' to $\leq 55'$	-102	-133	-143



>55' to ≤60'	-104	-135	-146
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**TABLE 11 — Hip Roofs**  
**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF**  
**FOR ROOF SLOPE >4:12 to ≤6:12**  
**RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "D"<sup>1,2</sup>**  
~~(Overhang)~~

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones	
	1	2e, 2r and 3
≤15'	-65	-90
>15 to ≤20'	-68	-94
>20' to ≤25'	-71	-98
>25' to ≤30'	-73	-101
>30 to ≤35'	-75	-104
>35 to ≤40'	-77	-106
>40' to ≤45'	-79	-109

>45' to ≤50'	-80	-111
>50' to ≤55'	-82	-112
>55' to ≤60'	-83	-114

**TABLE 12 — Hip Roofs**

**MINIMUM ASD DESIGN WIND UPLIFT PRESSURES IN PSF  
FOR ROOF SLOPE >6:12 to ≤12:12  
RISK CATEGORY II EXPOSURE CATEGORY "D"<sup>1, 2</sup>**

**(Overhang)**

Roof Mean Height	Roof Pressure Zones			
	1	2e	2r	3
≤15'	-69	-119	-123	-156
>15 to ≤20'	-73	-124	-129	-163
>20' to ≤25'	-75	-129	-133	-169
>25' to ≤30'	-78	-134	-138	-175
>30 to ≤35'	-80	-137	-142	-180
>35 to ≤40'	-82	-141	-145	-184

>40' to ≤45'	-84	-143	-148	-188
>45' to ≤50'	-85	-146	-151	-192
>50' to ≤55'	-87	-149	-154	-195
>55' to ≤60'	-88	-151	-156	-198

**TABLE 13  
WHERE TO OBTAIN INFORMATION**

Description	Symbol	Where to find
<u>Roof Zone</u> Design Pressure	Pasd(1) or Pasd(2) or Pasd(3)	Tables 1-3, or Tables 4-6, Tables 7-9 or Tables 10-12, as applicable, or by an engineer analysis prepared, signed and sealed by a professional engineer based on ASCE 7
Mean Roof Height	H	Job Site
Roof Slope	?	Job Site
Aerodynamic Multiplier	?	Product Approval
Restoring Moment due to Gravity	Mg	Product Approval
Attachment Resistance	Mf	Product Approval
Required Moment Resistance	Mr	Calculated
Minimum Characteristic Resistance Load	F'	Product Approval
Required Uplift Resistance	Fr	Calculated
Average Tile Weight	W	Product Approval
Tile Dimensions	l = length w = width	Product Approval

All calculations must be submitted to the building official at the time of permitting.  
(S7156)