

## Developing Exhaust Air Energy Recovery Credits for the Florida Energy Code

**Final Report** 

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## **Contract Overview**

**Start date:** Nov 3, 2014 End date: June 1, 2015 Deliverables: Interim Report: delivered Final Report: delivered Recommendation: delivered



**Objective** 

Update Energy Recovery Ventilator (ERV) device Credits used for commercial code compliance calculation. Current code uses 6.0% for climate zone 1 and 4.0% for climate zone 2.



### **Energy Calculation Metrics**

### Annual Energy Use Intensity (EUI) [kBtu/ft²/yr]

Annual HVAC Energy Use Savings [kBtu/ft²/yr]

 $HVACEnergyUse_{Savings} = HVACEnergyUse_{withoutERV} - HVACEnergyUse_{withERV}$ 

### Annual HVAC Energy Use Percent Savings

 $HVACEnergySavings = 100 \left( \frac{HVACEnergyUse_{withoutERV} - HVACEnergyUse_{withERV}}{HVACEnergyUse_{withoutERV}} \right)$ 

## **Task Summary**

- Identify Major Florida Cities
- Identify Prototype Buildings
- Computer Simulation
- Energy Savings Calculation
- Update ERV Credit
- Sensitivity Analysis
- Recommendation



# **Identify Major Florida Cities**

- Identified six cities in climate zone 1 and 2
- Miami for Climate Zone 1 and Five Cities for climate zone 2 (Tampa, Orlando, Jacksonville, Gainesville, and Tallahassee)
- Determined annual energy use for the climate zone 2 cities for each of the prototype buildings
- Jacksonville and Gainesville has annual energy use within 1.0% of each other
- Decided to keep the six cities for this study



# **Prototype Buildings**

**Fully Modeled Prototype Buildings** 

- Small Size Office
- Medium Size Office
- Large Size Office
- Standalone Retail
- Primary School
- Secondary School
- Hospital
- Large Size Hotel
- Small Size Hotel



# **Prototype Buildings**

Modeled Buildings: without sensitivity analysis

Outpatient Health Care
Retail Strip Mall
Warehouse



# **Prototype Buildings**

Not ERV Applicable Buildings:

- Restaurant Fast Food
- Restaurant Sit-Down

### Not Modeled Buildings:

- Apartment Mid Rise
- Apartment High Rise



- Modified prototype buildings
- Created HVAC systems with and without ERV
- Performed sizing calculation
- Obtained effectiveness and pressure drop data (AHRI certified database)
- Created automated input file processor tool
- Simulation
- Analyzed results & reviewed assumptions
- Alternative Configurations



### System Configurations





### ERV Inputs Assumption: Medium Size Office Building

ERV Name	Nominal Supply Air Flow Rate [m3/s]	Nominal Supply Air Flow Rate [cfm]	ERV/HRV Device Type	ERV/HRV Auxiliary Power, W	ERV/HRV ∆P, Pa (AHRI 1060)	Fan Total Efficiency	Fan Motor Efficiency	Fan ∆P Adjustme nt, Pa (ASHRAE 90.1)
VAV_BOT OA HR	1.102	2,335	Wheel	256.5	212.5	0.55	0.820	271.0
VAV_MID OA HR	1.195	2,532	Wheel	256.5	212.5	0.55	0.820	271.0
VAV_TOP OA HR	1.195	2,532	Wheel	256.5	212.5	0.55	0.820	271.0

ERV Name	100% Heating ɛs	100% Heating ɛl	75% Heating εs	75% Heating εl	100% Cooling εs	100% Cooling ɛl	75% Cooling εs	75% Cooling el
VAV_BOT OA HR	0.72	0.64	0.76	0.68	0.72	0.64	0.77	0.68
VAV_MID OA HR	0.72	0.64	0.76	0.68	0.72	0.64	0.77	0.68
VAV_TOP OA HR	0.72	0.64	0.76	0.68	0.72	0.64	0.77	0.68



