Rule 9B-72.180 Equivalence of Standards         Minutes from the February 17 <sup>th</sup> Rule Hearing         Post March 16, 2009 Commission meeting							
					Proposed Rule Change	Comments by the Public: Written Comments received as of February 13 <sup>th</sup> 2009	<ul> <li>POC Comments to the Hearing Feb 2 2009:</li> <li>Advise that the Commission proceed with filing the rule as proposed and remove the additional E from the referenced standards as an editorial change.</li> <li>Note: The Commission at the March 16, 2009 meeting approved the proposed rule</li> </ul>
					(1) and (2) No change		as per the POC comment above.
<ul> <li>(3) Standard which meet or exceeds standards referenced by 2007 edition of the Code and recognized as equivalent for determining Code Compliance are: <ul> <li>(a) ANSI/DASMA108-02 Standard Method</li> <li>for Testing Sectional Garage Doors and Rolling</li> <li>Doors: Determination of Structural Performance under Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference</li> <li>equivalent to ANSI/DASMA 108-05;</li> <li>(b) TPI 1-02 National Design Standards for</li> </ul> </li> <li>Metal-Plate-Connected Wood Truss Construction equivalent to TPI 1-07; and</li> <li>(c) ASTM E 1300-02 Practice for Determining Load Resistance of Glass in Buildings equivalent to ASTME E 1300-04.</li> </ul>	Also, there is an extra E in the ASTM E 1300-04 standard. By Kari Hebrank						

(4)(3) Equivalence of product standards for specific product application. Standards which meet or exceed standards referenced by the Code and certified as equivalent for determining code compliance by one of the following entities shall be considered as equivalent by the Commission: (a) An approved certification agency; (b) An approved test lab; (c) An approved test lab; (c) An approved evaluation entity; (d) Florida licensed professional engineer or architect; or (e) A nationally recognized standard writing organization.		
(5)(4) Equivalence of accreditation standards. Where approved evaluation entities and accreditation bodies accredit testing laboratories, certification agencies and quality assurance agencies to standards other than the referenced ISO standards in Rule 9B-72.100, F.A.C., the accrediting body shall certify to the Commission that its standard is equivalent to the ISO standard. Such certification shall contain: (a) A sworn statement by the officer of the accrediting body; and (b) A comparison of the accrediting body's standard to each criteria of the ISO reference standard with an explanation of why it is considered equivalent.		
(6)(5) Organizations: (a) ANSI – American National Standards Institute; (b) AAMA – American Architectural Manufacturers Association;	Please note in proposed rule Ch 9B-72.180, FAC, Equivalency of Accreditation Standards, cites the entity as NWWDA in subparagraph (5)(e). Please consider changing NWWDA to read WDMA	

(c) ASTM – American Society of Testing and	(Window and Door Manufacturers Association) as	
Materials;	that is the current designation of that association.	
(d) DASMA – Door Access Systems		
Manufacturers Association; and	Thank you.	
(e) NWWDA – National Wood Window and		
Door Association.	Dick Wilhelm	
	representing the WDMA in the southeast U.S. and	
	Gulf coast.	
	Chuck Anderson – there is no real need for this if the	
	reference is to a standard –	
	Dick Wilhelm – it hasn't made any drastic changes	
	and he will propose change the rule when we have the	
	opportunity as it will not have any impact	
	See the verbal comments received at the Rule Hearing	
	below	

## Verbal Comments received at the Rule Hearing

Kari Hebrank: In support of the standard updates

Steve Strawn: In support of the update

Bud Bulley: In support of the update –but is also recommends that the Commission looks at adding ASTM E330 and ASTM 1886 1996 to the list

Dick Wilhelm: In support of the update