### Two sets of simulation were conducted

- With and without fan pressure adjustment
- Fan pressure adjustment was applied to reference building
- 2014 Florida Energy Code Section C403.2.10 allows fan pressure adjustment due to ERV
- Two sets of results were determined
- Results with fan pressure adjustment were used for ERV Credit calculation



### **Energy Savings Calculation**

### Annual HVAC Energy Use Savings

 $HVACEnergyUse_{Savings} = HVACEnergyUse_{withoutERV} - HVACEnergyUse_{withERV}$ 

### Annual HVAC Energy Use Percent Savings

 $HVACEnergySavings = 100 \left( \frac{HVACEnergyUse_{withoutERV} - HVACEnergyUse_{withERV}}{HVACEnergyUse_{withoutERV}} \right)$ 



# **Results: Energy Savings**

#### Annual HVAC Energy savings without fan pressure adjustment (kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>/Yr)

Cities	Large Hospital	Large Hotel	Large Office	Medium Office	Standalone Retail	Secondary School	Primary School	Small Office	Small Hotel
Miami	3.58	6.30	1.67	1.81	0.56	6.39	3.16	-0.09	-0.12
Tampa	3.15	5.84	1.44	1.60	0.52	3.46	1.72	-0.16	-0.11
Orlando	3.04	5.11	1.28	1.40	0.18	2.64	1.53	-0.26	-0.23
Gainesville	3.21	5.71	1.00	1.18	1.27	2.62	1.77	-0.28	-0.29
Jacksonville	2.94	5.52	0.96	1.10	1.25	2.46	1.62	-0.30	-0.22
Tallahassee	3.40	6.11	0.85	1.04	1.58	2.84	2.06	-0.27	-0.31



# **Results: Energy Savings**

#### Annual HVAC Energy savings with fan pressure adjustment (kBtu/ft<sup>2</sup>/Yr)

Cities	Large Hospital	Large Hotel	Large Office	Medium Office	Standalone Retail	Secondary School	Primary School	Small Office	Small Hotel
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Miami	5.63	8.39	2.33	2.32	3.70	8.28	4.51	0.53	0.47
Tampa	5.16	7.78	2.00	2.11	3.34	4.98	2.86	0.41	0.45
Orlando	5.05	7.06	1.84	1.89	3.03	4.13	2.62	0.33	0.36
Gainesville	5.18	7.52	1.59	1.65	3.79	4.01	2.78	0.28	0.28
Jacksonville	4.94	7.31	1.59	1.58	3.76	3.87	2.66	0.27	0.34
Tallahassee	5.40	7.84	1.48	1.51	4.05	4.20	3.06	0.29	0.26





## **Results: ERV Credits**

- ERV Credit Definition: annual cooling and heating energy savings in percent.
- Annual energy savings due to ERV device installation is estimated as the annual cooling and heating energy use of a building without ERV device times the ERV Credit.
- The annual cooling and heating energy is the electric and gas energy used to provide cooling and heating.



## **Results: ERV Credits**

#### ERV Credit (%): by building types and climate zones

Cities	Large Hospital	Large Hotel	Large Office	Medium Office	Standalone	Secondary	Primary	Small	Small
		_age : .e.e.			Retail	School	School	Office	Hotel
Miami	7.24	13.62	13.45	13.28	11.01	19.78	14.88	3.09	7.50
Tampa	6.82	14.32	13.30	13.05	11.03	15.02	11.25	2.59	8.13
Orlando	6.76	13.53	12.96	12.41	10.83	13.11	10.78	2.17	6.49
Gainesville	6.89	14.67	11.85	11.18	13.22	13.45	11.63	1.92	5.41
Jacksonville	6.59	14.38	11.88	10.72	13.16	13.12	11.16	1.81	6.70
Tallahassee	7.11	15.29	11.37	10.35	14.09	14.35	12.86	1.98	5.20



# Sensitivity Analysis

### Sensitivity of ERV Credit to uncertainty in the ERV inputs assumption:

### ERV effectiveness

Changed the design value by 10.0%

### ERV pressure drop

- Changed pressure drop proportional to the effectiveness change  $\Delta P = 2.2 \cdot \varepsilon - 0.5$ 

### Impacts of inputs uncertainties

Combined impact of inputs uncertainty using error propagation formula



### **Results: Sensitivity Analysis**

#### ERV Credit sensitivity to effectiveness uncertainty



#### ERV Credit sensitivity by building type and climate zone

Climate	Large	Large	Large	Medium	Standalone	Secondary	Primary	Small	Small
Zones	Hospital	Hotel	Office	Office	Retail	School	School	Office	Hotel
1	1.32	1.32	1.33	1.57	0.92	1.62	2.03	0.31	0.39
2	1.11	1.11	1.08	1.29	0.78	1.03	2.69	0.19	0.16

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### **Results: Sensitivity Analysis**

#### ERV Credit sensitivity to pressure drop uncertainty



#### ERV Credit sensitivity by building type and climate zone

Climate	Large	Large	Large	Medium	Standalone	Secondary	Primary	Small	Small
Zones	Hospital	Hotel	Office	Office	Retail	School	School	Office	Hotel
1	0.49	0.44	0.60	0.54	1.83	0.70	0.71	1.88	2.81
2	0.50	0.51	0.79	0.58	1.88	0.69	0.75	2.01	3.26

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## Recommendation

#### ERV Credit sensitivity for 1.0% effectiveness change



#### ERV Credit sensitivity for 1.0% change in design cooling effectiveness

Climate	Large	Large	Large	Medium	Standalone	Secondary	Primary	Small	Small
Zones	Hospital	Hotel	Office	Office	Retail	School	School	Office	Hotel
1	0.14	0.21	0.21	0.23	0.19	0.26	0.32	0.15	0.21
2	0.11	0.18	0.20	0.20	0.17	0.18	0.41	0.15	0.24



### Recommendation

#### **ERV Credit by Building Types and Climate Zones**

Building Types	Floor Area Limits, ft <sup>2</sup>	ERV Design Cooling Effectiveness ε, %	ERV Credit Climate Zone 1, %	ERV Credit Correction per 1.0% effectiveness, Climate Zone 1	ERV Credit Climate Zone 2, %	ERV Credit Correction per 1.0% effectiveness, Climate Zone 2
Hospital	-	67.0	7.24	0.14	6.83	0.11
Large Hotel	≥100,000	67.0	13.62	0.21	14.44	0.18
Small Hotel	<100,000	69.0	7.50	0.21	6.39	0.24
Large Office	≥100,000	68.0	13.45	0.21	12.27	0.20
Medium Office	≥50,000	72.0	13.28	0.23	11.54	0.20
Small Office	<50,000	67.0	3.09	0.15	2.09	0.15
Standalone Retail	-	70.0	11.01	0.19	12.47	0.17
Primary School	-	68.0	14.88	0.26	11.54	0.18
Secondary School	-	68.0	19.78	0.32	13.81	0.41
Warehouse	-	65.0	6.19	0.15	7.40	0.15
Retail Strip Mall	-	65.0	8.11	0.19	10.76	0.17
Outpatient Health Care	-	65.0	7.75	0.14	5.62	0.11
Others	-	-	6.0	-	4.0	-



# **ERV Credit Application**

Modify the ERV Credits for design cooling effectiveness different from the reference values in the Table Provided by Building Types and Climate Zones. The ERV Credit correction are provided for every 1.0% design cooling effectiveness deviation from the reference values in the Table.

#### ERV Credit Adjustment:

 $ERVCredit_{Adjusted} = ERVCredit_{Table} + \left(\varepsilon_{CoolingProposed} - \varepsilon_{CoolingTable}\right) \cdot ERVCredit_{Correction}$ 

Annual Energy Savings due to ERV device:

 $HVACEnergyUse_{Savings} = \left(\frac{ERVCredit_{Adjusted}}{100}\right) \cdot HVACEnergyUse_{withoutERV}$ 



Thank you Questions?



### Additional Supporting Slides



Large Office Building Average Indoor Relative Humidity-Miami





Large Office Building Average Indoor Relative Humidity-Tampa





Hospital Building Average Indoor Relative Humidity-Miami





Hospital Building Average Indoor Relative Humidity-Tampa



